1	FREE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
2 3	
4	The Free Conference Committee on HB 366 has met as provided in the Rules of the House
5 6	and Senate and hereby reports the following to be adopted:
7	
8 9	GAX SCSHCS
10 11	For the above-referenced bill, with these amendments (if applicable):
11 12 13	Committee (list by chamber and number):;
13 14 15	Floor (list by chamber and number):; and
16	The following Free Conference Committee action:
17	Beginning on page 1, after line 3, delete all language in its entirety and insert in lieu thereof
18	the following:
19	"→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF SUBCHAPTER 10 OF KRS CHAPTER 224 IS
20	CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
21	(1) There is hereby established in the State Treasury a trust and agency account to be known
22	as the Volkswagen settlement fund. The fund shall consist of moneys designated to the
23	Commonwealth from that settlement.
24	(2) The fund shall be administered by the Energy and Environment Cabinet.
25	(3) Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, fund amounts not expended at the close of the fiscal year
26	shall not lapse but shall be carried forward into the next fiscal year.
27	(4) Any interest earned from moneys deposited in the fund shall become a part of the fund
28	and shall not lapse.
29	→ Section 2. KRS 224.50-868 is amended to read as follows:
30	(1) (a) 1. Prior to July 1, 2018[Until June 30, 2018], a person purchasing a new motor
31	vehicle tire in Kentucky shall pay to the retailer a one dollar (\$1) fee at the time
32	of the purchase of that tire. The fee shall not be subject to the Kentucky sales

1			<u>tax.</u>			
2			2. Beginning July 1, 2018, but prior to July 1, 2020, a fee is hereby imposed			
3	upon a retailer at the rate of two dollars (\$2) for each new motor vehicle tire					
4			sold in Kentucky. The fee shall be subject to the Kentucky sales tax.			
5			3. A retailer may pass the fee imposed by this paragraph on to the purchaser of			
6			the new tire.			
7		<u>(b)</u>	A new tire is a tire that has never been placed on a motor vehicle wheel rim, but it is			
8			not a tire placed on a motor vehicle prior to its original retail sale or a recapped tire.			
9		<u>(c)</u>	The term "motor vehicle" as used in this section shall mean "motor vehicle" as			
10			defined in KRS 138.450.[The fee shall not be subject to the Kentucky sales tax.]			
11	(2)	Whe	en a <u>retailer sells</u> [person purchases] a new motor vehicle tire in Kentucky to replace			
12		anot	her tire, the tire that is replaced becomes a waste tire subject to the waste tire program.			
13	The <i>retailer shall encourage the purchaser of the new tire</i> [person purchasing the new					
14		motor vehicle tire shall be encouraged by the retailer] to leave the waste tire with the				
15		retai	ler or meet the following requirements:			
16		(a)	Dispose of the waste tire in accordance with KRS 224.50-856(1);			
17		(b)	Deliver the waste tire to a person registered in accordance with the waste tire			
18			program; or			
19		(c)	Reuse the waste tire for its original intended purpose or an agricultural purpose.			
20	(3)	<u>(a)</u>	A retailer shall report to the Department of Revenue on or before the twentieth day of			
21			each month the number of new motor vehicle tires sold during the preceding month			
22			and the number of waste tires received from customers that month.			
23		<u>(b)</u>	The report shall be filed on forms and contain information as the Department of			
24			Revenue may require.			
25		<u>(c)</u>	The retailer shall <i>be allowed to retain an amount equal to five percent (5%) of the</i>			
26			fees due provided the amount due is not delinguent at the time of payment [remit			
27			with the report ninety-five percent (95%) of the fees collected for the preceding			

1		month and may retain a five percent (5%) handling fee].			
2	(4)	A retailer shall:			
3		(a) Accept from the purchaser of a new tire, if offered, for each new motor vehicle tire			
4		sold, a waste tire of similar size and type; and			
5		(b) Post notice at the place where retail sales are made that state law requires:			
6		<u>1.</u> The retailer to accept, if offered, a waste tire for each new motor vehicle tire			
7		sold and that a person purchasing a new motor vehicle tire to replace another			
8		tire shall comply with subsection (2) of this section: and			
9		2. The two dollar (\$2) new tire fee is [the notice shall also include the following			
10		wording: "State law requires a new tire buyer to pay one dollar (\$1) for each			
11		new tire purchased. The money is collected and] used by the state to oversee the			
12		management of waste tires, including cleaning up abandoned waste tire piles			
13		and preventing illegal dumping of waste tires.["]			
14	(5)	A retailer shall comply with the requirements of the recordkeeping system for waste tires			
15		established by KRS 224.50-874.			
16	(6)	A retailer shall transfer waste tires only to a person who presents a letter from the cabinet			
17		approving the registration issued under KRS 224.50-858 or a copy of a solid waste disposal			
18		facility permit issued by the cabinet, unless the retailer is delivering the waste tires to a			
19		destination outside Kentucky and the waste tires will remain in the retailer's possession			
20		until they reach that destination.			
21	(7)	The cabinet shall, in conjunction with the Waste Tire Working Group, develop the			
22		informational fact sheet to be made publicly available on the cabinet's Web site and			
23		available in print upon request. The fact sheet shall identify ways to properly dispose of the			
24		waste tire and present information on the problems caused by improper waste tire disposal.			
25		→Section 3. KRS 157.621 is amended to read as follows:			
26	(1)	In addition to the levy required by KRS 157.440(1)(b) to participate in the Facilities			
27		Support Program of Kentucky, local school districts that have made the levy required by			

KRS 157.440(1)(b) are authorized to levy the following additional equivalent rates to
 support debt service, new facilities, or major renovations of existing school facilities, which
 levies shall not be subject to recall under any provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes,
 or to voter approval under the provisions of KRS 157.440(2):

- 1. Prior to April 24, 2008, local school districts that have experienced student 5 (a) population growth during a five (5) year period may levy an additional five 6 7 cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate for debt service and new facilities. The tax rate 8 levied by the district under this provision shall not be equalized by state 9 funding, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection. Any levy 10 imposed under this paragraph prior to April 24, 2008, by a local school district 11 shall continue until removed by the local school district.
- 12 2. A local school district shall meet the following criteria in order to levy the tax13 provided in subparagraph 1. of this paragraph:
- 14a.Growth of at least one hundred fifty (150) students in average daily15attendance and three percent (3%) overall growth for the five (5)16preceding years;
- b. Bonded debt to the maximum capability of at least eighty percent (80%)
 of capital outlay from the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky
 funding program, all revenue from the local facility tax, and all receipts
 from state equalization on the local facility tax;
- 21 c. Current student enrollment in excess of available classroom space; and
- 22d.A local school facility plan that has been approved by the Kentucky Board23of Education and certified to the School Facilities Construction24Commission;
- (b) 1. In addition to the levy authorized by paragraph (a) of this subsection, a local
 school district may levy an additional five cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate under
 the same terms and conditions established by paragraph (a) of this subsection

1		beginning in fiscal year 2003-2004 if the levy was made prior to April 24, 2008,
2		and if the local school district:
3		a. Levied the five cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate authorized by paragraph (a)
4		of this subsection; and
5		b. Still meets the requirements established by paragraph (a)2. of this
6		subsection.
7	2.	Any school district that imposes both the levy authorized by paragraph (a) of
8		this subsection and the additional levy authorized by subparagraph 1. of this
9		paragraph shall receive equalization funding from the state for the levy imposed
10		by paragraph (a) of this subsection beginning in fiscal year 2003-2004.
11		Equalization shall be provided at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the
12		statewide average per pupil assessment, subject to the provision of funding by
13		the General Assembly. Equalization funds shall be used as provided in KRS
14		157.440(1)(b).
15	3.	Any levy imposed under this paragraph prior to April 24, 2008, by a local
16		school district shall continue until removed by the local school district; and
17	(c) 1.	A local school district that meets the following conditions may levy an
18		additional five cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate on and after April 24, 2008:
19		a. The local school district is located in a county that will have more students
20		as a direct result of the new mission established for Fort Knox by the Base
21		Realignment and Closure (BRAC) 2005 issued by the United States
22		Department of Defense pursuant to the Defense Base Closure and
23		Realignment Act of 1990, Pub. L. No. 100-526, Part A of Title XXIX of
24		104 Stat. 1808, 10 U.S.C. sec. 2687 note; and
25		b. The commissioner of education has determined, based upon the
26		presentation of credible data, that the projected increased number of
27		students is sufficient to require new facilities or the major renovation of

existing facilities to accommodate the new students, and has approved the imposition of the additional levy.

- 3 2. Any local school district that imposes both the levy authorized by paragraph (a) 4 of this subsection and the additional levy authorized by subparagraph 1. of this 5 paragraph, and that has not received equalization funding under subsection (2) or (3) of this section, shall receive equalization funding from the state for the 6 7 levy imposed by paragraph (a) of this subsection beginning in the fiscal year 8 following the fiscal year in which the levy authorized by subparagraph 1. of this 9 paragraph is imposed. Equalization shall be provided at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil assessment, subject to the 10 11 provision of funding by the General Assembly. Equalization funds shall be used 12 as provided in KRS 157.440(1)(b).
- Any levy imposed under this paragraph by a local school district shall continue
 until removed by the local school district.

15 (2) (a) Any local school district that, prior to April 27, 2016, levied an equivalent rate that:

16 1. Was subject to recall at the time it was levied; and

- 17
 2. Included a rate of at least five cents (\$0.05) equivalent rate for the purpose of
 18 debt service for school construction or major renovation of existing school
 19 facilities;
- shall be eligible for retroactive equalization from the state for that levy at one hundred
 fifty percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil assessment beginning in fiscal
 year 2003-2004, subject to the fiscal condition of the Commonwealth and the
 provision of funding by the General Assembly. Equalization funds shall be used as
 provided in KRS 157.440(1)(b).
- (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that for levies described in this subsection that
 are imposed on or after April 27, 2016, equalization funds, if provided by the General
 Assembly, shall terminate upon the earlier of June 30, 2038, or the date the bonds for

1			the local school district supported by this equalization funding are retired.			
2		Equalization shall be subject to the fiscal condition of the Commonwealth and the				
3		provision of funding by the General Assembly.				
4	(3)	Any	local school district that:			
5		(a)	Levied an equivalent tax rate as of April 24, 2008, that included at least ten cents			
6			(\$0.10) that was devoted to building purposes, or that had debt service corresponding			
7			to a ten cents (\$0.10) equivalent rate;			
8		(b)	Did not receive equalized growth funding pursuant to subsection (1)(b)2. of this			
9			section; and			
10		(c)	Has been approved by the commissioner of education;			
11		shall	l be eligible for equalization from the state for that levy at one hundred fifty percent			
12		(150	0%) of the statewide average per pupil assessment beginning in fiscal year 2005-2006,			
13		subj	ect to the provision of funding by the General Assembly. Equalization funds shall be			
14		used	as provided in KRS 157.440(1)(b). Equalization funds shall be available to a local			
15		school district pursuant to this subsection until the earlier of June 30, 2038[2025], or the				
16		date	date the bonds for the local school district supported by this equalization funding are			
17		retir	ed.			
18	(4)	(a)	Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any local school district			
19			receiving equalization funding prior to April 27, 2016, related to an equivalent rate			
20			levy described in subsection (1), (2), (3), or (5) of this section shall continue to			
21			receive the equalization funding related to the applicable equivalent rate levy, subject			
22			to the limitations established by subsections (1), (2), (3), and (5) of this section, and			
23			subject to the fiscal condition of the Commonwealth and the provision of funding by			
24			the General Assembly, until amended by subsequent action of the General Assembly.			
25			A local school district described in this paragraph shall not be eligible to receive			
26			equalization for any additional equivalent rate levies made by it on or after April 27,			
27			2016.			

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1		(b)	Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any local school district that has			
2			imposed an equivalent rate levy described in subsection (1)(a) or (b) or (2) of this			
3			section prior to April 27, 2016, that qualifies for equalization but that has not yet			
4			received equalization funding shall be eligible for equalization funding as provided in			
5			subsection (1)(a) or (b) or (2) of this section, subject to the provision of funding by			
6			the General Assembly.			
7		(c)	On and after April 24, 2008, a local school district not included in paragraph (a) or (b)			
8			of this subsection shall be prohibited from imposing an equivalent rate levy under the			
9			provisions of subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section, and shall not be eligible for			
10			equalization funding under the provisions of this section.			
11		(d)	On and after April 24, 2008, a local school district meeting the requirements of			
12			subsection (1)(c) of this section may impose the levy authorized by subsection (1)(c)			
13			of this section, and shall qualify for equalization as provided in subsection (1)(c) of			
14			this section, subject to the provision of funding by the General Assembly.			
15	(5)	(a)	Any local school district that:			
16			1. Had school facilities classified as Category 5 on May 18, 2010, by the Kentucky			
17			Department of Education; and			
18			2. Levied an additional five cents (\$0.05) equivalent tax rate prior to April 27,			
19			2016, for debt service, new construction, and major renovation beyond the five			
20			cents (\$0.05) equivalent tax rate required by KRS 157.440(1)(b), except as			
21			provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection;			
22			shall be eligible for equalization from the state for that levy at one hundred fifty			
23			percent (150%) of the statewide average per pupil assessment beginning in the fiscal			
24			year following the fiscal year in which the levy was imposed. This levy shall be			
25			subject to the recall provisions of KRS 132.017.			
26		(b)	School districts that levied a five cents (\$0.05) equivalent tax rate for debt service,			
27			new construction, and major renovation, beyond the rate required by KRS			

157.440(1)(b) prior to May 18, 2010, shall not be required to levy an additional tax to receive the equalization funds provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

- 3 (c) If the school district utilizes the equalization funds to support a bond issue for
 4 construction purposes, equalization funds shall be provided until the earlier of twenty
 5 (20) years or date the bonds are retired.
- 6 (d) In the event that a school district receives funding pursuant to this subsection to 7 support construction of a new school facility and subsequently, as a result of 8 litigation, receives funding for the same facility for which state funds were provided, 9 that school district shall reimburse the Commonwealth an amount equal to the 10 amount provided under paragraph (a) of this subsection. Any funds received in this 11 manner shall be deposited in the budget reserve trust fund account established in KRS 12 48.705.
- 13 → Section 4. KRS 158.441 is amended to read as follows:

14 As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

"Intervention services" means any preventive, developmental, corrective, supportive 15 (1)16 services or treatment provided to a student who is at risk of school failure, is at risk of 17 participation in violent behavior or juvenile crime, or has been expelled from the school 18 district. Services may include, but are not limited to, screening to identify students at risk 19 for emotional disabilities and antisocial behavior; direct instruction in academic, social, 20 problem solving, and conflict resolution skills; alternative educational programs; 21 psychological services; identification and assessment of abilities; counseling services; 22 medical services; day treatment; family services; work and community service programs;

- (2) "School resource officer" means a sworn law enforcement officer who has specialized
 training to work with youth at a school site. The school resource officer shall be employed:
- 25 (*a*) Through a contract between a local law enforcement agency and a school district; *or*
- 26

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- (b) Through a contract as secondary employment for an officer, as defined in KRS
- 16.010, between the Department of Kentucky State Police and a school district; and

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- (3) "School security officer" means a person employed by a local board of education who has
 been appointed a special law enforcement officer pursuant to KRS 61.902 and who has
- 3

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→ Section 5. KRS 157.410 is amended to read as follows:

specialized training to work with youth at a school site.

5 For each school year the Finance and Administration Cabinet, on the certification of the chief 6 state school officer, shall draw warrants on the State Treasurer for the amount of the public 7 school fund due each district. Checks shall be issued by the State Treasurer and transmitted to the 8 Department of Education or electronically transferred for distribution to the proper officials of 9 the school districts when the districts have fully complied with the school laws and administrative regulations of the Kentucky Board of Education. The chief state school officer 10 11 shall determine on or before August 15 of each year the tentative allotment of school funds to 12 which each district is entitled under the provisions of KRS 157.310 to 157.440. On July 1, 13 August 1, and September 1, of each fiscal year, one-twelfth (1/12) of the prior year's allotment 14 minus the capital outlay shall be paid each school district. On the first of each month thereafter 15 until the final calculation is completed, one-twelfth (1/12) of each district's share of the tentative 16 calculation minus capital outlay shall be distributed. On or before *March*[May] 1 of each year the 17 chief state school officer shall determine the exact amount of the public common school fund to 18 which each district is entitled and the remainder of the amount due each district for the year shall 19 be distributed in equal installments beginning the first month after completion of final calculation 20 and for each successive month thereafter.

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Section 6. KRS 160.463 is amended to read as follows: \blacksquare

- 22 (1) The school board of each public school system[in any county having 300,000 or more
 23 inhabitants] shall direct its superintendent to publish <u>the complete annual financial</u>
 24 statement and the school report card[, in full,] annually:[,]
- 25 (a) In the newspaper of the largest general circulation in the county: [,]
- 26 (b) Electronically on a Web site of the school district; or
- 27 (c) By printed copy at a prearranged site at the main branch of the public library

1		within the school district.			
2	(2)	If publication on a Web site of the school district or by printed copy at the public library			
3		is chosen, the superintendent shall be directed to publish notification in the newspaper of			
4		the largest circulation in the county as to the location where the document can be viewed			
5		by the public.			
6	<u>(3)</u>	The notification shall include the address of the library or the electronic address of the			
7		Web site where the documents can be viewed[the annual financial statements of the school			
8		system audited by certified public accountants or an accountant approved by the State			
9		Department of Education].			
10	<u>(4)</u>	Each system's financial statements shall be prepared and presented on a basis consistent			
11		with that of the other systems.			
12		→ Section 7. KRS 160.431 is amended to read as follows:			
13	(1)	The local district superintendent shall appoint a finance officer who shall be responsible for			
14		the cash, investment, and financial management of the school district.			
15	(2)	(a) A person initially employed as a school finance officer on or after July 1, 2015, shall			
16		obtain certification from the Department of Education prior to holding the position			
17		and entering the duties of the position of school finance officer.			
18		(b) The Kentucky Board of Education shall promulgate administrative regulations to			
19		prescribe the criteria and procedures to be used in the certification process for a			
20		school finance officer.			
21		(c) The administrative regulations promulgated under this subsection shall specify:			
22		1. The initial qualification requirements for school finance officer certification;			
23		2. The certification application and appeal process; and			
24		3. The certification renewal process.			
25	(3)	The school finance officer shall be required to complete forty-two (42) hours of continuing			
26		education every two (2) years from a provider approved by the Department of Education.			
27		The Kentucky Board of Education shall promulgate administrative regulations to identify			

1		and	prescribe the criteria for fulfilling the requirements of this subsection. The			
2		adm	inistrative regulations shall specify:			
3		(a)	The topics of continuing education;			
4		(b)	Qualifications for continuing education providers;			
5		(c)	Consequences for failure to meet the continuing education requirement; and			
6		(d)	Requirements for reinstatement of school finance officer certification.			
7	(4)	(a)	The finance officer shall present a detailed monthly financial report for board			
8			approval to include the previous month's revenues and expenditures of the district.			
9			The monthly report shall be posted on the district's Web site for a minimum of six (6)			
10			months after its approval.			
11		(b)	Within six (6) months following the end of each fiscal year, the finance officer shall			
12			submit to the Kentucky Department of Education a detailed annual financial report to			
13			include the district's total assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. The annual			
14			report shall be posted on the district's Web site and department's Web site for a			
15			minimum of two (2) years.			
16		(c)	1. The Department of Education shall review each district's annual financial report			
17			and shall provide, within two (2) months of receipt, the local board of education			
18			a written report indicating the financial status of the district. The department's			
19			written report shall be posted on the department's Web site and the district's			
20			Web site for a minimum of two (2) years.			
21			2. The commissioner of education shall annually present to the Interim Joint			
22			Committee on Education a copy of the department's written report for each			
23			district.			
24		(d)	Nothing in this subsection shall lessen the obligation of a school district to publish its			
25			financial statements in accordance with the provisions of Section 6 of this Act[KRS			
26			424.220] .			
27		⇒Se	ection 8. KRS 424.220 is amended to read as follows:			

1 (1)Excepting officers of a city of the first class or a consolidated local government, a county 2 containing such a city or consolidated local government, a public agency of such a city, 3 consolidated local government, or county, or a joint agency of such a city, consolidated 4 local government, and county, or of a school district of such a city, consolidated local 5 government, or county, and excepting officers of a city with a population equal to or greater 6 than twenty thousand (20,000) based upon the most recent federal decennial census or an 7 urban-county government, every public officer of any school district.] city, consolidated 8 local government, county, or subdivision, or district less than a county, whose duty it is to 9 collect, receive, have the custody, control, or disbursement of public funds, and every 10 officer of any board or commission of a city, consolidated local government, county, or 11 district whose duty it is to collect, receive, have the custody, control, or disbursement of 12 funds collected from the public in the form of rates, charges, or assessments for services or 13 benefits, shall at the expiration of each fiscal year prepare an itemized, sworn statement of 14 the funds collected, received, held, or disbursed by him during the fiscal year just closed, 15 unless he has complied with KRS 424.230. Pursuant to subsections (2) and (3) of KRS 16 91A.040, each city with a population of less than one thousand (1,000) based upon the most 17 recent federal decennial census shall prepare an itemized, sworn statement of the funds 18 collected, received, held, or disbursed by the city which complies with the provisions of 19 this section.

