

1 VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY — CHAPTER

2 *An Act to amend and reenact §§ 9.1-101, 9.1-102, 15.2-1123.1, and 52-11.3 of the Code of Virginia and*
 3 *to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Title 2.2 a chapter numbered 55.4, consisting of a*
 4 *section numbered 2.2-5515, by adding a section numbered 15.2-1721.1, and by adding in Title 19.2*
 5 *a chapter numbered 7.1, consisting of sections numbered 19.2-83.3, 19.2-83.4, and 19.2-83.5,*
 6 *relating to acquisition and use of military property by law-enforcement agencies.*

7 [H 5049]

8 Approved

9 **Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:**

10 **1. That §§ 9.1-101, 9.1-102, 15.2-1123.1, and 52-11.3 of the Code of Virginia are amended and**
 11 **reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Title 2.2 a chapter numbered**
 12 **55.4, consisting of a section numbered 2.2-5515, by adding a section numbered 15.2-1721.1, and by**
 13 **adding in Title 19.2 a chapter numbered 7.1, consisting of sections numbered 19.2-83.3, 19.2-83.4,**
 14 **and 19.2-83.5, as follows:**

15 *CHAPTER 55.4.*16 *LIMITATION ON ACQUISITION OF MILITARY PROPERTY.*17 **§ 2.2-5515. Acquisition of military property.**

18 *A. No agency of the Commonwealth or director or chief executive of any agency or department*
 19 *employing law-enforcement officers as defined in § 9.1-101 shall acquire or purchase (i) weaponized*
 20 *unmanned aerial vehicles; (ii) aircraft that are configured for combat or are combat-coded and have no*
 21 *established commercial flight application; (iii) grenades or similar explosives or grenade launchers from*
 22 *a surplus program operated by the federal government; (iv) armored multi-wheeled vehicles that are*
 23 *mine-resistant, ambush-protected, and configured for combat, also known as MRAPs, from a surplus*
 24 *program operated by the federal government; (v) bayonets; (vi) firearms of .50 caliber or higher; (vii)*
 25 *ammunition of .50 caliber or higher; or (viii) weaponized tracked armored vehicles.*

26 *Nothing in this subsection shall restrict the acquisition or purchase of an armored high mobility*
 27 *multi-purpose wheeled vehicle, also known as HMMWVs, or preclude the seizure of any prohibited item*
 28 *in connection with a criminal investigation or proceeding or subject to a civil forfeiture. Any property*
 29 *obtained by seizure shall be disposed of at the conclusion of any investigation or as otherwise provided*
 30 *by law.*

31 *B. Any agency of the Commonwealth or director or chief executive of any agency or department*
 32 *employing law-enforcement officers as defined in § 9.1-101 that has previously acquired any item listed*
 33 *in subsection A is prohibited from using such items unless such agency, director, or chief executive has*
 34 *received a waiver to use such items from the Criminal Justice Services Board. Any waiver request made*
 35 *to the Criminal Justice Services Board, except a waiver request from the Department of State Police,*
 36 *shall be limited to special weapons and tactics unit or other equivalent unit use only. The Department of*
 37 *State Police may seek a waiver for any of its units. The Criminal Justice Services Board may grant a*
 38 *waiver upon a showing of good cause by the requesting agency, director, or chief executive that the*
 39 *continued use of the item that is the subject of the waiver request has a bona fide public safety purpose.*

40 *Any agency, director, or chief executive that has filed a waiver request with the Criminal Justice*
 41 *Services Board may continue to use such prohibited items while such waiver request is pending before*
 42 *the Criminal Justice Services Board. If such waiver request is denied, the agency, director, or chief*
 43 *executive that filed such waiver shall no longer use such prohibited item.*

44 *C. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the acquisition, purchase, or otherwise*
 45 *acceptance of any personal protective equipment, naloxone or other lifesaving medication, or any*
 46 *personal property that is not specifically prohibited pursuant to subsection A from the federal*
 47 *government.*

48 *D. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the Virginia National Guard or Virginia Defense*
 49 *Force.*

50 **§ 9.1-101. Definitions.**

51 *As used in this chapter or in Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, unless the context requires*
 52 *a different meaning:*

53 *"Administration of criminal justice" means performance of any activity directly involving the*
 54 *detection, apprehension, detention, pretrial release, post-trial release, prosecution, adjudication,*
 55 *correctional supervision, or rehabilitation of accused persons or criminal offenders or the collection,*
 56 *storage, and dissemination of criminal history record information.*

57 "Board" means the Criminal Justice Services Board.

58 "Conviction data" means information in the custody of any criminal justice agency relating to a
59 judgment of conviction, and the consequences arising therefrom, in any court.

