

1 AN ACT concerning government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Constitutional Amendment Act is
5 amended by changing Sections 2 and 4 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 20/2) (from Ch. 1, par. 103)

7 Sec. 2. (a) The General Assembly in submitting an
8 amendment to the Constitution to the electors, or the
9 proponents of an amendment to Article IV of the Constitution
10 submitted by petition, shall prepare a brief explanation of
11 such amendment, a brief argument in favor of the same, and the
12 form in which such amendment will appear on the separate
13 ballot as provided by Section 16-6 of the Election Code, as
14 amended. The minority of the General Assembly, or if there is
15 no minority, anyone designated by the General Assembly shall
16 prepare a brief argument against such amendment. The
17 explanation, the arguments for and against each constitutional
18 amendment, and the form in which the amendment will appear on
19 the separate ballot shall be approved by a joint resolution of
20 the General Assembly and filed in the office of the Secretary
21 of State with the proposed amendment.

22 (b) In the case of an amendment to Article IV of the
23 Constitution initiated pursuant to Section 3 of Article XIV of

1 the Constitution, the proponents shall be those persons so
2 designated at the time of the filing of the petition as
3 provided in Section 10-8 of the Election Code, and the
4 opponents shall be those members of the General Assembly
5 opposing such amendment, or if there are none, anyone
6 designated by the General Assembly and such opponents shall
7 prepare a brief argument against such amendment. The
8 proponent's explanation and argument in favor of and the
9 opponent's ~~opponents~~ argument against an amendment to Article
10 IV initiated by petition must be submitted to the Attorney
11 General, who may rewrite them for accuracy and fairness. The
12 explanation, the arguments for and against each constitutional
13 amendment, and the form in which the amendment will appear on
14 the separate ballot shall be filed in the office of the
15 Secretary of State with the proposed amendment.

16 (c) At least 2 months before the next election of members
17 of the General Assembly, following the passage of the proposed
18 amendment, the Secretary of State shall publish the amendment,
19 in full in 8 point type, or the equivalent thereto, in at least
20 one secular newspaper of general circulation in every county
21 in this State in which a newspaper is published and its digital
22 equivalent. In counties in which 2 or more newspapers are
23 published, the Secretary of State shall cause such amendment
24 to be published in 2 newspapers and their digital equivalent.
25 In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, such
26 amendment shall be published in not less than 6 newspapers of

1 general circulation and their digital equivalent. After the
2 first publication, the publication of such amendment shall be
3 repeated once each week for 2 consecutive weeks. In selecting
4 newspapers in which to publish such amendment the Secretary of
5 State shall have regard solely to the circulation of such
6 newspapers, selecting secular newspapers in every case having
7 the largest circulation. The proposed amendment shall have a
8 notice prefixed thereto in said publications, that at such
9 election the proposed amendment will be submitted to the
10 electors for adoption or rejection, and at the end of the
11 official publication, he shall also publish the form in which
12 the proposed amendment will appear on the separate ballot. The
13 Secretary of State shall fix the publication fees to be paid to
14 newspapers for making such publication, but in no case shall
15 such publication fee exceed the amount charged by such
16 newspapers to private individuals for a like publication.

17 (d) In addition to the notice hereby required to be
18 published, the Secretary of State shall also cause the
19 existing form of the constitutional provision proposed to be
20 amended, the proposed amendment, the explanation of the same,
21 the arguments for and against the same, and the form in which
22 such amendment will appear on the separate ballot, to be
23 published in pamphlet form in 8 point type or the equivalent
24 thereto in English, in additional languages as required by
25 Section 203 of Title III of the federal Voting Rights Act of
26 1965, and in braille. The Secretary of State shall publish the

1 pamphlet on the Secretary's website in a downloadable,
2 printable format and maintain a reasonable supply of printed
3 pamphlets to be available upon request. The Secretary of State
4 shall publish an audio version of the pamphlet, which shall be
5 available for playback on the Secretary's website and made
6 available to any individual or entity upon request.

7 (e) Except as provided in subsection (f), the Secretary of
8 State shall mail such pamphlet to every mailing address in the
9 State, addressed to the attention of the Postal Patron. He
10 shall also maintain a reasonable supply of such pamphlets so
11 as to make them available to any person requesting one.

12 (f) For any proposed constitutional amendment appearing on
13 the ballot for the general election on November 8, 2022, the
14 Secretary of State, in lieu of the requirement in subsection
15 (e) of this Act, shall mail a postcard to every mailing address
16 in the State advising that a proposed constitutional amendment
17 will be considered at the general election. The postcard shall
18 include a URL to the Secretary of State's website that
19 contains the information required in subsection (d).

20 (Source: P.A. 102-699, eff. 4-19-22.)

21 (5 ILCS 20/4) (from Ch. 1, par. 106)

22 Sec. 4. At the election, the proposed amendment and
23 explanation shall be printed on the top of the "Official
24 Ballot" preceding all nominations of any political party upon
25 a single ~~the separate~~ ballot in accordance with the provisions

1 of Section 16-6 of the Election Code ~~"An Act concerning~~
2 ~~elections,"~~ approved May 11, 1943, as amended.

3 (Source: Laws 1949, p. 18.)

4 Section 10. The Election Code is amended by changing
5 Sections 1-19, 1-21, 1A-25, 3-6, 4-6.2, 5-16.2, 6-50.2, 7-8,
6 7-9, 9-3, 10-9, 10-10, 11-4, 11-8, 12-4, 16-3, 16-6, 19-2.5,
7 19-3, 19-5, 19-8, 22-9.1, and 23-23 and by adding Sections
8 1-23, 1-24, 1-25 as follows:

9 (10 ILCS 5/1-19)

10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2024)

11 Sec. 1-19. Access to Voting for Persons with Disabilities
12 Advisory Task Force.

13 (a) The Access to Voting for Persons with Disabilities
14 Advisory Task Force is hereby created to review current laws
15 and make recommendations to improve access to voting for
16 persons with disabilities. Members of the Task Force shall be
17 appointed as follows:

18 (1) Three members appointed by the Governor, one of
19 whom shall serve as chair, and at least one with
20 experience representing or working with persons with
21 physical disabilities and one with experience representing
22 or working with person with neurological or mental
23 disabilities;

24 (2) Three members appointed by the President of the

1 Senate, including at least one attorney with election law
2 experience;

3 (3) Three members appointed by the Senate Minority
4 Leader, including at least one attorney with election law
5 experience;

6 (4) Three members appointed by the Speaker of the
7 House of Representatives, including at least one attorney
8 with election law experience;

9 (5) Three members appointed by the Minority Leader of
10 the House of Representatives, including at least one
11 attorney with election law experience.

12 (b) The Task Force shall hold a minimum of 4 meetings. No
13 later than August 1, 2022, the Task Force shall produce and the
14 State Board of Elections shall publish on its website a report
15 with a summary of the laws and resources available for persons
16 with disabilities seeking to exercise their right to vote. The
17 Task Force shall produce a report with recommendations for
18 changes to current law or recommendations for election
19 authorities submit the report to the Governor and General
20 Assembly no later than December 15, 2022.

21 (c) The Members shall serve without compensation. If a
22 vacancy occurs on the Task Force, it shall be filled according
23 to the guidelines of the initial appointment. At the
24 discretion of the chair, additional individuals may
25 participate as non-voting members in the meetings of the Task
26 Force.

1 (d) The State Board of Elections shall provide staff and
2 administrative support to the Task Force.

3 (e) This Section is repealed on July 1, 2025 ~~January 1,~~
4 ~~2024.~~

5 (Source: P.A. 102-668, eff. 11-15-21.)

6 (10 ILCS 5/1-21)

7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2024)

8 Sec. 1-21. Public Financing of Judicial Elections Task
9 Force.

10 (a) The Public Financing of Judicial Elections Task Force
11 is hereby created for the purposes described in subsection

12 (b). Members of the Task Force shall be appointed as follows:

13 (1) one member appointed by the Governor;

14 (2) one member appointed by the Attorney General;

15 (3) 2 members appointed by the President of the
16 Senate;

17 (4) 2 members appointed by the Speaker of the House of
18 Representatives;

19 (5) 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
20 Senate; and

21 (6) 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
22 House of Representatives.

23 (b) The Task Force shall study the feasibility of
24 implementing a system of campaign finance that would allow
25 public funds to be used to subsidize campaigns for candidates

1 for judicial office in exchange for voluntary adherence by
2 those campaigns to specified expenditure limitations. In
3 conducting its study, the Task Force shall consider whether
4 implementing such a system of public financing is in the best
5 interest of the State. The Task Force may propose one or more
6 funding sources for the public financing of judicial
7 elections, including, but not limited to, fines, voluntary
8 contributions, surcharges on lobbying activities, and a
9 whistleblower fund. The Task Force shall consider the
10 following factors:

11 (1) the amount of funds raised by past candidates for
12 judicial office;

13 (2) the amount of funds expended by past candidates
14 for judicial office;

15 (3) the disparity in the amount of funds raised by
16 candidates for judicial office of different political
17 parties;

18 (4) the amount of funds expended with respect to
19 campaigns for judicial office by entities not affiliated
20 with a candidate;

21 (5) the amount of money contributed to or expended by
22 a committee of a political party to promote a candidate
23 for judicial office;

24 (6) jurisprudence concerning campaign finance and
25 public financing of political campaigns, both for judicial
26 office and generally; and

1 (7) any other factors that the Task Force determines
2 are related to the public financing of elections in this
3 State.

4 The Task Force shall also suggest changes to current law
5 that would be necessary to facilitate public financing of
6 candidates for judicial office.

7 (c) The Task Force shall complete its study no later than
8 June 30, 2024 ~~2023~~ and shall report its findings to the
9 Governor and the General Assembly as soon as possible after
10 the study is complete.

11 (d) The members shall serve without compensation but may
12 be reimbursed for their expenses incurred in performing their
13 duties. If a vacancy occurs on the Task Force, it shall be
14 filled according to the guidelines of the initial appointment.

15 (e) The State Board of Elections shall provide staff and
16 administrative support to the Task Force.

17 (f) As used in this Section, "judicial office" means
18 nomination, election, or retention to the Supreme Court, the
19 Appellate Court, or the Circuit Court.

20 (g) This Section is repealed on July 1, 2025 ~~2024~~.

21 (Source: P.A. 102-909, eff. 5-27-22.)

22 (10 ILCS 5/1-23 new)

23 Sec. 1-23. Ranked-Choice and Voting Systems Task Force.

24 (a) The Ranked-Choice and Voting Systems Task Force is
25 created. The purpose of the Task Force is to review voting

1 systems and the methods of voting, including ranked-choice
2 voting, that could be authorized by law. The Task Force shall
3 have the following duties:

4 (1) Engage election officials, interested groups, and
5 members of the public for the purpose of assessing the
6 adoption and implementation of ranked-choice voting in
7 presidential primary elections beginning in 2028.

8 (2) Review standards used to certify or approve the
9 use of a voting system, including the standards adopted by
10 the U.S. Election Assistance Commission and the State
11 Board of Elections.

12 (3) Advise whether the voting system used by Illinois
13 election authorities would be able to accommodate
14 alternative methods of voting, including, but not limited
15 to, ranked-choice voting.

16 (4) Make recommendations or suggestions for changes to
17 the Election Code or administrative rules for
18 certification of voting systems in Illinois to accommodate
19 alternative methods of voting, including ranked-choice
20 voting.

21 (b) On or before March 1, 2024, the Task Force shall
22 publish a final report of its findings and recommendations.
23 The report shall, at a minimum, detail findings and
24 recommendations related to the duties of the Task Force and
25 the following:

26 (1) the process used in Illinois to certify voting

1 systems, including which systems can conduct ranked-choice
2 voting; and

3 (2) information about the voting system used by
4 election authorities, including which election authorities
5 rely on legacy hardware and software for voting and which
6 counties and election authorities rely on equipment for
7 voting that has not exceeded its usable life span but
8 require a software upgrade to accommodate ranked-choice
9 voting. In this paragraph, "legacy hardware and software"
10 means equipment that has exceeded its usable life span.

11 (c) The Task Force shall consist of the following members:

12 (1) 4 members, appointed by the Senate President,
13 including 2 members of the Senate and 2 members of the
14 public;

15 (2) 4 members, appointed by the Speaker of the House
16 of Representatives, including 2 members of the House of
17 Representatives and 2 members of the public;

18 (3) 4 members, appointed by the Minority Leader of the
19 Senate, including 2 members of the Senate and 2 members of
20 the public;

21 (4) 4 members, appointed by the Minority Leader of the
22 House of Representatives, including 2 members of the House
23 of Representatives and 2 members of the public;

24 (5) 4 members, appointed by the Governor, including at
25 least 2 members with knowledge and experience
26 administering elections.

1 (d) Appointments to the Task Force shall be made within 30
2 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
3 103rd General Assembly. Members shall serve without
4 compensation.

5 (e) The Task Force shall meet at the call of a co-chair at
6 least quarterly to fulfill its duties. At the first meeting of
7 the Task Force, the Task Force shall elect one co-chair from
8 the members appointed by the Senate President and one co-chair
9 from the members appointed by the Speaker of the House of
10 Representatives.

11 (f) The State Board of Elections shall provide
12 administrative support for the Task Force.

13 (g) This Section is repealed, and the Task Force is
14 dissolved, on June 1, 2024.

15 (10 ILCS 5/1-24 new)

16 Sec. 1-24. 2024 Election Day State holiday.
17 Notwithstanding any other provision of State law to the
18 contrary, the 2024 general election shall be a State holiday
19 known as 2024 General Election Day and shall be observed
20 throughout this State. The 2024 general election shall be
21 deemed a legal school holiday for purposes of the School Code.
22 Any school closed under this amendatory Act of the 103rd
23 General Assembly and Section 24-2 of the School Code shall be
24 made available to an election authority as a polling place for
25 2024 General Election Day. This Section is repealed on January

1 1, 2025.

2 (10 ILCS 5/1-25 new)

3 Sec. 1-25. The Security of Remote Vote by Mail Task Force.

4 (a) The Security of Remote Vote by Mail Task Force is
5 hereby created for the purposes described in subsection (b).

6 Members of the Task Force shall be appointed as follows:

7 (1) 2 members who identify as a voter with a print
8 disability appointed by the Governor;

9 (2) 2 members who have experience with absent military
10 and naval service voting appointed by the Governor;

11 (3) one member with expertise in cybersecurity
12 appointed by the Governor;

13 (4) one member with expertise in election security
14 appointed by the Governor;

15 (5) one member with expertise in administering
16 elections appointed by the Governor;

17 (6) 2 members appointed by the President of the
18 Senate;

19 (7) 2 members appointed by the Speaker of the House of
20 Representatives;

21 (8) 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
22 Senate; and

23 (9) 2 members appointed by the Minority Leader of the
24 House of Representatives.

25 (b) The Task Force shall study the feasibility of

1 implementing a remote vote by mail system that would allow an
2 election authority to transmit a vote by mail ballot
3 electronically to a voter, and allow the voter to mark,
4 verify, and return the ballot to the election authority
5 electronically. In conducting its study, the Task Force shall
6 consider whether implementing such a system of remote vote by
7 mail is a safe and secure way to vote; what methods of remote
8 voting exist within the United States; and what factors, if
9 any, mitigate security related concerns in relation to
10 implementing a remote vote by mail system. The Task Force
11 shall also suggest changes to current law that would be
12 necessary to implement a remote vote by mail system that would
13 allow an election authority to transmit a vote by mail ballot
14 electronically to a voter, and allow the voter to mark,
15 verify, and return the ballot to the election authority
16 electronically.

17 (c) The Task Force shall complete its study no later than
18 June 30, 2025 and shall report its findings to the Governor and
19 the General Assembly as soon as possible after the study is
20 complete.

21 (d) The members shall serve without compensation. If a
22 vacancy occurs on the Task Force, it shall be filled according
23 to the guidelines of the initial appointment.

24 (e) The State Board of Elections shall provide staff and
25 administrative support to the Task Force.

26 (f) This Section is repealed on July 1, 2026.

1 (10 ILCS 5/1A-25)

2 Sec. 1A-25. Centralized statewide voter registration list.
3 The centralized statewide voter registration list required by
4 Title III, Subtitle A, Section 303 of the Help America Vote Act
5 of 2002 shall be created and maintained by the State Board of
6 Elections as provided in this Section.

7 (1) The centralized statewide voter registration list
8 shall be compiled from the voter registration data bases
9 of each election authority in this State.

10 (2) With the exception of voter registration forms
11 submitted electronically through an online voter
12 registration system, all new voter registration forms and
13 applications to register to vote, including those reviewed
14 by the Secretary of State at a driver services facility,
15 shall be transmitted only to the appropriate election
16 authority as required by Articles 4, 5, and 6 of this Code
17 and not to the State Board of Elections. All voter
18 registration forms submitted electronically to the State
19 Board of Elections through an online voter registration
20 system shall be transmitted to the appropriate election
21 authority as required by Section 1A-16.5. The election
22 authority shall process and verify each voter registration
23 form and electronically enter verified registrations on an
24 expedited basis onto the statewide voter registration
25 list. All original registration cards shall remain

1 permanently in the office of the election authority as
2 required by this Code.

3 (3) The centralized statewide voter registration list
4 shall:

5 (i) Be designed to allow election authorities to
6 utilize the registration data on the statewide voter
7 registration list pertinent to voters registered in
8 their election jurisdiction on locally maintained
9 software programs that are unique to each
10 jurisdiction.

11 (ii) Allow each election authority to perform
12 essential election management functions, including but
13 not limited to production of voter lists, processing
14 of vote by mail voters, production of individual,
15 pre-printed applications to vote, administration of
16 election judges, and polling place administration, but
17 shall not prevent any election authority from using
18 information from that election authority's own
19 systems.

20 (4) The registration information maintained by each
21 election authority shall be synchronized with that
22 authority's information on the statewide list at least
23 once every 24 hours.

24 (5) The vote by mail, early vote, and rejected ballot
25 information maintained by each election authority shall be
26 synchronized with the election authority's information on

1 the statewide list at least once every 24 hours. The State
2 Board of Elections shall maintain the information required
3 by this paragraph in an electronic format on its website,
4 arranged by county and accessible to State and local
5 political committees.

6 (i) Within one day after receipt of a vote by mail
7 voter's ballot, the election authority shall transmit
8 by electronic means the voter's name, street address,
9 email address and precinct, ward, township, and
10 district numbers, as the case may be, to the State
11 Board of Elections.

12 (ii) Within one day after receipt of an early
13 voter's ballot, the election authority shall transmit
14 by electronic means the voter's name, street address,
15 email address and precinct, ward, township, and
16 district numbers, as the case may be, to the State
17 Board of Elections.

18 (iii) If a vote by mail ballot is rejected for any
19 reason, within one day after the rejection the
20 election authority shall transmit by electronic means
21 the voter's name, street address, email address and
22 precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as the
23 case may be, to the State Board of Elections. If a
24 rejected vote by mail ballot is determined to be
25 valid, the election authority shall, within one day
26 after the determination, remove the name of the voter

1 from the list transmitted to the State Board of
2 Election.

3 (6) Beginning no later than January 1, 2024, the
4 statewide voter registration list shall be updated on a
5 monthly basis by no sooner than the first of every month;
6 however, the information required in paragraph (5) shall
7 be updated at least every 24 hours and made available upon
8 request to permitted entities as described in this
9 Section.

10 To protect the privacy and confidentiality of voter
11 registration information, the disclosure of any portion of the
12 centralized statewide voter registration list to any person or
13 entity other than to a State or local political committee and
14 other than to a governmental entity for a governmental purpose
15 is specifically prohibited except as follows: (1) subject to
16 security measures adopted by the State Board of Elections
17 which, at a minimum, shall include the keeping of a catalog or
18 database, available for public view, including the name,
19 address, and telephone number of the person viewing the list
20 as well as the time of that viewing, any person may view the
21 list on a computer screen at the Springfield office of the
22 State Board of Elections, during normal business hours other
23 than during the 27 days before an election, but the person
24 viewing the list under this exception may not print,
25 duplicate, transmit, or alter the list; or (2) as may be
26 required by an agreement the State Board of Elections has

1 entered into with a multi-state voter registration list
2 maintenance system.

3 (Source: P.A. 98-115, eff. 7-29-13; 98-1171, eff. 6-1-15.)

4 (10 ILCS 5/3-6)

5 Sec. 3-6. Voting and registration age.

6 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person
7 who is 17 years old on the date of a caucus, general primary
8 election, or consolidated primary election and who is
9 otherwise qualified to vote is qualified to vote at that
10 caucus, general primary, or consolidated primary, including
11 voting a vote by mail, grace period, or early voting ballot
12 with respect to that general primary or consolidated primary,
13 if that person will be 18 years old on the date of the
14 immediately following general election or consolidated
15 election for which candidates are nominated at that primary.

16 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person
17 who is otherwise qualified to vote may preregister to vote on
18 or after that person's 16th birthday, with the registration
19 application held in abeyance by the State Board of Elections
20 until that individual attains the required age to vote, at
21 which time the State Board of Elections shall transmit the
22 registration application to the applicable election authority.
23 Preregistration under this subsection (b) shall be completed
24 using the online voter registration system, as provided in
25 Section 1A-16.5, or an electronic voter registration portal

1 with an automatic voter registration agency, as provided in
2 Section 1A-16.7.