20 The statement shall show: (2)

- 21 The total amount of funds collected and received during the fiscal year from each (a) 22 individual source; and
- 23 (b) The total amount of funds disbursed during the fiscal year to each individual payee. 24 The list shall include only aggregate amounts to vendors exceeding one thousand 25 dollars (\$1,000).
- Only the totals of amounts paid to each individual as salary or commission and public 26 (3)27 utility bills shall be shown. The amount of salaries paid to all nonelected county employees

shall be shown as lump-sum expenditures by category, including but not limited to road
 department, jails, solid waste, public safety, and administrative personnel.

3 (4) The financial reporting and publishing requirements for a school district are provided in 4 Section 6 of this Act[The amount of salaries paid to all teachers shall be shown as a lump-5 sum instructional expenditure for the school district and not by amount paid to individual 6 teachers. The amount of salaries paid to all other employees of the board shall be shown as 7 lump sum expenditures by category, including but not limited to administrative, 8 maintenance, transportation, and food service. The local board of education and the fiscal 9 court shall have accessible a factual list of individual salaries for public scrutiny and the 10 local board and the fiscal court shall furnish by mail a factual list of individual salaries of 11 its employees to a newspaper qualified under KRS 424.120 to publish advertisements for 12 the district, which newspaper may then publish as a news item the individual salaries of 13 school or county employees].

14 (5) The officer shall procure and include in or attach to the financial statement, as a part 15 thereof, a certificate from the cashier or other proper officer of the banks in which the funds 16 are or have been deposited during the past year, showing the balance, if any, of funds to the 17 credit of the officer making the statement.

- The officer shall, except in a city publishing its audit in accordance with KRS 18 (6) (a) 19 91A.040(6), within sixty (60) days after the close of the fiscal year cause the financial 20 statement to be published in full in a newspaper qualified under KRS 424.120 to 21 publish advertisements for the city, county, or district, as the case may be. Promptly 22 after the publication is made, the officer shall file a written or printed copy of the advertisement with proof of publication, in the office of the county clerk of the county 23 24 and with the Auditor of Public Accounts.
- 25 (b) The appropriate officer of a city that has not conducted an annual audit under the 26 provisions of KRS 91A.040(2) or (3) may publish a legal display advertisement 27 meeting the requirements of subsection (7)(b) of this section which shall satisfy the

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1		publication requirements set out in paragraph (a) of this subsection.		
2	(7)	In lieu of the publication requirements of subsection (6) of this section, the appropriate		
3		officer of a city, including the appropriate officer of any municipally owned electric, gas, or		
4		water system, shall elect to satisfy the requirements of subsection (6) of this section by:		
5		(a) Publishing an audit report in accordance with KRS 91A.040(6); and		
6		(b) Publishing a legal display advertisement of not less than six (6) column inches in a		
7		newspaper qualified under KRS 424.120 that the statement required by subsection (1)		
8		of this section has been prepared and that copies have been provided to each local		
9		newspaper of general circulation, each news service, and each local radio and		
10		television station which has on file with the city a written request to be provided a		
11		statement. The advertisement shall be published within ninety (90) days after the		
12		close of the fiscal year.		
13	(8)	The appropriate officer of a county shall satisfy the requirements of subsection (6) of this		
14		section by publishing the county's audit, prepared in accordance with KRS 43.070 or		
15		64.810, in the same manner that city audits are published in accordance with KRS		
16		91A.040(6).		
17		→ Section 9. KRS 278.020 is amended to read as follows:		
18	(1)	(a) No person, partnership, public or private corporation, or combination thereof shall		
19		commence providing utility service to or for the public or begin the construction of		
20		any plant, equipment, property, or facility for furnishing to the public any of the		
21		services enumerated in KRS 278.010, except:		
22		<u>1.</u> Retail electric suppliers for service connections to electric-consuming facilities		
23		located within its certified territory and ordinary extensions of existing systems		
24		in the usual course of business: or		
25		2. A water district created under KRS Chapter 74 or a water association formed		
26		under KRS Chapter 273 that undertakes a waterline extension or		
27		improvement project if the water district or water association is a Class A or		

1		<u>B utility as defined in the uniform system of accounts established by the</u>			
2		commission according to KRS 278.220 and:			
3		a. The water line extension or improvement project will not cost more than			
4		five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000); or			
5		b. The water district or water association will not, as a result of the water			
6		line extension or improvement project, incur obligations requiring			
7		commission approval as required by KRS 278.300.			
8		In either case, the water district or water association shall not, as a result of			
9		the water line extension or improvement project, increase rates to its			
10		<u>customers;[,]</u>			
11		until that person has obtained from the Public Service Commission a certificate that			
12		public convenience and necessity require the service or construction.			
13	<u>(b)</u>	Upon the filing of an application for a certificate, and after any public hearing which			
14		the commission may in its discretion conduct for all interested parties, the			
15		commission may issue or refuse to issue the certificate, or issue it in part and refuse it			
16		in part, except that the commission shall not refuse or modify an application			
17		submitted under KRS 278.023 without consent by the parties to the agreement.			
18	<u>(c)</u>	The commission, when considering an application for a certificate to construct a base			
19		load electric generating facility, may consider the policy of the General Assembly to			
20		foster and encourage use of Kentucky coal by electric utilities serving the			
21		Commonwealth.			
22	<u>(d)</u>	The commission, when considering an application for a certificate to construct an			
23		electric transmission line, may consider the interstate benefits expected to be achieved			
24		by the proposed construction or modification of electric transmission facilities in the			
25		Commonwealth.			
26	<u>(e)</u>	Unless exercised within one (1) year from the grant thereof, exclusive of any delay			
27		due to the order of any court or failure to obtain any necessary grant or consent, the			

1 authority conferred by the issuance of the certificate of convenience and necessity 2 shall be void, but the beginning of any new construction or facility in good faith 3 within the time prescribed by the commission and the prosecution thereof with 4 reasonable diligence shall constitute an exercise of authority under the certificate. 5 (2)For the purposes of this section, construction of any electric transmission line of one 6 hundred thirty-eight (138) kilovolts or more and of more than five thousand two hundred 7 eighty (5,280) feet in length shall not be considered an ordinary extension of an existing 8 system in the usual course of business and shall require a certificate of public convenience 9 and necessity. However, ordinary extensions of existing systems in the usual course of

10 business not requiring such a certificate shall include:

11

(a) The replacement or upgrading of any existing electric transmission line; or

- (b) The relocation of any existing electric transmission line to accommodate construction
 or expansion of a roadway or other transportation infrastructure; or
- 14 (c) An electric transmission line that is constructed solely to serve a single customer and
 15 that will pass over no property other than that owned by the customer to be served.

16 (3) Prior to granting a certificate of public convenience and necessity to construct facilities to 17 provide the services set forth in KRS 278.010(3)(f), the commission shall require the 18 applicant to provide a surety bond, or a reasonable guaranty that the applicant shall operate 19 the facilities in a reasonable and reliable manner for a period of at least five (5) years. The 20 surety bond or guaranty shall be in an amount sufficient to ensure the full and faithful 21 performance by the applicant or its successors of the obligations and requirements of this 22 chapter and of all applicable federal and state environmental requirements. However, no 23 surety bond or guaranty shall be required for an applicant that is a water district or water 24 association or for an applicant that the commission finds has sufficient assets to ensure the 25 continuity of sewage service.

26 (4) No utility shall exercise any right or privilege under any franchise or permit, after the
 27 exercise of that right or privilege has been voluntarily suspended or discontinued for more

than one (1) year, without first obtaining from the commission, in the manner provided in
 subsection (1) of this section, a certificate of convenience and necessity authorizing the
 exercise of that right or privilege.

4 (5) No utility shall apply for or obtain any franchise, license, or permit from any city or other
5 governmental agency until it has obtained from the commission, in the manner provided in
6 subsection (1) of this section, a certificate of convenience and necessity showing that there
7 is a demand and need for the service sought to be rendered.

8 (6) No person shall acquire or transfer ownership of, or control, or the right to control, any
9 utility under the jurisdiction of the commission by sale of assets, transfer of stock, or
10 otherwise, or abandon the same, without prior approval by the commission. The
11 commission shall grant its approval if the person acquiring the utility has the financial,
12 technical, and managerial abilities to provide reasonable service.

13 No individual, group, syndicate, general or limited partnership, association, corporation, (7)14 joint stock company, trust, or other entity (an "acquirer"), whether or not organized under 15 the laws of this state, shall acquire control, either directly or indirectly, of any utility 16 furnishing utility service in this state, without having first obtained the approval of the 17 commission. Any acquisition of control without prior authorization shall be void and of no 18 effect. As used in this subsection, the term "control" means the possession, directly or 19 indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a 20 utility, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by effecting a change in the 21 composition of the board of directors, by contract or otherwise. Control shall be presumed 22 to exist if any individual or entity, directly or indirectly, owns ten percent (10%) or more of the voting securities of the utility. This presumption may be rebutted by a showing that 23 24 ownership does not in fact confer control. Application for any approval or authorization 25 shall be made to the commission in writing, verified by oath or affirmation, and be in a 26 form and contain the information as the commission requires. The commission shall 27 approve any proposed acquisition when it finds that the same is to be made in accordance

1 with law, for a proper purpose and is consistent with the public interest. The commission 2 may make investigation and hold hearings in the matter as it deems necessary, and 3 thereafter may grant any application under this subsection in whole or in part and with 4 modification and upon terms and conditions as it deems necessary or appropriate. The 5 commission shall grant, modify, refuse, or prescribe appropriate terms and conditions with respect to every such application within sixty (60) days after the filing of the application 6 7 therefor, unless it is necessary, for good cause shown, to continue the application for up to 8 sixty (60) additional days. The order continuing the application shall state fully the facts 9 that make continuance necessary. In the absence of that action within that period of time, 10 any proposed acquisition shall be deemed to be approved.

11 (8) Subsection (7) of this section shall not apply to any acquisition of control of any:

- (a) Utility which derives a greater percentage of its gross revenue from business in another jurisdiction than from business in this state if the commission determines that
 the other jurisdiction has statutes or rules which are applicable and are being applied and which afford protection to ratepayers in this state substantially equal to that
 afforded such ratepayers by subsection (7) of this section;
- 17 (b) Utility by an acquirer who directly, or indirectly through one (1) or more 18 intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the 19 utility, including any entity created at the direction of such utility for purposes of 20 corporate reorganization; or
- (c) Utility pursuant to the terms of any indebtedness of the utility, provided the issuance
 of indebtedness was approved by the commission.
- (9) In a proceeding on an application filed pursuant to this section, any interested person,
 including a person over whose property the proposed transmission line will cross, may
 request intervention, and the commission shall, if requested, conduct a public hearing in the
 county in which the transmission line is proposed to be constructed, or, if the transmission
 line is proposed to be constructed in more than one county, in one of those counties. The

1 commission shall issue its decision no later than ninety (90) days after the application is 2 filed, unless the commission extends this period, for good cause, to one hundred twenty 3 (120) days. The commission may utilize the provisions of KRS 278.255(3) if, in the 4 exercise of its discretion, it deems it necessary to hire a competent, qualified and 5 independent firm to assist it in reaching its decision. The issuance by the commission of a certificate that public convenience and necessity require the construction of an electric 6 7 transmission line shall be deemed to be a determination by the commission that, as of the 8 date of issuance, the construction of the line is a prudent investment.

9 (10) The commission shall not approve any application under subsection (6) or (7) of this
10 section for the transfer of control of a utility described in KRS 278.010(3)(f) unless the
11 commission finds, in addition to findings required by those subsections, that the person
12 acquiring the utility has provided evidence of financial integrity to ensure the continuity of
13 sewage service in the event that the acquirer cannot continue to provide service.

(11) The commission shall not accept for filing an application requesting authority to abandon
 facilities that provide services as set forth in KRS 278.010(3)(f) or to cease providing
 services unless the applicant has provided written notice of the filing to the following:

- 17 (a) Kentucky Division of Water;
- 18 (b) Office of the Attorney General; and
- (c) The county judge/executive, mayor, health department, planning and zoning
 commission, and public sewage service provider of each county and each city in
 which the utility provides utility service.
- (12) The commission may grant any application requesting authority to abandon facilities that provide services as set forth in KRS 278.010(3)(f) or to cease providing services upon terms and conditions as the commission deems necessary or appropriate, but not before holding a hearing on the application and no earlier than ninety (90) days from the date of the commission's acceptance of the application for filing, unless the commission finds it necessary for good cause to act upon the application earlier.

- (13) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is
 held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this section
 which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to that end the
 provisions are declared to be severable.
- 5 \rightarrow Section 10. KRS 150.021 is amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) The Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources shall constitute a department of state
 7 government within the meaning of KRS Chapter 12. The department shall consist of a
 8 commissioner, a Fish and Wildlife Resources Commission, the Division of Law
 9 Enforcement, and other agents and employees provided for in this chapter. The department
 10 shall enforce the laws and regulations adopted under this chapter relating to wildlife and
 11 shall exercise all powers necessarily incident thereto.
- (2) Any powers conferred by this chapter upon the Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources,
 the Fish and Wildlife Resources Commission, or the commissioner of the Department of
 Fish and Wildlife Resources, and any powers conferred by KRS Chapter 235 shall be
 exercised subject to the provisions of KRS Chapters 42, 45, 45A, 56, and 64, which
 chapters in all respects are controlling.
- 17(3)(a)The Finance and Administration Cabinet shall assess the Department of Fish and18Wildlife Resources each fiscal year a fee in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of19the debt service associated with all phases and implementation of the capital project20to replace, repair, or maintain the two (2) way radio system utilized by the21Department of Kentucky State Police.
- 22
 (b) The fee shall be assessed on each phase of the implementation of the two (2) way

 23
 radio system and shall continue to be assessed until all debt for the system has been

 24
 retired.
- 25 → Section 11. KRS 132.285 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) (a) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, any city may by ordinance elect
 27 to use the annual county assessment for property situated within <u>the[such]</u> city as a

1		basis of ad valorem tax levies ordered or approved by the legislative body of the city.				
2	<u>(b)</u>					
2 3	<u>(U)</u>	Any city making <u>the</u> [such] election <u>provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection</u>				
		shall notify the department[of Revenue] and property valuation administrator prior to				
4		the next succeeding assessment to be used for city levies. In such event the				
5		assessment finally determined for county tax purposes shall serve as a basis of all city				
6		levies for the fiscal year commencing on or after the county assessment date.				
7	<u>(c)</u>	Each city which elects to use the county assessment shall annually appropriate and				
8		pay each fiscal year to the office of the property valuation administrator for deputy				
9		and other authorized personnel allowance, supplies, maps and equipment, and other				
10		authorized expenses of the office one-half of one cent (\$0.005) for each one hundred				
11		dollars (\$100) of assessment, except [; provided,] that sums paid shall not be:				
12		<u>1.</u> Less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) <u>; <i>or</i>[, nor]</u>				
13		<u>2.</u> More than:				
14		<u><i>a.</i></u> Forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) in a city having an assessment subject to				
15		city tax of less than two billion dollars (\$2,000,000,000);[or]				
16		<u>b.</u> Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in a city having an assessment subject to				
17		city tax of [more than]two billion dollars (\$2,000,000,000) or more, but				
18		less than three billion dollars (\$3,000,000,000); or				
19		c. Sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) in a city having an assessment subject				
20		to city tax of three billion dollars (\$3,000,000,000) or more.				
21	<u>(d)</u>	This allowance shall be based on the assessment as of the previous January 1.				
22	<u>(e)</u>	Each property valuation administrator shall file a claim with the city for the county				
23		assessment, which shall include the recapitulation submitted to the city pursuant to				
24		KRS 133.040(2).				
25	<u>(f)</u>	The city shall order payment in an amount not to exceed the appropriation authorized				
26		by this section.				
27	<u>(g)</u>	The property valuation administrator shall be required to account for all moneys paid				

to his *or her* office by the city and any funds unexpended by the close of each fiscal year shall carry over to the next fiscal year.

- 3 (h) Notwithstanding any statutory provisions to the contrary, the assessment dates for
 4 <u>the[such]</u> city shall conform to the corresponding dates for the county, and <u>the[such]</u>
 5 city may by ordinance establish additional financial and tax procedures that will
 6 enable it effectively to adopt the county assessment.
- 7 <u>(i)</u> The legislative body of any city adopting the county assessment may fix the time for 8 levying the city tax rate, due and delinquency dates for taxes, and any other dates that 9 will enable it effectively to adopt the county assessment, notwithstanding any 10 statutory provisions to the contrary.
- 11 (*j*) Any such city may, by ordinance, abolish any office connected with city assessment
 12 and equalization.
- 13 (k) Any city which elects to use the county assessment shall have access to the
 14 assessment records as soon as completed and may obtain a copy of that portion of the
 15 records which represents the assessment of property within <u>the[such]</u> city by
 16 additional payment of the cost thereof.
- 17 (*I*) Once any city elects to use the county assessment, <u>that</u>[such] action cannot be 18 revoked without notice to the department[<u>of Revenue</u>] and the property valuation 19 administrator six (6) months prior to the next date as of which property is assessed for 20 state and county taxes.
- (2) In the event any omitted property is assessed by the property valuation administrator as
 provided by KRS 132.310, *the*[-such] assessment shall be considered as part of the
 assessment adopted by the city according to subsection (1) of this section.
- 24 (3) For purposes of the levy and collection of ad valorem taxes on motor vehicles, cities shall
 25 use the assessment required to be made pursuant to KRS 132.487(5).
- 26 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, each city which elects to
 27 use the county assessment for ad valorem taxes levied for 1996 or subsequent years, and

which used the county assessment for ad valorem taxes levied for 1995, shall appropriate and pay to the office of the property valuation administrator for the purposes set out in subsection (1) of this section an amount equal to the amount paid to the office of the property valuation administrator in 1995, or the amount required by the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, whichever is greater.

6

→ Section 12. KRS 132.590 is amended to read as follows:

7 (1) The compensation of the property valuation administrator shall be based on the schedule
8 contained in subsection (2) of this section as modified by subsection (3) of this section. The
9 compensation of the property valuation administrator shall be calculated by the Department
10 of Revenue annually. Should a property valuation administrator for any reason vacate the
11 office in any year during his term of office, he shall be paid only for the calendar days
12 actually served during the year.