60 "Correctional status information" means records and data concerning each condition of a convicted
61 person's custodial status, including probation, confinement, work release, study release, escape, or
62 termination of custody through expiration of sentence, parole, pardon, or court decision.

63 "Criminal history record information" means records and data collected by criminal justice agencies
64 on adult individuals consisting of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions,
65 indictments, informations, or other formal charges, and any disposition arising therefrom. The term shall
66 not include juvenile record information which is controlled by Chapter 11 (§ 16.1-226 et seq.) of Title
67 16.1, criminal justice intelligence information, criminal justice investigative information, or correctional
68 status information.

69 "Criminal justice agency" means (i) a court or any other governmental agency or subunit thereof
70 which as its principal function performs the administration of criminal justice and any other agency or
71 subunit thereof which performs criminal justice activities, but only to the extent that it does so; (ii) for
72 the purposes of Chapter 23 (§ 19.2-387 et seq.) of Title 19.2, any private corporation or agency which,
73 within the context of its criminal justice activities, employs special conservators of the peace appointed
74 under Chapter 2 (§ 19.2-12 et seq.) of Title 19.2, provided that (a) such private corporation or agency
75 requires its officers or special conservators to meet compulsory training standards established by the
76 Criminal Justice Services Board and submits reports of compliance with the training standards and (b)
77 the private corporation or agency complies with the provisions of Article 3 (§ 9.1-126 et seq.), but only
78 to the extent that the private corporation or agency so designated as a criminal justice agency performs
79 criminal justice activities; and (iii) the Office of the Attorney General, for all criminal justice activities
80 otherwise permitted under clause (i) and for the purpose of performing duties required by the Civil
81 Commitment of Sexually Violent Predators Act (§ 37.2-900 et seq.).

82 "Criminal justice agency" includes any program certified by the Commission on VASAP pursuant to
83 § 18.2-271.2.

84 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

85 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia Criminal Sentencing Commission.

86 "Criminal justice agency" includes the Virginia State Crime Commission.

87 "Criminal justice information system" means a system including the equipment, facilities, procedures,
88 agreements, and organizations thereof, for the collection, processing, preservation, or dissemination of
89 criminal history record information. The operations of the system may be performed manually or by
90 using electronic computers or other automated data processing equipment.

91 "Department" means the Department of Criminal Justice Services.

92 "Dissemination" means any transfer of information, whether orally, in writing, or by electronic
93 means. The term shall not include access to the information by officers or employees of a criminal
94 justice agency maintaining the information who have both a need and right to know the information.

95 "Law-enforcement officer" means any full-time or part-time employee of a police department or
96 sheriff's office which is a part of or administered by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision
97 thereof, or any full-time or part-time employee of a private police department, and who is responsible
98 for the prevention and detection of crime and the enforcement of the penal, traffic or highway laws of
99 the Commonwealth, and shall include any (i) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control
100 Authority; (ii) police agent appointed under the provisions of § 56-353; (iii) officer of the Virginia
101 Marine Police; (iv) conservation police officer who is a full-time sworn member of the enforcement
102 division of the Department of Wildlife Resources; (v) investigator who is a sworn member of the
103 security division of the Virginia Lottery; (vi) conservation officer of the Department of Conservation and
104 Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115; (vii) full-time sworn member of the enforcement
105 division of the Department of Motor Vehicles appointed pursuant to § 46.2-217; (viii) animal protection
106 police officer employed under § 15.2-632 or 15.2-836.1; (ix) campus police officer appointed under
107 Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1; (x) member of the investigations unit
108 designated by the State Inspector General pursuant to § 2.2-311 to investigate allegations of criminal
109 behavior affecting the operations of a state or nonstate agency; (xi) employee with internal investigations
110 authority designated by the Department of Corrections pursuant to subdivision 11 of § 53.1-10 or by the
111 Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to subdivision A 7 of § 66-3; or (xii) private police officer
112 employed by a private police department. Part-time employees are those compensated officers who are
113 not full-time employees as defined by the employing police department, sheriff's office, or private police
114 department.