3 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an
4 individual who is 17 years of age, will be 18 years of age on
5 the date of the immediately following general or consolidated
6 election, and is otherwise qualified to vote shall be deemed
7 eligible to circulate a nominating petition or a petition
8 proposing a public question.

9 (d) For the purposes of this Code, a person who is 16 years
10 of age or older shall be deemed competent to execute and attest
11 to any voter registration forms.

12 (e) References in this Code and elsewhere to the
13 requirement that a person must be 18 years old to vote shall be
14 interpreted in accordance with this Section.

15 ~~For the purposes of this Code, an individual who is 17~~
16 ~~years of age and who will be 18 years of age on the date of the~~
17 ~~general or consolidated election shall be deemed competent to~~
18 ~~execute and attest to any voter registration forms. An~~
19 ~~individual who is 17 years of age, will be 18 years of age on~~
20 ~~the date of the immediately following general or consolidated~~
21 ~~election, and is otherwise qualified to vote shall be deemed~~
22 ~~eligible to circulate a nominating petition or a petition~~
23 ~~proposing a public question.~~

24 (Source: P.A. 99-722, eff. 8-5-16; 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

25 (10 ILCS 5/4-6.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 4-6.2)

1 Sec. 4-6.2. (a) The county clerk shall appoint all
2 municipal and township or road district clerks or their duly
3 authorized deputies as deputy registrars who may accept the
4 registration of all qualified residents of the State.

5 The county clerk shall appoint all precinct
6 committeepersons in the county as deputy registrars who may
7 accept the registration of any qualified resident of the
8 State, except during the 27 days preceding an election.

9 The county clerk shall appoint each of the following named
10 persons as deputy registrars upon the written request of such
11 persons:

12 1. The chief librarian, or a qualified person
13 designated by the chief librarian, of any public library
14 situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept
15 the registrations of any qualified resident of the State,
16 at such library.

17 2. The principal, or a qualified person designated by
18 the principal, of any high school, elementary school, or
19 vocational school situated within the election
20 jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any
21 qualified resident of the State, at such school. The
22 county clerk shall notify every principal and
23 vice-principal of each high school, elementary school, and
24 vocational school situated within the election
25 jurisdiction of their eligibility to serve as deputy
26 registrars and offer training courses for service as

1 deputy registrars at conveniently located facilities at
2 least 4 months prior to every election.

3 3. The president, or a qualified person designated by
4 the president, of any university, college, community
5 college, academy or other institution of learning situated
6 within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the
7 registrations of any resident of the State, at such
8 university, college, community college, academy or
9 institution.

10 4. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide
11 labor organization, or a reasonable number of qualified
12 members designated by such official, who may accept the
13 registrations of any qualified resident of the State.

14 5. A duly elected or appointed official of a bonafide
15 State civic organization, as defined and determined by
16 rule of the State Board of Elections, or qualified members
17 designated by such official, who may accept the
18 registration of any qualified resident of the State. In
19 determining the number of deputy registrars that shall be
20 appointed, the county clerk shall consider the population
21 of the jurisdiction, the size of the organization, the
22 geographic size of the jurisdiction, convenience for the
23 public, the existing number of deputy registrars in the
24 jurisdiction and their location, the registration
25 activities of the organization and the need to appoint
26 deputy registrars to assist and facilitate the

1 registration of non-English speaking individuals. In no
2 event shall a county clerk fix an arbitrary number
3 applicable to every civic organization requesting
4 appointment of its members as deputy registrars. The State
5 Board of Elections shall by rule provide for certification
6 of bonafide State civic organizations. Such appointments
7 shall be made for a period not to exceed 2 years,
8 terminating on the first business day of the month
9 following the month of the general election, and shall be
10 valid for all periods of voter registration as provided by
11 this Code during the terms of such appointments.

12 6. The Director of Healthcare and Family Services, or
13 a reasonable number of employees designated by the
14 Director and located at public aid offices, who may accept
15 the registration of any qualified resident of the county
16 at any such public aid office.

17 7. The Director of the Illinois Department of
18 Employment Security, or a reasonable number of employees
19 designated by the Director and located at unemployment
20 offices, who may accept the registration of any qualified
21 resident of the county at any such unemployment office.

22 8. The president of any corporation as defined by the
23 Business Corporation Act of 1983, or a reasonable number
24 of employees designated by such president, who may accept
25 the registrations of any qualified resident of the State.
26 If the request to be appointed as deputy registrar is

1 denied, the county clerk shall, within 10 days after the date
2 the request is submitted, provide the affected individual or
3 organization with written notice setting forth the specific
4 reasons or criteria relied upon to deny the request to be
5 appointed as deputy registrar.

6 The county clerk may appoint as many additional deputy
7 registrars as he considers necessary. The county clerk shall
8 appoint such additional deputy registrars in such manner that
9 the convenience of the public is served, giving due
10 consideration to both population concentration and area. Some
11 of the additional deputy registrars shall be selected so that
12 there are an equal number from each of the 2 major political
13 parties in the election jurisdiction. The county clerk, in
14 appointing an additional deputy registrar, shall make the
15 appointment from a list of applicants submitted by the Chair
16 of the County Central Committee of the applicant's political
17 party. A Chair of a County Central Committee shall submit a
18 list of applicants to the county clerk by November 30 of each
19 year. The county clerk may require a Chair of a County Central
20 Committee to furnish a supplemental list of applicants.

21 Deputy registrars may accept registrations at any time
22 other than the 27-day ~~27-day~~ period preceding an election. All
23 persons appointed as deputy registrars shall be registered
24 voters within the county and shall take and subscribe to the
25 following oath or affirmation:

26 "I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I

1 will support the Constitution of the United States, and the
 2 Constitution of the State of Illinois, and that I will
 3 faithfully discharge the duties of the office of deputy
 4 registrar to the best of my ability and that I will register no
 5 person nor cause the registration of any person except upon
 6 his personal application before me.

7
 8 (Signature Deputy Registrar)"

9 This oath shall be administered by the county clerk, or by
 10 one of his deputies, or by any person qualified to take
 11 acknowledgement of deeds and shall immediately thereafter be
 12 filed with the county clerk.

13 Appointments of deputy registrars under this Section,
 14 except precinct committeepersons, shall be for 2-year terms,
 15 commencing on December 1 following the general election of
 16 each even-numbered year; except that the terms of the initial
 17 appointments shall be until December 1st following the next
 18 general election. Appointments of precinct committeepersons
 19 shall be for ~~2-year~~ terms commencing on the date of the county
 20 convention following the general primary at which they were
 21 elected and ending on the date immediately preceding the date
 22 of the next county convention, which may be held by audio or
 23 video conference. The county clerk shall issue a certificate
 24 of appointment to each deputy registrar, and shall maintain in
 25 his office for public inspection a list of the names of all
 26 appointees.

1 (b) The county clerk shall be responsible for training all
2 deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a), at
3 times and locations reasonably convenient for both the county
4 clerk and such appointees. The county clerk shall be
5 responsible for certifying and supervising all deputy
6 registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a). Deputy
7 registrars appointed under subsection (a) shall be subject to
8 removal for cause.

9 (c) Completed registration materials under the control of
10 deputy registrars, appointed pursuant to subsection (a), shall
11 be returned to the appointing election authority by
12 first-class mail within 2 business days or personal delivery
13 within 7 days, except that completed registration materials
14 received by the deputy registrars during the period between
15 the 35th and 28th day preceding an election shall be returned
16 by the deputy registrars to the appointing election authority
17 within 48 hours after receipt thereof. The completed
18 registration materials received by the deputy registrars on
19 the 28th day preceding an election shall be returned by the
20 deputy registrars within 24 hours after receipt thereof.
21 Unused materials shall be returned by deputy registrars
22 appointed pursuant to paragraph 4 of subsection (a), not later
23 than the next working day following the close of registration.

24 (d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners,
25 as the case may be, must provide any additional forms
26 requested by any deputy registrar regardless of the number of

1 unaccounted registration forms the deputy registrar may have
2 in his or her possession.

3 (e) No deputy registrar shall engage in any electioneering
4 or the promotion of any cause during the performance of his or
5 her duties.

6 (f) The county clerk shall not be criminally or civilly
7 liable for the acts or omissions of any deputy registrar. Such
8 deputy registrars shall not be deemed to be employees of the
9 county clerk.

10 (g) Completed registration materials returned by deputy
11 registrars for persons residing outside the county shall be
12 transmitted by the county clerk within 2 days after receipt to
13 the election authority of the person's election jurisdiction
14 of residence.

15 (Source: P.A. 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

16 (10 ILCS 5/5-16.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 5-16.2)

17 Sec. 5-16.2. (a) The county clerk shall appoint all
18 municipal and township clerks or their duly authorized
19 deputies as deputy registrars who may accept the registration
20 of all qualified residents of the State.

21 The county clerk shall appoint all precinct
22 committeepersons in the county as deputy registrars who may
23 accept the registration of any qualified resident of the
24 State, except during the 27 days preceding an election.

25 The county clerk shall appoint each of the following named

1 persons as deputy registrars upon the written request of such
2 persons:

3 1. The chief librarian, or a qualified person
4 designated by the chief librarian, of any public library
5 situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept
6 the registrations of any qualified resident of the State,
7 at such library.

8 2. The principal, or a qualified person designated by
9 the principal, of any high school, elementary school, or
10 vocational school situated within the election
11 jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any
12 resident of the State, at such school. The county clerk
13 shall notify every principal and vice-principal of each
14 high school, elementary school, and vocational school
15 situated within the election jurisdiction of their
16 eligibility to serve as deputy registrars and offer
17 training courses for service as deputy registrars at
18 conveniently located facilities at least 4 months prior to
19 every election.

20 3. The president, or a qualified person designated by
21 the president, of any university, college, community
22 college, academy or other institution of learning situated
23 within the election jurisdiction, who may accept the
24 registrations of any resident of the State, at such
25 university, college, community college, academy or
26 institution.

1 4. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide
2 labor organization, or a reasonable number of qualified
3 members designated by such official, who may accept the
4 registrations of any qualified resident of the State.

5 5. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide
6 State civic organization, as defined and determined by
7 rule of the State Board of Elections, or qualified members
8 designated by such official, who may accept the
9 registration of any qualified resident of the State. In
10 determining the number of deputy registrars that shall be
11 appointed, the county clerk shall consider the population
12 of the jurisdiction, the size of the organization, the
13 geographic size of the jurisdiction, convenience for the
14 public, the existing number of deputy registrars in the
15 jurisdiction and their location, the registration
16 activities of the organization and the need to appoint
17 deputy registrars to assist and facilitate the
18 registration of non-English speaking individuals. In no
19 event shall a county clerk fix an arbitrary number
20 applicable to every civic organization requesting
21 appointment of its members as deputy registrars. The State
22 Board of Elections shall by rule provide for certification
23 of bona fide State civic organizations. Such appointments
24 shall be made for a period not to exceed 2 years,
25 terminating on the first business day of the month
26 following the month of the general election, and shall be

1 valid for all periods of voter registration as provided by
2 this Code during the terms of such appointments.

3 6. The Director of Healthcare and Family Services, or
4 a reasonable number of employees designated by the
5 Director and located at public aid offices, who may accept
6 the registration of any qualified resident of the county
7 at any such public aid office.

8 7. The Director of the Illinois Department of
9 Employment Security, or a reasonable number of employees
10 designated by the Director and located at unemployment
11 offices, who may accept the registration of any qualified
12 resident of the county at any such unemployment office.

13 8. The president of any corporation as defined by the
14 Business Corporation Act of 1983, or a reasonable number
15 of employees designated by such president, who may accept
16 the registrations of any qualified resident of the State.

17 If the request to be appointed as deputy registrar is
18 denied, the county clerk shall, within 10 days after the date
19 the request is submitted, provide the affected individual or
20 organization with written notice setting forth the specific
21 reasons or criteria relied upon to deny the request to be
22 appointed as deputy registrar.

23 The county clerk may appoint as many additional deputy
24 registrars as he considers necessary. The county clerk shall
25 appoint such additional deputy registrars in such manner that
26 the convenience of the public is served, giving due

1 consideration to both population concentration and area. Some
 2 of the additional deputy registrars shall be selected so that
 3 there are an equal number from each of the 2 major political
 4 parties in the election jurisdiction. The county clerk, in
 5 appointing an additional deputy registrar, shall make the
 6 appointment from a list of applicants submitted by the Chair
 7 of the County Central Committee of the applicant's political
 8 party. A Chair of a County Central Committee shall submit a
 9 list of applicants to the county clerk by November 30 of each
 10 year. The county clerk may require a Chair of a County Central
 11 Committee to furnish a supplemental list of applicants.

12 Deputy registrars may accept registrations at any time
 13 other than the 27-day ~~27-day~~ period preceding an election. All
 14 persons appointed as deputy registrars shall be registered
 15 voters within the county and shall take and subscribe to the
 16 following oath or affirmation:

17 "I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I
 18 will support the Constitution of the United States, and the
 19 Constitution of the State of Illinois, and that I will
 20 faithfully discharge the duties of the office of deputy
 21 registrar to the best of my ability and that I will register no
 22 person nor cause the registration of any person except upon
 23 his personal application before me.

24
 25 (Signature of Deputy Registrar)"

26 This oath shall be administered by the county clerk, or by

1 one of his deputies, or by any person qualified to take
2 acknowledgement of deeds and shall immediately thereafter be
3 filed with the county clerk.

4 Appointments of deputy registrars under this Section,
5 except precinct committeepersons, shall be for 2-year terms,
6 commencing on December 1 following the general election of
7 each even-numbered year, except that the terms of the initial
8 appointments shall be until December 1st following the next
9 general election. Appointments of precinct committeepersons
10 shall be for ~~2-year~~ terms commencing on the date of the county
11 convention following the general primary at which they were
12 elected and ending on the date immediately preceding the date
13 of the next county convention, which may be held by audio or
14 video conference. The county clerk shall issue a certificate
15 of appointment to each deputy registrar, and shall maintain in
16 his office for public inspection a list of the names of all
17 appointees.

18 (b) The county clerk shall be responsible for training all
19 deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a), at
20 times and locations reasonably convenient for both the county
21 clerk and such appointees. The county clerk shall be
22 responsible for certifying and supervising all deputy
23 registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a). Deputy
24 registrars appointed under subsection (a) shall be subject to
25 removal for cause.

26 (c) Completed registration materials under the control of

1 deputy registrars, appointed pursuant to subsection (a), shall
2 be returned to the appointing election authority by
3 first-class mail within 2 business days or personal delivery
4 within 7 days, except that completed registration materials
5 received by the deputy registrars during the period between
6 the 35th and 28th day preceding an election shall be returned
7 by the deputy registrars to the appointing election authority
8 within 48 hours after receipt thereof. The completed
9 registration materials received by the deputy registrars on
10 the 28th day preceding an election shall be returned by the
11 deputy registrars within 24 hours after receipt thereof.
12 Unused materials shall be returned by deputy registrars
13 appointed pursuant to paragraph 4 of subsection (a), not later
14 than the next working day following the close of registration.

15 (d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners,
16 as the case may be, must provide any additional forms
17 requested by any deputy registrar regardless of the number of
18 unaccounted registration forms the deputy registrar may have
19 in his or her possession.

20 (e) No deputy registrar shall engage in any electioneering
21 or the promotion of any cause during the performance of his or
22 her duties.

23 (f) The county clerk shall not be criminally or civilly
24 liable for the acts or omissions of any deputy registrar. Such
25 deputy registers shall not be deemed to be employees of the
26 county clerk.

1 (g) Completed registration materials returned by deputy
2 registrars for persons residing outside the county shall be
3 transmitted by the county clerk within 2 days after receipt to
4 the election authority of the person's election jurisdiction
5 of residence.

6 (Source: P.A. 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

7 (10 ILCS 5/6-50.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 6-50.2)

8 Sec. 6-50.2. (a) The board of election commissioners shall
9 appoint all precinct committeepersons in the election
10 jurisdiction as deputy registrars who may accept the
11 registration of any qualified resident of the State, except
12 during the 27 days preceding an election.

13 The board of election commissioners shall appoint each of
14 the following named persons as deputy registrars upon the
15 written request of such persons:

16 1. The chief librarian, or a qualified person
17 designated by the chief librarian, of any public library
18 situated within the election jurisdiction, who may accept
19 the registrations of any qualified resident of the State,
20 at such library.

21 2. The principal, or a qualified person designated by
22 the principal, of any high school, elementary school, or
23 vocational school situated within the election
24 jurisdiction, who may accept the registrations of any
25 resident of the State, at such school. The board of

1 election commissioners shall notify every principal and
2 vice-principal of each high school, elementary school, and
3 vocational school situated in the election jurisdiction of
4 their eligibility to serve as deputy registrars and offer
5 training courses for service as deputy registrars at
6 conveniently located facilities at least 4 months prior to
7 every election.

8 3. The president, or a qualified person designated by
9 the president, of any university, college, community
10 college, academy, or other institution of learning
11 situated within the State, who may accept the
12 registrations of any resident of the election
13 jurisdiction, at such university, college, community
14 college, academy, or institution.

15 4. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide
16 labor organization, or a reasonable number of qualified
17 members designated by such official, who may accept the
18 registrations of any qualified resident of the State.

19 5. A duly elected or appointed official of a bona fide
20 State civic organization, as defined and determined by
21 rule of the State Board of Elections, or qualified members
22 designated by such official, who may accept the
23 registration of any qualified resident of the State. In
24 determining the number of deputy registrars that shall be
25 appointed, the board of election commissioners shall
26 consider the population of the jurisdiction, the size of

1 the organization, the geographic size of the jurisdiction,
2 convenience for the public, the existing number of deputy
3 registrars in the jurisdiction and their location, the
4 registration activities of the organization and the need
5 to appoint deputy registrars to assist and facilitate the
6 registration of non-English speaking individuals. In no
7 event shall a board of election commissioners fix an
8 arbitrary number applicable to every civic organization
9 requesting appointment of its members as deputy
10 registrars. The State Board of Elections shall by rule
11 provide for certification of bona fide State civic
12 organizations. Such appointments shall be made for a
13 period not to exceed 2 years, terminating on the first
14 business day of the month following the month of the
15 general election, and shall be valid for all periods of
16 voter registration as provided by this Code during the
17 terms of such appointments.

18 6. The Director of Healthcare and Family Services, or
19 a reasonable number of employees designated by the
20 Director and located at public aid offices, who may accept
21 the registration of any qualified resident of the election
22 jurisdiction at any such public aid office.

23 7. The Director of the Illinois Department of
24 Employment Security, or a reasonable number of employees
25 designated by the Director and located at unemployment
26 offices, who may accept the registration of any qualified

1 resident of the election jurisdiction at any such
2 unemployment office. If the request to be appointed as
3 deputy registrar is denied, the board of election
4 commissioners shall, within 10 days after the date the
5 request is submitted, provide the affected individual or
6 organization with written notice setting forth the
7 specific reasons or criteria relied upon to deny the
8 request to be appointed as deputy registrar.

9 8. The president of any corporation, as defined by the
10 Business Corporation Act of 1983, or a reasonable number
11 of employees designated by such president, who may accept
12 the registrations of any qualified resident of the State.

13 The board of election commissioners may appoint as many
14 additional deputy registrars as it considers necessary. The
15 board of election commissioners shall appoint such additional
16 deputy registrars in such manner that the convenience of the
17 public is served, giving due consideration to both population
18 concentration and area. Some of the additional deputy
19 registrars shall be selected so that there are an equal number
20 from each of the 2 major political parties in the election
21 jurisdiction. The board of election commissioners, in
22 appointing an additional deputy registrar, shall make the
23 appointment from a list of applicants submitted by the Chair
24 of the County Central Committee of the applicant's political
25 party. A Chair of a County Central Committee shall submit a
26 list of applicants to the board by November 30 of each year.

1 The board may require a Chair of a County Central Committee to
2 furnish a supplemental list of applicants.

3 Deputy registrars may accept registrations at any time
4 other than the 27-day period preceding an election. All
5 persons appointed as deputy registrars shall be registered
6 voters within the election jurisdiction and shall take and
7 subscribe to the following oath or affirmation:

8 "I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I
9 will support the Constitution of the United States, and the
10 Constitution of the State of Illinois, and that I will
11 faithfully discharge the duties of the office of registration
12 officer to the best of my ability and that I will register no
13 person nor cause the registration of any person except upon
14 his personal application before me.

15
16 (Signature of Registration Officer)"

17 This oath shall be administered and certified to by one of
18 the commissioners or by the executive director or by some
19 person designated by the board of election commissioners, and
20 shall immediately thereafter be filed with the board of
21 election commissioners. The members of the board of election
22 commissioners and all persons authorized by them under the
23 provisions of this Article to take registrations, after
24 themselves taking and subscribing to the above oath, are
25 authorized to take or administer such oaths and execute such
26 affidavits as are required by this Article.