13 The salary schedule for property valuation administrators provides for nine (9) levels of (2)14 salary based upon the population of the county in the prior year as determined by the United 15 States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census annual estimates. To implement the 16 salary schedule, the department shall, by November 1 of each year, certify for each county 17 the population group applicable to each county based on the most recent estimates of the 18 United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. The salary schedule 19 provides four (4) steps for yearly increments within each population group. Property 20 valuation administrators shall be paid according to the first step within their population 21 group for the first year or portion thereof they serve in office. Thereafter, each property 22 valuation administrator, on January 1 of each subsequent year, shall be advanced 23 automatically to the next step in the salary schedule until the maximum salary figure for the 24 population group is reached. If the county population as certified by the department 25 increases to a new group level, the property valuation administrator's salary shall be 26 computed from the new group level at the beginning of the next year. A change in group 27 level shall have no affect on the annual change in step. Prior to assuming office, any person

Step 4

\$49,513

53,639

57,765

61,891

66,017

70,143

74,269

78,395

26

1 who has previously served as a property valuation administrator must certify to the 2 Department of Revenue the total number of years, not to exceed four (4) years, that the 3 person has previously served in the office. The department shall place the person in the 4 proper step based upon a formula of one (1) incremental step per full calendar year of 5 service:

6 SALARY SCHEDULE 7 **County Population** Steps and Salary 8 by Group for Property Valuation Administrators 9 Group I Step 2 Step 3 Step 1 0-4.999 10 \$45,387 \$46,762 \$48,137 11 Group II 12 5,000-9,999 49,513 50,888 52,263 13 Group III 14 10,000-19,999 53,639 55,014 56,389 15 Group IV 16 20,000-29,999 55,702 57,765 59,828 17 Group V 18 30,000-44,999 59,828 61,891 63,954 19 Group VI 20 45,000-59,999 61,891 64,641 67,392 21 Group VII 22 60,000-89,999 66,017 71,518 68,768 23 Group VIII 24 90,000-499,999 68,080 71,518 74,957 25 Group IX

500,000 and up 72,206 75,644 82,521 79,083

For calendar year 2000, the salary schedule in subsection (2) of this section shall be 27 (3) (a)

2

3

4

increased by the amount of increase in the annual consumer price index as published by the United States Department of Commerce for the year ended December 31, 1999. This salary adjustment shall take effect on July 14, 2000, and shall not be retroactive to the preceding January 1.

- 5 (b) For each calendar year beginning after December 31, 2000, upon publication of the 6 annual consumer price index by the United States Department of Commerce, the 7 annual rate of salary for the property valuation administrator shall be determined by 8 applying the increase in the consumer price index to the salary in effect for the 9 previous year. This salary determination shall be retroactive to the preceding January 10 1.
- 11 (c) In addition to the step increases based on service in office, each property valuation 12 administrator shall be paid an annual incentive of six hundred eighty-seven dollars 13 and sixty-seven cents (\$687.67) per calendar year for each forty (40) hour training 14 unit successfully completed based on continuing service in that office and, except as 15 provided in this subsection, completion of at least forty (40) hours of approved 16 training in each subsequent calendar year. If a property valuation administrator fails 17 without good cause, as determined by the commissioner of the Kentucky Department 18 of Revenue, to obtain the minimum amount of approved training in any year, the 19 officer shall lose all training incentives previously accumulated. No property 20 valuation administrator shall receive more than one (1) training unit per calendar year 21 nor more than four (4) incentive payments per calendar year. Each property valuation 22 administrator shall be allowed to carry forward up to forty (40) hours of training 23 credit into the following calendar year for the purpose of satisfying the minimum 24 amount of training for that year. This amount shall be increased by the consumer 25 price index adjustments prescribed in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection. Each training unit shall be approved and certified by the Kentucky Department of Revenue. 26 27 Each unit shall be available to property valuation administrators in each office based

18 RS HB 366

1

2 3 on continuing service in that office. The Kentucky Department of Revenue shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to establish guidelines for the approval and certification of training units.

4 (4) Notwithstanding any provision contained in this section, no property valuation
5 administrator holding office on July 14, 2000, shall receive any reduction in salary or
6 reduction in adjustment to salary otherwise allowable by the statutes in force on July 14,
7 2000.

8 Deputy property valuation administrators and other authorized personnel may be advanced (5)9 one (1) step in grade upon completion of twelve (12) months' continuous service. The 10 Department of Revenue may make grade classification changes corresponding to any 11 approved for department employees in comparable positions, so long as the changes do not 12 violate the integrity of the classification system. Subject to availability of funds, the 13 department may extend cost-of-living increases approved for department employees to 14 deputy property valuation administrators and other authorized personnel, by advancement 15 in grade.

16 (6)Beginning with the 1990-1992 biennium, the Department of Revenue shall prepare a 17 biennial budget request for the staffing of property valuation administrators' offices. An 18 equitable allocation of employee positions to each property valuation administrator's office 19 in the state shall be made on the basis of comparative assessment work units. Assessment 20 work units shall be determined from the most current objective information available from 21 the United States Bureau of the Census and other similar sources of unbiased information. 22 Beginning with the 1996-1998 biennium, assessment work units shall be based on parcel count per employee. The total sum allowed by the state to any property valuation 23 24 administrator's office as compensation for deputies, other authorized personnel, and for 25 other authorized expenditures shall not exceed the amount fixed by the Department of 26 Revenue. However, each property valuation administrator's office shall be allowed as a 27 minimum such funds that are required to meet the federal minimum wage requirements for

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1 two (2) full-time deputies.

2 (7)Beginning with the 1990-1992 biennium each property valuation administrator shall submit 3 by June 1 of each year for the following fiscal year to the Department of Revenue a budget 4 request for his office which shall be based upon the number of employee positions 5 allocated to his office under subsection (6) of this section and upon the county and city 6 funds available to his office and show the amount to be expended for deputy and other 7 authorized personnel including employer's share of FICA and state retirement, and other 8 authorized expenses of the office. The Department of Revenue shall return to each property 9 valuation administrator, no later than July 1, an approved budget for the fiscal year.

10 Each property valuation administrator may appoint any persons approved by the (8) 11 Department of Revenue to assist him in the discharge of his duties. Each deputy shall be 12 more than twenty-one (21) years of age and may be removed at the pleasure of the property 13 valuation administrator. The salaries of deputies and other authorized personnel shall be 14 fixed by the property valuation administrator in accordance with the grade classification 15 system established by the Department of Revenue and shall be subject to the approval of 16 the Department of Revenue. The Personnel Cabinet shall provide advice and technical 17 assistance to the Department of Revenue in the revision and updating of the personnel 18 classification system, which shall be equitable in all respects to the personnel classification 19 systems maintained for other state employees. Any deputy property valuation administrator 20 employed or promoted to a higher position may be examined by the Department of 21 Revenue in accordance with standards of the Personnel Cabinet, for the position to which 22 he is being appointed or promoted. No state funds available to any property valuation 23 administrator's office as compensation for deputies and other authorized personnel or for 24 other authorized expenditures shall be paid without authorization of the Department of 25 Revenue prior to the employment by the property valuation administrator of deputies or other authorized personnel or the incurring of other authorized expenditures. 26

27 (9) Each county fiscal court shall annually appropriate and pay each fiscal year to the office of

1	the property valuation administrator as its cost for use of the assessment, as required by					
2	KRS 132.280, an amount determined as follows:					
3	Assessment Subject to					
4	County	Tax of:				
5	At Least	But Less Th	an	Amount		
6		\$100,000,0	00 \$0.0	05 for each \$100 of the first		
7			\$5	50,000,000 and \$0.002 for		
8			ea	ich \$100 over \$50,000,000.		
9	\$100,000,000	150,000,00	\$0.0	04 for each \$100 of the first		
10			\$1	100,000,000 and \$0.002 for		
11			ea	ich \$100 over \$100,000,000.		
12	150,000,000	300,000,00	\$0.0	04 for each \$100 of the first		
13			\$1	150,000,000 and \$0.003 for		
14			ea	ich \$100 over \$150,000,000.		
15	300,000,000		\$0.0	04 for each \$100.		
16	(10) The total sum to be paid by the fiscal court to any property valuation administrator's office					
17	under the provisions of subsection (9) of this section shall not exceed the limits set forth in					
18	the following table:					
19	Assessed	Value of Prop	erty Subject to			
20		County Tax	of:			
21	At Leas	st	But Less Than	Limit		
22			\$700,000,000	\$25,000		
23	\$700,000	,000	1,000,000,000	35,000		
24	1,000,000	,000	2,000,000,000	50,000		
25	2,000,000	,000	2,500,000,000	75,000		
26	2,500,000	,000	5,000,000,000	100,000		
27	5,000,000	,000 [<u> </u>		

175,000

2

1

7,500,000,000

<u>250,000</u>

This allowance shall be based on the assessment as of the previous January 1 and shall be used for deputy and other personnel allowance, supplies, maps and equipment, travel allowance for the property valuation administrator and his deputies and other authorized personnel, and other authorized expenses of the office.

7 (11) Annually, after appropriation by the county of funds required of it by subsection (9) of this 8 section, and no later than August 1, the property valuation administrator shall file a claim 9 with the county for that amount of the appropriation specified in his approved budget for 10 compensation of deputies and assistants, including employer's shares of FICA and state 11 retirement, for the fiscal year. The amount so requested shall be paid by the county into the 12 State Treasury by September 1, or paid to the property valuation administrator and be submitted to the State Treasury by September 1. These funds shall be expended by the 13 14 Department of Revenue only for compensation of approved deputies and assistants and the 15 employer's share of FICA and state retirement in the appropriating county. Any funds paid 16 into the State Treasury in accordance with this provision but unexpended by the close of the 17 fiscal year for which they were appropriated shall be returned to the county from which 18 they were received.

19 (12) After submission to the State Treasury or to the property valuation administrator of the 20 county funds budgeted for personnel compensation under subsection (11) of this section, 21 the fiscal court shall pay the remainder of the county appropriation to the office of the 22 property valuation administrator on a quarterly basis. Four (4) equal payments shall be 23 made on or before September 1, December 1, March 1, and June 1 respectively. Any 24 unexpended county funds at the close of each fiscal year shall be retained by the property 25 valuation administrator, except as provided in KRS 132.601(2). During county election 26 years the property valuation administrator shall not expend in excess of forty percent (40%) 27 of the allowances available to his office from county funds during the first five (5) months

of the fiscal year in which the general election is held.

(13) The provisions of this section shall apply to urban-county governments and consolidated
local governments. In an urban-county government and a consolidated local government,
all the rights and obligations conferred on fiscal courts or consolidated local governments
by the provisions of this section shall be exercised by the urban-county government or
consolidated local government.

7 (14) When an urban-county form of government is established through merger of existing city 8 and county governments as provided in KRS Chapter 67A or when a consolidated local 9 government is established through merger of existing city and county governments as 10 provided by KRS Chapter 67C, the annual county assessment shall be presumed to have 11 been adopted as if the city had exercised the option to adopt as provided in KRS 132.285, 12 and the annual amount to be appropriated to the property valuation administrator's office 13 shall be the combined amount that is required of the county under this section and that 14 required of the city under KRS 132.285, except that the total shall not exceed one hundred 15 thousand dollars (\$100,000) for any urban-county government or consolidated local government with an assessment subject to countywide tax of less than *five*[three] billion 16 17 (\$5,000,000,000) [(\$3,000,000,000)], one hundred *seventy-five*[twenty-five] dollars thousand dollars (\$175,000)[(\$125,000)] for an urban-county government or consolidated 18 19 local government with an assessment subject to countywide tax between *five*[three] billion 20 dollars (\$5,000,000)[(\$3,000,000)] and seven[five] billion five hundred million 21 dollars (\$7,500,000,000) [(\$5,000,000,000)], and two hundred *fifty* thousand dollars 22 (\$250,000)[(\$200,000)] for an urban-county government or consolidated local government 23 with an assessment subject to countywide tax in excess of *seven*[five] billion *five hundred* 24 *million* dollars (\$7,500,000,000) [(\$5,000,000,000)]. For purposes of this subsection, the 25 amount to be considered as the assessment for purposes of KRS 132.285 shall be the 26 amount subject to taxation for full urban services.

27 (15) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (9) of this section, the amount appropriated

1 and paid by each county fiscal court to the office of the property valuation administrator for 2 1996 and subsequent years shall be equal to the amount paid to the office of the property 3 valuation administrator for 1995, or the amount required by the provisions of subsections 4 (9) and (10) of this section, whichever is greater. 5 Section 13. KRS 210.504 is amended to read as follows: 6 The commission created in KRS 210.502 shall meet as often as necessary to accomplish its (1)7 purpose but shall meet at least quarterly or upon the call of either co-chair, the request of 8 four (4) or more members, or the request of the Governor. 9 The commission shall receive, integrate, and report the findings and recommendations of (2)10 the regional planning councils established under KRS 210.506. The regional planning

11 councils shall provide additional information or study particular issues upon request of the 12 commission.

13 (3) The commission:

- 14 (a) May establish work groups to develop statewide recommendations from information
 15 and recommendations received from the regional planning councils;
- 16 (b) May establish work groups to address issues referred to the commission; and
- 17 (c) Shall ensure that the regional planning councils have an opportunity to receive,
 18 review, and comment on any recommendation or product issued by a work group
 19 established under this subsection before the commission takes any formal action on a
 20 recommendation or product of a work group.
- 21 (4) The commission shall serve in an advisory capacity to accomplish the following:
- 22 (a) Based on information provided under subsection (2) of this section:
- Assess the needs statewide of individuals with mental illness, alcohol and other
 drug abuse disorders, and dual diagnoses;
- 25
 2. Assess the capabilities of the existing statewide treatment delivery system
 26
 including gaps in services and the adequacy of a safety net system; and
- 27 3. Assess the coordination and collaboration of efforts between public and private

1		facilities and entities, including but not limited to the Council on Postsecondary
2		Education when assessing workforce issues, and the roles of the Department for
3		Behavioral Health, Developmental and Intellectual Disabilities and the regional
4		community mental health centers, state hospitals, and other providers;
5	(b)	Identify funding needs and related fiscal impact, including Medicaid reimbursement,
6		limitations under government programs and private insurance, and adequacy of
7		indigent care;
8	(c)	Recommend comprehensive and integrated programs for providing mental health and
9		substance abuse services and preventive education to children and youth, utilizing
10		schools and community resources;
11	(d)	Develop recommendations to decrease the incidence of repeated arrests,
12		incarceration, and multiple hospitalizations of individuals with mental illness, alcohol
13		and other drug abuse disorders, and dual diagnoses; [and]
14	(e)	Recommend an effective quality assurance and consumer satisfaction monitoring
15		program that includes recommendations as to the appropriate role of persons with
16		mental illness, alcohol and other drug abuse disorders, and dual diagnoses, family
17		members, providers, and advocates in quality assurance efforts; and
18	<u>(f)</u>	Recommend improvements in identifying, treating, housing, and transporting
19		prisoners in jails and juveniles with mental illness who reside in detention centers.
20		Items to be reviewed include but are not limited to:
21		1. Recommendations for statutory and regulatory changes;
22		2. Training and treatment funding;
23		3. Cost-sharing proposals;
24		4. Housing and transportation costs;
25		5. Appropriate treatment sites; and
26		6. Training requirements for local jailers and other officers of the court who
27		may come in contact with persons deemed mentally ill and who are

incarcerated or in detention.

(5) The commission shall develop a comprehensive state plan that provides a template for
decision-making regarding program development, funding, and the use of state resources
for delivery of the most effective continuum of services in integrated statewide settings
appropriate to the needs of the individual with mental illness, alcohol and other drug abuse
disorders, and dual diagnoses. The state plan shall also include strategies for increasing
public awareness and reducing the stigma associated with mental illness and substance
abuse disorders.

9 (6) The state plan shall advise the Governor and the General Assembly concerning the needs
10 statewide of individuals with mental illness, alcohol and other drug disorders, and dual
11 diagnoses and whether the recommendations should be implemented by administrative
12 regulations or proposed legislation for the General Assembly.

- 13 (7) The commission shall develop a two (2) year work plan, beginning in 2003, that specifies 14 goals and strategies relating to services and supports for individuals with mental illness and 15 alcohol and other drug disorders and dual diagnoses and efforts to reduce the stigma 16 associated with mental illness and substance abuse disorders.
- 17 (8) The commission shall review the plan and shall submit annual updates no later than18 October 1 to the Governor and the Legislative Research Commission.
- 19 → Section 14. KRS 210.400 is amended to read as follows:

Subject to the provisions of this section and the policies and regulations of the secretary of the
Cabinet for Health and Family Services, each community board for mental health or individuals
with an intellectual disability shall:

- (1) Review and evaluate services for mental health or individuals with an intellectual disability
 provided pursuant to KRS 210.370 to 210.460, and report thereon to the secretary of the
 Cabinet for Health and Family Services, the administrator of the program, and, when
 indicated, the public, together with recommendations for additional services and facilities;
- 27 (2) Recruit and promote local financial support for the program from private sources such as

community chests, business, industrial and private foundations, voluntary agencies, and 1 2 other lawful sources, and promote public support for municipal and county appropriations; 3 (3) Promote, arrange, and implement working agreements with other social service agencies, 4 both public and private, and with other educational and judicial agencies: 5 (4) Adopt and implement policies to stimulate effective community relations; 6 Be responsible for the development and approval of an annual plan and budget; (5) 7 (6) Act as the administrative authority of the community program for mental health or 8 individuals with an intellectual disability; 9 Oversee and be responsible for the management of the community program for mental (7)10 health or individuals with an intellectual disability in accordance with the plan and budget 11 adopted by the board and the policies and regulations issued under KRS 210.370 to 12 210.480 by the secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services; [and]

13 (8) Comply with the provisions of KRS 65A.010 to 65A.090; *and*

14 (9) Deliver the training recommended by Section 13 of this Act to local jailers and other

15 officers of the court who may come in contact with persons deemed mentally ill and who

16 *<u>are incarcerated or in detention</u>*.

17 → Section 15. KRS 164.013 is amended to read as follows:

18 (1) The Council on Postsecondary Education shall set the qualifications for the position of
19 president of the council. Except for the first president appointed under subsection (2) of this
20 section, the council shall employ a search firm and conduct a nationwide search for
21 candidates. The search firm employed by the council shall consider, interview, and propose
22 three (3) or more candidates for the position of president. The council may seek additional
23 names from the search firm or from other sources.

(2) In the selection of candidates for the first president of the Council on Postsecondary
Education, the Strategic Committee on Postsecondary Education shall serve as a search
committee, employing a search firm for assistance. The committee shall recommend three
(3) candidates to be considered by the council and shall repeat this process until it finds a

1 satisfactory person to appoint as the first president of the council.

- 2 (3) The president shall possess an excellent academic and administrative background, have
 3 strong communication skills, have significant experience and an established reputation as a
 4 professional in the field of postsecondary education, and shall not express, demonstrate, or
 5 appear to have an institutional or regional bias in his or her actions.
- (4) The president shall be the primary advocate for postsecondary education and advisor to the
 Governor and the General Assembly on matters of postsecondary education in Kentucky.
 As the primary advocate for postsecondary education, the president shall work closely with
 the committee and the elected leadership of the Commonwealth to ensure that they are fully
 informed about postsecondary education issues and that the council fully understands the
 goals for postsecondary education that the General Assembly has established in KRS
 12 164.003(2).
- 13 (5) The president may design and develop for review by the council new statewide initiativesin accordance with the strategic agenda.
- (6) (a) [The president shall be compensated on a basis in excess of the base salary of any
 president of a Kentucky public university.]The council shall set the salary of the
 president <u>at an amount no greater than the salary the president was receiving on</u>
 January 1, 2012.
- 19 (b) The salary of the president[, which] shall be exempt from state employee salary
 20 limitations as set forth in KRS 64.640.
- 21 (7) The president shall be accorded a contract to serve for a term not to exceed five (5) years,
 which is renewable at the pleasure of the council.
- (8) The president shall determine the staffing positions and organizational structure necessary
 to carry out the responsibilities of the council and may employ staff. All personnel
 positions of the Council on Higher Education, as of May 30, 1997, with the exception of
 the position of executive director, shall be transferred to the Council on Postsecondary
 Education. All personnel shall be transferred at the same salary and benefit levels.

Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 11A.040, any person employed by the Council on
 Higher Education prior to May 30, 1997, may accept immediate employment with any
 governmental entity or any postsecondary education organization or institution in the
 Commonwealth and may carry out the employment duties assigned by that entity,
 organization, or institution.

6 (9) The president shall be responsible for the day-to-day operations of the council and shall 7 report and submit annual reports on the strategic implementation plan of the strategic 8 agenda, carry out policy and program directives of the council, prepare and submit to the 9 council for its approval the proposed budget of the council, and perform all other duties and 10 responsibilities assigned by state law.

- (10) With approval of the council, the president may enter into agreements with any state agency
 or political subdivision of the state, any state postsecondary education institution, or any
 other person or entity to enlist staff assistance to implement the duties and responsibilities
 under KRS 164.020.
- (11) The president shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred in the
 performance of all assigned duties and responsibilities.
- 17 → Section 16. KRS 164.020 is amended to read as follows:

18 The Council on Postsecondary Education in Kentucky shall:

Develop and implement the strategic agenda with the advice and counsel of the Strategic
 Committee on Postsecondary Education. The council shall provide for and direct the
 planning process and subsequent strategic implementation plans based on the strategic
 agenda as provided in KRS 164.0203;

- 23 (2) Revise the strategic agenda and strategic implementation plan with the advice and counsel
 24 of the committee as set forth in KRS 164.004;
- (3) Develop a system of public accountability related to the strategic agenda by evaluating the
 performance and effectiveness of the state's postsecondary system. The council shall
 prepare a report in conjunction with the accountability reporting described in KRS 164.095,

which shall be submitted to the committee, the Governor, and the General Assembly by
 December 1 annually. This report shall include a description of contributions by
 postsecondary institutions to the quality of elementary and secondary education in the
 Commonwealth;

5 (4) Review, revise, and approve the missions of the state's universities and the Kentucky
6 Community and Technical College System. The Council on Postsecondary Education shall
7 have the final authority to determine the compliance of postsecondary institutions with their
8 academic, service, and research missions;

9 (5) Establish and ensure that all postsecondary institutions in Kentucky cooperatively provide 10 for an integrated system of postsecondary education. The council shall guard against 11 inappropriate and unnecessary conflict and duplication by promoting transferability of 12 credits and easy access of information among institutions;

13 (6) Engage in analyses and research to determine the overall needs of postsecondary education14 and adult education in the Commonwealth;

15 (7) Develop plans that may be required by federal legislation. The council shall for all purposes 16 of federal legislation relating to planning be considered the "single state agency" as that 17 term may be used in federal legislation. When federal legislation requires additional 18 representation on any "single state agency," the Council on Postsecondary Education shall 19 establish advisory groups necessary to satisfy federal legislative or regulatory guidelines;

20 Determine tuition and approve the minimum qualifications for admission to the state (8) *(a)* 21 postsecondary educational system. In defining residency, the council shall classify a 22 student as having Kentucky residency if the student met the residency requirements at 23 the beginning of his or her last year in high school and enters a Kentucky 24 postsecondary education institution within two (2) years of high school graduation. In 25 determining the tuition for non-Kentucky residents, the council shall consider the fees 26 required of Kentucky students by institutions in adjoining states, the resident fees 27 charged by other states, the total actual per student cost of training in the institutions

1		for which the fees are being determined, and the ratios of Kentucky students to non-
2		Kentucky students comprising the enrollments of the respective institutions, and other
3		factors the council may in its sole discretion deem pertinent, except the Kentucky
4		Community and Technical College System may assess a mandatory student fee not
5		to exceed eight dollars (\$8) per credit hour to be used exclusively for debt service on
6		amounts not to exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of the total projects cost of the
7		Kentucky Community and Technical College System agency bond projects included
8		<u>in 2014 Ky. Acts ch. 117, Part II, J., 11.</u>
9		(b) The Kentucky Community and Technical College System mandatory fee
10		established in this subsection shall only be used for debt service on agency bond
11		projects.
12		(c) Any fee established as provided by this subsection shall cease to be assessed upon
13		the retirement of the project bonds for which it services debt.
14		(d) Prior to the issuance of any bonds, the Kentucky Community and Technical
15		College System shall certify in writing to the secretary of the Finance and
16		Administration Cabinet that sufficient funds have been raised to meet the local
17		match equivalent to twenty-five percent (25%) of the total project cost;
18	(9)	Devise, establish, and periodically review and revise policies to be used in making
19		recommendations to the Governor for consideration in developing recommendations to the
20		General Assembly for appropriations to the universities, the Kentucky Community and
21		Technical College System, and to support strategies for persons to maintain necessary
22		levels of literacy throughout their lifetimes including but not limited to appropriations to
23		the Kentucky Adult Education Program. The council has sole discretion, with advice of the
24		Strategic Committee on Postsecondary Education and the executive officers of the
25		postsecondary education system, to devise policies that provide for allocation of funds
26		among the universities and the Kentucky Community and Technical College System;
27	(10)	Lead and provide staff support for the biennial budget process as provided under KRS

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Chapter 48, in cooperation with the committee;

- 2 (11) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, review and approve all capital
 3 construction projects covered by KRS 45.750(1)(f), including real property
 4 acquisitions, and regardless of the source of funding for projects or acquisitions.
 5 Approval of capital projects and real property acquisitions shall be on a basis
 6 consistent with the strategic agenda and the mission of the respective universities and
 7 the Kentucky Community and Technical College System.
- 8 (b) The organized groups that are establishing community college satellites as branches 9 of existing community colleges in the counties of Laurel, Leslie, and Muhlenberg, 10 and that have substantially obtained cash, pledges, real property, or other 11 commitments to build the satellite at no cost to the Commonwealth, other than 12 operating costs that shall be paid as part of the operating budget of the main 13 community college of which the satellite is a branch, are authorized to begin 14 construction of the satellite on or after January 1, 1998;

15 (12) Require reports from the executive officer of each institution it deems necessary for the
 effectual performance of its duties;

(13) Ensure that the state postsecondary system does not unnecessarily duplicate services and
programs provided by private postsecondary institutions and shall promote maximum
cooperation between the state postsecondary system and private postsecondary institutions.
Receive and consider an annual report prepared by the Association of Independent
Kentucky Colleges and Universities stating the condition of independent institutions, listing
opportunities for more collaboration between the state and independent institutions and
other information as appropriate;

24 (14) Establish course credit, transfer, and degree components as required in KRS 164.2951;

(15) Define and approve the offering of all postsecondary education technical, associate,
 baccalaureate, graduate, and professional degree, certificate, or diploma programs in the
 public postsecondary education institutions. The council shall expedite wherever possible

 board of regents relating to new certificate, diploma, technical, or associate degree programs of a vocational-technical and occupational nature. Without the consent of the General Assembly, the council shall not abolish or limit the total enrollment of the general program offered at any community college to meet the goal of reasonable access throughout the Commonwealth to a two (2) year course of general studies designed for transfer to a baccalaureate program. This does not restrict or limit the authority of the council, as set forth in this section, to eliminate or make changes in individual programs within that general program; 	
 General Assembly, the council shall not abolish or limit the total enrollment of the general program offered at any community college to meet the goal of reasonable access throughout the Commonwealth to a two (2) year course of general studies designed for transfer to a baccalaureate program. This does not restrict or limit the authority of the council, as set forth in this section, to eliminate or make changes in individual programs within that 	
5 program offered at any community college to meet the goal of reasonable access throughout 6 the Commonwealth to a two (2) year course of general studies designed for transfer to a 7 baccalaureate program. This does not restrict or limit the authority of the council, as set 8 forth in this section, to eliminate or make changes in individual programs within that	
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 baccalaureate program. This does not restrict or limit the authority of the council, as set forth in this section, to eliminate or make changes in individual programs within that 	
8 forth in this section, to eliminate or make changes in individual programs within that	
9 general program;	
10 (16) Eliminate, in its discretion, existing programs or make any changes in existing academic	
11 programs at the state's postsecondary educational institutions, taking into consideration	
12 these criteria:	
13 (a) Consistency with the institution's mission and the strategic agenda;	
14 (b) Alignment with the priorities in the strategic implementation plan for achieving the	
15 strategic agenda;	
16 (c) Elimination of unnecessary duplication of programs within and among institutions;	
17 and	
18 (d) Efforts to create cooperative programs with other institutions through traditional	
19 means, or by use of distance learning technology and electronic resources, to achieve	
20 effective and efficient program delivery;	
21 (17) Ensure the governing board and faculty of all postsecondary education institutions are	
22 committed to providing instruction free of discrimination against students who hold	
23 political views and opinions contrary to those of the governing board and faculty;	
24 (18) Review proposals and make recommendations to the Governor regarding the establishment	
25 of new public community colleges, technical institutions, and new four (4) year colleges;	
26 (19) Postpone the approval of any new program at a state postsecondary educational institution,	
27 unless the institution has met its equal educational opportunity goals, as established by the	

council. In accordance with administrative regulations promulgated by the council, those
 institutions not meeting the goals shall be able to obtain a temporary waiver, if the
 institution has made substantial progress toward meeting its equal educational opportunity
 goals;

5 (20) Ensure the coordination, transferability, and connectivity of technology among
6 postsecondary institutions in the Commonwealth including the development and
7 implementation of a technology plan as a component of the strategic agenda;

8 (21) Approve the teacher education programs in the public institutions that comply with
9 standards established by the Education Professional Standards Board pursuant to KRS
10 161.028;

(22) Constitute the representative agency of the Commonwealth in all matters of postsecondary education of a general and statewide nature which are not otherwise delegated to one (1) or more institutions of postsecondary learning. The responsibility may be exercised through appropriate contractual relationships with individuals or agencies located within or without the Commonwealth. The authority includes but is not limited to contractual arrangements for programs of research, specialized training, and cultural enrichment;

17 (23) Maintain procedures for the approval of a designated receiver to provide for the
18 maintenance of student records of the public institutions of higher education and the
19 colleges as defined in KRS 164.945, and institutions operating pursuant to KRS 165A.310
20 which offer collegiate level courses for academic credit, which cease to operate. Procedures
21 shall include assurances that, upon proper request, subject to federal and state laws and
22 regulations, copies of student records shall be made available within a reasonable length of
23 time for a minimum fee;

(24) Monitor and transmit a report on compliance with KRS 164.351 to the director of the
 Legislative Research Commission for distribution to the Health and Welfare Committee;

26 (25) (a) Develop in cooperation with each public university and the Kentucky Community and
 27 Technical College System a comprehensive orientation and education program for

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new members of the council and the governing boards and continuing education opportunities for all council and board members. For new members of the council and institutional governing boards, the council shall:

- 4 1. Ensure that the orientation and education program comprises six (6) hours of 5 instruction time and includes but is not limited to information concerning the 6 roles of the council and governing board members, the strategic agenda and the 7 strategic implementation plan, and the respective institution's mission, budget 8 and finances, strategic plans and priorities, institutional policies and procedures, 9 board fiduciary responsibilities, legal considerations including open records and 10 open meetings requirements, ethical considerations arising from board 11 membership, and the board member removal and replacement provisions of 12 KRS 63.080:
- 13
 2. Establish delivery methods by which the orientation and education program can
 14
 be completed in person or electronically by new members within one (1) year of
 15
 their appointment or election;
- 163.Provide an annual report to the Governor and Legislative Research Commission17of those new board members who do not complete the required orientation and18education program; and
- 194.Invite governing board members of private colleges and universities licensed by20the Council on Postsecondary Education to participate in the orientation and21education program described in this subsection;
- (b) Offer, in cooperation with the public universities and the Kentucky Community and
 Technical College System, continuing education opportunities for all council and
 governing board members; and
- (c) Review and approve the orientation programs of each public university and the
 Kentucky Community and Technical College System for their governing board
 members to ensure that all programs and information adhere to this subsection;

1	(26)	Develop a financial reporting procedure to be used by all state postsecondary education
2		institutions to ensure uniformity of financial information available to state agencies and the
3		public;
4	(27)	Select and appoint a president of the council under KRS 164.013;
5	(28)	Employ consultants and other persons and employees as may be required for the council's
6		operations, functions, and responsibilities;
7	(29)	Promulgate administrative regulations, in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A, governing its
8		powers, duties, and responsibilities as described in this section;
9	(30)	Prepare and present by January 31 of each year an annual status report on postsecondary
10		education in the Commonwealth to the Governor, the Strategic Committee on
11		Postsecondary Education, and the Legislative Research Commission;
12	(31)	Consider the role, function, and capacity of independent institutions of postsecondary
13		education in developing policies to meet the immediate and future needs of the state. When
14		it is found that independent institutions can meet state needs effectively, state resources
15		may be used to contract with or otherwise assist independent institutions in meeting these
16		needs;
17	(32)	Create advisory groups representing the presidents, faculty, nonteaching staff, and students
18		of the public postsecondary education system and the independent colleges and
19		universities;
20	(33)	Develop a statewide policy to promote employee and faculty development in all
21		postsecondary institutions and in state and locally operated secondary area technology
22		centers through the waiver of tuition for college credit coursework in the public
23		postsecondary education system. Any regular full-time employee of a postsecondary public
24		institution or a state or locally operated secondary area technology center may, with prior
25		administrative approval of the course offering institution, take a maximum of six (6) credit

hours per term at any public postsecondary institution. The institution shall waive the
tuition up to a maximum of six (6) credit hours per term;

(34)	Esta	blish a statewide mission for adult education and develop a twenty (20) year strategy,
	in pa	artnership with the Kentucky Adult Education Program, under the provisions of KRS
	164.	0203 for raising the knowledge and skills of the state's adult population. The council
	shall	l:
	(a)	Promote coordination of programs and responsibilities linked to the issue of adult
		education with the Kentucky Adult Education Program and with other agencies and
		institutions;
	(b)	Facilitate the development of strategies to increase the knowledge and skills of adults
		in all counties by promoting the efficient and effective coordination of all available
		education and training resources;
	(c)	Lead a statewide public information and marketing campaign to convey the critical
		nature of Kentucky's adult literacy challenge and to reach adults and employers with
		practical information about available education and training opportunities;
	(d)	Establish standards for adult literacy and monitor progress in achieving the state's
		adult literacy goals, including existing standards that may have been developed to
	(34)	in pa 164. shall (a) (b) (c)

- adult interacy goals, including existing standards that may have been developed to
 meet requirements of federal law in conjunction with the Collaborative Center for
 Literacy Development: Early Childhood through Adulthood; and
- 18 (e) Administer the adult education and literacy initiative fund created under KRS
 19 164.041;

(35) Participate with the Kentucky Department of Education, the Kentucky Board of Education,
 and postsecondary education institutions to ensure that academic content requirements for
 successful entry into postsecondary education programs are aligned with high school
 content standards and that students who master the high school academic content standards
 shall not need remedial courses. The council shall monitor the results on an ongoing basis;

(36) Cooperate with the Kentucky Department of Education and the Education Professional
 Standards Board in providing information sessions to selected postsecondary education
 content faculty and teacher educators of the high school academic content standards as

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required under KRS 158.6453(2)(l);

2 (37) Cooperate with the Office for Education and Workforce Statistics and ensure the
 3 participation of the public institutions as required in KRS 151B.133;

4 (38) Pursuant to KRS 63.080, review written notices from the Governor or from a board of
5 trustees or board of regents concerning removal of a board member or the entire appointed
6 membership of a board, investigate the member or board and the conduct alleged to support
7 removal, and make written recommendations to the Governor and the Legislative Research
8 Commission as to whether the member or board should be removed; and

9 (39) Exercise any other powers, duties, and responsibilities necessary to carry out the purposes
10 of this chapter. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to grant the Council on
Postsecondary Education authority to disestablish or eliminate any college of law which
became a part of the state system of higher education through merger with a state college.

13 → Section 17. KRS 164.5805 is amended to read as follows:

14 (1)Effective July 1, 1998, the Kentucky Community and Technical College System shall be 15 the legal successor to the postsecondary Kentucky Tech institutions and corresponding 16 administrative units in the former Cabinet for Workforce Development and shall assume all 17 assets and liabilities of this system, including without limitation all obligations, responsibilities, programs, staff, instructional supplies, equipment, real property, facilities, 18 19 funds, and records. The Finance and Administration Cabinet shall execute the instruments 20 necessary to transfer the real property relating to the operation of the postsecondary 21 institutions in the Kentucky Tech System from the former Cabinet for Workforce 22 Development to the Kentucky Community and Technical College System.

(a) The staff positions in the former Department for Technical Education and the former
 Cabinet for Workforce Development whose responsibilities include support for the
 postsecondary institutions in the Kentucky Tech System and the school-based
 positions shall be transferred to the Kentucky Community and Technical College
 System. Selected employees of the Kentucky Tech regional offices shall be

transferred and reassigned within the Kentucky Community and Technical College
System. Appropriate central office functions from the Department for Technical
Education shall be assigned within the system to carry out the administrative and
support functions with the approval of the board of regents for the Kentucky
Community and Technical College System.