115 "Private police department" means any police department, other than a department that employs
116 police agents under the provisions of § 56-353, that employs private police officers operated by an entity
117 authorized by statute or an act of assembly to establish a private police department or such entity's

118 successor in interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein. No entity is authorized
 119 to operate a private police department or represent that it is a private police department unless such
 120 entity has been authorized by statute or an act of assembly or such entity is the successor in interest of
 121 an entity that has been authorized pursuant to this section, provided it complies with the requirements
 122 set forth herein. The authority of a private police department shall be limited to real property owned,
 123 leased, or controlled by the entity and, if approved by the local chief of police or sheriff, any contiguous
 124 property; such authority shall not supersede the authority, duties, or jurisdiction vested by law with the
 125 local police department or sheriff's office including as provided in §§ 15.2-1609 and 15.2-1704. The
 126 chief of police or sheriff who is the chief local law-enforcement officer shall enter into a memorandum
 127 of understanding with the private police department that addresses the duties and responsibilities of the
 128 private police department and the chief law-enforcement officer in the conduct of criminal investigations.
 129 Private police departments and private police officers shall be subject to and comply with the
 130 Constitution of the United States; the Constitution of Virginia; the laws governing municipal police
 131 departments, including the provisions of §§ 9.1-600, 15.2-1705 through 15.2-1708, 15.2-1719, 15.2-1721,
 132 15.2-1721.1, and 15.2-1722; and any regulations adopted by the Board that the Department designates as
 133 applicable to private police departments. Any person employed as a private police officer pursuant to
 134 this section shall meet all requirements, including the minimum compulsory training requirements, for
 135 law-enforcement officers pursuant to this chapter. A private police officer is not entitled to benefits
 136 under the Line of Duty Act (§ 9.1-400 et seq.) or under the Virginia Retirement System, is not a
 137 "qualified law enforcement officer" or "qualified retired law enforcement officer" within the meaning of
 138 the federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B et seq., and shall not be deemed an
 139 employee of the Commonwealth or any locality. An authorized private police department may use the
 140 word "police" to describe its sworn officers and may join a regional criminal justice academy created
 141 pursuant to Article 5 (§ 15.2-1747 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2. Any private police department in
 142 existence on January 1, 2013, that was not otherwise established by statute or an act of assembly and
 143 whose status as a private police department was recognized by the Department at that time is hereby
 144 validated and may continue to operate as a private police department as may such entity's successor in
 145 interest, provided it complies with the requirements set forth herein.

146 "School resource officer" means a certified law-enforcement officer hired by the local
 147 law-enforcement agency to provide law-enforcement and security services to Virginia public elementary
 148 and secondary schools.

149 "School security officer" means an individual who is employed by the local school board or a private
 150 or religious school for the singular purpose of maintaining order and discipline, preventing crime,
 151 investigating violations of the policies of the school board or the private or religious school, and
 152 detaining students violating the law or the policies of the school board or the private or religious school
 153 on school property, school buses, or at school-sponsored events and who is responsible solely for
 154 ensuring the safety, security, and welfare of all students, faculty, staff, and visitors in the assigned
 155 school.

156 "Unapplied criminal history record information" means information pertaining to criminal offenses
 157 submitted to the Central Criminal Records Exchange that cannot be applied to the criminal history
 158 record of an arrested or convicted person (i) because such information is not supported by fingerprints
 159 or other accepted means of positive identification or (ii) due to an inconsistency, error, or omission
 160 within the content of the submitted information.

161 **§ 9.1-102. Powers and duties of the Board and the Department.**

162 The Department, under the direction of the Board, which shall be the policy-making body for
 163 carrying out the duties and powers hereunder, shall have the power and duty to:

164 1. Adopt regulations, pursuant to the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq.), for the
 165 administration of this chapter including the authority to require the submission of reports and
 166 information by law-enforcement officers within the Commonwealth. Any proposed regulations
 167 concerning the privacy, confidentiality, and security of criminal justice information shall be submitted
 168 for review and comment to any board, commission, or committee or other body which may be
 169 established by the General Assembly to regulate the privacy, confidentiality, and security of information
 170 collected and maintained by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

171 2. Establish compulsory minimum training standards subsequent to employment as a law-enforcement
 172 officer in (i) permanent positions, and (ii) temporary or probationary status, and establish the time
 173 required for completion of such training;

174 3. Establish minimum training standards and qualifications for certification and recertification for
 175 law-enforcement officers serving as field training officers;

176 4. Establish compulsory minimum curriculum requirements for in-service and advanced courses and
 177 programs for schools, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth, which are operated for the
 178 specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers;

179 5. Establish (i) compulsory minimum training standards for law-enforcement officers who utilize
180 radar or an electrical or microcomputer device to measure the speed of motor vehicles as provided in
181 § 46.2-882 and establish the time required for completion of the training and (ii) compulsory minimum
182 qualifications for certification and recertification of instructors who provide such training;

183 6. [Repealed];

184 7. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for those
185 persons designated to provide courthouse and courtroom security pursuant to the provisions of
186 § 53.1-120, and to establish the time required for completion of such training;

187 8. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service and advanced training standards for deputy
188 sheriffs designated to serve process pursuant to the provisions of § 8.01-293, and establish the time
189 required for the completion of such training;