1 Appointments of deputy registrars under this Section,
2 except precinct committeepersons, shall be for 2-year terms,
3 commencing on December 1 following the general election of
4 each even-numbered year, except that the terms of the initial
5 appointments shall be until December 1st following the next
6 general election. Appointments of precinct committeepersons
7 shall be for ~~2-year~~ terms commencing on the date of the county
8 convention following the general primary at which they were
9 elected and ending on the date immediately preceding the date
10 of the next county convention, which may be held by audio or
11 video conference. The county clerk shall issue a certificate
12 of appointment to each deputy registrar, and shall maintain in
13 his office for public inspection a list of the names of all
14 appointees.

15 (b) The board of election commissioners shall be
16 responsible for training all deputy registrars appointed
17 pursuant to subsection (a), at times and locations reasonably
18 convenient for both the board of election commissioners and
19 such appointees. The board of election commissioners shall be
20 responsible for certifying and supervising all deputy
21 registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a). Deputy
22 registrars appointed under subsection (a) shall be subject to
23 removal for cause.

24 (c) Completed registration materials under the control of
25 deputy registrars appointed pursuant to subsection (a) shall
26 be returned to the appointing election authority by

1 first-class mail within 2 business days or personal delivery
2 within 7 days, except that completed registration materials
3 received by the deputy registrars during the period between
4 the 35th and 28th day preceding an election shall be returned
5 by the deputy registrars to the appointing election authority
6 within 48 hours after receipt thereof. The completed
7 registration materials received by the deputy registrars on
8 the 28th day preceding an election shall be returned by the
9 deputy registrars within 24 hours after receipt thereof.
10 Unused materials shall be returned by deputy registrars
11 appointed pursuant to paragraph 4 of subsection (a), not later
12 than the next working day following the close of registration.

13 (d) The county clerk or board of election commissioners,
14 as the case may be, must provide any additional forms
15 requested by any deputy registrar regardless of the number of
16 unaccounted registration forms the deputy registrar may have
17 in his or her possession.

18 (e) No deputy registrar shall engage in any electioneering
19 or the promotion of any cause during the performance of his or
20 her duties.

21 (f) The board of election commissioners shall not be
22 criminally or civilly liable for the acts or omissions of any
23 deputy registrar. Such deputy registrars shall not be deemed
24 to be employees of the board of election commissioners.

25 (g) Completed registration materials returned by deputy
26 registrars for persons residing outside the election

1 jurisdiction shall be transmitted by the board of election
2 commissioners within 2 days after receipt to the election
3 authority of the person's election jurisdiction of residence.
4 (Source: P.A. 102-558, eff. 8-20-21.)

5 (10 ILCS 5/7-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-8)

6 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 102-15)

7 Sec. 7-8. The State central committee shall be composed of
8 one or two members from each congressional district in the
9 State and shall be elected as follows:

10 State Central Committee

11 (a) Within 30 days after January 1, 1984 (the effective
12 date of Public Act 83-33), the State central committee of each
13 political party shall certify to the State Board of Elections
14 which of the following alternatives it wishes to apply to the
15 State central committee of that party.

16 Alternative A. At the primary in 1970 and at the general
17 primary election held every 4 years thereafter, each primary
18 elector may vote for one candidate of his party for member of
19 the State central committee for the congressional district in
20 which he resides. The candidate receiving the highest number
21 of votes shall be declared elected State central
22 committeeperson from the district. A political party may, in
23 lieu of the foregoing, by a majority vote of delegates at any
24 State convention of such party, determine to thereafter elect
25 the State central committeepersons in the manner following:

1 At the county convention held by such political party,
2 State central committeepersons shall be elected in the same
3 manner as provided in this Article for the election of
4 officers of the county central committee, and such election
5 shall follow the election of officers of the county central
6 committee. Each elected ward, township or precinct
7 committeeperson shall cast as his vote one vote for each
8 ballot voted in his ward, township, part of a township or
9 precinct in the last preceding primary election of his
10 political party. In the case of a county lying partially
11 within one congressional district and partially within another
12 congressional district, each ward, township or precinct
13 committeeperson shall vote only with respect to the
14 congressional district in which his ward, township, part of a
15 township or precinct is located. In the case of a
16 congressional district which encompasses more than one county,
17 each ward, township or precinct committeeperson residing
18 within the congressional district shall cast as his vote one
19 vote for each ballot voted in his ward, township, part of a
20 township or precinct in the last preceding primary election of
21 his political party for one candidate of his party for member
22 of the State central committee for the congressional district
23 in which he resides and the Chair of the county central
24 committee shall report the results of the election to the
25 State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections shall
26 certify the candidate receiving the highest number of votes

1 elected State central committee person for that congressional
2 district.

3 The State central committee shall adopt rules to provide
4 for and govern the procedures to be followed in the election of
5 members of the State central committee.

6 After August 6, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act
7 91-426), whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of Chair of a
8 State central committee, or at the end of the term of office of
9 Chair, the State central committee of each political party
10 that has selected Alternative A shall elect a Chair who shall
11 not be required to be a member of the State Central Committee.
12 The Chair shall be a registered voter in this State and of the
13 same political party as the State central committee.

14 Alternative B. Each congressional committee shall, within
15 30 days after the adoption of this alternative, appoint a
16 person of the sex opposite that of the incumbent member for
17 that congressional district to serve as an additional member
18 of the State central committee until his or her successor is
19 elected at the general primary election in 1986. Each
20 congressional committee shall make this appointment by voting
21 on the basis set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section. In
22 each congressional district at the general primary election
23 held in 1986 and every 4 years thereafter, the male candidate
24 receiving the highest number of votes of the party's male
25 candidates for State central committeeman, and the female
26 candidate receiving the highest number of votes of the party's

1 female candidates for State central committeewoman, shall be
2 declared elected State central committeeman and State central
3 committeewoman from the district. At the general primary
4 election held in 1986 and every 4 years thereafter, if all a
5 party's candidates for State central committeemen or State
6 central committeewomen from a congressional district are of
7 the same sex, the candidate receiving the highest number of
8 votes shall be declared elected a State central committeeman
9 or State central committeewoman from the district, and,
10 because of a failure to elect one male and one female to the
11 committee, a vacancy shall be declared to exist in the office
12 of the second member of the State central committee from the
13 district. This vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the
14 congressional committee of the political party, and the person
15 appointed to fill the vacancy shall be a resident of the
16 congressional district and of the sex opposite that of the
17 committeeman or committeewoman elected at the general primary
18 election. Each congressional committee shall make this
19 appointment by voting on the basis set forth in paragraph (e)
20 of this Section.

21 The Chair of a State central committee composed as
22 provided in this Alternative B must be selected from the
23 committee's members.

24 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
25 the 103rd General Assembly, a State central committee
26 organized under Alternative B shall include as an honorary

1 member any person affiliated with the same political party and
2 serving as the Governor, President of the Senate, or Speaker
3 of the House of Representatives.

4 Except as provided for in Alternative A with respect to
5 the selection of the Chair of the State central committee and
6 for in Alternative B with respect to the Governor, President
7 of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
8 Representatives, under both of the foregoing alternatives, the
9 State central committee of each political party shall be
10 composed of members elected or appointed from the several
11 congressional districts of the State, and of no other person
12 or persons whomsoever. The members of the State central
13 committee shall, within 41 days after each quadrennial
14 election of the full committee, meet in the city of
15 Springfield and organize by electing a Chair, and may at such
16 time elect such officers from among their own number (or
17 otherwise), as they may deem necessary or expedient. The
18 outgoing chair of the State central committee of the party
19 shall, 10 days before the meeting, notify each member of the
20 State central committee elected at the primary of the time and
21 place of such meeting. In the organization and proceedings of
22 the State central committee, each person elected or appointed
23 State central committeeman and State central committeewoman,
24 except for honorary members, shall have one vote for each
25 ballot voted in his or her congressional district by the
26 primary electors of his or her party at the primary election

1 immediately preceding the meeting of the State central
2 committee. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the State central
3 committee of any political party, the vacancy shall be filled
4 by appointment of the chairmen of the county central
5 committees of the political party of the counties located
6 within the congressional district in which the vacancy occurs
7 and, if applicable, the ward and township committeepersons of
8 the political party in counties of 2,000,000 or more
9 inhabitants located within the congressional district. If the
10 congressional district in which the vacancy occurs lies wholly
11 within a county of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants, the ward and
12 township committeepersons of the political party in that
13 congressional district shall vote to fill the vacancy. In
14 voting to fill the vacancy, each chair of a county central
15 committee and each ward and township committeeperson in
16 counties of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants shall have one vote
17 for each ballot voted in each precinct of the congressional
18 district in which the vacancy exists of his or her county,
19 township, or ward cast by the primary electors of his or her
20 party at the primary election immediately preceding the
21 meeting to fill the vacancy in the State central committee.
22 The person appointed to fill the vacancy shall be a resident of
23 the congressional district in which the vacancy occurs, shall
24 be a qualified voter, and, in a committee composed as provided
25 in Alternative B, shall be of the same sex as his or her
26 predecessor. A political party may, by a majority vote of the

1 delegates of any State convention of such party, determine to
2 return to the election of State central committeeman and State
3 central committeewoman by the vote of primary electors. Any
4 action taken by a political party at a State convention in
5 accordance with this Section shall be reported to the State
6 Board of Elections by the chair and secretary of such
7 convention within 10 days after such action.

8 Ward, Township and Precinct Committeepersons

9 (b) At the primary in 1972 and at the general primary
10 election every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in
11 cities having a population of 200,000 or over may vote for one
12 candidate of his party in his ward for ward committeeperson.
13 Each candidate for ward committeeperson must be a resident of
14 and in the ward where he seeks to be elected ward
15 committeeperson. The one having the highest number of votes
16 shall be such ward committeeperson of such party for such
17 ward. At the primary election in 1970 and at the general
18 primary election every 4 years thereafter, each primary
19 elector in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or
20 more, outside of cities containing a population of 200,000 or
21 more, may vote for one candidate of his party for township
22 committeeperson. Each candidate for township committeeperson
23 must be a resident of and in the township or part of a township
24 (which lies outside of a city having a population of 200,000 or
25 more, in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or
26 more), and in which township or part of a township he seeks to

1 be elected township committeeperson. The one having the
2 highest number of votes shall be such township committeeperson
3 of such party for such township or part of a township. At the
4 primary in 1970 and at the general primary election every 2
5 years thereafter, each primary elector, except in counties
6 having a population of 2,000,000 or over, may vote for one
7 candidate of his party in his precinct for precinct
8 committeeperson. Each candidate for precinct committeeperson
9 must be a bona fide resident of the precinct where he seeks to
10 be elected precinct committeeperson. The one having the
11 highest number of votes shall be such precinct committeeperson
12 of such party for such precinct. The official returns of the
13 primary shall show the name of the committeeperson of each
14 political party.

15 Terms of Committeepersons. All precinct committeepersons
16 elected under the provisions of this Article shall continue as
17 such committeepersons until the date of the primary to be held
18 in the second year after their election. Except as otherwise
19 provided in this Section for certain State central
20 committeepersons who have 2 year terms, all State central
21 committeepersons, township committeepersons and ward
22 committeepersons shall continue as such committeepersons until
23 the date of primary to be held in the fourth year after their
24 election. However, a vacancy exists in the office of precinct
25 committeeperson when a precinct committeeperson ceases to
26 reside in the precinct in which he was elected and such

1 precinct committeeperson shall thereafter neither have nor
2 exercise any rights, powers or duties as committeeperson in
3 that precinct, even if a successor has not been elected or
4 appointed.

5 (c) The Multi-Township Central Committee shall consist of
6 the precinct committeepersons of such party, in the
7 multi-township assessing district formed pursuant to Section
8 2-10 of the Property Tax Code and shall be organized for the
9 purposes set forth in Section 45-25 of the Township Code. In
10 the organization and proceedings of the Multi-Township Central
11 Committee each precinct committeeperson shall have one vote
12 for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors
13 of his party at the primary at which he was elected.

14 County Central Committee

15 (d) The county central committee of each political party
16 in each county shall consist of the various township
17 committeepersons, precinct committeepersons and ward
18 committeepersons, if any, of such party in the county. In the
19 organization and proceedings of the county central committee,
20 each precinct committeeperson shall have one vote for each
21 ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his
22 party at the primary at which he was elected; each township
23 committeeperson shall have one vote for each ballot voted in
24 his township or part of a township as the case may be by the
25 primary electors of his party at the primary election for the
26 nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly

1 immediately preceding the meeting of the county central
2 committee; and in the organization and proceedings of the
3 county central committee, each ward committeeperson shall have
4 one vote for each ballot voted in his ward by the primary
5 electors of his party at the primary election for the
6 nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly
7 immediately preceding the meeting of the county central
8 committee.

9 Cook County Board of Review Election District Committee

10 (d-1) Each board of review election district committee of
11 each political party in Cook County shall consist of the
12 various township committeepersons and ward committeepersons,
13 if any, of that party in the portions of the county composing
14 the board of review election district. In the organization and
15 proceedings of each of the 3 election district committees,
16 each township committeeperson shall have one vote for each
17 ballot voted in his or her township or part of a township, as
18 the case may be, by the primary electors of his or her party at
19 the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the
20 board of review election district committee; and in the
21 organization and proceedings of each of the 3 election
22 district committees, each ward committeeperson shall have one
23 vote for each ballot voted in his or her ward or part of that
24 ward, as the case may be, by the primary electors of his or her
25 party at the primary election immediately preceding the
26 meeting of the board of review election district committee.

1 Congressional Committee

2 (e) The congressional committee of each party in each
3 congressional district shall be composed of the chairmen of
4 the county central committees of the counties composing the
5 congressional district, except that in congressional districts
6 wholly within the territorial limits of one county, the
7 precinct committeepersons, township committeepersons and ward
8 committeepersons, if any, of the party representing the
9 precincts within the limits of the congressional district,
10 shall compose the congressional committee. A State central
11 committeeperson in each district shall be a member and the
12 chair or, when a district has 2 State central
13 committeepersons, a co-chairperson of the congressional
14 committee, but shall not have the right to vote except in case
15 of a tie.

16 In the organization and proceedings of congressional
17 committees composed of precinct committeepersons or township
18 committeepersons or ward committeepersons, or any combination
19 thereof, each precinct committeeperson shall have one vote for
20 each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of
21 his party at the primary at which he was elected, each township
22 committeeperson shall have one vote for each ballot voted in
23 his township or part of a township as the case may be by the
24 primary electors of his party at the primary election
25 immediately preceding the meeting of the congressional
26 committee, and each ward committeeperson shall have one vote

1 for each ballot voted in each precinct of his ward located in
2 such congressional district by the primary electors of his
3 party at the primary election immediately preceding the
4 meeting of the congressional committee; and in the
5 organization and proceedings of congressional committees
6 composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of
7 the counties within such district, each chair of such county
8 central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in
9 his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary
10 election immediately preceding the meeting of the
11 congressional committee.

12 Judicial District Committee

13 (f) The judicial district committee of each political
14 party in each judicial district shall be composed of the chair
15 of the county central committees of the counties composing the
16 judicial district.

17 In the organization and proceedings of judicial district
18 committees composed of the chairmen of the county central
19 committees of the counties within such district, each chair of
20 such county central committee shall have one vote for each
21 ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party
22 at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of
23 the judicial district committee.

24 Circuit Court Committee

25 (g) The circuit court committee of each political party in
26 each judicial circuit outside Cook County shall be composed of

1 the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties
2 composing the judicial circuit.

3 In the organization and proceedings of circuit court
4 committees, each chair of a county central committee shall
5 have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the
6 primary electors of his party at the primary election
7 immediately preceding the meeting of the circuit court
8 committee.

9 Judicial Subcircuit Committee

10 (g-1) The judicial subcircuit committee of each political
11 party in each judicial subcircuit in a judicial circuit
12 divided into subcircuits shall be composed of (i) the ward and
13 township committeepersons of the townships and wards composing
14 the judicial subcircuit in Cook County and (ii) the precinct
15 committeepersons of the precincts composing the judicial
16 subcircuit in any county other than Cook County.

17 In the organization and proceedings of each judicial
18 subcircuit committee, each township committeeperson shall have
19 one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a
20 township, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the
21 primary electors of his party at the primary election
22 immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit
23 committee; each precinct committeeperson shall have one vote
24 for each ballot voted in his precinct or part of a precinct, as
25 the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary
26 electors of his party at the primary election immediately

1 preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee;
2 and each ward committeeperson shall have one vote for each
3 ballot voted in his ward or part of a ward, as the case may be,
4 in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors of his
5 party at the primary election immediately preceding the
6 meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee.

7 Municipal Central Committee

8 (h) The municipal central committee of each political
9 party shall be composed of the precinct, township or ward
10 committeepersons, as the case may be, of such party
11 representing the precincts or wards, embraced in such city,
12 incorporated town or village. The voting strength of each
13 precinct, township or ward committeeperson on the municipal
14 central committee shall be the same as his voting strength on
15 the county central committee.

16 For political parties, other than a statewide political
17 party, established only within a municipality or township, the
18 municipal or township managing committee shall be composed of
19 the party officers of the local established party. The party
20 officers of a local established party shall be as follows: the
21 chair and secretary of the caucus for those municipalities and
22 townships authorized by statute to nominate candidates by
23 caucus shall serve as party officers for the purpose of
24 filling vacancies in nomination under Section 7-61; for
25 municipalities and townships authorized by statute or
26 ordinance to nominate candidates by petition and primary

1 election, the party officers shall be the party's candidates
2 who are nominated at the primary. If no party primary was held
3 because of the provisions of Section 7-5, vacancies in
4 nomination shall be filled by the party's remaining candidates
5 who shall serve as the party's officers.

6 Powers

7 (i) Each committee and its officers shall have the powers
8 usually exercised by such committees and by the officers
9 thereof, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article.
10 The several committees herein provided for shall not have
11 power to delegate any of their powers, or functions to any
12 other person, officer or committee, but this shall not be
13 construed to prevent a committee from appointing from its own
14 membership proper and necessary subcommittees.

15 (j) The State central committee of a political party which
16 elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of
17 this Section shall adopt a plan to give effect to the delegate
18 selection rules of the national political party and file a
19 copy of such plan with the State Board of Elections when
20 approved by a national political party.

21 (k) For the purpose of the designation of a proxy by a
22 Congressional Committee to vote in place of an absent State
23 central committeeman or committeewoman at meetings of the
24 State central committee of a political party which elects its
25 members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section,
26 the proxy shall be appointed by the vote of the ward and

1 township committeepersons, if any, of the wards and townships
2 which lie entirely or partially within the Congressional
3 District from which the absent State central committeeman or
4 committeewoman was elected and the vote of the chairmen of the
5 county central committees of those counties which lie entirely
6 or partially within that Congressional District and in which
7 there are no ward or township committeepersons. When voting
8 for such proxy, the county chair, ward committeeperson or
9 township committeeperson, as the case may be, shall have one
10 vote for each ballot voted in his county, ward or township, or
11 portion thereof within the Congressional District, by the
12 primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was
13 elected. However, the absent State central committeeman or
14 committeewoman may designate a proxy when permitted by the
15 rules of a political party which elects its members by
16 Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section.

17 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person is
18 ineligible to hold the position of committeeperson in any
19 committee established pursuant to this Section if he or she is
20 statutorily ineligible to vote in a general election because
21 of conviction of a felony. When a committeeperson is convicted
22 of a felony, the position occupied by that committeeperson
23 shall automatically become vacant.

24 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

25 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 102-15)

1 Sec. 7-8. The State central committee shall be composed of
2 one or two members from each congressional district in the
3 State and shall be elected as follows:

4 State Central Committee

5 (a) Within 30 days after January 1, 1984 (the effective
6 date of Public Act 83-33), the State central committee of each
7 political party shall certify to the State Board of Elections
8 which of the following alternatives it wishes to apply to the
9 State central committee of that party.

10 Alternative A. At the primary in 1970 and at the general
11 primary election held every 4 years thereafter, each primary
12 elector may vote for one candidate of his party for member of
13 the State central committee for the congressional district in
14 which he resides. The candidate receiving the highest number
15 of votes shall be declared elected State central
16 committeeperson from the district. A political party may, in
17 lieu of the foregoing, by a majority vote of delegates at any
18 State convention of such party, determine to thereafter elect
19 the State central committeepersons in the manner following:

20 At the county convention held by such political party,
21 State central committeepersons shall be elected in the same
22 manner as provided in this Article for the election of
23 officers of the county central committee, and such election
24 shall follow the election of officers of the county central
25 committee. Each elected ward, township or precinct
26 committeeperson shall cast as his vote one vote for each

1 ballot voted in his ward, township, part of a township or
2 precinct in the last preceding primary election of his
3 political party. In the case of a county lying partially
4 within one congressional district and partially within another
5 congressional district, each ward, township or precinct
6 committeeperson shall vote only with respect to the
7 congressional district in which his ward, township, part of a
8 township or precinct is located. In the case of a
9 congressional district which encompasses more than one county,
10 each ward, township or precinct committeeperson residing
11 within the congressional district shall cast as his vote one
12 vote for each ballot voted in his ward, township, part of a
13 township or precinct in the last preceding primary election of
14 his political party for one candidate of his party for member
15 of the State central committee for the congressional district
16 in which he resides and the Chair of the county central
17 committee shall report the results of the election to the
18 State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections shall
19 certify the candidate receiving the highest number of votes
20 elected State central committeeperson for that congressional
21 district.