- 6 (b) All funds related to the costs of operating the Kentucky Tech postsecondary 7 institutions, including the administrative costs, shall be transferred to the board of 8 regents for the Kentucky Community and Technical College System for carrying out 9 the mission of the postsecondary technical institutions and colleges.
- 10 (c) Funds raised by a not-for-profit or nonprofit organization for a specific program or 11 technical institution shall be for the exclusive use of the program or that technical 12 institution.
- 13 (d) The following provisions shall apply to the employees who are transferred from the
 14 former Cabinet for Workforce Development to the Kentucky Community and
 15 Technical College System, effective July 1, 1998:
- Accumulated sick leave, compensatory time, and annual leave as of June 30,
 17 1998, shall be transferred with each employee;
- 2. Employees who have earned continuing status as defined in KRS 156.800 and employees who have earned classified status as merit system employees under KRS Chapter 18A shall be provided the same standing. Those employees who are transferred and are in the process of earning continuing status or classified status shall earn their standing based on the rules that were governing them on June 30, 1998, in their respective systems. New employees within the system shall earn status based on the new policies established by the board;
- 25
 26
 3. Employees shall transfer into the new system at a salary not less than their previous salary as of June 30, 1998;
- 4. Employees shall be provided retirement plans in the same system where they are

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2				161.220 or the Kentucky Employees Retirement System under KRS 61.525;
3			5.	Employees shall be provided a health benefits package that is available or
4				equivalent to that provided to other state or university employees; and
5			6.	Employees shall be provided life insurance coverage and optional insurance or
6				investment programs.
7		(e)	The	board shall adopt rules that are the same as the administrative regulations under
8			KRS	S Chapter 151B in effect on June 30, 1998, to govern the certified and equivalent
9			emp	loyees who transfer from the former Cabinet for Workforce Development, except
10			that	the rules shall provide that all grievances and appeals shall be to the board of
11			rege	nts or to the board's designee. The board shall adopt rules that are the same as the
12			adm	inistrative regulations under KRS Chapter 18A in effect on June 30, 1998, to
13			gove	ern the transferred classified employees, except that the rules shall provide that all
14			grie	vances and appeals shall be to the board of regents or to the board's designee. A
15			trans	sferred employee shall have the option to elect to participate in the new Kentucky
16			Con	nmunity and Technical College personnel system in lieu of the rules under which
17			the	employee transferred. An employee who elects to accept this option may not
18			retu	rn to the previous personnel policy. An employee shall have the right to exercise
19			this	option at any time.
20	(2)	New	emp	ployees hired after July 1, 1997, in the Kentucky Community and Technical
21		Coll	ege S	ystem shall be governed by the rules and regulations established by the board,
22		<u>exce</u>	pt the	at no housing allowance shall be provided for the president of the Kentucky
23		Com	mun	ity and Technical College System.
24		⇒S]	ECTI	ON 18. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 153.210 TO 153.235 IS CREATED TO
25	REA	D AS	5 FOL	LOWS:
26	<u>An e</u>	<u>ntity</u>	invo	lved in producing or financing arts on a local or statewide basis, since the
27	<u>incep</u>	tion	of fi	scal year 2004-2005, which received a total of twenty-five thousand dollars

currently enrolled: the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System under KRS

1	(\$25,000) or less as a result of appropriations or grants from state or local governmental units,				
2	shall be exempt from the requirements of:				
3	<u>(1)</u>	KRS	61.805 to 61.850; and		
4	<u>(2)</u>	KRS	<u>61.870 to 61.884.</u>		
5		⇒Se	ection 19. KRS 151.611 is amended to read as follows:		
6	(1)	A St	ream Restoration and Mitigation Authority may be established for any HUC 10		
7		water	rshed in the Commonwealth. Each authority formed under this section shall be a public		
8		body	corporate and politic with the authority to:		
9		(a)	Sue and be sued;		
10		(b)	Enter into contracts with public and private individuals and corporations and engage		
11			in cooperative agreements with federal, state, and local governments or agencies,		
12			utilities, special districts, and nonprofit organizations for the performance of its duties		
13			and functions under KRS 151.610 to 151.615;		
14		(c)	Employ personnel as needed, as its fiscal resources may allow, and use the services of		
15			volunteers individually or through agreement with governmental agencies, nonprofit		
16			organizations, or foundations;		
17		(d)	Receive and expend funds from any source, including but not limited to private		
18			donations, charitable contributions, public grants, 404 In-lieu Fee Program, and		
19			appropriations from the General Assembly; and		
20		(e)	Acquire, sell, and hold real interests in property.		
21	(2)	Noth	ing in KRS 151.610 to 151.615 shall be construed to empower or authorize an		
22		autho	prity established under KRS 151.610 to 151.615 to exercise regulatory powers with		
23		respe	ect to water resources or water quality. An authority established under KRS 151.610 to		
24		151.6	515 shall not be vested with the power of eminent domain.		
25	(3)	It is	the preference of the General Assembly that funds contributed by a permittee under a		
26		Secti	on 404 Permit into an in-lieu fund for a project designed for stream restoration and		
27		mitig	ation be utilized within the watershed where the adverse effects occur. The General		

1 Assembly recognizes that conservation and protection of the water resources of the 2 Commonwealth, including streams, rivers, wetlands, and riparian habitats, may involve, in 3 addition to restoration and enhancement of aquatic and riparian habitat, proper management 4 of wastewater and stormwater, and abatement of pre-existing sources of pollution. Where 5 an authority has been qualified by the USACE to manage an in-lieu fee or other 6 compensatory mitigation arrangement that is approved after July 15, 2008, under Section 7 404, and to the extent that the USACE and the Mitigation Review Team has approved the 8 use of such funds for elimination of pre-existing sources of pollution, the authority may 9 expend a portion of the funds for those purposes, provided that the:

- 10 (a) Funds spent on water quality improvements are a component of a stream or wetland
 11 restoration plan for replacement of aquatic resource functions and values; [and]
- (b) Project has been reviewed and approved by the USACE and the Division of Water as
 being consistent with Sections 404 and 401 of the Clean Water Act; *and*
- 14 (c) In-lieu fees shall be available statewide, to all one hundred twenty (120) counties,
 15 subject to federal and state regulatory requirements.
- (4) Nothing in KRS 151.610 to 151.615 shall preclude the authority, when acting as an
 approved qualified organization managing an in-lieu fee arrangement approved after July
 15, 2008, from combining funding from other sources with in-lieu fees in order to achieve
 efficiencies in stream restoration or mitigation.
- 20 → Section 20. KRS 61.637 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A retired member who is receiving monthly retirement payments under any of the
 provisions of KRS 61.510 to 61.705 and 78.510 to 78.852 and who is reemployed as an
 employee by a participating agency prior to August 1, 1998, shall have his retirement
 payments suspended for the duration of reemployment. Monthly payments shall not be
 suspended for a retired member who is reemployed if he anticipates that he will receive less
 than the maximum permissible earnings as provided by the Federal Social Security Act in
 compensation as a result of reemployment during the calendar year. The payments shall be

1		susp	ended at the beginning of the month in which the reemployment occurs.
2	(2)	Emp	loyer and employee contributions shall be made as provided in KRS 61.510 to 61.705
3		and	78.510 to 78.852 on the compensation paid during reemployment, except where
4		mon	thly payments were not suspended as provided in subsection (1) of this section or
5		wou	ld not increase the retired member's last monthly retirement allowance by at least one
6		dolla	ar (\$1), and the member shall be credited with additional service credit.
7	(3)	In tł	ne month following the termination of reemployment, retirement allowance payments
8		shall	be reinstated under the plan under which the member was receiving payments prior to
9		reen	ployment.
10	(4)	(a)	Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the payments suspended in accordance
11			with subsection (1) of this section shall be paid retroactively to the retired member, or
12			his estate, if he does not receive more than the maximum permissible earnings as
13			provided by the Federal Social Security Act in compensation from participating
14			agencies during any calendar year of reemployment.
15		(b)	If the retired member is paid suspended payments retroactively in accordance with
16			this section, employee contributions deducted during his period of reemployment, if
17			any, shall be refunded to the retired employee, and no service credit shall be earned
18			for the period of reemployment.
19		(c)	If the retired member is not eligible to be paid suspended payments for his period of
20			reemployment as an employee, his retirement allowance shall be recomputed under
21			the plan under which the member was receiving payments prior to reemployment as
22			follows:
23			1. The retired member's final compensation shall be recomputed using creditable
24			compensation for his period of reemployment; however, the final compensation
25			resulting from the recalculation shall not be less than that of the member when
26			his retirement allowance was last determined;
27			2. If the retired member initially retired on or subsequent to his normal retirement

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date, his retirement allowance shall be recomputed by using the formula in KRS 61.595(1);

- 3 3. If the retired member initially retired prior to his normal retirement date, his
 retirement allowance shall be recomputed using the formula in KRS 61.595(2),
 except that the member's age used in computing benefits shall be his age at the
 time of his initial retirement increased by the number of months of service
 credit earned for service performed during reemployment;
- 8 4. The retirement allowance payments resulting from the recomputation under this 9 subsection shall be payable in the month following the termination of 10 reemployment in lieu of payments under subparagraph 3. The member shall not 11 receive less in benefits as a result of the recomputation than he was receiving 12 prior to reemployment or would receive as determined under KRS 61.691; and
- 135.Any retired member who was reemployed prior to March 26, 1974, shall begin14making contributions to the system in accordance with the provisions of this15section on the first day of the month following March 26, 1974.
- 16 (5) A retired member, or his estate, shall pay to the retirement fund the total amount of 17 payments which are not suspended in accordance with subsection (1) of this section if the 18 member received more than the maximum permissible earnings as provided by the Federal 19 Social Security Act in compensation from participating agencies during any calendar year 20 of reemployment, except the retired member or his estate may repay the lesser of the total 21 amount of payments which were not suspended or fifty cents (\$0.50) of each dollar earned 22 over the maximum permissible earnings during reemployment if under age sixty-five (65), 23 or one dollar (\$1) for every three dollars (\$3) earned if over age sixty-five (65).
- (6) (a) "Reemployment" or "reinstatement" as used in this section shall not include a retired
 member who has been ordered reinstated by the Personnel Board under authority of
 KRS 18A.095.
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(b) A retired member who has been ordered reinstated by the Personnel Board under

authority of KRS 18A.095 or by court order or by order of the Human Rights
 Commission and accepts employment by an agency participating in the Kentucky
 Employees Retirement System or County Employees Retirement System shall void
 his retirement by reimbursing the system in the full amount of his retirement
 allowance payments received.

- Effective August 1, 1998, the provisions of subsections (1) to (4) of this section shall 6 (7) (a) 7 no longer apply to a retired member who is reemployed in a position covered by the 8 same retirement system from which the member retired. Reemployed retired members 9 shall be treated as new members upon reemployment. Any retired member whose 10 reemployment date preceded August 1, 1998, who does not elect, within sixty (60) 11 days of notification by the retirement systems, to remain under the provisions of 12 subsections (1) to (4) of this section shall be deemed to have elected to participate 13 under this subsection.
- 14 (b) A retired member whose disability retirement was discontinued pursuant to KRS 15 61.615 and who is reemployed in one (1) of the systems administered by the 16 Kentucky Retirement Systems prior to his or her normal retirement date shall have his 17 or her accounts combined upon termination for determining eligibility for benefits. If 18 the member is eligible for retirement, the member's service and creditable 19 compensation earned as a result of his or her reemployment shall be used in the 20 calculation of benefits, except that the member's final compensation shall not be less 21 than the final compensation last used in determining his or her retirement allowance. 22 The member shall not change beneficiary or payment option designations. This 23 provision shall apply to members reemployed on or after August 1, 1998.
- A retired member or his employer shall notify the retirement system if he has accepted
 employment or is serving as a volunteer with an employer that participates in the retirement
 system from which the member retired. The retired member and the participating employer
 shall submit the information required or requested by the systems to confirm the

1 individual's employment or volunteer status.

(9) If the retired member is under a contract, the member shall submit a copy of that contract to
the retirement system, and the retirement system shall determine if the member is an
independent contractor for purposes of retirement benefits. The retired member and the
participating employer shall submit the information required or requested by the systems to
confirm the individual's employment or volunteer status.

7 (10) If a member is receiving a retirement allowance, or has filed the forms required for a 8 retirement allowance, and is employed within one (1) month of the member's initial 9 retirement date in a position that is required to participate in the same retirement system 10 from which the member retired, the member's retirement shall be voided and the member 11 shall repay to the retirement system all benefits received. The member shall contribute to 12 the member account established for him prior to his voided retirement. The retirement 13 allowance for which the member shall be eligible upon retirement shall be determined by 14 total service and creditable compensation.

- (11) (a) If a member of the Kentucky Employees Retirement System retires from a department
 which participates in more than one (1) retirement system and is reemployed within
 one (1) month of his initial retirement date by the same department in a position
 participating in another retirement system, the retired member's retirement allowance
 shall be suspended for the first month of his retirement and the member shall repay to
 the retirement system all benefits received for the month.
- (b) A retired member of the County Employees Retirement System who after initial
 retirement is hired by the county from which the member retired shall be considered
 to have been hired by the same employer.
- (12) (a) If a hazardous member who retired prior to age fifty-five (55), or a nonhazardous
 member who retired prior to age sixty-five (65), is reemployed within six (6) months
 of the member's termination by the same employer, the member shall obtain from his
 previous and current employers a copy of the job description established by the

- 1 employers for the position and a statement of the duties performed by the member for 2 the position from which he retired and for the position in which he has been 3 reemployed. 4 (b) The job descriptions and statements of duties shall be filed with the retirement office. 5 (13) If the retirement system determines that the retired member has been employed in a 6 position with the same principal duties as the position from which the member retired: 7 The member's retirement allowance shall be suspended during the period that begins (a) 8 on the month in which the member is reemployed and ends six (6) months after the 9 member's termination; 10 The retired member shall repay to the retirement system all benefits paid from (b) 11 systems administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems under reciprocity, including 12 medical insurance benefits, that the member received after reemployment began; 13 Upon termination, or subsequent to expiration of the six (6) month period from the (c) 14 date of termination, the retired member's retirement allowance based on his initial 15 retirement account shall no longer be suspended and the member shall receive the 16 amount to which he is entitled, including an increase as provided by KRS 61.691; 17 Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, if the position in which a retired (d) member is employed after initial retirement is a regular full-time position, the retired 18 19 member shall contribute to a second member account established for him in the 20 retirement system. Service credit gained after the member's date of reemployment 21 shall be credited to the second member account; and 22 Upon termination, the retired member shall be entitled to benefits payable from his (e) 23 second retirement account. 24 If the retirement system determines that the retired member has not been reemployed (14) (a) 25 in a position with the same principal duties as the position from which he retired, the retired member shall continue to receive his retirement allowance. 26
- 27 (b) If the position is a regular full-time position, the member shall contribute to a second

- 1 member account in the retirement system.
- 2 (15) (a) If a retired member is reemployed at least one (1) month after initial retirement in a
 3 different position, or at least six (6) months after initial retirement in the same
 4 position, and prior to normal retirement age, the retired member shall contribute to a
 5 second member account in the retirement system and continue to receive a retirement
 6 allowance from the first member account.
- (b) Service credit gained after reemployment shall be credited to the second member
 account. Upon termination, the retired member shall be entitled to benefits payable
 from the second member account.

(16) A retired member who is reemployed and contributing to a second member account shall
not be eligible to purchase service credit under any of the provisions of KRS 16.505 to
12 16.652, 61.510 to 61.705, or 78.510 to 78.852 which he was eligible to purchase prior to
his initial retirement.

(17) Notwithstanding any provision of subsections (1) to (7)(a) and (10) to (15) of this section, the following shall apply to retired members who are reemployed by an agency participating in one (1) of the systems administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems on or after September 1, 2008:

Except as provided by paragraphs (c) and (d) of this subsection, if a member is 18 (a) 19 receiving a retirement allowance from one (1) of the systems administered by 20 Kentucky Retirement Systems, or has filed the forms required to receive a retirement 21 allowance from one (1) of the systems administered by Kentucky Retirement 22 Systems, and is employed in a regular full-time position required to participate in one (1) of the systems administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems or is employed in a 23 24 position that is not considered regular full-time with an agency participating in one 25 (1) of the systems administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems within three (3) months following the member's initial retirement date, the member's retirement shall 26 27 be voided, and the member shall repay to the retirement system all benefits received,

- including any health insurance benefits. If the member is returning to work in a
 regular full-time position required to participate in one (1) of the systems
 administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems:
- The member shall contribute to a member account established for him or her in
 one (1) of the systems administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems, and
 employer contributions shall be paid on behalf of the member by the
 participating employer; and
- 8 2. Upon subsequent retirement, the member shall be eligible for a retirement 9 allowance based upon total service and creditable compensation, including any 10 additional service or creditable compensation earned after his or her initial 11 retirement was voided;
- (b) Except as provided by paragraphs (c) and (d) of this subsection, if a member is
 receiving a retirement allowance from one (1) of the systems administered by
 Kentucky Retirement Systems and is employed in a regular full-time position
 required to participate in one (1) of the systems administered by Kentucky Retirement
 Systems after a three (3) month period following the member's initial retirement date,
 the member may continue to receive his or her retirement allowance during the period
 of reemployment subject to the following provisions:
- 19 1. Both the employee and participating agency shall certify in writing on a form 20 prescribed by the board that no prearranged agreement existed between the 21 employee and agency prior to the employee's retirement for the employee to 22 return to work with the participating agency. If an elected official is reelected to 23 a new term of office in the same position and retires following the election but 24 prior to taking the new term of office, he or she shall be deemed by the system 25 as having a prearranged agreement under the provisions of this subparagraph and shall have his or her retirement voided. If the participating agency or 26 27 employer fail to complete the certification, the member's retirement shall be

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1 voided and the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection shall apply to the 2 member and the employer; 3 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of KRS Chapter 16, 61, or 78 to the 4 contrary, the member shall not contribute to the systems and shall not earn any additional benefits for any work performed during the period of reemployment; 5 Except as provided by KRS 70.291 to 70.293 and 95.022 and except for any 6 3. 7 retiree employed as a school resource officer as defined by KRS 158.441, the 8 employer shall pay employer contributions as specified by KRS 61.565 and 9 61.702 on all creditable compensation earned by the employee during the period 10 of reemployment. The additional contributions paid shall be used to reduce the 11 unfunded actuarial liability of the systems; and 12 4. Except as provided by KRS 70.291 to 70.293 and 95.022 and except for any 13 retiree employed as a school resource officer as defined by KRS 158.441, the 14 employer shall be required to reimburse the systems for the cost of the health 15 insurance premium paid by the systems to provide coverage for the retiree, not 16 to exceed the cost of the single premium. Effective July 1, 2015, Local school 17 boards shall not be required to pay the reimbursement required by this subparagraph for retirees employed by the board for eighty (80) days or less 18 19 during the fiscal year; 20 If a member is receiving a retirement allowance from the State Police Retirement (c) 21 System or from hazardous duty retirement coverage with the Kentucky Employees 22 Retirement System or the County Employees Retirement System, or has filed the 23 forms required to receive a retirement allowance from the State Police Retirement 24 System or from hazardous duty retirement coverage with the Kentucky Employees 25 Retirement System or the County Employees Retirement System, and is employed in a regular full-time position required to participate in the State Police Retirement 26

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System or in a hazardous duty position with the Kentucky Employees Retirement

1 System or the County Employees Retirement System within one (1) month following 2 the member's initial retirement date, the member's retirement shall be voided, and the 3 member shall repay to the retirement system all benefits received, including any 4 health insurance benefits. If the member is returning to work in a regular full-time 5 position required to participate in one (1) of the systems administered by Kentucky 6 Retirement Systems:

- The member shall contribute to a member account established for him or her in
 one (1) of the systems administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems, and
 employer contributions shall be paid on behalf of the member by the
 participating employer; and
- 11 2. Upon subsequent retirement, the member shall be eligible for a retirement 12 allowance based upon total service and creditable compensation, including any 13 additional service or creditable compensation earned after his or her initial 14 retirement was voided;
- 15 If a member is receiving a retirement allowance from the State Police Retirement (d) System or from hazardous duty retirement coverage with the Kentucky Employees 16 17 Retirement System or the County Employees Retirement System and is employed in a regular full-time position required to participate in the State Police Retirement 18 19 System or in a hazardous duty position with the Kentucky Employees Retirement 20 System or the County Employees Retirement System after a one (1) month period 21 following the member's initial retirement date, the member may continue to receive 22 his or her retirement allowance during the period of reemployment subject to the 23 following provisions:
- 241.Both the employee and participating agency shall certify in writing on a form25prescribed by the board that no prearranged agreement existed between the26employee and agency prior to the employee's retirement for the employee to27return to work with the participating agency. If an elected official is reelected to

1 a new term of office in the same position and retires following the election but 2 prior to taking the new term of office, he or she shall be deemed by the system 3 as having a prearranged agreement under the provisions of this subparagraph 4 and shall have his or her retirement voided. If the participating agency or employer fail to complete the certification, the member's retirement shall be 5 voided and the provisions of paragraph (c) of this subsection shall apply to the 6 7 member and the employer; 8 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of KRS Chapter 16, 61, or 78 to the 9 contrary, the member shall not contribute to the systems and shall not earn any 10 additional benefits for any work performed during the period of reemployment; 11 3. Except as provided by KRS 70.291 to 70.293 and 95.022 and except for any 12 retiree employed as a school resource officer as defined by KRS 158.441, the 13 employer shall pay employer contributions as specified by KRS 61.565 and 14 61.702 on all creditable compensation earned by the employee during the period 15 of reemployment. The additional contributions paid shall be used to reduce the 16 unfunded actuarial liability of the systems; and 17 4. Except as provided by KRS 70.291 to 70.293 and 95.022 and except for any retiree employed as a school resource officer as defined by KRS 158.441, the 18 19 employer shall be required to reimburse the systems for the cost of the health 20 insurance premium paid by the systems to provide coverage for the retiree, not 21 to exceed the cost of the single premium; 22 Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (d) of this subsection, a retired member who (e) 23 qualifies as a volunteer for an employer participating in one (1) of the systems 24 administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems and who is receiving reimbursement 25 of actual expenses, a nominal fee for his or her volunteer services, or both, shall not be considered an employee of the participating employer and shall not be subject to 26 27 paragraphs (a) to (d) of this subsection if:

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 Prior to the retired member's most recent retirement date, he or she did not receive creditable compensation from the participating employer in which the retired member is performing volunteer services;

- Any reimbursement or nominal fee received prior to the retired member's most
 recent retirement date has not been credited as creditable compensation to the
 member's account or utilized in the calculation of the retired member's benefits;
- 7 3. The retired member has not purchased or received service credit under any of
 8 the provisions of KRS 61.510 to 61.705 or 78.510 to 78.852 for service with the
 9 participating employer for which the retired member is performing volunteer
 10 services; and
- 4. Other than the status of volunteer, the retired member does not become an
 employee, leased employee, or independent contractor of the employer for
 which he or she is performing volunteer services for a period of at least twentyfour (24) months following the retired member's most recent retirement date.
- 15 If a retired member, who provided volunteer services with a participating employer 16 under this paragraph violates any provision of this paragraph, then he or she shall be 17 deemed an employee of the participating employer as of the date he or she began 18 providing volunteer services and both the retired member and the participating 19 employer shall be subject to paragraphs (a) to (d) of this subsection for the period of 20 volunteer service; and
- (f) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, any mayor or member of a city
 legislative body who has not participated in the County Employees Retirement
 System prior to retirement, but who is otherwise eligible to retire from the Kentucky
 Employees Retirement System or the State Police Retirement System, shall not be:
- Required to resign from his or her position as mayor or as a member of the city
 legislative body in order to begin drawing benefits from the Kentucky
 Employees Retirement System or the State Police Retirement System; or

1		2. Subject to any provision of this section as it relates solely to his or her service as
2		a mayor or member of the city legislative body.
3		→ Section 21. KRS 70.292 is amended to read as follows:
4	(1)	A county police department or county sheriff's office in the Commonwealth of Kentucky
5		may employ police officers who have retired under the State Police Retirement System,
6		Kentucky Employees Retirement System, or the County Employees Retirement System as
7		provided by KRS 70.291 to 70.293.
8	(2)	An individual employed under KRS 70.291 to 70.293 shall have:
9		(a) 1. Participated in the Law Enforcement Foundation Program fund under KRS
10		15.410 to 15.515; or
11		2. Retired as a commissioned officer pursuant to KRS Chapter 16;
12		(b) Retired with at least twenty (20) years of service credit;
13		(c) Been separated from service for the period required by KRS 61.637 so that the
14		member's retirement is not voided;
15		(d) Retired with no administrative charges pending; and
16		(e) Retired with no pre-existing agreement between the individual and the <i>county police</i>
17		department or the sheriff's office prior to the individual's retirement for the individual
18		to return to work for the <i>county police department or the</i> sheriff's office.
19		→ Section 22. KRS 70.293 is amended to read as follows:
20	(1)	Individuals employed under KRS 70.291 to 70.293 shall:
21		(a) Serve for a term not to exceed one (1) year. The one (1) year employment term may
22		be renewed annually at the discretion of the employing <i>county police department or</i>
23		sheriff's office;
24		(b) Receive compensation according to the standard procedures applicable to the
25		employing <i>county police department or</i> sheriff's office; and
26		(c) Be employed based upon need as determined by the <i>county police department or the</i>
27		employing sheriff's office.

- (2) Notwithstanding any provisions of KRS 16.505 to 16.652, 18A.225 to 18A.2287, 61.510 to
 61.705, or 78.510 to 78.852 to the contrary:
- (a) Individuals employed under KRS 70.291 to 70.293 shall continue to receive all
 retirement and health insurance benefits to which they were entitled upon retiring in
 the applicable system administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems;
- 6 (b) Individuals employed under KRS 70.291 to 70.293 shall not be eligible to receive
 7 health insurance coverage through the *county police department, the* sheriff's office,
 8 or the fiscal court of the *county police department or* sheriff's *office*[county];
- 9 (c) The *county police department*, sheriff's office, or fiscal court of the *county police*10 <u>department or</u> sheriff's office shall not pay any employer contributions or retiree
 11 health expense reimbursements to the Kentucky Retirement Systems required by KRS
 12 61.637(17) for individuals employed under KRS 70.291 to 70.293; and
- 13 (d) The *county police department*, sheriff's office, or fiscal court of the *county police* 14 *department or* sheriff's office shall not pay any insurance contributions to the state
 15 health insurance plan, as provided by KRS 18A.225 to 18A.2287, for individuals
 16 employed under KRS 70.291 to 70.293.

17 (3) Individuals employed under KRS 70.291 to 70.293 shall be subject to any merit system,
18 civil service, or other legislative due process provisions applicable to the *county police*19 *department or* sheriff's office. A decision not to renew a one (1) year appointment term
20 under this section shall not be considered a disciplinary action or deprivation subject to due
21 process.

- → Section 23. KRS 161.569 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any person electing to participate in the optional retirement plan shall be ineligible for
 membership in the regular retirement plan of the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System
 for as long as the participant is employed in a position for which the optional retirement
 plan is available, except as provided in KRS 161.568(1).
- 27 (2) Any person electing to participate in the optional retirement plan shall acknowledge in

writing that the benefits payable to participants are not the obligation of the Commonwealth
 of Kentucky or the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, and that these benefits and
 other rights of the optional retirement plan are the liability and responsibility solely of the
 designated companies to which contributions have been made.

5 (3) Benefits shall be payable to optional retirement plan participants or their beneficiaries by
6 the designated companies in accordance with the contracts issued by each company and the
7 retirement plan provisions adopted by each public institution.

8 Annuity contracts issued under the optional retirement plan and all rights of a participant in (4) 9 the optional retirement plan shall be exempt from any state, local, or municipal tax; 10 assessment for the insolvency of any life, health, or casualty insurance company; any levy 11 or sale, garnishment, or attachment; or any process whatsoever, and shall be unassignable 12 except as otherwise specifically provided by the contracts offered under the optional 13 retirement plan adopted by the respective public institutions of higher education. Except 14 contracts issued and rights accrued in the optional retirement plan on or after January 1, 15 1998, shall be subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.020, to the extent provided in KRS 16 141.010 and 141.0215.

17 Each institution shall contribute for each payroll period of each fiscal year to the Kentucky (5) 18 Teachers' Retirement System, an amount equal to five and one-tenth percent (5.1%) of the 19 total salaries of all persons who elect or elected to participate in the optional retirement 20 plan instead of the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System. This payment shall continue to 21 be made until June 30, 2018[July 1, 2048]. No contributions shall be payable on or after 22 July 1, 2018, to the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System for all persons who elect or 23 elected to participate in the optional retirement plan instead of the Kentucky Teachers' 24 Retirement System. 25 KRS 138.130 IS REPEALED AND REENACTED TO READ AS \rightarrow SECTION 24.

26 FOLLOWS:

27 As used in this section to KRS 138.205:

1	<u>(1)</u>	(<i>a</i>)	"Chewing tobacco" means any leaf tobacco that is not intended to be smoked and
2			includes loose leaf chewing tobacco, plug chewing tobacco, and twist chewing
3			<u>tobacco.</u>
4		<u>(b)</u>	"Chewing tobacco" does not include snuff;
5	<u>(2)</u>	(a)	"Cigarettes" means any roll for smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco, or any
6			substitute for tobacco, irrespective of size or shape and whether or not the tobacco
7			is flavored, adulterated, or mixed with any other ingredient, the wrapper or cover of
8			which is made of paper or any other substance or material, except tobacco.
9		<u>(b)</u>	"Cigarettes" does not include reference tobacco products or electronic cigarettes;
10	<u>(3)</u>	''Cig	garette tax" means the group of taxes consisting of:
11		<u>(a)</u>	The tax imposed by subsection (1)(a) of Section 27 of this Act;
12		<u>(b)</u>	The surtax imposed by subsection (1)(b) of Section 27 of this Act; and
13		<u>(c)</u>	The surtax imposed by subsection (1)(c) of Section 27 of this Act;
14	<u>(4)</u>	''De	partment" means the Department of Revenue;
15	<u>(5)</u>	''Dis	stributor" means any person within this state in possession of tobacco products for
16		<u>resa</u>	le within this state on which the tobacco products tax imposed under subsection (2)
17		<u>of S</u>	ection 27 of this Act has not been paid;
18	<u>(6)</u>	''Ha	lf-pound unit'' means a consumer-sized container, pouch, or package:
19		<u>(a)</u>	Containing at least four (4) ounces but not more than eight (8) ounces of chewing
20			tobacco by net weight;
21		<u>(b)</u>	Produced by the manufacturer to be sold to consumers as a half-pound unit and
22			not produced to be divided or sold separately; and
23		<u>(c)</u>	Containing one (1) individual container, pouch, or package;
24	<u>(7)</u>	''Ma	unufacturer'' means any person who manufactures or produces cigarettes or tobacco
25		<u>prod</u>	lucts within or without this state;
26	<u>(8)</u>	''No	nresident wholesaler" means any person who purchases cigarettes directly from the
27		man	ufacturer and maintains a permanent location outside this state where Kentucky

1	cigarette tax evidence is attached or from where Kentucky cigarette tax is reported and
2	paid;
3	(9) ''Person'' means any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association
4	municipal or private corporation whether organized for profit or not, the Commonwealth
5	of Kentucky or any of its political subdivisions, an estate, trust, or any other group of
6	combination acting as a unit;
7	(10) ''Pound unit'' means a consumer-sized container, pouch, or package:
8	(a) Containing more than eight (8) ounces but not more than sixteen (16) ounces of
9	chewing tobacco by net weight;
10	(b) Produced by the manufacturer to be sold to consumers as a pound unit and no
11	produced to be divided or sold separately; and
12	(c) Containing one (1) individual container, pouch, or package;
13	(11) "Reference tobacco products" means tobacco products or cigarettes made by a
14	manufacturer specifically for an accredited state college or university to be held by the
15	college or university until sale or transfer to a laboratory, hospital, medical center
16	institute, college or university, manufacturer, or other institution;
17	(12) "Resident wholesaler" means any person who purchases at least seventy-five percen
18	(75%) of all cigarettes purchased by the wholesaler directly from the manufacturer or
19	which the cigarette tax is unpaid, and who maintains an established place of business in
20	this state where the wholesaler attaches cigarette tax evidence or receives untax-paid
21	<u>cigarettes;</u>
22	(13) "Retail distributor" means a retailer who has obtained a retail distributor's license
23	under Section 33 of this Act;
24	(14) "Retailer" means any person who sells to a consumer or to any person for any purpose
25	other than resale;
26	(15) "Sale" or "sell" means any transfer for a consideration, exchange, barter, gift, offer for
27	sale, advertising for sale, soliciting an order for cigarettes or tobacco products, and

1	distribution in any manner or by any means whatsoever;
2	(16) ''Sale at retail'' means a sale to any person for any other purpose other than resale;
3	(17) "Single unit" means a consumer-sized container, pouch, or package:
4	(a) Containing less than four (4) ounces of chewing tobacco by net weight;
5	(b) Produced by the manufacturer to be sold to consumers as a single unit and not
6	produced to be divided or sold separately; and
7	(c) Containing one (1) individual container, pouch, or package;
8	(18) (a) "Snuff" means tobacco that:
9	<u>1. Is finely cut, ground, or powdered; and</u>
10	2. Is not for smoking.
11	(b) "Snuff" includes snus;
12	(19) "Sub-jobber" means any person who purchases cigarettes from a resident wholesaler,
13	nonresident wholesaler, or unclassified acquirer licensed under Section 33 of this Act on
14	which the cigarette tax has been paid and makes them available to retailers for resale.
15	No person shall make cigarettes available to retailers for resale unless the person
16	certifies and establishes to the satisfaction of the department that firm arrangements
17	have been made to regularly supply at least five (5) retail locations with Kentucky tax-
18	paid cigarettes for resale in the regular course of business;
19	(20) "Tax evidence" means any stamps, metered impressions, or other indicia prescribed by
20	the department by administrative regulation as a means of denoting the payment of
21	<u>cigarette taxes;</u>
22	(21) "Tobacco products" means any smokeless tobacco products, smoking tobacco, chewing
23	tobacco, and any kind or form of tobacco prepared in a manner suitable for chewing or
24	smoking, or both, or any kind or form of tobacco that is suitable to be placed in an
25	individual's oral cavity, except cigarettes;
26	(22) "Tobacco products tax" means the tax imposed by subsection (2) of Section 27 of this
27	<u>Act;</u>

1	(23)	''Tra	ansporter" means any person transporting untax-paid cigarettes obtained from any
2		<u>sour</u>	ce to any destination within this state, other than cigarettes transported by the
3		<u>man</u>	ufacturer thereof;
4	<u>(24)</u>	''Un	classified acquirer'' means any person in this state who acquires cigarettes from any
5		<u>sour</u>	ce on which the cigarette tax has not been paid, and who is not a person otherwise
6		<u>requ</u>	ired to be licensed under Section 33 of this Act;
7	(25)	''Un	tax-paid cigarettes" means any cigarettes on which the cigarette tax imposed by
8		<u>Sect</u>	ion 27 of this Act has not been paid;
9	<u>(26)</u>	''Un	tax-paid tobacco products" means any tobacco products on which the tobacco
10		<u>prod</u>	lucts tax imposed by Section 27 of this Act has not been paid; and
11	<u>(27)</u>	''Ve	nding machine operator" means any person who operates one (1) or more cigarette
12		<u>vena</u>	ling machines.
13		⇒s	ection 25. KRS 138.132 is amended to read as follows:
14	(1)	It is	the declared legislative intent of KRS 138.130 to 138.205 that any untax-paid tobacco
15		prod	lucts held, owned, possessed, or in control of any person other than as provided in KRS
16		138.	130 to 138.205 are contraband and subject to seizure and forfeiture as set out in this
17		secti	on.
18	(2)	(a)	If a retailer, who is not a licensed retail distributor, purchases tobacco products from a
19			licensed distributor and the purchase invoice does not contain the separate
20			identification and display of the <i>tobacco products</i> [excise] tax[required by KRS
21			138.140(4)(d)3.], the retailer shall, within twenty-four (24) hours, notify the
22			department in writing.
23		(b)	The notification shall include the name and address of the person from whom the
24			tobacco products were purchased and a copy of the purchase invoice.
25		(c)	The tobacco products for which the required information was not included on the
26			invoice shall be retained by the retailer, and not sold, for a period of fifteen (15) days
27			after giving the proper notice as required by this subsection.

1		(d)	After the fifteen (15) day period, the retailer may pay the tax due on the tobacco					
2			products described in paragraph (c) of this subsection according to administrative					
3			regulations promulgated by the department, and after which may proceed to sell the					
4			tobacco products.					
5	(3)	If a retailer, who is not a licensed retail distributor, purchases tobacco products for resale						
6		fron	from a person not licensed under KRS 138.195(7), which is prohibited by subsection (2) of					
7		<u>Sect</u>	Section 27 of this Act[KRS 138.140(4)(c)], the retailer may not sell those tobacco products					
8		unti	until the retailer applies for and is granted a retail distributor's license under KRS					
9		138.	138.195(7)(b).					
10	(4)	If, u	If, upon examination, the department determines that the retailer has failed to comply with					
11		the j	the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, the retailer shall pay all tax and interest and					
12		appl	applicable penalties due and the following shall apply:					
13		(a)	For the first offense, an additional penalty shall be assessed equal to ten percent					
14			(10%) of the tax due;					
15		(b)	For a second offense within three (3) years or less of the first offense, an additional					
16			penalty shall be assessed equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the tax due; and					
17		(c)	For a third offense or subsequent offense within three (3) years or less of the first					
18			offense, the tobacco products shall be contraband and subject to seizure and forfeiture					
19			as provided in subsection (5) of this section.					
20	(5)	(a)	Whenever a representative of the department finds contraband tobacco products					
21			within the borders of this state, the tobacco products shall be immediately seized and					
22			stored in a depository to be determined by the representative.					
23		(b)	At the time of seizure, the representative shall deliver to the person in whose custody					
24			the tobacco products are found a receipt for the seized products. The receipt shall					
25			state on its face that any inquiry concerning any tobacco products seized shall be					
26			directed to the commissioner of the Department of Revenue, Frankfort, Kentucky.					
27		(c)	Immediately upon seizure, the representative shall notify the commissioner of the					

1		nature and quantity of the tobacco products seized. Any seized tobacco products shall				
2		be held for a period of twenty (20) days, and if after that period no person has claimed				
3		the tobacco products as his or her property, the commissioner shall cause the tobacco				
4		products to be destroyed.				
5	(6)	All fixtures, equipment, materials, and personal property used in substantial connection				
6		with the sale or possession of tobacco products involved in a knowing and intentional				
7		violation of KRS 138.130 to 138.205 shall be contraband and subject to seizure and				
8		forfeiture as follows:				
9		(a) The department's representative shall seize the property and store the property in a				
10		safe place selected by the representative; and				
11		(b) The representative shall proceed as provided in KRS 138.165(2). The commissioner				
12		shall cause the property to be sold after notice published pursuant to KRS Chapter				
13		424. The proceeds from the sale shall be applied as provided in KRS 138.165(2).				
14	(7)	The owner or any person having an interest in the fixtures, materials, or personal property				
15		that has been seized as provided by subsection (6) of this section may apply to the				
16		commissioner for remission of the forfeiture for good cause shown. If it is shown to the				
17		satisfaction of the commissioner that the owner or person having an interest in the property				
18		was without fault, the department shall remit the forfeiture.				
19	(8)	Any party aggrieved by an order entered under this section may appeal to the Kentucky				
20		Claims Commission pursuant to KRS 49.220.				
21		→Section 26. KRS 138.135 is amended to read as follows:				
22	(1)	(a) Every manufacturer, whether located in this state or outside this state, that ships				
23		tobacco products to a distributor, retailer, retail distributor, or any other person				
24		located in this state shall file a report with the department on or before the twentieth				
25		day of each month identifying all such shipments made by the manufacturer during				
26		the preceding month. The department, within its discretion, may allow a manufacturer				
27		to file the report for periods other than monthly.				

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1		(b)	The reports shall identify:					
2			1.	The names and addresses of the persons in this state to whom the shipments				
3				were made;				
4			2.	The quantities of tobacco products shipped, by type of product and brand; and				
5			3.	Any other information the department may require.				
6	(2)	Eacl	h lice	nsed distributor and each licensed retail distributor shall keep in each licensed				
7		plac	e of b	e of business complete and accurate records for that place of business, including:				
8		(a)	Item	Itemized invoices of:				
9			1.	Tobacco products purchased, manufactured, imported, or caused to be imported				
10				into this state from outside this state, or shipped or transported to other				
11				distributors or retailers in this state or outside this state, including type of				
12				product and brand;				
13			2.	All sales of tobacco products, including sales of tobacco products manufactured				
14				or produced in this state, including type of product and brand; and				
15			3.	All tobacco products transferred to retail outlets owned or controlled by the				
16				licensed distributor, including type of product and brand; and				
17		(b)	Any	other records required by the department.				
18	(3)	Eacl	h retai	retailer of tobacco products shall keep complete and accurate records of all purchases				
19		of to	obacco	p products, including invoices that identify:				
20		(a)	The	distributor's name and address;				
21		(b)	The	name, quantity, and purchase price of the product purchased;				
22		(c)	The	license number of the distributor licensed under KRS 138.195(7); and				
23		(d)	The	tobacco products[excise] tax imposed[as required] by Section 27 of this				
24			<u>Act</u>	[KRS 138.140(4)(d)3] .				
25	(4)	All books, records, invoices, and documents required by this section shall be preserved, in a						
26		form	n pres	cribed by the department, for not less than four (4) years from the making of the				
27		records unless the department authorizes, in writing, the destruction of the records.						