190 9. Establish compulsory minimum entry-level, in-service, and advanced training standards, as well as
191 the time required for completion of such training, for persons employed as deputy sheriffs and jail
192 officers by local criminal justice agencies and correctional officers employed by the Department of
193 Corrections under the provisions of Title 53.1. For correctional officers employed by the Department of
194 Corrections, such standards shall include training on the general care of pregnant women, the impact of
195 restraints on pregnant inmates and fetuses, the impact of being placed in restrictive housing or solitary
196 confinement on pregnant inmates, and the impact of body cavity searches on pregnant inmates;

197 10. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all dispatchers employed by or in any local
198 or state government agency, whose duties include the dispatching of law-enforcement personnel. Such
199 training standards shall apply only to dispatchers hired on or after July 1, 1988;

200 11. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for all auxiliary police officers employed by or
201 in any local or state government agency. Such training shall be graduated and based on the type of
202 duties to be performed by the auxiliary police officers. Such training standards shall not apply to
203 auxiliary police officers exempt pursuant to § 15.2-1731;

204 12. Consult and cooperate with counties, municipalities, agencies of the Commonwealth, other state
205 and federal governmental agencies, and institutions of higher education within or outside the
206 Commonwealth, concerning the development of police training schools and programs or courses of
207 instruction;

208 13. Approve institutions, curricula and facilities, whether located in or outside the Commonwealth,
209 for school operation for the specific purpose of training law-enforcement officers; but this shall not
210 prevent the holding of any such school whether approved or not;

211 14. Establish and maintain police training programs through such agencies and institutions as the
212 Board deems appropriate;

213 15. Establish compulsory minimum qualifications of certification and recertification for instructors in
214 criminal justice training schools approved by the Department;

215 16. Conduct and stimulate research by public and private agencies which shall be designed to
216 improve police administration and law enforcement;

217 17. Make recommendations concerning any matter within its purview pursuant to this chapter;

218 18. Coordinate its activities with those of any interstate system for the exchange of criminal history
219 record information, nominate one or more of its members to serve upon the council or committee of any
220 such system, and participate when and as deemed appropriate in any such system's activities and
221 programs;

222 19. Conduct inquiries and investigations it deems appropriate to carry out its functions under this
223 chapter and, in conducting such inquiries and investigations, may require any criminal justice agency to
224 submit information, reports, and statistical data with respect to its policy and operation of information
225 systems or with respect to its collection, storage, dissemination, and usage of criminal history record
226 information and correctional status information, and such criminal justice agencies shall submit such
227 information, reports, and data as are reasonably required;

228 20. Conduct audits as required by § 9.1-131;

229 21. Conduct a continuing study and review of questions of individual privacy and confidentiality of
230 criminal history record information and correctional status information;

231 22. Advise criminal justice agencies and initiate educational programs for such agencies with respect
232 to matters of privacy, confidentiality, and security as they pertain to criminal history record information
233 and correctional status information;

234 23. Maintain a liaison with any board, commission, committee, or other body which may be
235 established by law, executive order, or resolution to regulate the privacy and security of information
236 collected by the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof;

237 24. Adopt regulations establishing guidelines and standards for the collection, storage, and
238 dissemination of criminal history record information and correctional status information, and the privacy,
239 confidentiality, and security thereof necessary to implement state and federal statutes, regulations, and

240 court orders;

241 25. Operate a statewide criminal justice research center, which shall maintain an integrated criminal
242 justice information system, produce reports, provide technical assistance to state and local criminal
243 justice data system users, and provide analysis and interpretation of criminal justice statistical
244 information;

245 26. Develop a comprehensive, statewide, long-range plan for strengthening and improving law
246 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice throughout the Commonwealth, and periodically
247 update that plan;

248 27. Cooperate with, and advise and assist, all agencies, departments, boards and institutions of the
249 Commonwealth, and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, including planning
250 district commissions, in planning, developing, and administering programs, projects, comprehensive
251 plans, and other activities for improving law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice
252 throughout the Commonwealth, including allocating and subgranting funds for these purposes;

253 28. Define, develop, organize, encourage, conduct, coordinate, and administer programs, projects and
254 activities for the Commonwealth and units of general local government, or combinations thereof, in the
255 Commonwealth, designed to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration of criminal
256 justice at every level throughout the Commonwealth;

257 29. Review and evaluate programs, projects, and activities, and recommend, where necessary,
258 revisions or alterations to such programs, projects, and activities for the purpose of improving law
259 enforcement and the administration of criminal justice;

260 30. Coordinate the activities and projects of the state departments, agencies, and boards of the
261 Commonwealth and of the units of general local government, or combination thereof, including planning
262 district commissions, relating to the preparation, adoption, administration, and implementation of
263 comprehensive plans to strengthen and improve law enforcement and the administration of criminal
264 justice;