22 The State central committee shall adopt rules to provide
23 for and govern the procedures to be followed in the election of
24 members of the State central committee.

25 After August 6, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act
26 91-426), whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of Chair of a

1 State central committee, or at the end of the term of office of
2 Chair, the State central committee of each political party
3 that has selected Alternative A shall elect a Chair who shall
4 not be required to be a member of the State Central Committee.
5 The Chair shall be a registered voter in this State and of the
6 same political party as the State central committee.

7 Alternative B. Each congressional committee shall, within
8 30 days after the adoption of this alternative, appoint a
9 person of a different gender than that of the incumbent member
10 for that congressional district to serve as an additional
11 member of the State central committee until the member's
12 successor is elected at the general primary election in 1986.
13 Each congressional committee shall make this appointment by
14 voting on the basis set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section.
15 In each congressional district at the general primary election
16 held in 1986 and every 4 years thereafter, the person
17 receiving the highest number of votes for State central
18 committeeperson, and the person of a different gender
19 receiving the highest number of votes, shall be declared
20 elected State central committeepersons from the district. At
21 the general primary election held in 1986 and every 4 years
22 thereafter, if all a party's candidates for State central
23 committeeperson from a congressional district are of the same
24 gender, the candidate receiving the highest number of votes
25 shall be declared elected a State central committeeperson from
26 the district, and, because of a failure to elect 2 persons from

1 different genders to the committee, a vacancy shall be
2 declared to exist in the office of the second member of the
3 State central committee from the district. This vacancy shall
4 be filled by appointment by the congressional committee of the
5 political party, and the person appointed to fill the vacancy
6 shall be a resident of the congressional district and of a
7 different gender than the committeeperson elected at the
8 general primary election. Each congressional committee shall
9 make this appointment by voting on the basis set forth in
10 paragraph (e) of this Section.

11 The Chair of a State central committee composed as
12 provided in this Alternative B must be selected from the
13 committee's members.

14 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
15 the 103rd General Assembly, a State central committee
16 organized under Alternative B shall include as an honorary
17 member any person affiliated with the same political party and
18 serving as the Governor, President of the Senate, and the
19 Speaker of the House of Representatives.

20 Except as provided for in Alternative A with respect to
21 the selection of the Chair of the State central committee and
22 for in Alternative B with respect to the President of the
23 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, under
24 both of the foregoing alternatives, the State central
25 committee of each political party shall be composed of members
26 elected or appointed from the several congressional districts

1 of the State, and of no other person or persons whomsoever. The
2 members of the State central committee shall, within 41 days
3 after each quadrennial election of the full committee, meet in
4 the city of Springfield and organize by electing a Chair, and
5 may at such time elect such officers from among their own
6 number (or otherwise), as they may deem necessary or
7 expedient. The outgoing chair of the State central committee
8 of the party shall, 10 days before the meeting, notify each
9 member of the State central committee elected at the primary
10 of the time and place of such meeting. In the organization and
11 proceedings of the State central committee, the 2 elected or
12 appointed committeepersons shall each have one vote for each
13 ballot voted in their congressional district by the primary
14 electors of the committeepersons' party at the primary
15 election immediately preceding the meeting of the State
16 central committee. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the State
17 central committee of any political party, the vacancy shall be
18 filled by appointment of the chairmen of the county central
19 committees of the political party of the counties located
20 within the congressional district in which the vacancy occurs
21 and, if applicable, the ward and township committeepersons of
22 the political party in counties of 2,000,000 or more
23 inhabitants located within the congressional district. If the
24 congressional district in which the vacancy occurs lies wholly
25 within a county of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants, the ward and
26 township committeepersons of the political party in that

1 congressional district shall vote to fill the vacancy. In
2 voting to fill the vacancy, each chair of a county central
3 committee and each ward and township committeeperson in
4 counties of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants shall have one vote
5 for each ballot voted in each precinct of the congressional
6 district in which the vacancy exists of the chair's or
7 committeeperson's county, township, or ward cast by the
8 primary electors of the chair's or committeeperson's party at
9 the primary election immediately preceding the meeting to fill
10 the vacancy in the State central committee. The person
11 appointed to fill the vacancy shall be a resident of the
12 congressional district in which the vacancy occurs, shall be a
13 qualified voter, and, in a committee composed as provided in
14 Alternative B, shall be of the same gender as the appointee's
15 predecessor. A political party may, by a majority vote of the
16 delegates of any State convention of such party, determine to
17 return to the election of State central committeepersons by
18 the vote of primary electors. Any action taken by a political
19 party at a State convention in accordance with this Section
20 shall be reported to the State Board of Elections by the chair
21 and secretary of such convention within 10 days after such
22 action.

23 Ward, Township and Precinct Committeepersons

24 (b) At the primary in 1972 and at the general primary
25 election every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in
26 cities having a population of 200,000 or over may vote for one

1 candidate of his party in his ward for ward committeeperson.
2 Each candidate for ward committeeperson must be a resident of
3 and in the ward where he seeks to be elected ward
4 committeeperson. The one having the highest number of votes
5 shall be such ward committeeperson of such party for such
6 ward. At the primary election in 1970 and at the general
7 primary election every 4 years thereafter, each primary
8 elector in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or
9 more, outside of cities containing a population of 200,000 or
10 more, may vote for one candidate of his party for township
11 committeeperson. Each candidate for township committeeperson
12 must be a resident of and in the township or part of a township
13 (which lies outside of a city having a population of 200,000 or
14 more, in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or
15 more), and in which township or part of a township he seeks to
16 be elected township committeeperson. The one having the
17 highest number of votes shall be such township committeeperson
18 of such party for such township or part of a township. At the
19 primary in 1970 and at the general primary election every 2
20 years thereafter, each primary elector, except in counties
21 having a population of 2,000,000 or over, may vote for one
22 candidate of his party in his precinct for precinct
23 committeeperson. Each candidate for precinct committeeperson
24 must be a bona fide resident of the precinct where he seeks to
25 be elected precinct committeeperson. The one having the
26 highest number of votes shall be such precinct committeeperson

1 of such party for such precinct. The official returns of the
2 primary shall show the name of the committeeperson of each
3 political party.

4 Terms of Committeepersons. All precinct committeepersons
5 elected under the provisions of this Article shall continue as
6 such committeepersons until the date of the primary to be held
7 in the second year after their election. Except as otherwise
8 provided in this Section for certain State central
9 committeepersons who have 2 year terms, all State central
10 committeepersons, township committeepersons and ward
11 committeepersons shall continue as such committeepersons until
12 the date of primary to be held in the fourth year after their
13 election. However, a vacancy exists in the office of precinct
14 committeeperson when a precinct committeeperson ceases to
15 reside in the precinct in which he was elected and such
16 precinct committeeperson shall thereafter neither have nor
17 exercise any rights, powers or duties as committeeperson in
18 that precinct, even if a successor has not been elected or
19 appointed.

20 (c) The Multi-Township Central Committee shall consist of
21 the precinct committeepersons of such party, in the
22 multi-township assessing district formed pursuant to Section
23 2-10 of the Property Tax Code and shall be organized for the
24 purposes set forth in Section 45-25 of the Township Code. In
25 the organization and proceedings of the Multi-Township Central
26 Committee each precinct committeeperson shall have one vote

1 for each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors
2 of his party at the primary at which he was elected.

3 County Central Committee

4 (d) The county central committee of each political party
5 in each county shall consist of the various township
6 committeepersons, precinct committeepersons and ward
7 committeepersons, if any, of such party in the county. In the
8 organization and proceedings of the county central committee,
9 each precinct committeeperson shall have one vote for each
10 ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his
11 party at the primary at which he was elected; each township
12 committeeperson shall have one vote for each ballot voted in
13 his township or part of a township as the case may be by the
14 primary electors of his party at the primary election for the
15 nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly
16 immediately preceding the meeting of the county central
17 committee; and in the organization and proceedings of the
18 county central committee, each ward committeeperson shall have
19 one vote for each ballot voted in his ward by the primary
20 electors of his party at the primary election for the
21 nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly
22 immediately preceding the meeting of the county central
23 committee.

24 Cook County Board of Review Election District Committee

25 (d-1) Each board of review election district committee of
26 each political party in Cook County shall consist of the

1 various township committeepersons and ward committeepersons,
2 if any, of that party in the portions of the county composing
3 the board of review election district. In the organization and
4 proceedings of each of the 3 election district committees,
5 each township committeeperson shall have one vote for each
6 ballot voted in the committeeperson's township or part of a
7 township, as the case may be, by the primary electors of the
8 committeeperson's party at the primary election immediately
9 preceding the meeting of the board of review election district
10 committee; and in the organization and proceedings of each of
11 the 3 election district committees, each ward committeeperson
12 shall have one vote for each ballot voted in the
13 committeeperson's ward or part of that ward, as the case may
14 be, by the primary electors of the committeeperson's party at
15 the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the
16 board of review election district committee.

17 Congressional Committee

18 (e) The congressional committee of each party in each
19 congressional district shall be composed of the chairmen of
20 the county central committees of the counties composing the
21 congressional district, except that in congressional districts
22 wholly within the territorial limits of one county, the
23 precinct committeepersons, township committeepersons and ward
24 committeepersons, if any, of the party representing the
25 precincts within the limits of the congressional district,
26 shall compose the congressional committee. A State central

1 committeeperson in each district shall be a member and the
2 chair or, when a district has 2 State central
3 committeepersons, a co-chairperson of the congressional
4 committee, but shall not have the right to vote except in case
5 of a tie.

6 In the organization and proceedings of congressional
7 committees composed of precinct committeepersons or township
8 committeepersons or ward committeepersons, or any combination
9 thereof, each precinct committeeperson shall have one vote for
10 each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of
11 his party at the primary at which he was elected, each township
12 committeeperson shall have one vote for each ballot voted in
13 his township or part of a township as the case may be by the
14 primary electors of his party at the primary election
15 immediately preceding the meeting of the congressional
16 committee, and each ward committeeperson shall have one vote
17 for each ballot voted in each precinct of his ward located in
18 such congressional district by the primary electors of his
19 party at the primary election immediately preceding the
20 meeting of the congressional committee; and in the
21 organization and proceedings of congressional committees
22 composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of
23 the counties within such district, each chair of such county
24 central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in
25 his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary
26 election immediately preceding the meeting of the

1 congressional committee.

2 Judicial District Committee

3 (f) The judicial district committee of each political
4 party in each judicial district shall be composed of the chair
5 of the county central committees of the counties composing the
6 judicial district.

7 In the organization and proceedings of judicial district
8 committees composed of the chairmen of the county central
9 committees of the counties within such district, each chair of
10 such county central committee shall have one vote for each
11 ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party
12 at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of
13 the judicial district committee.

14 Circuit Court Committee

15 (g) The circuit court committee of each political party in
16 each judicial circuit outside Cook County shall be composed of
17 the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties
18 composing the judicial circuit.

19 In the organization and proceedings of circuit court
20 committees, each chair of a county central committee shall
21 have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the
22 primary electors of his party at the primary election
23 immediately preceding the meeting of the circuit court
24 committee.

25 Judicial Subcircuit Committee

26 (g-1) The judicial subcircuit committee of each political

1 party in each judicial subcircuit in a judicial circuit
2 divided into subcircuits shall be composed of (i) the ward and
3 township committeepersons of the townships and wards composing
4 the judicial subcircuit in Cook County and (ii) the precinct
5 committeepersons of the precincts composing the judicial
6 subcircuit in any county other than Cook County.

7 In the organization and proceedings of each judicial
8 subcircuit committee, each township committeeperson shall have
9 one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a
10 township, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the
11 primary electors of his party at the primary election
12 immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit
13 committee; each precinct committeeperson shall have one vote
14 for each ballot voted in his precinct or part of a precinct, as
15 the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary
16 electors of his party at the primary election immediately
17 preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee;
18 and each ward committeeperson shall have one vote for each
19 ballot voted in his ward or part of a ward, as the case may be,
20 in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors of his
21 party at the primary election immediately preceding the
22 meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee.

23 Municipal Central Committee

24 (h) The municipal central committee of each political
25 party shall be composed of the precinct, township or ward
26 committeepersons, as the case may be, of such party

1 representing the precincts or wards, embraced in such city,
2 incorporated town or village. The voting strength of each
3 precinct, township or ward committeeperson on the municipal
4 central committee shall be the same as his voting strength on
5 the county central committee.

6 For political parties, other than a statewide political
7 party, established only within a municipality or township, the
8 municipal or township managing committee shall be composed of
9 the party officers of the local established party. The party
10 officers of a local established party shall be as follows: the
11 chair and secretary of the caucus for those municipalities and
12 townships authorized by statute to nominate candidates by
13 caucus shall serve as party officers for the purpose of
14 filling vacancies in nomination under Section 7-61; for
15 municipalities and townships authorized by statute or
16 ordinance to nominate candidates by petition and primary
17 election, the party officers shall be the party's candidates
18 who are nominated at the primary. If no party primary was held
19 because of the provisions of Section 7-5, vacancies in
20 nomination shall be filled by the party's remaining candidates
21 who shall serve as the party's officers.

22 Powers

23 (i) Each committee and its officers shall have the powers
24 usually exercised by such committees and by the officers
25 thereof, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article.
26 The several committees herein provided for shall not have

1 power to delegate any of their powers, or functions to any
2 other person, officer or committee, but this shall not be
3 construed to prevent a committee from appointing from its own
4 membership proper and necessary subcommittees.

5 (j) The State central committee of a political party which
6 elects its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of
7 this Section shall adopt a plan to give effect to the delegate
8 selection rules of the national political party and file a
9 copy of such plan with the State Board of Elections when
10 approved by a national political party.

11 (k) For the purpose of the designation of a proxy by a
12 Congressional Committee to vote in place of an absent State
13 central committeeperson at meetings of the State central
14 committee of a political party which elects its members by
15 Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section, the proxy
16 shall be appointed by the vote of the ward and township
17 committeepersons, if any, of the wards and townships which lie
18 entirely or partially within the Congressional District from
19 which the absent State central committeeperson was elected and
20 the vote of the chairmen of the county central committees of
21 those counties which lie entirely or partially within that
22 Congressional District and in which there are no ward or
23 township committeepersons. When voting for such proxy, the
24 county chair, ward committeeperson or township
25 committeeperson, as the case may be, shall have one vote for
26 each ballot voted in his county, ward or township, or portion

1 thereof within the Congressional District, by the primary
2 electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected.
3 However, the absent State central committeeperson may
4 designate a proxy when permitted by the rules of a political
5 party which elects its members by Alternative B under
6 paragraph (a) of this Section.

7 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person is
8 ineligible to hold the position of committeeperson in any
9 committee established pursuant to this Section if he or she is
10 statutorily ineligible to vote in a general election because
11 of conviction of a felony. When a committeeperson is convicted
12 of a felony, the position occupied by that committeeperson
13 shall automatically become vacant.

14 (Source: P.A. 102-15, eff. 7-1-23.)

15 (10 ILCS 5/7-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-9)

16 Sec. 7-9. County central committee; county and State
17 conventions.

18 (a) For a State central committee organized under
19 Alternative A, on ~~on~~ the 29th day next succeeding the primary
20 at which committeepersons are elected, the county central
21 committee of each political party shall meet within the county
22 and proceed to organize by electing from its own number a chair
23 and either from its own number, or otherwise, such other
24 officers as such committee may deem necessary or expedient.
25 For a State central committee organized under Alternative B,

1 on a date that is not earlier than the 29th day after, nor
2 later than the 50th day after, the date of the primary at which
3 committeepersons are elected, the county central committee of
4 each political party shall meet within the county and proceed
5 to organize by electing from its own number a chair and either
6 from its own number, or otherwise, such other officers as such
7 committee may deem necessary or expedient. Such meeting of the
8 county central committee shall be known as the county
9 convention.

10 The chair of each county committee shall, within 10 days
11 after the organization, forward to the State Board of
12 Elections, the names and post office addresses of the
13 officers, precinct committeepersons and representative
14 committeepersons elected by his political party.

15 The county convention of each political party shall choose
16 delegates to the State convention of its party, if the party
17 chooses to hold a State convention; but in any county having
18 within its limits any city having a population of 200,000, or
19 over the delegates from such city shall be chosen by wards, the
20 ward committeepersons from the respective wards choosing the
21 number of delegates to which such ward is entitled on the basis
22 prescribed in paragraph (e) of this Section such delegates to
23 be members of the delegation to the State convention from such
24 county. In all counties containing a population of 2,000,000
25 or more outside of cities having a population of 200,000 or
26 more, the delegates from each of the townships or parts of

1 townships as the case may be shall be chosen by townships or
2 parts of townships as the case may be, the township
3 committeepersons from the respective townships or parts of
4 townships as the case may be choosing the number of delegates
5 to which such townships or parts of townships as the case may
6 be are entitled, on the basis prescribed in paragraph (e) of
7 this Section such delegates to be members of the delegation to
8 the State convention from such county.

9 Each member of the State Central Committee of a political
10 party which elects its members by Alternative B under
11 paragraph (a) of Section 7-8 shall be a delegate to the State
12 Convention, if the party chooses to hold a State convention,
13 ex officio.

14 Each member of the State Central Committee of a political
15 party which elects its members by Alternative B under
16 paragraph (a) of Section 7-8 may appoint 2 delegates to the
17 State Convention, if the party chooses to hold a State
18 convention, who must be residents of the member's
19 Congressional District.

20 (b) State conventions may be held within 180 days after
21 the general primary in the year 2000 and every 4 years
22 thereafter. In the year 1998, and every 4 years thereafter,
23 the chair of a State central committee may issue a call for a
24 State convention within 180 days after the general primary.

25 The State convention of each political party, if the party
26 chooses to hold a State convention, has power to make

1 nominations of candidates of its political party for the
2 electors of President and Vice President of the United States,
3 and to adopt any party platform, and, to the extent determined
4 by the State central committee as provided in Section 7-14, to
5 choose and select delegates and alternate delegates at large
6 to national nominating conventions. The State Central
7 Committee may adopt rules to provide for and govern the
8 procedures of the State convention.

9 (c) The chair and secretary of each State convention, if
10 the party chooses to hold a State convention, shall, within 2
11 days thereafter, transmit to the State Board of Elections of
12 this State a certificate setting forth the names and addresses
13 of all persons nominated by such State convention for electors
14 of President and Vice President of the United States, and of
15 any persons selected by the State convention for delegates and
16 alternate delegates at large to national nominating
17 conventions; and the names of such candidates so chosen by
18 such State convention for electors of President and Vice
19 President of the United States, shall be caused by the State
20 Board of Elections to be printed upon the official ballot at
21 the general election, in the manner required by law, and shall
22 be certified to the various county clerks of the proper
23 counties in the manner as provided in Section 7-60 of this
24 Article 7 for the certifying of the names of persons nominated
25 by any party for State offices. If and as long as this Act
26 prescribes that the names of such electors be not printed on

1 the ballot, then the names of such electors shall be certified
2 in such manner as may be prescribed by the parts of this Act
3 applicable thereto.

4 (d) Each convention, if the party chooses to hold a State
5 convention, may perform all other functions inherent to such
6 political organization and not inconsistent with this Article.

7 (e) At least 33 days before the date of a State convention,
8 if the party chooses to hold a State convention, the chair of
9 the State central committee of each political party shall file
10 in the principal office of the State Board of Elections a call
11 for the State convention. Such call shall state, among other
12 things, the time and place (designating the building or hall)
13 for holding the State convention. Such call shall be signed by
14 the chair and attested by the secretary of the committee. In
15 such convention each county shall be entitled to one delegate
16 for each 500 ballots voted by the primary electors of the party
17 in such county at the primary to be held next after the
18 issuance of such call; and if in such county, less than 500
19 ballots are so voted or if the number of ballots so voted is
20 not exactly a multiple of 500, there shall be one delegate for
21 such group which is less than 500, or for such group
22 representing the number of votes over the multiple of 500,
23 which delegate shall have $1/500$ of one vote for each primary
24 vote so represented by him. The call for such convention shall
25 set forth this paragraph (e) of Section 7-9 in full and shall
26 direct that the number of delegates to be chosen be calculated

1 in compliance herewith and that such number of delegates be
2 chosen.

3 (f) All precinct, township and ward committeepersons when
4 elected as provided in this Section shall serve as though
5 elected at large irrespective of any changes that may be made
6 in precinct, township or ward boundaries and the voting
7 strength of each committeeperson shall remain as provided in
8 this Section for the entire time for which he is elected.

9 (g) The officers elected at any convention provided for in
10 this Section shall serve until their successors are elected as
11 provided in this Act.

12 (h) A special meeting of any central committee may be
13 called by the chair, or by not less than 25% of the members of
14 such committee, by giving 5 days notice to members of such
15 committee in writing designating the time and place at which
16 such special meeting is to be held and the business which it is
17 proposed to present at such special meeting.

18 (i) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, whenever a
19 vacancy exists in the office of precinct committeeperson
20 because no one was elected to that office or because the
21 precinct committeeperson ceases to reside in the precinct or
22 for any other reason, the chair of the county central
23 committee of the appropriate political party may fill the
24 vacancy in such office by appointment of a qualified resident
25 of the county and the appointed precinct committeeperson shall
26 serve as though elected; however, for a State central

1 committee organized under Alternative A, no such appointment
2 may be made between the general primary election and the 30th
3 day after the general primary election and for a State central
4 committee organized under Alternative B, no such appointment
5 may be made between the general primary election and the
6 county convention following the general primary election.