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Section 27. KRS 138.140 is amended to read as follows:

- 2 (1) (a) A tax shall be paid on the sale of cigarettes within the state at a proportionate rate of
 3 three cents (\$0.03) on each twenty (20) cigarettes.
- 4 (b)[(2)] Effective July 1, 2018[April 1, 2009], a surtax shall be paid in addition to the
 5 tax levied in paragraph (a) of this subsection[(1) of this section] at a proportionate
 6 rate of one dollar and six cents (\$1.06)[fifty six cents (\$0.56)] on each twenty (20)
 7 cigarettes.[This tax shall be paid only once, at the same time the tax imposed by
 8 subsection (1) of this section is paid.]
- 9 (c)[(3)] [Effective June 1, 2005,]A surtax shall be paid in addition to the tax levied in
 10 paragraph (a) of this subsection[-(1) of this section] and in addition to the surtax
 11 levied by paragraph (b) of this subsection[-(2) of this section], at a proportionate rate
 12 of one cent (\$0.01) on each twenty (20) cigarettes.[This tax shall be paid at the same
 13 time the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section and the surtax imposed by
 14 subsection (2) of this section are paid.] The revenues from this surtax shall be
 15 deposited in the cancer research institutions matching fund created in KRS 164.043.

16 (d) The surtaxes imposed by paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection shall be paid at 17 the time that the tax imposed by paragraph (a) of this subsection is paid.

18 (2)[(4)] (a) [Effective August 1, 2013,]An excise tax is hereby imposed upon every
 19 distributor for the privilege of selling tobacco products in this state at the following
 20 rates:

Upon snuff at the rate of nineteen cents (\$0.19) per each one and one-half (1 1/2) ounces or portion thereof by net weight sold;

- 2. Upon chewing tobacco at the rate of:
- a. Nineteen cents (\$0.19) per each single unit sold;
- b. Forty cents (\$0.40) per each half-pound unit sold; or
 - c. Sixty-five cents (\$0.65) per each pound unit sold.
- 27 If the container, pouch, or package on which the tax is levied contains more

1			than sixteen (16) ounces by net weight, the rate that shall be applied to the unit
2			shall equal the sum of sixty-five cents (\$0.65) plus nineteen cents (\$0.19) for
3			each increment of four (4) ounces or portion thereof exceeding sixteen (16)
4			ounces sold; and
5		3.	Upon tobacco products sold, at the rate of fifteen percent (15%) of the actual
6			price for which the distributor sells tobacco products, except snuff and chewing
7			tobacco, within the Commonwealth.
8	(b)	The	net weight posted by the manufacturer on the container, pouch, or package or on
9		the	manufacturer's invoice shall be used to calculate the tax due on snuff or chewing
10		toba	cco.
11	(c)	1.	A retailer located in this state shall not purchase tobacco products for resale to
12			consumers from any person within or outside this state unless that person is a
13			distributor licensed under KRS 138.195(7)(a) or the retailer applies for and is
14			granted a retail distributor's license under KRS 138.195(7)(b) for the privilege
15			of purchasing <i>untax-paid</i> [untaxed] tobacco products and remitting the tax as
16			provided in this paragraph.
17		2.	A licensed retail distributor of tobacco products shall be subject to the excise
18			tax as follows:
19			a. On purchases of <i>untax-paid</i> [untaxed] snuff, at the same rate levied by
20			paragraph (a)1. of this subsection;
21			b. On purchases of <u>untax-paid</u> [untaxed] chewing tobacco, at the same rates
22			levied by paragraph (a)2. of this subsection; and
23			c. On purchases of <u>untax-paid</u> [untaxed] tobacco products, except snuff and
24			chewing tobacco, fifteen percent (15%) of the total purchase price as
25			invoiced by the retail distributor's supplier.
26	(d)	1.	The licensed distributor that first possesses tobacco products for sale to a
27			retailer in this state or for sale to a person who is not licensed under KRS

1		138.195(7) shall be the distributor liable for the tax imposed by this subsection
2		except as provided in subparagraph 2. of this paragraph.
3		2. A distributor licensed under KRS 138.195(7)(a) may sell tobacco products to
4		another distributor licensed under KRS 138.195(7)(a) without payment of the
5		excise tax. In such case, the purchasing licensed distributor shall be the
6		distributor liable for the tax.
7		3. A licensed distributor or licensed retail distributor shall:
8		a. Identify and display the distributor's or retail distributor's license number
9		on the invoice to the retailer; and
10		b. Identify and display the excise tax separately on the invoice to the retailer.
11		If the excise tax is included as part of the product's sales price, the
12		licensed distributor or licensed retail distributor shall list the total excise
13		tax in summary form by tax type with invoice totals.
14		4. It shall be presumed that the excise tax has not been paid if the licensed
15		distributor or licensed retail distributor does not comply with subparagraph 3. of
16		this paragraph.
17	(e)	No tax shall be imposed on tobacco products under this subsection that are not within
18		the taxing power of this state under the Commerce Clause of the United States
19		Constitution.
20	<u>(3)[(5)]</u>	(<i>a</i>) The taxes imposed by subsections (1) and (2)[(4)] of this section:
21		<u><i>1</i></u> . Shall not apply to reference tobacco products: and [.
22		(6) The taxes imposed by subsections (1) to (4) of this section]
23		2. Shall be paid only once, regardless of the number of times the cigarettes or
24		<u>tobacco products</u> may be sold <u>.</u>
25	<u>(b)</u>	The taxes imposed by subsection (1)(a) and (b) and subsection (2) of this section
26		shall be reduced by:
27		1. Fifty percent (50%) on any product as to which a modified risk tobacco

1	product order is issued under 21 U.S.C. sec. 387k(g)(1); or
2	2. Twenty-five percent (25%) for any product as to which a modified risk
3	tobacco product order is issued under 21 U.S.C. sec. 387k(g)(2).
4	(4) A reference tobacco product shall carry a marking labeling the contents as a research
5	cigarette or a research tobacco product to be used only for tobacco-health research and
6	experimental purposes and shall not be offered for sale, sold, or distributed to
7	<u>consumers.</u>
8	(5) [(7)] The department may prescribe forms and promulgate administrative regulations to
9	execute and administer the provisions of this section.
10	$(\underline{6})$ [(8)] The General Assembly recognizes that increasing taxes on tobacco products should
11	reduce consumption, and therefore result in healthier lifestyles for Kentuckians. The
12	relative taxes on tobacco products proposed in this section reflect the growing data from
13	scientific studies suggesting that although smokeless tobacco poses some risks, those health
14	risks are significantly less than the risks posed by other forms of tobacco products.
15	Moreover, the General Assembly acknowledges that some in the public health community
16	recognize that tobacco harm reduction should be a complementary public health strategy
17	regarding tobacco products. Taxing tobacco products according to relative risk is a rational
18	tax policy and may well serve the public health goal of reducing smoking-related mortality
19	and morbidity and lowering health care costs associated with tobacco-related disease.
20	(7) Any person subject to the taxes imposed under subsections (1) and (2) of this section
21	that:
22	(a) Files an application related to a modified risk tobacco product shall report to the
23	department that an application has been filed within thirty (30) days of that filing;
24	and
25	(b) Receives an order authorizing the marketing of a modified risk tobacco product
26	shall report to the department that an authorizing order has been received.
27	(8) Upon receipt of the information required by subsection (7)(b) of this section, the

1		<u>depa</u>	rtment shall reduce the tax imposed on the modified risk tobacco product as
2		<u>requ</u>	ired by subsection (3)(c) of this section on the first day of the calendar month
3		<u>follo</u>	wing the expiration of forty-five (45) days following receipt of the information
4		<u>requ</u>	ired by subsection (7)(b) of this section.
5		⇒s	ection 28. KRS 138.143 is amended to read as follows:
6	(1)	Ever	y retailer, sub-jobber, resident wholesaler, nonresident wholesaler, and unclassified
7		acqu	irer shall:
8		(a)	Take a physical inventory of all cigarettes in packages bearing Kentucky tax stamps,
9			and all unaffixed Kentucky cigarette tax stamps possessed by them or in their control
10			at 11:59 p.m. on June 30, 2018[March 31, 2009]. Inventory of cigarettes in vending
11			machines may be accomplished by:
12			1. Taking an actual physical inventory;
13			2. Estimating the cigarettes in vending machines by reporting one-half $(1/2)$ of the
14			normal fill capacity of the machines, as reflected in individual inventory records
15			maintained for vending machines; or
16			3. Using a combination of the methods prescribed in subparagraphs 1. and 2. of
17			this paragraph;
18		(b)	File a return with the department on or before <u>July 10, 2018[April 10, 2009]</u> , showing
19			the entire wholesale and retail inventories of cigarettes in packages bearing Kentucky
20			tax stamps, and all unaffixed Kentucky cigarette tax stamps possessed by them or in
21			their control at 11:59 p.m. on <i>June 30, 2018</i> [March 31, 2009]; and
22		(c)	Pay a floor stock tax at a proportionate rate equal to <u>fifty cents (\$0.50)</u> [thirty cents
23			(\$0.30)] on each twenty (20) cigarettes in packages bearing a Kentucky tax stamp and
24			unaffixed Kentucky tax stamps in their possession or control at 11:59 p.m. on June
25			<u>30, 2018[March 31, 2009]</u> .
26	(2)	Ever	y retailer and sub-jobber shall:
27		(a)	1. Take a physical inventory of all units of snuff possessed by them or in their

1	control at	11:59 p.m. on March 31, 2009;
2	2.	File a return with the department on or before April 10, 2009, showing the
3		entire inventory of snuff possessed by them or in their control at 11:59
4		p.m. on March 31, 2009; and
5	3.	Pay a floor stock tax at a proportionate rate equal to nine and one-half
6		cents (\$0.095) on each unit of snuff in their possession or control at 11:59
7		p.m. on March 31, 2009; and
8	(b)	1. a. Take a physical inventory of all other tobacco products
9		possessed by them or in their control at 11:59 p.m. on March 31, 2009;
10	b.	File a return with the department on or before April 10, 2009, showing the
11		entire inventories of other tobacco products possessed by them or in their
12		control at 11:59 p.m. on March 31, 2009; and
13	с.	Pay a floor stock tax at a proportionate rate equal to seven and one-half
14		percent (7.5%) on the purchase price of other tobacco products in their
15		possession or control at 11:59 p.m. on March 31, 2009.
16	2.	a. As used in this paragraph, "purchase price" means the actual amount
17		paid for the other tobacco products subject to the tax imposed by this
18		paragraph.
19	b.	If the retailer or sub-jobber cannot determine the actual amount paid for
20		each item of other tobacco product, the retailer or sub-jobber may use as
21		the purchase price the amount per unit paid as reflected on the most recent
22		invoice received prior to April 1, 2009, for the same category of other
23		tobacco product.
24	с.	To prevent double taxation, if the invoice used by the retailer or sub-
25		jobber to determine the purchase price of the other tobacco product does
26		not separately state the tax paid by the wholesaler, the retailer or sub-
27		jobber may reduce the amount paid per unit by seven and one-half percent

1			(7.5%).
2	(3)	(a)	The taxes imposed by this section may be paid in three (3) installments. The first
3			installment, in an amount equal to at least one-third $(1/3)$ of the total amount due,
4			shall be remitted with the return provided by the department on or before July 10,
5			2018[April 10, 2009]. The second installment, in an amount that brings the total
6			amount paid to at least two-thirds (2/3) of the total amount due, shall be remitted on
7			or before August 10, 2018[May 10, 2009]. The third installment, in an amount equal
8			to the remaining balance, shall be remitted on or before September 10, 2018[June 10,
9			2009] .
10		(b)	Interest shall not be imposed against any outstanding installment payment not yet due
11			from any retailer, sub-jobber, resident wholesaler, nonresident wholesaler, or
12			unclassified acquirer who files the return and makes payments as required under this
13			section.
14		(c)	Any retailer, sub-jobber, resident wholesaler, nonresident wholesaler, or unclassified
15			acquirer who fails to file a return or make a payment on or before the dates provided
16			in this section shall, in addition to the tax, pay interest at the tax interest rate as
17			defined in KRS 131.010(6) from the date on which the return was required to be filed.
18		⇒s	ection 29. KRS 138.146 is amended to read as follows:
19	(1)	The	cigarette tax[imposed by KRS 138.130 to 138.205] shall be due when any licensed
20		who	lesaler or unclassified acquirer takes possession within this state of untax-paid
21		ciga	rettes.
22	(2)	<u>(a)</u>	The <i>cigarette</i> tax shall be paid by the purchase of stamps by a resident wholesaler
23			within forty-eight (48) hours after the wholesaler receives the cigarettes.
24		<u>(b)</u>	A stamp shall be affixed to each package of an aggregate denomination not less than
25			the amount of the <i>cigarette</i> tax on the package.
26		<u>(c)</u>	The affixed stamp shall be prima facie evidence of payment of <i>the cigarette</i> tax.
27		<u>(d)</u>	Unless stamps have been previously affixed, they shall be affixed by each resident

1			wholesaler prior to the delivery of any cigarettes to a retail location or any person in
2			this state.
3		<u>(e)</u>	The evidence of <i>cigarette</i> tax payment shall be affixed to each individual package of
4			cigarettes by a nonresident wholesaler prior to the introduction or importation of the
5			cigarettes into the territorial limits of this state.
6		<u>(f)</u>	The evidence of <i>cigarette</i> tax payment shall be affixed by an unclassified acquirer
7			within twenty-four (24) hours after the cigarettes are received by the unclassified
8			acquirer.
9	(3)	<u>(a)</u>	The department shall by regulation prescribe the form of cigarette tax evidence, the
10			method and manner of the sale and distribution of cigarette tax evidence, and the
11			method and manner that tax evidence shall be affixed to the cigarettes.
12		<u>(b)</u>	All cigarette tax evidence prescribed by the department shall be designed and
13			furnished in a fashion to permit identification of the person that affixed the cigarette
14			tax evidence to the particular package of cigarettes, by means of numerical rolls or
15			other mark on the cigarette tax evidence.
16		<u>(c)</u>	The department shall maintain for at least three (3) years information identifying the
17			person that affixed the cigarette tax evidence to each package of cigarettes. This
18			information shall not be kept confidential or exempt from disclosure to the public
19			through open records.
20	(4)	(a)	Units of cigarette tax evidence shall be sold at their face value, but the department
21			shall allow as compensation to any licensed wholesaler an amount of tax evidence
22			equal to thirty cents (\$0.30) face value for each three dollars (\$3) of tax evidence
23			purchased at face value and attributable to the tax assessed in <u>subsection (1)(a) of</u>
24			Section 27 of this Act[KRS 138.140(1)]. No compensation shall be allowed for tax
25			evidence purchased at face value attributable to the surtaxes imposed[tax assessed] in
26			paragraphs (b) or (c) of subsection (1) of Section 27 of this Act[KRS 138.140(2) or
27			(3)] .

1	(b) [1.	Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection, for purposes
2		of offsetting the costs associated with paying the tax imposed under KRS
3		138.140(2), the department shall allow a limited amount of compensation in
4		addition to the compensation provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection for a
5		restricted time to any licensed wholesaler. The additional compensation shall be
6		an amount of tax evidence, attributable to the tax assessed in KRS 138.140(1),
7		equal to twelve cents (\$0.12) face value for each three dollars (\$3) of tax
8		evidence purchased at face value on or after June 1, 2005, and before December
9		1, 2005. The additional compensation provided shall sunset 12 midnight
10		November 30, 2005.
11	2	During the six (6) month period beginning on June 1, 2005, and ending before
12		December 1, 2005, no licensed wholesaler or stamping agent shall receive the
13		additional compensation provided under subparagraph 1 of this subsection on

13additional compensation provided under subparagraph 1. of this subsection on14the purchase of an amount of stamps over one hundred fifty percent (150%) of15the total number of stamps purchased by the same licensed wholesaler or16stamping agent for the period beginning on December 1, 2004, and ending17before May 31, 2005.

- (c)]The department shall have the power to withhold compensation as provided in
 paragraph[paragraphs] (a) [and (b)]of this subsection from any licensed wholesaler
 for failure to abide by any provisions of KRS 138.130 to 138.205 or any
 administrative regulations promulgated thereunder. Any refund or credit for unused
 cigarette tax evidence shall be reduced by the amount allowed as compensation at the
 time of purchase.
- 24 (5) (a) No tax evidence may be affixed, or used in any way, by any person other than the
 25 person purchasing the evidence from the department.
- 26 (b) Tax evidence may not be transferred or negotiated, and may not, by any scheme or
 27 device, be given, bartered, sold, traded, or loaned to any other person.

1		<u>(c)</u>	Unaffixed tax evidence may be returned to the department [-] for credit or refund for
2			any reason satisfactory to the department.
3	(6)	<u>(a)</u>	In the event any retailer <i>receives</i> [shall receive] into his possession cigarettes to which
4			evidence of Kentucky tax payment is not properly affixed, the retailer [he] shall,
5			within twenty-four (24) hours, notify the department [-] of <u>the receipt</u> [such fact].
6		<u>(b)</u>	The notification to the department[Such notice] shall be in writing, stating[and shall
7			give] the name of the person from whom <u>the[such]</u> cigarettes were received[,] and the
8			quantity of <u>those[such]</u> cigarettes.[, and such]
9		<u>(c)</u>	<u>The</u> written notice may be <u>:</u>
10			<u>1.</u> Given to any field agent of the department: <u>or</u> [. The written notice may also be]
11			<u>2.</u> Directed to the commissioner of the Department of Revenue, Frankfort,
12			Kentucky.
13		<u>(d)</u>	If <u>the</u> [such] notice is given by means of the United States mail, it shall be sent by
14			certified mail.
15		<u>(e)</u>	Any such cigarettes shall be retained by <u>the</u> [such] retailer, and not sold, for a period
16			of fifteen (15) days after giving the notice provided in this subsection.
17		<u>(f)</u>	The retailer may, at his option, pay the tax due on <i>those</i> [any such] cigarettes
18			according to administrative[rules and] regulations[to be] prescribed by the
19			department, and proceed to sell <i>those cigarettes</i> [the same] after <i>the</i> [such] payment.
20	(7)	<u>(a)</u>	Cigarettes stamped with the cigarette tax evidence of another state shall at no time be
21			commingled with cigarettes on which the Kentucky cigarette tax evidence has been
22			affixed <u>.[, but]</u>
23		<u>(b)</u>	Any licensed wholesaler, licensed sub-jobber, or licensed vending machine operator
24			may hold cigarettes stamped with the tax evidence of another state for any period of
25			time, subsection (2) of this section notwithstanding.
26		⇒s	ection 30. KRS 138.155 is amended to read as follows:
27	In li	eu of	the affixing of cigarette tax evidence to individual packages of cigarettes as the means

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of denoting payment of the cigarette tax[<u>imposed by KRS 138.130 to 138.205</u>], the department may prescribe, by <u>an administrative regulation</u>[<u>rules and regulations</u>] sufficient to protect the revenue of this state, a method of reporting, payment, and collection of <u>the cigarette</u>[such] tax, without the affixing of tax evidence to individual packages of cigarettes. In the event[<u>such]</u> a system is adopted <u>by administrative regulation</u>, no compensation for reporting for the purpose of such tax in excess of two percent (2%) of the tax due shall be allowed to any person.

Section 31. KRS 138.165 is amended to read as follows:

8 (1) It is declared to be the legislative intent of KRS 138.130 to 138.205 that any untax-paid 9 cigarettes held, owned, possessed, or in control of any person other than as provided in 10 KRS 138.130 to 138.205 are contraband and subject to seizure and forfeiture as set out in 11 this section.