265 31. Do all things necessary on behalf of the Commonwealth and its units of general local
266 government, to determine and secure benefits available under the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
267 Streets Act of 1968 (P.L. 90-351, 82 Stat. 197), as amended, and under any other federal acts and
268 programs for strengthening and improving law enforcement, the administration of criminal justice, and
269 delinquency prevention and control;

270 32. Receive, administer, and expend all funds and other assistance available to the Board and the
271 Department for carrying out the purposes of this chapter and the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
272 Streets Act of 1968, as amended;

273 33. Apply for and accept grants from the United States government or any other source in carrying
274 out the purposes of this chapter and accept any and all donations both real and personal, and grants of
275 money from any governmental unit or public agency, or from any institution, person, firm or
276 corporation, and may receive, utilize and dispose of the same. Any arrangements pursuant to this section
277 shall be detailed in the annual report of the Board. Such report shall include the identity of the donor,
278 the nature of the transaction, and the conditions, if any. Any moneys received pursuant to this section
279 shall be deposited in the state treasury to the account of the Department. To these ends, the Board shall
280 have the power to comply with conditions and execute such agreements as may be necessary;

281 34. Make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of
282 its duties and execution of its powers under this chapter, including but not limited to, contracts with the
283 United States, units of general local government or combinations thereof, in Virginia or other states, and
284 with agencies and departments of the Commonwealth;

285 35. Adopt and administer reasonable regulations for the planning and implementation of programs
286 and activities and for the allocation, expenditure and subgranting of funds available to the
287 Commonwealth and to units of general local government, and for carrying out the purposes of this
288 chapter and the powers and duties set forth herein;

289 36. Certify and decertify law-enforcement officers in accordance with §§ 15.2-1706 and 15.2-1707;

290 37. Establish training standards and publish and periodically update model policies for
291 law-enforcement personnel in the following subjects:

292 a. The handling of family abuse, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking cases, including
293 standards for determining the predominant physical aggressor in accordance with § 19.2-81.3. The
294 Department shall provide technical support and assistance to law-enforcement agencies in carrying out
295 the requirements set forth in subsection A of § 9.1-1301;

296 b. Communication with and facilitation of the safe return of individuals diagnosed with Alzheimer's
297 disease;

298 c. Sensitivity to and awareness of cultural diversity and the potential for biased policing;

299 d. Protocols for local and regional sexual assault response teams;

300 e. Communication of death notifications;

301 f. The questioning of individuals suspected of driving while intoxicated concerning the physical
302 location of such individual's last consumption of an alcoholic beverage and the communication of such
303 information to the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Authority;

304 g. Vehicle patrol duties that embody current best practices for pursuits and for responding to
305 emergency calls;

306 h. Criminal investigations that embody current best practices for conducting photographic and live
307 lineups;

308 i. Sensitivity to and awareness of human trafficking offenses and the identification of victims of
309 human trafficking offenses for personnel involved in criminal investigations or assigned to vehicle or
310 street patrol duties; and

311 j. Missing children, missing adults, and search and rescue protocol; and

312 k. *The handling and use of tear gas or other gases and kinetic impact munitions, as defined in*
313 *§ 19.2-83.3, that embody current best practices for using such items as a crowd control measure or*
314 *during an arrest or detention of another person;*

315 38. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training and the recertification of
316 law-enforcement officers to ensure sensitivity to and awareness of cultural diversity and the potential for
317 biased policing;

318 39. Review and evaluate community-policing programs in the Commonwealth, and recommend where
319 necessary statewide operating procedures, guidelines, and standards which strengthen and improve such
320 programs, including sensitivity to and awareness of cultural diversity and the potential for biased
321 policing;

322 40. Establish a Virginia Law-Enforcement Accreditation Center. The Center may, in cooperation with
323 Virginia law-enforcement agencies, provide technical assistance and administrative support, including
324 staffing, for the establishment of voluntary state law-enforcement accreditation standards. The Center
325 may provide accreditation assistance and training, resource material, and research into methods and
326 procedures that will assist the Virginia law-enforcement community efforts to obtain Virginia
327 accreditation status;

328 41. Promote community policing philosophy and practice throughout the Commonwealth by
329 providing community policing training and technical assistance statewide to all law-enforcement
330 agencies, community groups, public and private organizations and citizens; developing and distributing
331 innovative policing curricula and training tools on general community policing philosophy and practice
332 and contemporary critical issues facing Virginia communities; serving as a consultant to Virginia
333 organizations with specific community policing needs; facilitating continued development and
334 implementation of community policing programs statewide through discussion forums for community
335 policing leaders, development of law-enforcement instructors; promoting a statewide community policing
336 initiative; and serving as a statewide information source on the subject of community policing including,
337 but not limited to periodic newsletters, a website and an accessible lending library;