7 (j) If the number of Congressional Districts in the State
8 of Illinois is reduced as a result of reapportionment of
9 Congressional Districts following a federal decennial census,
10 the State Central Committeemen and Committeewomen of a
11 political party which elects its State Central Committee by
12 either Alternative A or by Alternative B under paragraph (a)
13 of Section 7-8 who were previously elected shall continue to
14 serve as if no reapportionment had occurred until the
15 expiration of their terms.

16 (Source: P.A. 99-522, eff. 6-30-16; 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

17 (10 ILCS 5/9-3) (from Ch. 46, par. 9-3)

18 Sec. 9-3. Political committee statement of organization.

19 (a) Every political committee shall file with the State
20 Board of Elections a statement of organization within 10
21 business days of the creation of such committee, except any
22 political committee created within the 30 days before an
23 election shall file a statement of organization within 2
24 business days in person, by facsimile transmission, or by
25 electronic mail. Any change in information previously

1 submitted in a statement of organization shall be reported, as
2 required for the original statement of organization by this
3 Section, within 10 days following that change. The Board shall
4 impose a civil penalty of \$50 per business day upon political
5 committees for failing to file or late filing of a statement of
6 organization. Such penalties shall not exceed \$5,000, and
7 shall not exceed \$10,000 for statewide office political
8 committees. There shall be no fine if the statement is mailed
9 and postmarked at least 72 hours prior to the filing deadline.

10 In addition to the civil penalties authorized by this
11 Section, the State Board of Elections or any other political
12 committee may apply to the circuit court for a temporary
13 restraining order or a preliminary or permanent injunction
14 against the political committee to cease the expenditure of
15 funds and to cease operations until the statement of
16 organization is filed.

17 For the purpose of this Section, "statewide office" means
18 the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State,
19 Attorney General, State Treasurer, and State Comptroller.

20 (b) The statement of organization shall include:

21 (1) the name and address of the political committee
22 and the designation required by Section 9-2;

23 (2) the scope, area of activity, party affiliation,
24 and purposes of the political committee;

25 (3) the name, address, and position of each custodian
26 of the committee's books and accounts;

1 (4) the name, address, and position of the committee's
2 principal officers, including the chairman, treasurer, and
3 officers and members of its finance committee, if any;

4 (5) (blank) ~~the name and address of any sponsoring~~
5 ~~entity;~~

6 (6) a statement of what specific disposition of
7 residual fund will be made in the event of the dissolution
8 or termination of the committee;

9 (7) a listing of all banks or other financial
10 institutions, safety deposit boxes, and any other
11 repositories or custodians of funds used by the committee;
12 and

13 (8) the amount of funds available for campaign
14 expenditures as of the filing date of the committee's
15 statement of organization.

16 ~~For purposes of this Section, a "sponsoring entity" is (i)~~
17 ~~any person, organization, corporation, or association that~~
18 ~~contributes at least 33% of the total funding of the political~~
19 ~~committee or (ii) any person or other entity that is~~
20 ~~registered or is required to register under the Lobbyist~~
21 ~~Registration Act and contributes at least 33% of the total~~
22 ~~funding of the political committee.~~

23 (c) Each statement of organization required to be filed in
24 accordance with this Section shall be verified, dated, and
25 signed by either the treasurer of the political committee
26 making the statement or the candidate on whose behalf the

1 statement is made and shall contain substantially the
2 following verification:

3 "VERIFICATION:

4 I declare that this statement of organization (including
5 any accompanying schedules and statements) has been examined
6 by me and, to the best of my knowledge and belief, is a true,
7 correct, and complete statement of organization as required by
8 Article 9 of the Election Code. I understand that willfully
9 filing a false or incomplete statement is subject to a civil
10 penalty of at least \$1,001 and up to \$5,000.

11
12 (date of filing) (signature of person making the statement)".

13 (d) The statement of organization for a ballot initiative
14 committee also shall include a verification signed by the
15 chairperson of the committee that (i) the committee is formed
16 for the purpose of supporting or opposing a question of public
17 policy, (ii) all contributions and expenditures of the
18 committee will be used for the purpose described in the
19 statement of organization, (iii) the committee may accept
20 unlimited contributions from any source, provided that the
21 ballot initiative committee does not make contributions or
22 expenditures in support of or opposition to a candidate or
23 candidates for nomination for election, election, or
24 retention, and (iv) failure to abide by these requirements
25 shall deem the committee in violation of this Article.

26 (d-5) The statement of organization for an independent

1 expenditure committee also shall include a verification signed
2 by the chairperson of the committee that (i) the committee is
3 formed for the exclusive purpose of making independent
4 expenditures, (ii) all contributions and expenditures of the
5 committee will be used for the purpose described in the
6 statement of organization, (iii) the committee may accept
7 unlimited contributions from any source, provided that the
8 independent expenditure committee does not make contributions
9 to any candidate political committee, political party
10 committee, or political action committee, and (iv) failure to
11 abide by these requirements shall deem the committee in
12 violation of this Article.

13 (e) For purposes of implementing the changes made by this
14 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, every political
15 committee in existence on the effective date of this
16 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall file the
17 statement required by this Section with the Board by December
18 31, 2010.

19 (Source: P.A. 99-522, eff. 6-30-16.)

20 (10 ILCS 5/10-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-9)

21 Sec. 10-9. The following electoral boards are designated
22 for the purpose of hearing and passing upon the objector's
23 petition described in Section 10-8.

24 1. The State Board of Elections will hear and pass
25 upon objections to the nominations of candidates for State

1 offices, nominations of candidates for congressional or
2 legislative offices that are in more than one county or
3 are wholly located within a single county with a
4 population of less than 3,000,000 and judicial offices of
5 districts, subcircuits, or circuits situated in more than
6 one county, nominations of candidates for the offices of
7 State's attorney or regional superintendent of schools to
8 be elected from more than one county, and petitions for
9 proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of
10 Illinois as provided for in Section 3 of Article XIV of the
11 Constitution.

12 2. The county officers electoral board of a county
13 with a population of less than 3,000,000 to hear and pass
14 upon objections to the nominations of candidates for
15 county offices and judicial offices of a district,
16 subcircuit, or circuit coterminous with or less than a
17 county, for any school district offices, for the office of
18 multi-township assessor where candidates for such office
19 are nominated in accordance with this Code, and for all
20 special district offices, shall be composed of the county
21 clerk, or an assistant designated by the county clerk, the
22 State's attorney of the county or an Assistant State's
23 Attorney designated by the State's Attorney, and the clerk
24 of the circuit court, or an assistant designated by the
25 clerk of the circuit court, of the county, of whom the
26 county clerk or his designee shall be the chair, except

1 that in any county which has established a county board of
2 election commissioners that board shall constitute the
3 county officers electoral board ex-officio. If a school
4 district is located in 2 or more counties, the county
5 officers electoral board of the county in which the
6 principal office of the school district is located shall
7 hear and pass upon objections to nominations of candidates
8 for school district office in that school district.

9 2.5. The county officers electoral board of a county
10 with a population of 3,000,000 or more to hear and pass
11 upon objections to the nominations of candidates for
12 county offices, candidates for congressional ~~and~~
13 ~~legislative~~ offices and representatives in the General
14 Assembly if the district is wholly within a county with a
15 population of 3,000,000 or more, unless the district is
16 wholly or partially within the jurisdiction of a municipal
17 board of election commissioners, and judicial offices of a
18 district, subcircuit, or circuit coterminous with or less
19 than a county, for any school district offices, for the
20 office of multi-township assessor where candidates for
21 such office are nominated in accordance with this Code,
22 ~~and~~ for all special district offices, and for candidates
23 for the Senate, shall be composed of the county clerk, or
24 an assistant designated by the county clerk, the State's
25 Attorney of the county or an Assistant State's Attorney
26 designated by the State's Attorney, and the clerk of the

1 circuit court, or an assistant designated by the clerk of
2 the circuit court, of the county, of whom the county clerk
3 or his designee shall be the chair, except that, in any
4 county which has established a county board of election
5 commissioners, that board shall constitute the county
6 officers electoral board ex-officio. If a school district
7 is located in 2 or more counties, the county officers
8 electoral board of the county in which the principal
9 office of the school district is located shall hear and
10 pass upon objections to nominations of candidates for
11 school district office in that school district.

12 3. The municipal officers electoral board to hear and
13 pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for
14 officers of municipalities shall be composed of the mayor
15 or president of the board of trustees of the city, village
16 or incorporated town, and the city, village or
17 incorporated town clerk, and one member of the city
18 council or board of trustees, that member being designated
19 who is eligible to serve on the electoral board and has
20 served the greatest number of years as a member of the city
21 council or board of trustees, of whom the mayor or
22 president of the board of trustees shall be the chair.

23 4. The township officers electoral board to pass upon
24 objections to the nominations of township officers shall
25 be composed of the township supervisor, the town clerk,
26 and that eligible town trustee elected in the township who

1 has had the longest term of continuous service as town
2 trustee, of whom the township supervisor shall be the
3 chair.

4 5. The education officers electoral board to hear and
5 pass upon objections to the nominations of candidates for
6 offices in community college districts shall be composed
7 of the presiding officer of the community college district
8 board, who shall be the chair, the secretary of the
9 community college district board and the eligible elected
10 community college board member who has the longest term of
11 continuous service as a board member.

12 6. In all cases, however, where the Congressional,
13 Legislative, or Representative district is wholly or
14 partially within the jurisdiction of a single municipal
15 board of election commissioners in Cook County and in all
16 cases where the school district or special district is
17 wholly within the jurisdiction of a municipal board of
18 election commissioners and in all cases where the
19 municipality or township is wholly or partially within the
20 jurisdiction of a municipal board of election
21 commissioners, the board of election commissioners shall
22 ex-officio constitute the electoral board.

23 For special districts situated in more than one county,
24 the county officers electoral board of the county in which the
25 principal office of the district is located has jurisdiction
26 to hear and pass upon objections. For purposes of this

1 Section, "special districts" means all political subdivisions
2 other than counties, municipalities, townships and school and
3 community college districts.

4 In the event that any member of the appropriate board is a
5 candidate for the office with relation to which the objector's
6 petition is filed, he shall not be eligible to serve on that
7 board and shall not act as a member of the board and his place
8 shall be filled as follows:

9 a. In the county officers electoral board by the
10 county treasurer, and if he or she is ineligible to serve,
11 by the sheriff of the county.

12 b. In the municipal officers electoral board by the
13 eligible elected city council or board of trustees member
14 who has served the second greatest number of years as a
15 city council or board of trustees member.

16 c. In the township officers electoral board by the
17 eligible elected town trustee who has had the second
18 longest term of continuous service as a town trustee.

19 d. In the education officers electoral board by the
20 eligible elected community college district board member
21 who has had the second longest term of continuous service
22 as a board member.

23 In the event that the chair of the electoral board is
24 ineligible to act because of the fact that he or she is a
25 candidate for the office with relation to which the objector's
26 petition is filed, then the substitute chosen under the

1 provisions of this Section shall be the chair; In this case,
2 the officer or board with whom the objector's petition is
3 filed, shall transmit the certificate of nomination or
4 nomination papers as the case may be, and the objector's
5 petition to the substitute chair of the electoral board.

6 When 2 or more eligible individuals, by reason of their
7 terms of service on a city council or board of trustees,
8 township board of trustees, or community college district
9 board, qualify to serve on an electoral board, the one to serve
10 shall be chosen by lot.

11 Any vacancies on an electoral board not otherwise filled
12 pursuant to this Section shall be filled by public members
13 appointed by the Chief Judge of the Circuit Court for the
14 county wherein the electoral board hearing is being held upon
15 notification to the Chief Judge of such vacancies. The Chief
16 Judge shall be so notified by a member of the electoral board
17 or the officer or board with whom the objector's petition was
18 filed. In the event that none of the individuals designated by
19 this Section to serve on the electoral board are eligible, the
20 chair of an electoral board shall be designated by the Chief
21 Judge.

22 (Source: P.A. 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

23 (10 ILCS 5/10-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 10-10)

24 Sec. 10-10. Within 24 hours after the receipt of the
25 certificate of nomination or nomination papers or proposed

1 question of public policy, as the case may be, and the
2 objector's petition, the chair of the electoral board other
3 than the State Board of Elections shall send a call by
4 registered or certified mail: to each of the members of the
5 electoral board;~~;~~ ~~and~~ to the objector who filed the objector's
6 petition;~~;~~ ~~and~~ either to the candidate whose certificate of
7 nomination or nomination papers are objected to or to the
8 principal proponent or attorney for proponents of a question
9 of public policy, as the case may be, whose petitions are
10 objected to; to the election authority to whom the ballot is
11 certified; and to the appropriate county clerk. The chair of
12 the electoral board other than the State Board of Elections,~~7~~
13 ~~and~~ shall also cause the sheriff of the county or counties in
14 which such officers and persons reside to serve a copy of such
15 call upon each of such officers and persons, which call shall
16 set out the fact that the electoral board is required to meet
17 to hear and pass upon the objections to nominations made for
18 the office, designating it, and shall state the day, hour and
19 place at which the electoral board shall meet for the purpose,
20 which place shall be in the county court house in the county in
21 the case of the County Officers Electoral Board, the Municipal
22 Officers Electoral Board, the Township Officers Electoral
23 Board or the Education Officers Electoral Board, except that
24 the Municipal Officers Electoral Board, the Township Officers
25 Electoral Board, and the Education Officers Electoral Board
26 may meet at the location where the governing body of the

1 municipality, township, or community college district,
2 respectively, holds its regularly scheduled meetings, if that
3 location is available; provided that voter records may be
4 removed from the offices of an election authority only at the
5 discretion and under the supervision of the election
6 authority. In those cases where the State Board of Elections
7 is the electoral board designated under Section 10-9, the
8 chair of the State Board of Elections shall, within 24 hours
9 after the receipt of the certificate of nomination or
10 nomination papers or petitions for a proposed amendment to
11 Article IV of the Constitution or proposed statewide question
12 of public policy, send a call by registered or certified mail
13 to the objector who files the objector's petition, and either
14 to the candidate whose certificate of nomination or nomination
15 papers are objected to or to the principal proponent or
16 attorney for proponents of the proposed Constitutional
17 amendment or statewide question of public policy and shall
18 state the day, hour, and place at which the electoral board
19 shall meet for the purpose, which place may be in the Capitol
20 Building or in the principal or permanent branch office of the
21 State Board. The day of the meeting shall not be less than 3
22 nor more than 5 days after the receipt of the certificate of
23 nomination or nomination papers and the objector's petition by
24 the chair of the electoral board.

25 The electoral board shall have the power to administer
26 oaths and to subpoena and examine witnesses and, at the

1 request of either party and only upon a vote by a majority of
2 its members, may authorize the chair to issue subpoenas
3 requiring the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces
4 tecum requiring the production of such books, papers, records
5 and documents as may be evidence of any matter under inquiry
6 before the electoral board, in the same manner as witnesses
7 are subpoenaed in the Circuit Court.

8 Service of such subpoenas shall be made by any sheriff or
9 other person in the same manner as in cases in such court and
10 the fees of such sheriff shall be the same as is provided by
11 law, and shall be paid by the objector or candidate who causes
12 the issuance of the subpoena. In case any person so served
13 shall knowingly neglect or refuse to obey any such subpoena,
14 or to testify, the electoral board shall at once file a
15 petition in the circuit court of the county in which such
16 hearing is to be heard, or has been attempted to be heard,
17 setting forth the facts, of such knowing refusal or neglect,
18 and accompanying the petition with a copy of the citation and
19 the answer, if one has been filed, together with a copy of the
20 subpoena and the return of service thereon, and shall apply
21 for an order of court requiring such person to attend and
22 testify, and forthwith produce books and papers, before the
23 electoral board. Any circuit court of the state, excluding the
24 judge who is sitting on the electoral board, upon such showing
25 shall order such person to appear and testify, and to
26 forthwith produce such books and papers, before the electoral

1 board at a place to be fixed by the court. If such person shall
2 knowingly fail or refuse to obey such order of the court
3 without lawful excuse, the court shall punish him or her by
4 fine and imprisonment, as the nature of the case may require
5 and may be lawful in cases of contempt of court.

6 The electoral board on the first day of its meeting shall
7 adopt rules of procedure for the introduction of evidence and
8 the presentation of arguments and may, in its discretion,
9 provide for the filing of briefs by the parties to the
10 objection or by other interested persons.

11 In the event of a State Electoral Board hearing on
12 objections to a petition for an amendment to Article IV of the
13 Constitution pursuant to Section 3 of Article XIV of the
14 Constitution, or to a petition for a question of public policy
15 to be submitted to the voters of the entire State, the
16 certificates of the county clerks and boards of election
17 commissioners showing the results of the random sample of
18 signatures on the petition shall be prima facie valid and
19 accurate, and shall be presumed to establish the number of
20 valid and invalid signatures on the petition sheets reviewed
21 in the random sample, as prescribed in Section 28-11 and 28-12
22 of this Code. Either party, however, may introduce evidence at
23 such hearing to dispute the findings as to particular
24 signatures. In addition to the foregoing, in the absence of
25 competent evidence presented at such hearing by a party
26 substantially challenging the results of a random sample, or

1 showing a different result obtained by an additional sample,
2 this certificate of a county clerk or board of election
3 commissioners shall be presumed to establish the ratio of
4 valid to invalid signatures within the particular election
5 jurisdiction.

6 The electoral board shall take up the question as to
7 whether or not the certificate of nomination or nomination
8 papers or petitions are in proper form, and whether or not they
9 were filed within the time and under the conditions required
10 by law, and whether or not they are the genuine certificate of
11 nomination or nomination papers or petitions which they
12 purport to be, and whether or not in the case of the
13 certificate of nomination in question it represents accurately
14 the decision of the caucus or convention issuing it, and in
15 general shall decide whether or not the certificate of
16 nomination or nominating papers or petitions on file are valid
17 or whether the objections thereto should be sustained and the
18 decision of a majority of the electoral board shall be final
19 subject to judicial review as provided in Section 10-10.1. The
20 electoral board must state its findings in writing and must
21 state in writing which objections, if any, it has sustained. A
22 copy of the decision shall be served upon the parties to the
23 proceedings in open proceedings before the electoral board. If
24 a party does not appear for receipt of the decision, the
25 decision shall be deemed to have been served on the absent
26 party on the date when a copy of the decision is personally

1 delivered or on the date when a copy of the decision is
2 deposited in the United States mail, in a sealed envelope or
3 package, with postage prepaid, addressed to each party
4 affected by the decision or to such party's attorney of
5 record, if any, at the address on record for such person in the
6 files of the electoral board.

7 Upon the expiration of the period within which a
8 proceeding for judicial review must be commenced under Section
9 10-10.1, the electoral board shall, unless a proceeding for
10 judicial review has been commenced within such period,
11 transmit, by registered or certified mail, a certified copy of
12 its ruling, together with the original certificate of
13 nomination or nomination papers or petitions and the original
14 objector's petition, to the officer or board with whom the
15 certificate of nomination or nomination papers or petitions,
16 as objected to, were on file and to the election authority to
17 whom the ballot is certified and the appropriate county clerk,
18 and such officer or board shall abide by and comply with the
19 ruling so made to all intents and purposes.

20 (Source: P.A. 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16;
21 100-1027, eff. 1-1-19.)

22 (10 ILCS 5/11-4) (from Ch. 46, par. 11-4)

23 Sec. 11-4. It shall be the duty of the Board of Election
24 Commissioners, established under Article 6 of this Act, to
25 appoint the place of registry in each precinct for the first

1 registration under Article 6 of this Act and the places for
2 registry in subsequent registrations in the manner provided by
3 such Article, and also the polling place in each precinct in
4 such city, village or incorporated town which has adopted or
5 is operating under said Article 6, and to give public notice
6 thereof, and shall cause the same to be fitted up, warmed,
7 lighted and cleaned, but in each election precinct and in each
8 area for which a registration place is designated such place
9 or places shall be in the most public, orderly and convenient
10 portions thereof, and no building or part of a building shall
11 be designated or used as a place of registry, or revision of
12 registration, or as a polling place, in which spirituous or
13 intoxicating liquor is sold. Provided, however, where the
14 Board of Election Commissioners is unable to secure a suitable
15 polling place within the boundaries of a precinct, it may
16 select a polling place on a street immediately adjacent to and
17 adjoining the precinct. Said Board of Election Commissioners
18 may demand of the chief of police or the sheriff, to furnish
19 officers of the law to attend during the progress of any
20 registration, revision or election, at any place or places of
21 registration, or any polling place, or places, designated by
22 said commissioners, or to attend at any meeting of said
23 commissioners. Said officers of the law, shall be furnished by
24 said chief of police or sheriff and shall be stationed in the
25 place or places of registration and polling place or places in
26 such manner as said commissioners shall direct, and during

1 said assignment shall be under the direction and control of
2 the election commissioners.

3 Notwithstanding the above, when there are no more than 50
4 registered voters in a precinct who are entitled to vote in a
5 local government or school district election, the election
6 authority having jurisdiction over the precinct, is authorized
7 to reassign such voters to one or more polling places in
8 adjacent precincts, within or without the election authority's
9 jurisdiction, for that election. For the purposes of such
10 local government or school district election only, the votes
11 of the reassigned voters shall be tallied and canvassed as
12 votes from the precinct of the polling place to which such
13 voters have been reassigned. The election authority having
14 jurisdiction over the precinct shall approve all
15 administrative and polling place procedures. Such procedures
16 shall take into account voter convenience, and ensure that the
17 integrity of the election process is maintained and that the
18 secrecy of the ballot is not violated.

19 Except in the event of a fire, flood or total loss of heat
20 in a place fixed or established by the Board of Election
21 Commissioners pursuant to this Section as a polling place for
22 an election, no election authority shall change the location
23 of a polling place so established for any precinct after
24 notice of the place of holding the election for that precinct
25 has been given as required under Article 12 unless the
26 election authority notifies all registered voters in the

1 precinct of the change in location by first class mail in
2 sufficient time for such notice to be received by the
3 registered voters in the precinct at least one day prior to the
4 date of the election.

5 If, within the 10 days before any election, an election
6 authority changes a polling location, the election authority
7 shall send notice by electronic mail or phone call to the
8 township committeeperson, ward committeeperson, or precinct
9 committeepersons, as applicable, as soon as the location of
10 the polling place is changed.

11 (Source: P.A. 86-867.)

12 (10 ILCS 5/11-8)

13 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2023)

14 Sec. 11-8. Vote centers.

15 (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, election
16 authorities shall establish at least one location to be
17 located at an office of the election authority or in the
18 largest municipality within its jurisdiction where all voters
19 in its jurisdiction are allowed to vote on election day during
20 polling place hours, regardless of the precinct in which they
21 are registered, and that location shall provide curbside
22 voting. Election authorities may establish more than one vote
23 center, but in jurisdictions with a population of more than
24 500,000 inhabitants, the election authority shall establish at
25 least 2 vote centers. An election authority establishing such

1 a location under this Section shall identify the location and
2 any health and safety requirements by the 40th day preceding
3 ~~an the 2022 general primary election and the 2022 general~~
4 election and certify such to the State Board of Elections.

5 (b) This Section is repealed on July 1, 2029 ~~2023~~.

6 (Source: P.A. 102-15, eff. 6-17-21; 102-668, eff. 11-15-21;
7 102-1109, eff. 12-21-22.)

8 (10 ILCS 5/12-4) (from Ch. 46, par. 12-4)

9 Sec. 12-4. Not more than 30 nor less than 10 days prior to
10 the date of the consolidated and nonpartisan elections, each
11 election authority shall publish notice of the election of
12 officers of each political subdivision to be conducted in his
13 or its jurisdiction on such election date. The notice of
14 election shall be published once in one or more newspapers
15 published in each political subdivision, and if there is no
16 such newspaper, then published once in a local, community
17 newspaper having general circulation in the subdivision, and
18 also once in a newspaper published in the county wherein the
19 political subdivisions or portions thereof, having such
20 elections are situated.

21 The notice shall be substantially in the form prescribed
22 in Section 12-1, and may include notice of the location of the
23 precincts and polling places within or including part of the
24 political subdivision in which the election is to be
25 conducted.

1 Not less than 10 days before each such election, the
2 election authority shall publish notice of the precincts and
3 the location of the polling places where the election will be
4 conducted for political subdivisions wholly or partially
5 within its jurisdiction. The election authority shall cause
6 publication in the manner heretofore prescribed for the notice
7 of election.

8 If, within the 10 days before any election, an election
9 authority changes a polling location, the election authority
10 shall send notice by electronic mail or phone call to the
11 township committeeperson, ward committeeperson, or precinct
12 committeepersons, as applicable, as soon as the location of
13 the polling place is changed.

14 (Source: P.A. 81-963.)

15 (10 ILCS 5/16-3) (from Ch. 46, par. 16-3)

16 Sec. 16-3. (a) The names of all candidates to be voted for
17 in each election district or precinct shall be printed on one
18 ballot, except as is provided in Sections 16-6, 16-6.1, and
19 21-1.01 of this Code Act and except as otherwise provided in
20 this Code Act with respect to the odd year regular elections
21 and the emergency referenda. The lettering of candidate names
22 on a ballot shall be in both capital and lowercase letters in
23 conformance with standard English language guidelines, unless
24 compliance is not feasible due to the election system utilized
25 by the election authority. All, ~~all~~ nominations of any

1 political party shall be ~~being~~ placed under the party
2 appellation or title of such party as designated in the
3 certificates of nomination or petitions. The names of all
4 independent candidates shall be printed upon the ballot in a
5 column or columns under the heading "independent" arranged
6 under the names or titles of the respective offices for which
7 such independent candidates shall have been nominated and so
8 far as practicable, the name or names of any independent
9 candidate or candidates for any office shall be printed upon
10 the ballot opposite the name or names of any candidate or
11 candidates for the same office contained in any party column
12 or columns upon said ballot. The ballot shall contain no other
13 names, except that in cases of electors for President and
14 Vice-President of the United States, the names of the
15 candidates for President and Vice-President may be added to
16 the party designation and words calculated to aid the voter in
17 his choice of candidates may be added, such as "Vote for one,"
18 "Vote for not more than three." If no candidate or candidates
19 file for an office and if no person or persons file a
20 declaration as a write-in candidate for that office, then
21 below the title of that office the election authority instead
22 shall print "No Candidate". When an electronic voting system
23 is used which utilizes a ballot label booklet, the candidates
24 and questions shall appear on the pages of such booklet in the
25 order provided by this Code; and, in any case where candidates
26 for an office appear on a page which does not contain the name

1 of any candidate for another office, and where less than 50% of
2 the page is utilized, the name of no candidate shall be printed
3 on the lowest 25% of such page. On the back or outside of the
4 ballot, so as to appear when folded, shall be printed the words
5 "Official Ballot", followed by the designation of the polling
6 place for which the ballot is prepared, the date of the
7 election and a facsimile of the signature of the election
8 authority who has caused the ballots to be printed. The
9 ballots shall be of plain white paper, through which the
10 printing or writing cannot be read. However, ballots for use
11 at the nonpartisan and consolidated elections may be printed
12 on different color paper, except blue paper, whenever
13 necessary or desirable to facilitate distinguishing between
14 ballots for different political subdivisions. In the case of
15 nonpartisan elections for officers of a political subdivision,
16 unless the statute or an ordinance adopted pursuant to Article
17 VII of the Constitution providing the form of government
18 therefor requires otherwise, the column listing such
19 nonpartisan candidates shall be printed with no appellation or
20 circle at its head. The party appellation or title, or the word
21 "independent" at the head of any column provided for
22 independent candidates, shall be printed in letters not less
23 than one-fourth of an inch in height and a circle one-half inch
24 in diameter shall be printed at the beginning of the line in
25 which such appellation or title is printed, provided, however,
26 that no such circle shall be printed at the head of any column

1 or columns provided for such independent candidates. The names
2 of candidates shall be printed in letters not less than
3 one-eighth nor more than one-fourth of an inch in height, and
4 at the beginning of each line in which a name of a candidate is
5 printed a square shall be printed, the sides of which shall be
6 not less than one-fourth of an inch in length. However, the
7 names of the candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor
8 on the same ticket shall be printed within a bracket and a
9 single square shall be printed in front of the bracket. The
10 list of candidates of the several parties and any such list of
11 independent candidates shall be placed in separate columns on
12 the ballot in such order as the election authorities charged
13 with the printing of the ballots shall decide; provided, that
14 the names of the candidates of the several political parties,
15 certified by the State Board of Elections to the several
16 county clerks shall be printed by the county clerk of the
17 proper county on the official ballot in the order certified by
18 the State Board of Elections. Any county clerk refusing,
19 neglecting or failing to print on the official ballot the
20 names of candidates of the several political parties in the
21 order certified by the State Board of Elections, and any
22 county clerk who prints or causes to be printed upon the
23 official ballot the name of a candidate, for an office to be
24 filled by the Electors of the entire State, whose name has not
25 been duly certified to him upon a certificate signed by the
26 State Board of Elections shall be guilty of a Class C

1 misdemeanor.

2 (b) When an electronic voting system is used which
3 utilizes a ballot card, on the inside flap of each ballot card
4 envelope there shall be printed a form for write-in voting
5 which shall be substantially as follows:

6 WRITE-IN VOTES

7 (See card of instructions for specific information.
8 Duplicate form below by hand for additional write-in votes.)

9

10 Title of Office

11 ()

12 Name of Candidate

13 Write-in lines equal to the number of candidates for which
14 a voter may vote shall be printed for an office only if one or
15 more persons filed declarations of intent to be write-in
16 candidates or qualify to file declarations to be write-in
17 candidates under Sections 17-16.1 and 18-9.1 when the
18 certification of ballot contains the words "OBJECTION
19 PENDING".

20 (c) When an electronic voting system is used which uses a
21 ballot sheet, the instructions to voters on the ballot sheet
22 shall refer the voter to the card of instructions for specific
23 information on write-in voting. Below each office appearing on
24 such ballot sheet there shall be a provision for the casting of
25 a write-in vote. Write-in lines equal to the number of
26 candidates for which a voter may vote shall be printed for an

1 office only if one or more persons filed declarations of
2 intent to be write-in candidates or qualify to file
3 declarations to be write-in candidates under Sections 17-16.1
4 and 18-9.1 when the certification of ballot contains the words
5 "OBJECTION PENDING".

6 (d) When such electronic system is used, there shall be
7 printed on the back of each ballot card, each ballot card
8 envelope, and the first page of the ballot label when a ballot
9 label is used, the words "Official Ballot," followed by the
10 number of the precinct or other precinct identification, which
11 may be stamped, in lieu thereof and, as applicable, the number
12 and name of the township, ward or other election district for
13 which the ballot card, ballot card envelope, and ballot label
14 are prepared, the date of the election and a facsimile of the
15 signature of the election authority who has caused the ballots
16 to be printed. The back of the ballot card shall also include a
17 method of identifying the ballot configuration such as a
18 listing of the political subdivisions and districts for which
19 votes may be cast on that ballot, or a number code identifying
20 the ballot configuration or color coded ballots, except that
21 where there is only one ballot configuration in a precinct,
22 the precinct identification, and any applicable ward
23 identification, shall be sufficient. Ballot card envelopes
24 used in punch card systems shall be of paper through which no
25 writing or punches may be discerned and shall be of sufficient
26 length to enclose all voting positions. However, the election

1 authority may provide ballot card envelopes on which no
2 precinct number or township, ward or other election district
3 designation, or election date are preprinted, if space and a
4 preprinted form are provided below the space provided for the
5 names of write-in candidates where such information may be
6 entered by the judges of election. Whenever an election
7 authority utilizes ballot card envelopes on which the election
8 date and precinct is not preprinted, a judge of election shall
9 mark such information for the particular precinct and election
10 on the envelope in ink before tallying and counting any
11 write-in vote written thereon. If some method of insuring
12 ballot secrecy other than an envelope is used, such
13 information must be provided on the ballot itself.

14 (e) In the designation of the name of a candidate on the
15 ballot, the candidate's given name or names, initial or
16 initials, a nickname by which the candidate is commonly known,
17 or a combination thereof, may be used in addition to the
18 candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed his or her
19 name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in
20 Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before the
21 last day for filing the petition for nomination, nomination
22 papers, or certificate of nomination for that office,
23 whichever is applicable, then (i) the candidate's name on the
24 ballot must be followed by "formerly known as (list all prior
25 names during the 3-year period) until name changed on (list
26 date of each such name change)" and (ii) the petition, papers,

1 or certificate must be accompanied by the candidate's
2 affidavit stating the candidate's previous names during the
3 period specified in (i) and the date or dates each of those
4 names was changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be
5 grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for
6 the ballot or removing the candidate's name from the ballot,
7 as appropriate, but these requirements do not apply to name
8 changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's
9 or parents' surname, marriage or civil union to assume a
10 spouse's surname, or dissolution of marriage or civil union or
11 declaration of invalidity of marriage or civil union to assume
12 a former surname or a name change that conforms the
13 candidate's name to his or her gender identity. No other
14 designation such as a political slogan, title, or degree or
15 nickname suggesting or implying possession of a title, degree
16 or professional status, or similar information may be used in
17 connection with the candidate's surname. For purposes of this
18 Section, a "political slogan" is defined as any word or words
19 expressing or connoting a position, opinion, or belief that
20 the candidate may espouse, including, but not limited to, any
21 word or words conveying any meaning other than that of the
22 personal identity of the candidate. A candidate may not use a
23 political slogan as part of his or her name on the ballot,
24 notwithstanding that the political slogan may be part of the
25 candidate's name.

26 (f) The State Board of Elections, a local election

1 official, or an election authority shall remove any
2 candidate's name designation from a ballot that is
3 inconsistent with subsection (e) of this Section. In addition,
4 the State Board of Elections, a local election official, or an
5 election authority shall not certify to any election authority
6 any candidate name designation that is inconsistent with
7 subsection (e) of this Section.

8 (g) If the State Board of Elections, a local election
9 official, or an election authority removes a candidate's name
10 designation from a ballot under subsection (f) of this
11 Section, then the aggrieved candidate may seek appropriate
12 relief in circuit court.

13 Where voting machines or electronic voting systems are
14 used, the provisions of this Section may be modified as
15 required or authorized by Article 24 or Article 24A, whichever
16 is applicable.

17 Nothing in this Section shall prohibit election
18 authorities from using or reusing ballot card envelopes which
19 were printed before January 1, 1986 (the effective date of
20 Public Act 84-820) ~~this amendatory Act of 1985.~~

21 (Source: P.A. 102-15, eff. 6-17-21; revised 2-28-22.)

22 (10 ILCS 5/16-6) (from Ch. 46, par. 16-6)

23 Sec. 16-6. Whenever one or more proposals for amendment of
24 the constitution or the calling of a constitutional convention
25 or any combination thereof is or are to be voted upon by the

1 people, the proposition or propositions for the adoption or
2 rejection of such amendment or amendments or convention shall
3 be submitted upon the same ~~a ballot separate from the~~
4 "Official Ballot" containing the names of candidates for State
5 and other offices to be voted at such election. Such
6 proposition or propositions shall be printed at the top of the
7 "Official Ballot" preceding the names of candidates for State
8 and other offices to be voted at such election. Such
9 proposition or propositions shall be printed upon plain white
10 paper with no shading, highlighting, or other distinct
11 markings and shall include the official title of the section
12 so named to be added or amended in the Constitution. Such
13 ~~separate ballot shall be printed upon paper of a distinctly~~
14 ~~blue color and shall, as near as may be practicable, be of~~
15 ~~uniform size and blue color, but any variation in the size of~~
16 ~~such ballots or in the tincture of blue employed shall not~~
17 ~~affect or impair the validity thereof.~~ Preceding each proposal
18 to amend the constitution shall be printed the brief
19 explanation of the amendment, prepared by the General
20 Assembly, or in the case of a proposed amendment initiated by
21 petition pursuant to Section 3 of Article XIV of the
22 Constitution of the State of Illinois by the principal
23 proponents of the amendment as approved by the Attorney
24 General, and immediately below the explanation, the
25 proposition shall be printed in substantially the following
26 form:

1 -----

2 YES For the proposed amendment

3 ----- to Article _____ (or Section

4 NO _____ of Article _____) of

5 the Constitution.

6 -----

7 In the case of a proposition for the calling of a
8 constitutional convention, such proposition shall be printed
9 in substantially the following form:

10 -----

11 YES For the calling

12 ----- of a Constitutional

13 NO Convention.

14 -----

15 Included with the ballot there ~~On the back or outside of~~
16 ~~the ballot so as to appear when folded,~~ shall be a printed
17 notice with the words "CONSTITUTION AMENDMENT ~~BALLOT~~",
18 followed by the designation of the polling place for which the
19 ballot is prepared, the date of the election and a facsimile of
20 the signature of the clerk or other officer who has caused the
21 ballots to be printed. Immediately above the words
22 "CONSTITUTION AMENDMENT ~~BALLOT~~" in the case of a proposition
23 for the calling of a constitutional convention or a
24 proposition to amend the Constitution the following legend
25 shall be printed in bold face type:

26 "NOTICE

1 THE FAILURE TO VOTE THIS BALLOT MAY BE THE EQUIVALENT OF A
2 NEGATIVE VOTE, BECAUSE A CONVENTION SHALL BE CALLED OR THE
3 AMENDMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE IF APPROVED BY EITHER
4 THREE-FIFTHS OF THOSE VOTING ON THE QUESTION OR A MAJORITY OF
5 THOSE VOTING IN THE ELECTION. (THIS IS NOT TO BE CONSTRUED AS A
6 DIRECTION THAT YOUR VOTE IS REQUIRED TO BE CAST EITHER IN FAVOR
7 OF OR IN OPPOSITION TO THE PROPOSITION HEREIN CONTAINED.)

8 WHETHER YOU VOTE THIS BALLOT OR NOT YOU MUST RETURN IT TO
9 THE ELECTION JUDGE WHEN YOU LEAVE THE VOTING BOOTH".

10 If a proposition for the calling of a constitutional
11 convention is submitted at the same election as one or more
12 propositions to amend the constitution, the proposition for
13 the calling of a constitutional convention shall be printed at
14 the top of the ballot. In such case, the constitution
15 amendment notice ~~the back or outside of the ballot~~ shall be
16 printed the same as if it were a proposal solely to amend the
17 constitution.

18 Where voting machines or electronic voting systems are
19 used, the provisions of this Section may be modified as
20 required or authorized by Article 24 or Article 24A, whichever
21 is applicable.

22 (Source: P.A. 97-766, eff. 7-6-12.)

23 (10 ILCS 5/19-2.5)

24 Sec. 19-2.5. Notice for vote by mail ballot. An election
25 authority shall notify all qualified voters, except voters who

1 have applied for permanent vote by mail status under
2 subsection (b) of Section 19-3 or voters who submit a written
3 request to be excluded from the permanent vote by mail status,
4 not more than 90 days nor less than 45 days before a general ~~or~~
5 ~~consolidated~~ election, of the option for permanent vote by
6 mail status using the following notice and including the
7 application for permanent vote by mail status in subsection
8 (b) of Section 19-3:

9 "You may apply to permanently be placed on vote by mail
10 status using the attached application."

11 (Source: P.A. 102-15, eff. 6-17-21; 102-668, eff. 11-15-21.)

12 (10 ILCS 5/19-3) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-3)

13 Sec. 19-3. Application for a vote by mail ballot.

14 (a) The application for a vote by mail ballot for a single
15 election shall be substantially in the following form:

16 APPLICATION FOR VOTE BY MAIL BALLOT

17 To be voted at the election in the County of and
18 State of Illinois, ~~in the precinct of the (1) *township~~
19 ~~of (2) *City of or (3) *.... ward in the City of~~

20 I state that I am a resident of in the municipality of
21 in the county of; that I have resided at such address
22 for at least 30 days; that I am lawfully entitled to vote at
23 the election to be held on; and that I wish to vote
24 by mail. ~~I state that I am a resident of the precinct of~~
25 ~~the (1) *township of (2) *City of or (3) *.... ward~~

1 ~~in the city of residing at in such city or town in~~
 2 ~~the county of and State of Illinois; that I have lived at~~
 3 ~~such address for month(s) last past; that I am lawfully~~
 4 ~~entitled to vote in such precinct at the election to be~~
 5 ~~held therein on; and that I wish to vote by vote by mail~~
 6 ~~ballot.~~

7 I hereby make application for an official ballot or
 8 ballots to be voted by me at such election, and I agree that I
 9 shall return such ballot or ballots to the official issuing
 10 the same prior to the closing of the polls on the date of the
 11 election or, if returned by mail, postmarked no later than
 12 election day, for counting no later than during the period for
 13 counting provisional ballots, the last day of which is the
 14 14th day following election day.

15 I understand that this application is made for an official
 16 vote by mail ballot or ballots to be voted by me at the
 17 election specified in this application and that I must submit
 18 a separate application for an official vote by mail ballot or
 19 ballots to be voted by me at any subsequent election.

20 Under penalties as provided by law pursuant to Section
 21 29-10 of the Election Code, the undersigned certifies that the
 22 statements set forth in this application are true and correct.

23

24 *fill in either (1), (2) or (3).

25 Post office address to which ballot is mailed:

26

1 (a-5) The application for a single vote by mail ballot
2 transmitted electronically pursuant to Section 19-2.6 shall be
3 substantively similar to the application for a vote by mail
4 ballot for a single election and shall include:

5 I swear or affirm that I am a voter with a print
6 disability, and, as a result of this disability, I am
7 making a request to receive a vote by mail ballot
8 electronically so that I may privately and independently
9 mark, verify, and print my vote by mail ballot.