338 42. Establish, in consultation with the Department of Education and the Virginia State Crime
339 Commission, compulsory minimum standards for employment and job-entry and in-service training
340 curricula and certification requirements for school security officers, including school security officers
341 described in clause (b) of § 22.1-280.2:1, which training and certification shall be administered by the
342 Virginia Center for School and Campus Safety (VCSCS) pursuant to § 9.1-184. Such training standards
343 shall be specific to the role and responsibility of school security officers and shall include (i) relevant
344 state and federal laws; (ii) school and personal liability issues; (iii) security awareness in the school
345 environment; (iv) mediation and conflict resolution, including de-escalation techniques such as a physical
346 alternative to restraint; (v) disaster and emergency response; (vi) awareness of cultural diversity and
347 implicit bias; (vii) working with students with disabilities, mental health needs, substance abuse
348 disorders, and past traumatic experiences; and (viii) student behavioral dynamics, including child and
349 adolescent development and brain research. The Department shall establish an advisory committee
350 consisting of local school board representatives, principals, superintendents, and school security
351 personnel to assist in the development of the standards and certification requirements in this subdivision.
352 The Department shall require any school security officer who carries a firearm in the performance of his
353 duties to provide proof that he has completed a training course provided by a federal, state, or local
354 law-enforcement agency that includes training in active shooter emergency response, emergency
355 evacuation procedure, and threat assessment;

356 43. License and regulate property bail bondsmen and surety bail bondsmen in accordance with
357 Article 11 (§ 9.1-185 et seq.);

358 44. License and regulate bail enforcement agents in accordance with Article 12 (§ 9.1-186 et seq.);

359 45. In conjunction with the Virginia State Police and the State Compensation Board, advise criminal
360 justice agencies regarding the investigation, registration, and dissemination of information requirements
361 as they pertain to the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry Act (§ 9.1-900 et seq.);

362 46. Establish minimum standards for (i) employment, (ii) job-entry and in-service training curricula,
 363 and (iii) certification requirements for campus security officers. Such training standards shall include, but
 364 not be limited to, the role and responsibility of campus security officers, relevant state and federal laws,
 365 school and personal liability issues, security awareness in the campus environment, and disaster and
 366 emergency response. The Department shall provide technical support and assistance to campus police
 367 departments and campus security departments on the establishment and implementation of policies and
 368 procedures, including but not limited to: the management of such departments, investigatory procedures,
 369 judicial referrals, the establishment and management of databases for campus safety and security
 370 information sharing, and development of uniform record keeping for disciplinary records and statistics,
 371 such as campus crime logs, judicial referrals and Clery Act statistics. The Department shall establish an
 372 advisory committee consisting of college administrators, college police chiefs, college security
 373 department chiefs, and local law-enforcement officials to assist in the development of the standards and
 374 certification requirements and training pursuant to this subdivision;

375 47. Assess and report, in accordance with § 9.1-190, the crisis intervention team programs established
 376 pursuant to § 9.1-187;

377 48. In conjunction with the Office of the Attorney General, advise law-enforcement agencies and
 378 attorneys for the Commonwealth regarding the identification, investigation, and prosecution of human
 379 trafficking offenses using the common law and existing criminal statutes in the Code of Virginia;

380 49. Register tow truck drivers in accordance with § 46.2-116 and carry out the provisions of
 381 § 46.2-117;

382 50. Administer the activities of the Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Program Professional
 383 Standards Committee by providing technical assistance and administrative support, including staffing, for
 384 the Committee;

385 51. In accordance with § 9.1-102.1, design and approve the issuance of photo-identification cards to
 386 private security services registrants registered pursuant to Article 4 (§ 9.1-138 et seq.);

387 52. In consultation with the State Council of Higher Education for Virginia and the Virginia
 388 Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators, develop multidisciplinary curricula on
 389 trauma-informed sexual assault investigation;

390 53. In consultation with the Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, develop a
 391 model addiction recovery program that may be administered by sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, jail officers,
 392 administrators, or superintendents in any local or regional jail. Such program shall be based on any
 393 existing addiction recovery programs that are being administered by any local or regional jails in the
 394 Commonwealth. Participation in the model addiction recovery program shall be voluntary, and such
 395 program may address aspects of the recovery process, including medical and clinical recovery,
 396 peer-to-peer support, availability of mental health resources, family dynamics, and aftercare aspects of
 397 the recovery process;