10 (b) The application for permanent vote by mail status
11 shall be substantially in the following form:

12 APPLICATION FOR PERMANENT VOTE BY MAIL STATUS

13 I am currently a registered voter and wish to apply for
14 permanent vote by mail status.

15 I state that I am a resident of in the municipality of
16 in the county of; that I have resided at such address
17 for at least 30 days; that I am lawfully entitled to vote at
18 the election to be held on; and that I wish to vote
19 by mail in: I state that I am a resident of the City of
20 residing at in such city in the county of and State
21 of Illinois; that I have lived at such address for
22 month(s) last past; that I am lawfully entitled to vote in such
23 precinct at the election to be held therein on; and
24 that I wish to vote by vote by mail ballot in:

25 all subsequent elections that do not require a party
26 designation.

1 ballots.

2 (c) However, if application is made for a primary election
3 ballot, such application shall require the applicant to
4 designate the name of the political party with which the
5 applicant is affiliated. The election authority shall allow
6 any voter on permanent vote by mail status to change his or her
7 party affiliation for a primary election ballot by a method
8 and deadline published and selected by the election authority.

9 (d) If application is made electronically, the applicant
10 shall mark the box associated with the above described
11 statement included as part of the online application
12 certifying that the statements set forth in the application
13 under subsection (a) or (b) are true and correct, and a
14 signature is not required.

15 (e) Any person may produce, reproduce, distribute, or
16 return to an election authority an application under this
17 Section. If applications are sent to a post office box
18 controlled by any individual or organization that is not an
19 election authority, those applications shall (i) include a
20 valid and current phone number for the individual or
21 organization controlling the post office box and (ii) be
22 turned over to the appropriate election authority within 7
23 days of receipt or, if received within 2 weeks of the election
24 in which an applicant intends to vote, within 2 days of
25 receipt. Failure to turn over the applications in compliance
26 with this paragraph shall constitute a violation of this Code

1 and shall be punishable as a petty offense with a fine of \$100
2 per application. Removing, tampering with, or otherwise
3 knowingly making the postmark on the application unreadable by
4 the election authority shall establish a rebuttable
5 presumption of a violation of this paragraph. Upon receipt,
6 the appropriate election authority shall accept and promptly
7 process any application under this Section submitted in a form
8 substantially similar to that required by this Section,
9 including any substantially similar production or reproduction
10 generated by the applicant.

11 (f) An election authority may combine the applications in
12 subsections (a) and (b) onto one form, but the distinction
13 between the applications must be clear and the form must
14 provide check boxes for an applicant to indicate whether he or
15 she is applying for a single election vote by mail ballot or
16 for permanent vote by mail status.

17 (Source: P.A. 102-15, eff. 6-17-21; 102-819, eff. 5-13-22.)

18 (10 ILCS 5/19-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-5)

19 Sec. 19-5. Folding and enclosure of ballots in unsealed
20 envelope; address on envelope; certification; instructions for
21 marking and returning ballots. It shall be the duty of the
22 election authority to fold the ballot or ballots in the manner
23 specified by the statute for folding ballots prior to their
24 deposit in the ballot box, and to enclose such ballot or
25 ballots in an envelope unsealed to be furnished by the

1 election authority ~~him~~, which envelope shall bear upon the
2 face thereof the name, official title and post office address
3 of the election authority, and upon the other side a printed
4 certification in substantially the following form:

5 I state that I am a resident of in the municipality of
6 in the county of; that I have resided at such address
7 for at least 30 days; and that I am lawfully entitled to cast a
8 ballot. ~~I state that I am a resident of the precinct of~~
9 ~~the (1) *township of (2) *City of or (3) *.... ward~~
10 ~~in the city of residing at in such city or town in~~
11 ~~the county of and State of Illinois, that I have lived at~~
12 ~~such address for months last past; and that I am lawfully~~
13 ~~entitled to vote in such precinct at the election to be~~
14 ~~held on~~
15 ~~*fill in either (1), (2) or (3).~~

16 I further state that I personally marked the enclosed
17 ballot in secret.

18 Under penalties of perjury as provided by law pursuant to
19 Section 29-10 of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies
20 that the statements set forth in this certification are true
21 and correct.

22

23 If the ballot is to go to an elector who is physically
24 incapacitated and needs assistance marking the ballot, the
25 envelope shall bear upon the back thereof a certification in
26 substantially the following form:

1 I state that I am a resident of in the municipality of
 2 in the county of; that I have resided at such address
 3 for at least 30 days; that I am lawfully entitled to cast a
 4 ballot; and that I am physically incapable of personally
 5 marking the ballot for this election. ~~I state that I am a~~
 6 ~~resident of the precinct of the (1) *township of (2)~~
 7 ~~*City of or (3) *.... ward in the city of residing at~~
 8 ~~.... in such city or town in the county of and State of~~
 9 ~~Illinois, that I have lived at such address for months~~
 10 ~~last past; that I am lawfully entitled to vote in such precinct~~
 11 ~~at the election to be held on; that I am physically~~
 12 ~~incapable of personally marking the ballot for such election.~~
 13 ~~*fill in either (1), (2) or (3).~~

14 I further state that I marked the enclosed ballot in
 15 secret with the assistance of

16
 17 (Individual rendering assistance)
 18
 19 (Residence Address)

20 Under penalties of perjury as provided by law pursuant to
 21 Section 29-10 of The Election Code, the undersigned certifies
 22 that the statements set forth in this certification are true
 23 and correct.

24

25 In the case of a voter with a physical incapacity, marking
 26 a ballot in secret includes marking a ballot with the

1 assistance of another individual, other than a candidate whose
2 name appears on the ballot (unless the voter is the spouse or a
3 parent, child, brother, or sister of the candidate), the
4 voter's employer, an agent of that employer, or an officer or
5 agent of the voter's union, when the voter's physical
6 incapacity necessitates such assistance.

7 In the case of a physically incapacitated voter, marking a
8 ballot in secret includes marking a ballot with the assistance
9 of another individual, other than a candidate whose name
10 appears on the ballot (unless the voter is the spouse or a
11 parent, child, brother, or sister of the candidate), the
12 voter's employer, an agent of that employer, or an officer or
13 agent of the voter's union, when the voter's physical
14 incapacity necessitates such assistance.

15 Provided, that if the ballot enclosed is to be voted at a
16 primary election, the certification shall designate the name
17 of the political party with which the voter is affiliated.

18 In addition to the above, the election authority shall
19 provide printed slips, or an electronic version thereof for
20 voters voting by mail pursuant to Section 19-2.6, giving full
21 instructions regarding the manner of marking and returning the
22 ballot in order that the same may be counted, and shall furnish
23 one of such printed slips or the electronic version thereof
24 for voters voting by mail pursuant to Section 19-2.6 to each of
25 such applicants at the same time the ballot is delivered to
26 him. Such instructions shall include the following statement:

1 "In signing the certification on the vote by mail ballot
2 envelope, you are attesting that you personally marked this
3 vote by mail ballot in secret. If you are physically unable to
4 mark the ballot, a friend or relative may assist you after
5 completing the enclosed affidavit. Federal and State laws
6 prohibit a candidate whose name appears on the ballot (unless
7 you are the spouse or a parent, child, brother, or sister of
8 the candidate), your employer, your employer's agent or an
9 officer or agent of your union from assisting voters with
10 physical disabilities."

11 In addition to the above, if a ballot to be provided to an
12 elector pursuant to this Section contains a public question
13 described in subsection (b) of Section 28-6 and the territory
14 concerning which the question is to be submitted is not
15 described on the ballot due to the space limitations of such
16 ballot, the election authority shall provide a printed copy of
17 a notice of the public question, which shall include a
18 description of the territory in the manner required by Section
19 16-7. The notice shall be furnished to the elector at the same
20 time the ballot is delivered to the elector.

21 Election authorities transmitting ballots by electronic
22 transmission pursuant to Section 19-2.6 shall, to the greatest
23 extent possible, provide those applicants with the same
24 instructions, certifications, and other balloting materials
25 required when sending ballots by mail.

26 (Source: P.A. 102-819, eff. 5-13-22.)

1 (10 ILCS 5/19-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-8)

2 Sec. 19-8. Time and place of counting ballots.

3 (a) (Blank.)

4 (b) Each vote by mail voter's ballot returned to an
5 election authority, by any means authorized by this Article,
6 and received by that election authority before the closing of
7 the polls on election day shall be endorsed by the receiving
8 election authority with the day and hour of receipt and may be
9 processed by the election authority beginning on the day it is
10 received by the election authority in the central ballot
11 counting location of the election authority, but the results
12 of the processing may not be counted until the day of the
13 election after 7:00 p.m., except as provided in subsections
14 (g) and (g-5).

15 (c) Each vote by mail voter's ballot that is mailed to an
16 election authority and postmarked no later than election day,
17 but that is received by the election authority after the polls
18 close on election day and before the close of the period for
19 counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be
20 endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of
21 receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting
22 location of the election authority during the period for
23 counting provisional ballots.

24 Each vote by mail voter's ballot that is mailed to an
25 election authority absent a postmark or a barcode usable with

1 an intelligent mail barcode tracking system, but that is
2 received by the election authority after the polls close on
3 election day and before the close of the period for counting
4 provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be endorsed
5 by the receiving authority with the day and hour of receipt,
6 opened to inspect the date inserted on the certification, and,
7 if the certification date is election day or earlier and the
8 ballot is otherwise found to be valid under the requirements
9 of this Section, counted at the central ballot counting
10 location of the election authority during the period for
11 counting provisional ballots. Absent a date on the
12 certification, the ballot shall not be counted.

13 If an election authority is using an intelligent mail
14 barcode tracking system, a ballot that is mailed to an
15 election authority absent a postmark may be counted if the
16 intelligent mail barcode tracking system verifies the envelope
17 was mailed no later than election day.

18 (d) Special write-in vote by mail voter's blank ballots
19 returned to an election authority, by any means authorized by
20 this Article, and received by the election authority at any
21 time before the closing of the polls on election day shall be
22 endorsed by the receiving election authority with the day and
23 hour of receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot
24 counting location of the election authority during the same
25 period provided for counting vote by mail voters' ballots
26 under subsections (b), (g), and (g-5). Special write-in vote

1 by mail voter's blank ballots that are mailed to an election
2 authority and postmarked no later than election day, but that
3 are received by the election authority after the polls close
4 on election day and before the closing of the period for
5 counting provisional ballots cast at that election, shall be
6 endorsed by the receiving authority with the day and hour of
7 receipt and shall be counted at the central ballot counting
8 location of the election authority during the same periods
9 provided for counting vote by mail voters' ballots under
10 subsection (c).

11 (e) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, vote by
12 mail voters' ballots and special write-in vote by mail voter's
13 blank ballots received by the election authority after the
14 closing of the polls on an election day shall be endorsed by
15 the election authority receiving them with the day and hour of
16 receipt and shall be safely kept unopened by the election
17 authority for the period of time required for the preservation
18 of ballots used at the election, and shall then, without being
19 opened, be destroyed in like manner as the used ballots of that
20 election.

21 (f) Counting required under this Section to begin on
22 election day after the closing of the polls shall commence no
23 later than 8:00 p.m. and shall be conducted by a panel or
24 panels of election judges appointed in the manner provided by
25 law. The counting shall continue until all vote by mail
26 voters' ballots and special write-in vote by mail voter's

1 blank ballots required to be counted on election day have been
2 counted.

3 (g) The procedures set forth in Articles 17 and 18 of this
4 Code shall apply to all ballots counted under this Section. In
5 addition, within 2 days after a vote by mail ballot is
6 received, but in all cases before the close of the period for
7 counting provisional ballots, the election judge or official
8 shall compare the voter's signature on the certification
9 envelope of that vote by mail ballot with the voter's
10 signature on the application verified in accordance with
11 Section 19-4 or the signature of the voter on file in the
12 office of the election authority. If the election judge or
13 official determines that the 2 signatures match, and that the
14 vote by mail voter is otherwise qualified to cast a vote by
15 mail ballot, the election authority shall cast and count the
16 ballot on election day or the day the ballot is determined to
17 be valid, whichever is later, adding the results to the
18 precinct in which the voter is registered. If the election
19 judge or official determines that the signatures do not match,
20 or that the vote by mail voter is not qualified to cast a vote
21 by mail ballot, then without opening the certification
22 envelope, the judge or official shall mark across the face of
23 the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and shall not
24 cast or count the ballot.

25 In addition to the voter's signatures not matching, a vote
26 by mail ballot may be rejected by the election judge or

1 official:

2 (1) if the ballot envelope is open or has been opened
3 and resealed;

4 (2) if the voter has already cast an early or grace
5 period ballot;

6 (3) if the voter voted in person on election day or the
7 voter is not a duly registered voter in the precinct; or

8 (4) on any other basis set forth in this Code.

9 If the election judge or official determines that any of
10 these reasons apply, the judge or official shall mark across
11 the face of the certification envelope the word "Rejected" and
12 shall not cast or count the ballot.

13 (g-5) If a vote by mail ballot is rejected by the election
14 judge or official for any reason, the election authority
15 shall, within 2 days after the rejection but in all cases
16 before the close of the period for counting provisional
17 ballots, notify the vote by mail voter that his or her ballot
18 was rejected. The notice shall inform the voter of the reason
19 or reasons the ballot was rejected and shall state that the
20 voter may appear before the election authority, on or before
21 the 14th day after the election, to show cause as to why the
22 ballot should not be rejected. The voter may present evidence
23 to the election authority supporting his or her contention
24 that the ballot should be counted. The election authority
25 shall appoint a panel of 3 election judges to review the
26 contested ballot, application, and certification envelope, as

1 well as any evidence submitted by the vote by mail voter. No
2 more than 2 election judges on the reviewing panel shall be of
3 the same political party. The reviewing panel of election
4 judges shall make a final determination as to the validity of
5 the contested vote by mail ballot. The judges' determination
6 shall not be reviewable either administratively or judicially.

7 A vote by mail ballot subject to this subsection that is
8 determined to be valid shall be counted before the close of the
9 period for counting provisional ballots.

10 If a vote by mail ballot is rejected for any reason, the
11 election authority shall, within one day after the rejection,
12 transmit to the State Board of Elections by electronic means
13 the voter's name, street address, email address and precinct,
14 ward, township, and district numbers, as the case may be. If a
15 rejected vote by mail ballot is determined to be valid, the
16 election authority shall, within one day after the
17 determination, remove the name of the voter from the list
18 transmitted to the State Board of Elections. The State Board
19 of Elections shall maintain the names and information in an
20 electronic format on its website accessible to State and local
21 political committees.

22 Upon request by the State or local political committee,
23 each election authority shall, within one day after the
24 request, provide the following information about all rejected
25 vote by mail ballots: voter's name, street address, email
26 address and precinct, ward, township, and district numbers, as

1 the case may be.

2 (g-10) All vote by mail ballots determined to be valid
3 shall be added to the vote totals for the precincts for which
4 they were cast in the order in which the ballots were opened.

5 (h) Each political party, candidate, and qualified civic
6 organization shall be entitled to have present one pollwatcher
7 for each panel of election judges therein assigned.

8 (Source: P.A. 102-1126, eff. 2-10-23.)

9 (10 ILCS 5/22-9.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 22-9.1)

10 Sec. 22-9.1. Within 5 days after the last day for
11 proclamation of the results of any canvass declaring persons
12 nominated, elected or declared eligible for a runoff election
13 for any office or declaring the adoption or rejection of a
14 question of public policy, the following persons may file a
15 petition for discovery:

16 (a) any candidate who, in the entire area in which
17 votes may be cast for the office for which he is a
18 candidate, received votes equal in number to at least 95%
19 of the number of votes cast for any successful candidate
20 for the same office; and

21 (b) any 5 electors of the same area within which votes
22 may be cast on a question of public policy, if the results
23 of the canvass are such that the losing side on the
24 question would have been the prevailing side had it
25 received an additional number of votes equal to 5% of the

1 total number of votes cast on the question.

2 A petition under this Section shall be filed with the
3 election authority for purposes of discovery only. The
4 petition shall ask that ballots, voting machines, or ballot
5 cards - as the case may be - shall be examined, that any
6 automatic tabulating equipment shall be tested, and that
7 ballots, recorded votes, or ballot cards - as the case may be -
8 shall be counted in specified precincts, not exceeding 25% of
9 the total number of precincts within the jurisdiction of the
10 election authority. Where there are fewer than 4 precincts
11 under the jurisdiction of the election authority and within
12 the area in which votes could be cast in the election in
13 connection with which the petition has been filed, discovery
14 shall be permitted in one of such precincts.

15 A petition filed under this Section shall be accompanied
16 by the payment of a fee of \$50 ~~\$10.00~~ per precinct specified.
17 All such fees shall be paid by the election authority into the
18 county or city treasury, as the case may be.

19 After 3 days notice in writing to the successful candidate
20 for the same office or, in the case of a question of public
21 policy, such notice as will reasonably inform interested
22 persons of the time and place of the discovery proceedings,
23 the election authority shall examine the ballots, voting
24 machines, ballot cards, voter affidavits and applications for
25 ballot, test the automatic tabulating equipment, and count the
26 ballots, recorded votes, and ballot cards in the specified

1 election districts or precincts. At the request of any
2 candidate entitled to participate in the discovery
3 proceedings, the election authority shall also make available
4 for examination the ballot applications and voter affidavits
5 for the specified precincts. Each candidate affected by such
6 examination shall have the right to attend the same in person
7 or by his representative. In the case of a question of public
8 policy, the board shall permit an equal number of acknowledged
9 proponents and acknowledged opponents to attend the
10 examination.

11 On completion of the count of any ballots in each district
12 or precinct, the ballots shall be secured and sealed in the
13 same manner required of judges of election by Sections 7-54
14 and 17-20 of the Election Code. The handling of the ballots in
15 accord with this Section shall not of itself affect the
16 admissibility in evidence of the ballots in any other
17 proceedings, either legislative or judicial.

18 The results of the examination and count shall not be
19 certified, used to amend or change the abstracts of the votes
20 previously completed, used to deny the successful candidate
21 for the same office his certificate of nomination or election,
22 nor used to change the previously declared result of the vote
23 on a question of public policy. Such count shall not be binding
24 in an election contest brought about under the provisions of
25 the Election Code, shall not be a prerequisite to bringing
26 such an election contest, shall not prevent the bringing of

1 such an election contest, nor shall it affect the results of
2 the canvass previously proclaimed.

3 (Source: P.A. 94-647, eff. 1-1-06.)

4 (10 ILCS 5/23-23) (from Ch. 46, par. 23-23)

5 Sec. 23-23. The case shall be tried in like manner as other
6 civil cases, and may be heard and determined by the court at
7 any time not less than 10 days after service of process, or at
8 any time after the defendant is required by notification to
9 appear, and shall have preference in the order of hearing to
10 all other cases. The court may make and enforce all necessary
11 orders for the preservation and production of the ballots,
12 poll books, tally papers, returns, registers and other papers
13 or evidence that may bear upon the contest.

14 Whenever a petition for a recount has been filed as
15 provided in this Article, any opposing candidate or any
16 elector, under like provisions and in like manner may file a
17 petition within 10 days after the completion of the canvass of
18 the precincts specified in the petition for a further recount
19 of the votes cast in any or all of the balance of the precincts
20 in the county, municipality or other political subdivision, as
21 the case may be.

22 In event the court, in any such case, is of the opinion
23 that such action will expedite hearing and determination of
24 the contest, the court may refer the case to the election
25 authority to recount the ballots, to take testimony and other

1 evidence, to examine the election returns, to make a record of
2 all objections to be heard by the court that may be made to the
3 election returns or to any of them or to any ballots cast or
4 counted, and to take all necessary steps and do all necessary
5 things to determine the true and correct result of the
6 election and to make report thereof to the court. The election
7 authority shall have authority to count the ballots or cause
8 the same to be counted under its supervision and direction, to
9 conduct such hearing or hearings as may be necessary and
10 proper, to apply to the court in the manner provided by law for
11 the issuance of subpoenas or for any other appropriate order
12 or orders to compel the attendance of witnesses, and to take
13 such steps and perform such duties and acts in connection with
14 the conduct of any such hearing or hearings as may be
15 necessary. The election authority may, with the approval of
16 the court, employ such assistants as may be necessary and
17 proper to provide for counting the ballots, examining the
18 election returns and for taking all necessary steps and doing
19 all necessary things to determine the true and correct result
20 of the election under the direction and supervision of the
21 election authority. Upon the motion or application of the
22 election authority or of any party to the case, the court shall
23 require the party contesting the election to deposit moneys
24 with the court as security for costs as reasonably needed to
25 compensate the election authority for the costs incurred in
26 relation to the election contest. The money deposited for

1 security shall be taxed and allowed as costs to compensate the
2 election authority for the services of its assistants and for
3 reimbursement of expenses incurred by the election authority
4 in relation to the election contest. The election authority
5 shall not be required to undertake any work in furtherance of
6 the election contest until the necessary funds are deposited
7 with the court. Any money deposited as security for costs by a
8 petitioner contesting an election must be returned to the
9 petitioner if the judgment of the court is to annul the
10 election or to declare as elected someone other than the
11 person whose election is contested. The election authority
12 ~~shall receive such compensation for its services and such~~
13 ~~allowances for the services of its assistants and for~~
14 ~~reimbursement of expenses incurred by it as shall be approved~~
15 ~~by the court, and all such compensation and allowances when~~
16 ~~approved by the court shall be taxed and allowed as costs in~~
17 ~~such cause. The court may from time to time, upon the court's~~
18 ~~own motion or upon the application of the election authority~~
19 ~~or of any party to said cause, require the parties to the cause~~
20 ~~or any of them to deposit such amounts of money with the court~~
21 ~~as security for costs as the court may deem reasonable and~~
22 ~~proper.~~

23 ~~Any petitioner may amend his petition at any time before~~
24 ~~the completion of the recount by withdrawing his request for a~~
25 ~~recount of certain precincts, or by requesting a recount of~~
26 ~~additional specified precincts. The petitioner shall deposit~~

1 ~~er shall cause to be deposited, such amounts of money as the~~
2 ~~court may require as security for costs for such additional~~
3 ~~precincts as the court may deem reasonable and proper.~~

4 Any money deposited as security for costs by a petitioner
5 contesting an election must be returned to such petitioner if
6 the judgment of the court is to annul the election or to
7 declare as elected someone other than the person whose
8 election is contested.

9 Any money deposited as security for costs by a petitioner
10 in opposition to a petition contesting an election must be
11 returned to such petitioner if the judgment of the court is to
12 confirm the election or to declare as elected the person whose
13 election is contested.

14 (Source: P.A. 94-647, eff. 1-1-06.)

15 Section 15. The Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority
16 Act is amended by changing Section 14 as follows:

17 (70 ILCS 210/14) (from Ch. 85, par. 1234)

18 Sec. 14. Board; compensation. The governing and
19 administrative body of the Authority shall be a board known as
20 the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Board. On the effective
21 date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, the
22 Trustee shall assume the duties and powers of the Board for a
23 period of 18 months or until the Board is fully constituted,
24 whichever is later. Any action requiring Board approval shall

1 be deemed approved by the Board if the Trustee approves the
2 action in accordance with Section 14.5. Beginning the first
3 Monday of the month occurring 18 months after the effective
4 date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly and
5 until the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd
6 General Assembly, the Board shall consist of 9 members. On and
7 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd
8 General Assembly, the Board shall consist of 11 members. The
9 Governor shall appoint 5 members to the Board, subject to the
10 advice and consent of the Senate. The Mayor shall appoint 5
11 members to the Board. At least one member of the Board shall
12 represent the interests of labor, and at least one member of
13 the Board shall represent the interests of the convention
14 industry. A majority of the members appointed by the Governor
15 and Mayor shall appoint a ninth member to serve as the
16 chairperson until the chairperson's term expires on or after
17 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
18 Assembly, at which time, a majority of the members appointed
19 by the Governor and Mayor shall appoint an eleventh member to
20 serve as the chairperson. The Board shall be fully constituted
21 when a quorum has been appointed. The members of the board
22 shall be individuals of generally recognized ability and
23 integrity. No member of the Board may be (i) an officer or
24 employee of, or a member of a board, commission or authority
25 of, the State, any unit of local government or any school
26 district or (ii) a person who served on the Board prior to the

1 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General
2 Assembly.

3 Of the initial members appointed by the Governor, one
4 shall serve for a term expiring June 1, 2013, one shall serve
5 for a term expiring June 1, 2014, one shall serve for a term
6 expiring June 1, 2015, and one shall serve for a term expiring
7 June 1, 2016, as determined by the Governor. Of the initial
8 members appointed by the Mayor, one shall serve for a term
9 expiring June 1, 2013, one shall serve for a term expiring June
10 1, 2014, one shall serve for a term expiring June 1, 2015, and
11 one shall serve for a term expiring June 1, 2016, as determined
12 by the Mayor. The initial chairperson appointed by the Board
13 shall serve a term for a term expiring June 1, 2015. Additional
14 members of the Board appointed pursuant to this amendatory Act
15 of the 102nd General Assembly shall serve for a term expiring
16 on June 1, 2026. Successors shall be appointed to 4-year
17 terms.

18 Members of the Board shall serve without compensation, but
19 shall be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred by them in
20 the performance of their duties. All members of the Board and
21 employees of the Authority are subject to the Illinois
22 Governmental Ethics Act, in accordance with its terms.

23 For any member of the Board appointed after April 1, 2023
24 and before May 15, 2023, that Board membership position is
25 terminated 6 months after the effective date of this
26 amendatory Act of the 103rd General Assembly. Beginning

1 December 15, 2023, a new membership position to the Board is
2 created, which appointment shall be made by the Mayor. The
3 Mayor and Governor shall not have the authority to make an
4 appointment to the Board within the last 45 days of his or her
5 term, except when the Mayor or Governor is re-elected and that
6 re-election is certified by the relevant election authority.

7 (Source: P.A. 102-699, eff. 4-19-22; 102-1129, eff. 2-10-23.)

8 Section 20. The Park District Code is amended by changing
9 Sections 2-10a and 2-12a as follows:

10 (70 ILCS 1205/2-10a) (from Ch. 105, par. 2-10a)

11 Sec. 2-10a. Any district may provide by referendum, or by
12 resolution of the board, that the board shall be comprised of 7
13 commissioners. Any such referendum shall be initiated and held
14 in the same manner as is provided by the general election law.

15 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposition is in
16 favor of the 7-member board, or if the board adopts a
17 resolution stating that it is acting pursuant to this Section
18 in order to create a 7-member board, then whichever of the
19 following transition schedules are appropriate shall be
20 applied: At the election of commissioners next following by at
21 least 197 ~~60~~ days after the date on which the proposition to
22 create a 7-member board was approved at referendum or by
23 resolution, the number of commissioners to be elected shall be
24 2 more than the number that would otherwise have been elected.

1 If this results in the election, pursuant to Section 2-12 of
2 this Act, of 4 commissioners at that election, one of the 4, to
3 be determined by lot within 30 days after the election, shall
4 serve for a term of 4 years or 2 years as the case may be,
5 instead of 6 years, so that his term will expire in the same
6 year in which the term of only one of the incumbent
7 commissioners expires. Thereafter, all commissioners shall be
8 elected for 6-year terms as provided in Section 2-12. If the
9 creation of a 7-member board results in the election of either
10 3 or 4 commissioners, pursuant to Section 2-12a of this Act, at
11 that election, 2 of them, to be determined by lot within 30
12 days after the election, shall serve for terms of 2 years
13 instead of 4 years. Thereafter, all commissioners shall be
14 elected for 4-year terms as provided in Section 2-12a of this
15 Act.

16 In any district where a 7-member board has been created
17 pursuant to this Section whether by referendum or by
18 resolution, the number of commissioners may later be reduced
19 to 5, but only by a referendum initiated and held in the same
20 manner as prescribed in this Section for creating a 7-member
21 board. No proposition to reduce the number of commissioners
22 shall affect the terms of any commissioners holding office at
23 the time of the referendum or to be elected within 197 ~~60~~ days
24 after ~~of~~ the referendum. If a majority of the votes cast on the
25 proposition is in favor of reducing a 7-member board to a
26 5-member board, then, at the election of commissioners next

1 following by at least 197 ~~60~~ days after the date on which the
2 proposition was approved at referendum, the number of
3 commissioners to be elected shall be 2 less than the number
4 that would otherwise have been elected and whichever of the
5 following transition schedules are appropriate shall be
6 applied: (i) if this results in the election of no
7 commissioners for a 6-year term pursuant to Section 2-12 of
8 this Act, then at the next election in which 3 commissioners
9 are scheduled to be elected to 6-year terms as provided in
10 Section 2-12, one of the 3, to be determined by lot within 30
11 days after the election, shall serve for a term of 4 years or 2
12 years, as the case may be, instead of 6 years, so that his or
13 her term will expire in the same year in which the term of no
14 incumbent commissioner is scheduled to expire; thereafter, all
15 commissioners shall be elected for 6-year terms as provided in
16 Section 2-12; or (ii) if the reduction to a 5-member board
17 results in the election of one commissioner to a 4-year term,
18 pursuant to Section 2-12a of this Act, then at the next
19 election in which 4 commissioners are scheduled to be elected
20 to 4-year terms as provided in Section 2-12a, one of the 4, to
21 be determined by lot within 30 days after the election, shall
22 serve for a term of 2 years, instead of 4 years, so that his or
23 her term will expire in the same year in which the term of only
24 one incumbent commissioner is scheduled to expire; thereafter,
25 all commissioners shall be elected for 4-year terms as
26 provided in Section 2-12a.

1 (Source: P.A. 100-351, eff. 8-25-17.)

2 (70 ILCS 1205/2-12a) (from Ch. 105, par. 2-12a)

3 Sec. 2-12a. Any district may provide, either by resolution
4 of the board or by referendum, that the term of commissioners
5 shall be 4 years rather than 6 years. Any such referendum shall
6 be initiated and held in the same manner as is provided by the
7 general election law for public questions authorized by
8 Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

9 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposition is in
10 favor of a 4-year term for commissioners, or if the Board
11 adopts a resolution stating that it is acting pursuant to this
12 Section to change the term of office from 6 years to 4 years,
13 commissioners thereafter elected, commencing with the first
14 regular park district election at least 197 ~~60~~ days after the
15 date on which the proposition for 4-year terms was approved at
16 referendum or by resolution, shall be elected for a term of 4
17 years. In order to provide for the transition from 6-year
18 terms to 4-year terms:

19 (1) If 2 commissioners on a 5-member board are to be
20 elected at the first such election and if the term of only
21 one commissioner is scheduled to expire in the year of the
22 next election at which commissioners are elected, of the 2
23 commissioners elected, one shall serve a 2-year term and
24 one a 4-year term, to be determined by lot between the 2
25 persons elected within 30 days after the election.

1 (2) On a 7-member board under Section 2-10a, if the
2 terms of only 2 commissioners are scheduled to expire in
3 the year of the second election at which commissioners are
4 elected after the first regular park district election at
5 least 197 ~~60~~ days after the date on which the proposition
6 for 4-year terms was approved at referendum or by
7 resolution, then:

8 (A) if 3 commissioners are elected at the first
9 regular election, 2 of the commissioners elected shall
10 serve a 2-year term and one shall serve a 4-year term
11 to be determined by lot between persons elected within
12 30 days after the first election; or

13 (B) if 2 commissioners are elected at the first
14 regular election, those 2 commissioners elected shall
15 serve a 2-year term.

16 In any district where the board has created 4-year terms
17 pursuant to this Section, whether by referendum or by
18 resolution, the length of terms may later be increased to 6
19 years, but only by a referendum initiated and held in the same
20 manner as prescribed in this Section for creating 4-year
21 terms. No proposition to increase the terms of commissioners
22 shall affect any commissioner holding office at the time of
23 the referendum or to be elected within 197 ~~60~~ days after ~~of~~ the
24 referendum.

25 (Source: P.A. 101-58, eff. 7-12-19.)

1 Section 25. The School Code is amended by changing
2 Sections 24-2, 34-4.1, and 34-21.10 as follows:

3 (105 ILCS 5/24-2) (from Ch. 122, par. 24-2)

4 Sec. 24-2. Holidays.

5 (a) Teachers shall not be required to teach on Saturdays,
6 nor, except as provided in subsection (b) of this Section,
7 shall teachers or other school employees, other than
8 noncertificated school employees whose presence is necessary
9 because of an emergency or for the continued operation and
10 maintenance of school facilities or property, be required to
11 work on legal school holidays, which are January 1, New Year's
12 Day; the third Monday in January, the Birthday of Dr. Martin
13 Luther King, Jr.; February 12, the Birthday of President
14 Abraham Lincoln; the first Monday in March (to be known as
15 Casimir Pulaski's birthday); Good Friday; the day designated
16 as Memorial Day by federal law; June 19, Juneteenth National
17 Freedom Day; July 4, Independence Day; the first Monday in
18 September, Labor Day; the second Monday in October, Columbus
19 Day; November 11, Veterans' Day; the Thursday in November
20 commonly called Thanksgiving Day; and December 25, Christmas
21 Day. School boards may grant special holidays whenever in
22 their judgment such action is advisable. No deduction shall be
23 made from the time or compensation of a school employee on
24 account of any legal or special holiday.

25 (b) A school board or other entity eligible to apply for

1 waivers and modifications under Section 2-3.25g of this Code
2 is authorized to hold school or schedule teachers' institutes,
3 parent-teacher conferences, or staff development on the third
4 Monday in January (the Birthday of Dr. Martin Luther King,
5 Jr.); February 12 (the Birthday of President Abraham Lincoln);
6 the first Monday in March (known as Casimir Pulaski's
7 birthday); the second Monday in October (Columbus Day); and
8 November 11 (Veterans' Day), provided that:

9 (1) the person or persons honored by the holiday are
10 recognized through instructional activities conducted on
11 that day or, if the day is not used for student attendance,
12 on the first school day preceding or following that day;
13 and

14 (2) the entity that chooses to exercise this authority
15 first holds a public hearing about the proposal. The
16 entity shall provide notice preceding the public hearing
17 to both educators and parents. The notice shall set forth
18 the time, date, and place of the hearing, describe the
19 proposal, and indicate that the entity will take testimony
20 from educators and parents about the proposal.

21 (c) Commemorative holidays, which recognize specified
22 patriotic, civic, cultural or historical persons, activities,
23 or events, are regular school days. Commemorative holidays
24 are: January 17 (the birthday of Muhammad Ali), January 28 (to
25 be known as Christa McAuliffe Day and observed as a
26 commemoration of space exploration), February 15 (the birthday

1 of Susan B. Anthony), March 29 (Viet Nam War Veterans' Day),
2 September 11 (September 11th Day of Remembrance), the school
3 day immediately preceding Veterans' Day (Korean War Veterans'
4 Day), October 1 (Recycling Day), October 7 (Iraq and
5 Afghanistan Veterans Remembrance Day), December 7 (Pearl
6 Harbor Veterans' Day), and any day so appointed by the
7 President or Governor. School boards may establish
8 commemorative holidays whenever in their judgment such action
9 is advisable. School boards shall include instruction relative
10 to commemorated persons, activities, or events on the
11 commemorative holiday or at any other time during the school
12 year and at any point in the curriculum when such instruction
13 may be deemed appropriate. The State Board of Education shall
14 prepare and make available to school boards instructional
15 materials relative to commemorated persons, activities, or
16 events which may be used by school boards in conjunction with
17 any instruction provided pursuant to this paragraph.

18 (d) City of Chicago School District 299 shall observe
19 March 4 of each year as a commemorative holiday. This holiday
20 shall be known as Mayors' Day which shall be a day to
21 commemorate and be reminded of the past Chief Executive
22 Officers of the City of Chicago, and in particular the late
23 Mayor Richard J. Daley and the late Mayor Harold Washington.
24 If March 4 falls on a Saturday or Sunday, Mayors' Day shall be
25 observed on the following Monday.

26 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of State law to

1 the contrary, November 3, 2020 shall be a State holiday known
2 as 2020 General Election Day and shall be observed throughout
3 the State pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 101st General
4 Assembly. All government offices, with the exception of
5 election authorities, shall be closed unless authorized to be
6 used as a location for election day services or as a polling
7 place.

8 Notwithstanding any other provision of State law to the
9 contrary, November 8, 2022 shall be a State holiday known as
10 2022 General Election Day and shall be observed throughout the
11 State under Public Act 102-15.

12 Notwithstanding any other provision of State law to the
13 contrary, November 5, 2024 shall be a State holiday known as
14 2024 General Election Day and shall be observed throughout
15 this State pursuant to this amendatory Act of the 103rd
16 General Assembly.

17 (Source: P.A. 101-642, eff. 6-16-20; 102-14, eff. 1-1-22;
18 102-15, eff. 6-17-21; 102-334, eff. 8-9-21; 102-411, eff.
19 1-1-22; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22.)

20 (105 ILCS 5/34-4.1)

21 Sec. 34-4.1. Nomination petitions. In addition to the
22 requirements of the general election law, the form of
23 petitions under Section 34-4 of this Code shall be
24 substantially as follows:

25 NOMINATING PETITIONS

1 (LEAVE OUT THE INAPPLICABLE PART.)

2 To the Board of Election Commissioners for the City of
3 Chicago:

4 We the undersigned, being (.... or more) of the voters
5 residing within said district, hereby petition that who
6 resides at in the City of Chicago shall be a candidate for
7 the office of of the board of education (full term)
8 (vacancy) to be voted for at the election to be held on (insert
9 date).

10 Name: Address:

11 In the designation of the name of a candidate on a petition
12 for nomination, the candidate's given name or names, initial
13 or initials, a nickname by which the candidate is commonly
14 known, or a combination thereof may be used in addition to the
15 candidate's surname. If a candidate has changed his or her
16 name, whether by a statutory or common law procedure in
17 Illinois or any other jurisdiction, within 3 years before the
18 last day for filing the petition, then (i) the candidate's
19 name on the petition must be followed by "formerly known as
20 (list all prior names during the 3-year period) until name
21 changed on (list date of each such name change)" and (ii) the
22 petition must be accompanied by the candidate's affidavit
23 stating the candidate's previous names during the period
24 specified in clause (i) and the date or dates each of those
25 names was changed; failure to meet these requirements shall be
26 grounds for denying certification of the candidate's name for

1 the ballot, but these requirements do not apply to name
2 changes resulting from adoption to assume an adoptive parent's
3 or parents' surname, marriage to assume a spouse's surname, or
4 dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of
5 marriage to assume a former surname. No other designation,
6 such as a political slogan, as defined by Section 7-17 of the
7 Election Code, title or degree, or nickname suggesting or
8 implying possession of a title, degree or professional status,
9 or similar information may be used in connection with the
10 candidate's surname.

11 All petitions for the nomination of members of a board of
12 education shall be filed with the board of election
13 commissioners of the jurisdiction in which the principal
14 office of the school district is located ~~within the time~~
15 ~~provided for by the general election law, except that~~
16 ~~petitions for the nomination of members of the board of~~
17 ~~education for the 2024 general primary election shall be~~
18 ~~prepared and certified on the same schedule as the petition~~
19 ~~schedule for the candidates for the General Assembly.~~ The
20 board of election commissioners shall receive and file only
21 those petitions that include a statement of candidacy, the
22 required number of voter signatures, the notarized signature
23 of the petition circulator, and a receipt from the county
24 clerk showing that the candidate has filed a statement of
25 economic interest on or before the last day to file as required
26 by the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act. The board of election

1 commissioners may have petition forms available for issuance
2 to potential candidates and may give notice of the petition
3 filing period by publication in a newspaper of general
4 circulation within the school district not less than 10 days
5 prior to the first day of filing. The board of election
6 commissioners shall make certification to the proper election
7 authorities in accordance with the general election law.

8 The board of election commissioners of the jurisdiction in
9 which the principal office of the school district is located
10 shall notify the candidates for whom a petition for nomination
11 is filed or the appropriate committee of the obligations under
12 the Campaign Financing Act as provided in the general election
13 law. Such notice shall be given on a form prescribed by the
14 State Board of Elections and in accordance with the
15 requirements of the general election law. The board of
16 election commissioners shall within 7 days of filing or on the
17 last day for filing, whichever is earlier, acknowledge to the
18 petitioner in writing the office's acceptance of the petition.

19 A candidate for membership on the board of education who
20 has petitioned for nomination to fill a full term and to fill a
21 vacant term to be voted upon at the same election must withdraw
22 his or her petition for nomination from either the full term or
23 the vacant term by written declaration.

24 Nomination petitions are not valid unless the candidate
25 named therein files with the board of election commissioners a
26 receipt from the county clerk showing that the candidate has

1 filed a statement of economic interests as required by the
2 Illinois Governmental Ethics Act. Such receipt shall be so
3 filed either previously during the calendar year in which his
4 or her nomination papers were filed or within the period for
5 the filing of nomination papers in accordance with the general
6 election law.

7 (Source: P.A. 102-177, eff. 6-1-22; 102-691, eff. 12-17-21.)

8 (105 ILCS 5/34-21.10)

9 Sec. 34-21.10. Creation of electoral districts;
10 reapportionment of districts.

11 (a) For purposes of elections conducted pursuant to
12 subsection (b-5) of Section 34-3, the City of Chicago shall be
13 subdivided into 10 electoral districts for the 2024 elections
14 and into 20 electoral districts for the 2026 elections after
15 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
16 Assembly by the General Assembly for seats on the Chicago
17 Board of Education. The electoral districts must be drawn on
18 or before April 1, 2024 ~~July 1, 2023~~. Each district must be
19 compact, contiguous, and substantially equal in population and
20 consistent with the Illinois Voting Rights Act.

21 (b) In the year following each decennial census, the
22 General Assembly shall redistrict the electoral districts to
23 reflect the results of the decennial census consistent with
24 the requirements in subsection (a). The reapportionment plan
25 shall be completed and formally approved by the General

1 Assembly not less than 90 days before the last date
2 established by law for the filing of nominating petitions for
3 the second school board election after the decennial census
4 year. If by reapportionment a board member no longer resides
5 within the electoral district from which the member was
6 elected, the member shall continue to serve in office until
7 the expiration of the member's regular term. All new members
8 shall be elected from the electoral districts as
9 reapportioned.

10 (Source: P.A. 102-177, eff. 6-1-22; 102-691, eff. 12-17-21.)

11 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes
12 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text
13 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section
14 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does
15 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes
16 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other
17 Public Act.

18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
19 becoming law, except that the changes made to Section 3-6 of
20 the Election Code are effective January 1, 2024.