398 54. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for certification and recertification of
 399 law-enforcement officers serving as school resource officers. Such training shall be specific to the role
 400 and responsibility of a law-enforcement officer working with students in a school environment and shall
 401 include (i) relevant state and federal laws; (ii) school and personal liability issues; (iii) security
 402 awareness in the school environment; (iv) mediation and conflict resolution, including de-escalation
 403 techniques; (v) disaster and emergency response; (vi) awareness of cultural diversity and implicit bias;
 404 (vii) working with students with disabilities, mental health needs, substance abuse disorders, or past
 405 traumatic experiences; and (viii) student behavioral dynamics, including current child and adolescent
 406 development and brain research;

407 55. Establish a model policy for the operation of body-worn camera systems as defined in
 408 § 15.2-1723.1 that also addresses the storage and maintenance of body-worn camera system records;

409 56. Establish compulsory minimum training standards for detector canine handlers employed by the
 410 Department of Corrections, standards for the training and retention of detector canines used by the
 411 Department of Corrections, and a central database on the performance and effectiveness of such detector
 412 canines that requires the Department of Corrections to submit comprehensive information on each canine
 413 handler and detector canine, including the number and types of calls and searches, substances searched
 414 for and whether or not detected, and the number of false positives, false negatives, true positives, and
 415 true negatives;

416 57. Establish compulsory training standards for basic training of law-enforcement officers for
 417 recognizing and managing stress, self-care techniques, and resiliency; ~~and~~

418 58. *Establish and administer a waiver process, in accordance with §§ 2.2-5515 and 15.2-1721.1, for*
 419 *law-enforcement agencies to use certain military property. Any waivers granted by the Criminal Justice*
 420 *Services Board shall be published by the Department on the Department's website; and*

421 59. Perform such other acts as may be necessary or convenient for the effective performance of its
 422 duties.

423 **§ 15.2-1123.1. Lynchburg Regional Airport police department.**

424 The City of Lynchburg may by ordinance establish an airport police department at the Lynchburg
 425 Regional Airport. The authority of the airport police department shall be limited to real property owned,
 426 leased, or controlled by the Airport. Such authority shall not supersede the authority, duties, or
 427 jurisdiction vested by law with the local police department or sheriff's office, including as provided in
 428 §§ 15.2-1609 and 15.2-1704. The airport police department and airport police officers shall be subject to
 429 and comply with the Constitution of the United States; the Constitution of Virginia; the laws governing
 430 municipal police departments, including the provisions of §§ 9.1-600, 15.2-1705 through 15.2-1708,
 431 15.2-1719, 15.2-1721, 15.2-1721.1, and 15.2-1722; and any regulations adopted by the Criminal Justice
 432 Services Board that the Department of Criminal Justice Services designates as applicable to private
 433 police departments. Any person employed as an airport police officer pursuant to this section shall meet
 434 all requirements, including the minimum compulsory training requirements, for law-enforcement officers
 435 pursuant to Chapter 1 (§ 9.1-100 et seq.) of Title 9.1. An airport police officer is not entitled to benefits
 436 under the Line of Duty Act (§ 9.1-400 et seq.) or under the Virginia Retirement System, is not a
 437 "qualified law-enforcement officer" or "qualified retired law-enforcement officer" within the meaning of
 438 the federal Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act, 18 U.S.C. § 926B et seq., and shall not be deemed an
 439 employee of the Commonwealth. The airport police department may use the word "police" to describe
 440 its sworn officers and may join a regional criminal justice academy created pursuant to Article 5
 441 (§ 15.2-1747 et seq.) of Chapter 17 of Title 15.2.

442 **§ 15.2-1721.1. Acquisition of military property by localities.**

443 A. No locality, sheriff, chief of police, or director or chief executive of any agency or department
 444 employing deputy sheriffs or law-enforcement officers as defined in § 9.1-101 or any public or private
 445 institution of higher education that has established a campus police department pursuant to Article 3
 446 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1 shall acquire or purchase (i) weaponized unmanned
 447 aerial vehicles; (ii) aircraft that are configured for combat or are combat-coded and have no
 448 established commercial flight application; (iii) grenades or similar explosives or grenade launchers from
 449 a surplus program operated by the federal government; (iv) armored multi-wheeled vehicles that are
 450 mine-resistant, ambush-protected, and configured for combat, also known as MRAPs, from a surplus
 451 program operated by the federal government; (v) bayonets; (vi) firearms of .50 caliber or higher; (vii)
 452 ammunition of .50 caliber or higher; or (viii) weaponized tracked armored vehicles.

453 Nothing in this subsection shall restrict the acquisition or purchase of an armored high mobility
 454 multi-purpose wheeled vehicle, also known as HMMWVs, or preclude the seizure of any prohibited item
 455 in connection with a criminal investigation or proceeding or subject to a civil forfeiture. Any property
 456 obtained by seizure shall be disposed of at the conclusion of any investigation or as otherwise provided
 457 by law.

458 B. Any locality, sheriff, chief of police, or director or chief executive of any agency or department
 459 employing deputy sheriffs or law-enforcement officers as defined in § 9.1-101 that has previously
 460 acquired any item listed in subsection A is prohibited from using such items unless such locality, sheriff,
 461 chief of police, or director or chief executive has received a waiver to use such items from the Criminal
 462 Justice Services Board. Any waiver request made to the Criminal Justice Services Board shall be limited
 463 to special weapons and tactics unit or other equivalent unit use only. The Criminal Justice Services
 464 Board may grant a waiver upon a showing of good cause by the requesting locality, sheriff, chief of
 465 police, or director or chief executive that the continued use of the item that is the subject of the waiver
 466 request has a bona fide public safety purpose.

467 Any locality, sheriff, chief of police, or director or chief executive that has filed a waiver request
 468 with the Criminal Justice Services Board may continue to use such prohibited items while such waiver
 469 request is pending before the Criminal Justice Services Board. If such waiver request is denied, the
 470 locality, sheriff, chief of police, or director or chief executive that filed such waiver shall no longer use
 471 such prohibited item.

472 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the acquisition, purchase, or otherwise
 473 acceptance of any personal protective equipment, naloxone or other lifesaving medication, or any
 474 personal property that is not specifically prohibited pursuant to subsection A from the federal
 475 government.

476 **CHAPTER 7.1.**

477 **LAW-ENFORCEMENT OFFICER CONDUCT DURING AN ARREST OR DETENTION.**

478 **§ 19.2-83.3. Definitions.**

479 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires a different meaning, "kinetic impact munitions"
 480 includes impact rounds and baton rounds, such as rubber batons, bean bag rounds, foam baton rounds,
 481 and plastic, wax, wood, or rubber-coated projectiles.

482 **§ 19.2-83.4. Prohibited practices for law-enforcement officers during an arrest or detention.**

483 The use of kinetic impact munitions by a law-enforcement officer is prohibited unless the use of

484 kinetic impact munitions is necessary to protect the law-enforcement officer or another person from
485 bodily injury.

486 **§ 19.2-83.5. Penalties for violations of this chapter.**

487 In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, any law-enforcement officer who knowingly
488 violates the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to disciplinary action, including dismissal,
489 demotion, suspension, or transfer of the law-enforcement officer or decertification as provided in
490 subsection D of § 15.2-1707.

491 **§ 52-11.3. Acquisition of military property.**

492 A. The Superintendent of State Police is authorized to apply for and accept grants or loans of
493 personal property from the United States U.S. Department of Defense for use in the law-enforcement
494 activities of the Department of State Police or any other law-enforcement agency of the Commonwealth
495 or its political subdivisions. In connection with the receipt of such property, the Department of State
496 Police and any other law-enforcement agency to which the property is transferred, may agree to hold the
497 United States government harmless against claims for damages arising out of the use of the property
498 received. Such other law-enforcement agencies may also agree to hold the Commonwealth harmless
499 against such claims.

500 B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A, the Superintendent shall not acquire or purchase
501 (i) weaponized unmanned aerial vehicles; (ii) aircraft that are configured for combat or are
502 combat-coded and have no established commercial flight application; (iii) grenades or similar explosives
503 or grenade launchers from a surplus program operated by the federal government; (iv) armored
504 multi-wheeled vehicles that are mine-resistant, ambush-protected, and configured for combat, also known
505 as MRAPs, from a surplus program operated by the federal government; (v) bayonets; (vi) firearms of
506 .50 caliber or higher; (vii) ammunition of .50 caliber or higher; or (viii) weaponized tracked armored
507 vehicles.

508 Nothing in this subsection shall restrict the acquisition or purchase of an armored high mobility
509 multi-purpose wheeled vehicle, also known as HMMWVs, or preclude the seizure of any prohibited item
510 in connection with a criminal investigation or proceeding or subject to a civil forfeiture. Any property
511 obtained by seizure shall be disposed of at the conclusion of any investigation or as otherwise provided
512 by law.

513 C. Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the acquisition, purchase, or otherwise
514 acceptance of any personal protective equipment, naloxone or other lifesaving medication, or any
515 personal property that is not specifically prohibited pursuant to subsection B from the federal
516 government.

517 **2. That the Department of Criminal Justice Services shall promulgate regulations to implement the**
518 **provisions of this act to be effective within 280 days of its enactment.**