- (2) (a) Whenever any peace officer of this state, or any representative of the department,
 finds any untax-paid cigarettes within the borders of this state in the possession of any
 person other than a licensee authorized to possess untax-paid cigarettes by the
 provisions of KRS 138.130 to 138.205, *those*[such] cigarettes shall be immediately
 seized and stored in a depository to be selected by the officer or agent.
- 17 (b) At the time of seizure, the officer or agent shall deliver to the person in whose 18 custody the cigarettes are found a receipt for the cigarettes. The receipt shall state on 19 its face that any inquiry concerning any goods seized shall be directed to the 20 commissioner of the Department of Revenue, Frankfort, Kentucky.
- 21 (c) Immediately upon seizure, the officer or agent shall notify the commissioner of the
 22 department[of Revenue] of the nature and quantity of the goods seized.
- 23 (d) Any seized goods shall be held for a period of twenty (20) days and if after <u>that</u>[such]
 24 period no person has claimed the cigarettes[<u>as his property</u>], the commissioner shall
 25 cause the same to be exposed to public sale to any person authorized to purchase
 26 untax-paid cigarettes. The sale shall be on notice published pursuant to KRS Chapter
 27 424. All proceeds, less the cost of sale, from the sale shall be paid into the Kentucky

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State Treasury for general fund purposes.

2 (3)It is declared to be the legislative intent that any vending machine used for dispensing 3 cigarettes on which Kentucky cigarette tax has not been paid is contraband and subject to 4 seizure and forfeiture. In the event any peace officer or agent of the department finds any 5 vending machine within the borders of this state dispensing untax-paid cigarettes, the officer or agent[he] shall immediately seize the vending machine and store the vending 6 7 machine[same] in a safe place selected by the officer or agent[him]. The officer or 8 agent[He] shall[thereafter] proceed as provided in subsection (2) of this section and the 9 commissioner of the department of Revenue] shall cause the vending machine to be sold, 10 and the proceeds applied, as *established*[set out] in subsection (2) of this section.

11 (4) No untax-paid cigarettes, on which the tax imposed by KRS 138.130 to 138.205 has not 12 been paid,] shall be transported within this state by any person other than a manufacturer or 13 a person licensed under the provisions of KRS 138.195. It is declared to be the legislative 14 intent that any motor vehicle used to transport any such cigarettes by other persons is 15 contraband and subject to seizure and forfeiture. If any peace officer or agent of the 16 department finds any such motor vehicle, the vehicle shall be seized immediately and 17 stored in a safe place. The peace officer or agent of the department shall [thereafter] 18 proceed as provided in subsection (2) of this section and the commissioner of the 19 department of Revenuel shall cause the motor vehicle to be sold, and the proceeds applied, 20 as *established*[set out] in subsection (2) of this section.

- (5) (a) The owner or any person having an interest in any goods, machines or vehicles seized
 as provided under subsections (1) to (4) of this section may apply to the
 commissioner of the department[of Revenue] for remission of the forfeiture for good
 cause shown.
- 25 (b) If it is shown to the satisfaction of the department[of Revenue]that the owner was
 26 without fault in the possession, dispensing, or transportation of the untax-paid
 27 cigarettes, the department[of Revenue] shall remit the forfeiture.

- 1 (c) If the department[-of-Revenue] determines that the possession, dispensing, or 2 transportation of untax-paid cigarettes was willful or intentional, the department[-of 3 Revenue] may nevertheless remit the forfeiture on condition that the owner pay a 4 penalty to be prescribed by the department[-of-Revenue] of not more than fifty 5 percent (50%) of the value of the property forfeited. All taxes due on untax-paid 6 cigarettes shall be paid in addition to the penalty, if any.
- 7 (6) Any party aggrieved by an order entered hereunder may appeal to the Kentucky Claims
 8 Commission pursuant to KRS 49.220.
- 9 → Section 32. KRS 138.183 is amended to read as follows:

10 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter to the contrary, the president, vice
 president, secretary, treasurer, or any other person holding any equivalent corporate office
 of any corporation subject to the provisions of KRS 138.130 to 138.205 shall be personally
 and individually liable, both jointly and severally, for the *cigarette tax and the tobacco products tax*[taxes imposed under KRS 138.130 to 138.205].

15 (2) Corporate dissolution, withdrawal of the corporation from the state, or the cessation of
 holding any corporate office shall not discharge the liability of any person. The personal
 and individual liability shall apply to every person holding a corporate office at the time the
 tax becomes or became due.

19 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, KRS 275.150, 362.1-306(3) or 20 predecessor law, or KRS 362.2-404(3) to the contrary, the managers of a limited liability 21 company, the partners of a limited liability partnership, and the general partners of a limited 22 liability limited partnership or any other person holding any equivalent office of a limited 23 liability company, limited liability partnership or limited liability limited partnership 24 subject to the provisions of KRS 138.130 to 138.205 shall be personally and individually 25 liable, both jointly and severally, for the *cigarette tax and the tobacco products* tax 26 imposed under KRS 138.130 to 138.205].

27 (4) Dissolution, withdrawal of the limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or

limited liability limited partnership from the state, or the cessation of holding any office
shall not discharge the liability of any person. The personal and individual liability shall
apply to every manager of a limited liability company, partner of a limited liability
partnership or general partner of a limited liability limited partnership at the time the tax
becomes or became due.

6 (5) No person shall be personally and individually liable under this section who had no
7 authority to collect, truthfully account for, or pay over any *cigarette tax or tobacco*8 *products* tax[imposed by KRS 138.130 to 138.205] at the time the *taxes*[tax] imposed
9 *become*[becomes] or became due.

10 (6) "Taxes" as used in this section include interest accrued at the rate provided by KRS
11 131.183, all applicable penalties imposed under the provisions of this chapter, and all
12 applicable penalties imposed under the provisions of KRS 131.180, 131.410 to 131.445,
13 and 131.990.

14 → Section 33. KRS 138.195 is amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) No person other than a manufacturer shall acquire cigarettes in this state on which the
Kentucky cigarette tax has not been paid, nor act as a resident wholesaler, nonresident
wholesaler, vending machine operator, sub-jobber, transporter or unclassified acquirer
of such cigarettes without first obtaining a license from the department as set out in
this section.

- 20 (b) No person shall act as a distributor of tobacco products without first obtaining a
 21 license from the department as set out in this section.
- (c) For licenses effective for periods beginning on or after July 1, 2015, no individual,
 entity, or any other group or combination acting as a unit may be eligible to obtain a
 license under this section if the individual, or any partner, director, principal officer,
 or manager of the entity or any other group or combination acting as a unit has been
 convicted of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to:
- 1. A crime relating to the reporting, distribution, sale, or taxation of cigarettes or

1			tobacco products; or
2			2. A crime involving fraud, falsification of records, improper business transactions
3			or reporting;
4			for ten (10) years from the expiration of probation or final discharge from parole or
5			maximum expiration of sentence.
6	(2)	<u>(a)</u>	Each resident wholesaler shall secure a separate license for each place of business at
7			which cigarette tax evidence is affixed or at which cigarettes on which the Kentucky
8			cigarette tax has not been paid are received.
9		<u>(b)</u>	Each nonresident wholesaler shall secure a separate license for each place of business
10			at which evidence of Kentucky cigarette tax is affixed or from where Kentucky
11			cigarette tax is reported and paid.
12		<u>(c)</u>	Each Such a] license or licenses] shall be secured on or before July 1 of each
13			year.[, and]
14		<u>(d)</u>	Each licensee shall pay the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each[such] year, or
15			portion thereof, for which each such license is secured.
16	(3)	<u>(a)</u>	Each sub-jobber shall secure a separate license for each place of business from which
17			Kentucky tax-paid]cigarettes, upon which the cigarette tax has been paid, are made
18			available to retailers, whether <u>the[such]</u> place of business is located within or without
19			this state.
20		<u>(b)</u>	Each [Such] license [or licenses] shall be secured on or before July 1 of each year.[,
21			and]
22		<u>(c)</u>	Each licensee shall pay the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each[such] year, or
23			portion thereof, for which <u>each</u> [such] license is secured.
24	(4)	<u>(a)</u>	Each vending machine operator shall secure a license for the privilege of dispensing
25			Kentucky tax-paid] cigarettes, on which the cigarette tax has been paid, by vending
26			machines.
27		<u>(b)</u>	Each [Such] license shall be secured on or before July 1 of each year. [, and]

1		<u>(c)</u>	Each licensee shall pay the sum of twenty-five dollars ($$25$) for each year, or portion
2			thereof, for which <u>each</u> [such] license is secured.
3		<u>(d)</u>	No vending machine shall be operated within this Commonwealth without having
4			prominently affixed thereto the name of its operator <u>and[, together with]</u> the license
5			number assigned to <i>that</i> [such] operator by the department.
6		<u>(e)</u>	The department shall prescribe by administrative regulation the manner in which the
7			information shall be affixed to the vending machine.
8	(5)	<u>(a)</u>	Each transporter shall secure a license for the privilege of transporting cigarettes
9			within this state.
10		<u>(b)</u>	Each [Such] license shall be secured on or before July 1 of each year.[, and]
11		<u>(c)</u>	Each licensee shall pay the sum of fifty dollars (\$50) for each[such] year, or portion
12			thereof, for which <u>each</u> [such] license is secured.
13		<u>(d)</u>	No transporter shall transport any cigarettes without having in actual possession an
14			invoice or bill of lading therefor, showing:
15			<u>1.</u> The name and address of the consignor and consignee: $[,]$
16			<u>2.</u> The date acquired by the transporter: $[,]$
17			<u>3.</u> The name and address of the transporter: $[;]$
18			<u>4.</u> The quantity of cigarettes being transported: <u>and</u> [, together with]
19			5. The license number assigned to <u><i>the</i></u> [such] transporter by the department.
20	(6)	Eacl	unclassified acquirer shall secure a license for the privilege of acquiring cigarettes on
21		whic	h the [Kentucky] cigarette tax has not been paid. The Such license shall be secured
22		on o	r before July 1 of each year.[, and] Each licensee shall pay the sum of fifty dollars
23		(\$50) for each <u>such</u> year, or portion thereof, for which <u>the</u> such license is secured.
24	(7)	(a)	1. Each distributor shall secure a license for the privilege of selling tobacco
25			products in this state. Each license shall be secured on or before July 1 of each
26			year, and each licensee shall pay the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each
27			year, or portion thereof, for which the license is secured.

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a. A resident wholesaler, nonresident wholesaler, or subjobber licensed under this section may also obtain and maintain a distributor's license at each place of business at no additional cost each year.

- An unclassified acquirer licensed under this section may also obtain and
 maintain a distributor's license for the privilege of selling tobacco
 products in this state. The license shall be secured on or before July 1 of
 each year, and each licensee shall pay the sum of four hundred fifty dollars
 (\$450) for each year, or portion thereof, for which the license is secured.
- 3. The department may, upon application, grant a distributor's license to a person other than a retailer and who is not otherwise required to hold a distributor's license under this paragraph. If the department grants the license, the licensee shall pay the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) for each year, or portion thereof, for which the license is secured, and the licensee shall be subject to the excise tax in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as a distributor required to be licensed under this paragraph.
- 16 (b) The department may, upon application, grant a retail distributor's license to a retailer 17 for the privilege of purchasing tobacco products from a distributor not licensed by the 18 department. If the department grants the license, the licensee shall pay the sum of one 19 hundred dollars (\$100) for each year, or portion thereof, for which the license is 20 secured.
- (8) Nothing in KRS 138.130 to 138.205 shall be construed to prevent the department from
 requiring a person to purchase more than one (1) license if the nature of <u>that[such]</u> person's
 business is so diversified as to justify <u>the[such]</u> requirement.
- (9) (a) The department may by administrative regulation require any person requesting a
 license or holding a license under this section to supply such information concerning
 his business, sales or any privilege exercised, as is deemed reasonably necessary for
 the regulation of <u>the[such]</u> licensees, and to protect the revenues of the state.

1 Failure on the part of the applicant or licensee to: (b) 2 Comply with KRS 131.600 to 131.630, 138.130 to 138.205, 248.752, or *1*. 3 248.754 or any administrative regulations promulgated thereunder; [,] or [to] Permit an inspection of premises, machines, or vehicles by an authorized agent 4 *2*. 5 of the department at any reasonable time; 6 shall be grounds for the denial or revocation of any license issued by the department, 7 after due notice and a hearing by the department. 8 The commissioner may assign a time and place for the hearing and may appoint a (c) 9 conferee who shall conduct a hearing, receive evidence, and hear arguments. 10 The conferee shall thereupon file a report with the commissioner together with a (d) 11 recommendation as to the denial or revocation of the license. 12 From any denial or revocation made by the commissioner on the report, the licensee (e) 13 may prosecute an appeal to the Kentucky Claims Commission pursuant to KRS 14 49.220. 15 Any person whose license has been revoked for the willful violation of any provision (f) 16 of KRS 131.600 to 131.630, 138.130 to 138.205, 248.752, or 248.754 or any 17 administrative regulations promulgated thereunder shall not be entitled to any license 18 provided for in this section, or have any interest in any license, either disclosed or 19 undisclosed, either as an individual, partnership, corporation or otherwise, for a 20 period of two (2) years after the revocation. 21 (10) No license issued pursuant to this section shall be transferable or negotiable except that a 22 license may be transferred between an individual and a corporation, if that individual is the 23 exclusive owner of that corporation, or between a subsidiary corporation and its parent corporation. 24 25 (11) Every manufacturer located or doing business in this state and the first person to import 26 cigarettes into this state shall keep written records of all shipments of cigarettes to persons

27 within this state, and shall submit to the department monthly reports of such shipments. All

1 books, records, invoices, and documents required by this section shall be preserved in a 2 form prescribed by the department for not less than four (4) years from the making of the 3 records unless the department authorizes, in writing, the destruction of the records. 4 (12) No person licensed under this section except nonresident wholesalers shall either sell to or 5 purchase from any other such licensee untax-paid cigarettes. 6 (13) (a) Licensed distributors of tobacco products shall pay and report the *tobacco products* 7 tax[levied by KRS 138.140(4)(a)] on or before the twentieth day of the calendar 8 month following the month in which the possession or title of the tobacco products 9 are transferred from the licensed distributor to retailers or consumers in this state, as 10 the case may be. 11 (b) Retailers who have applied for and been granted a retail distributor's license for the 12 privilege of purchasing tobacco products from a person who is not a distributor 13 licensed under KRS 138.195(7)(a) shall report and pay the *tobacco products* tax 14 levied by KRS 138.140(4)(c)2.1 on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month 15 following the month in which the products are acquired by the licensed retail distributors. 16 17 If the distributor or retail distributor timely reports and pays the tax due, the (c) distributor or retail distributor may deduct an amount equal to one percent (1%) of the 18 19 tax due. 20 The department shall promulgate administrative regulations setting forth the details of (d) 21 the reporting requirements. 22 (14) A tax return shall be filed for each reporting period whether or not tax is due. 23 (15) Any license issued by the department under this section shall not be construed to waive or 24 condone any violation that occurred or may have occurred prior to the issuance of the 25 license and shall not prevent subsequent proceedings against the licensee. 26 (16) (a) The department may deny the issuance of a license under this section if: 27 1. The applicant has made any material false statement on the application for the

1		license; or
2		2. The applicant has violated any provision of KRS 131.600 to 131.630, 138.130
3		to 138.205, 248.754, or 248.756 or any administrative regulations promulgated
4		thereunder.
5		(b) If the department denies the applicant a license under this section, the department
6		shall notify the applicant of the grounds for the denial, and the applicant may request
7		a hearing and appeal the denial as provided in subsection (9) of this section.
8		→ Section 34. KRS 164.043 is amended to read as follows:
9	(1)	There is hereby created in the State Treasury a cancer research matching fund designated as
10		the "cancer research institutions matching fund." The fund shall be administered by the
11		Council for Postsecondary Education. For tax periods beginning on or after June 1, 2005,
12		the one-cent (\$0.01) surtax collected under <i>subsection (1)(c) of Section 27 of this Act</i> [KRS
13		138.140(2)] shall be deposited in the fund and shall be made available for matching
14		purposes to the following universities for cancer research:
15		(a) One-half $(1/2)$ of the moneys deposited in the fund shall be made available to the
16		University of Kentucky; and
17		(b) One-half $(1/2)$ of the moneys deposited in the fund shall be made available to the
18		University of Louisville.
19	(2)	All interest earned on moneys in the fund shall be credited to the fund.
20	(3)	Any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall lapse to the general
21		fund.
22	(4)	To receive the funds, the universities shall provide dollar-for-dollar matching funds. The
23		matching funds shall come from external sources to be eligible for the state match. External
24		source contributions are those that originate outside the university and its affiliated
25		corporations. The matching funds shall be newly generated to be eligible for state match.
26		Newly generated contributions are those received by the university after April 1, 2005.
27	(5)	Moneys transferred to the fund pursuant to subsection (1) of this section are hereby

- 1 appropriated for purposes set forth in this section. 2 The following funds are not eligible for state match: (6) 3 Funds received from federal, state, and local government sources; and (a) 4 (b) General fund and student-derived revenues. 5 Section 35. KRS 365.270 is amended to read as follows: 6 As used in KRS 365.260 to 365.380, unless the context otherwise requires: 7 "Person" means and includes any individual, firm, association, company, partnership, (1)8 corporation, joint stock company, club, agency, syndicate, the Commonwealth of Kentucky 9 and any municipal corporation or other political subdivision of this state, trust, receiver, 10 trustee, fiduciary, or conservator. 11 (2)"Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Revenue of the 12 Commonwealth of Kentucky. 13 "Department" means the Department of Revenue. (3) 14 (4) "Cigarettes" means and includes any roll for smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco, 15 irrespective of size or shape and whether or not the tobacco is flavored, adulterated, or 16 mixed with any other ingredient, the wrapper or cover of which is made of paper or any 17 other substance or material, excepting tobacco. 18 "Wholesaler" means any person who sells cigarettes at wholesale or distributes cigarettes to (5) 19 be sold at retail, and includes any manufacturer, distributor, jobber, subjobber as defined in 20 KRS 138.130[(12)], broker, agent, or other person, whether or not enumerated in this 21 subsection, who sells or distributes cigarettes. 22 "Retailer" means and includes any person who sells cigarettes in this state to a consumer or (6) 23 to any person for any purpose other than resale. 24 "Sale" or "sell" means any transfer for consideration or gift. (7)25 "Sell at wholesale," "sale at wholesale," and "wholesale sales" means and includes any sale (8)
 - 26 made in the ordinary course of trade or usual conduct of the wholesaler's business to a
 27 retailer for the purpose of resale.

- (9) "Sell at retail," "sale at retail," or "retail sales" means and includes any sale for
 consumption or use made in the ordinary course of trade or usual conduct of the seller's
 business.
- 4 (10) "Basic cost of cigarettes" means the invoice cost of cigarettes to the wholesaler or retailer,
 5 as the case may be, less all trade discounts, except customary cash discounts, plus the full
 6 face value of any stamps or any tax which may be required by any cigarette tax act of this
 7 state or political subdivision thereof, now in effect or hereafter enacted, if not already
 8 included in the invoice cost of the cigarettes to the wholesaler or retailer, as the case may
 9 be.
- 10 (11) (a) "Cost to wholesaler" means the basic cost of the cigarettes involved to the wholesaler 11 plus the cost of doing cigarette business by the wholesaler. In determining the cost of 12 doing cigarette business by the wholesaler, the cost of doing business by the 13 wholesaler shall first be determined by applying the standards and methods of 14 accounting regularly employed by him, and includes labor costs, including salaries of 15 executives and officers, rent, depreciation, selling costs, maintenance of equipment, delivery costs, all types of licenses, taxes, insurance, and advertising. The cost of 16 17 doing business by the wholesaler shall then be multiplied by the fraction obtained through dividing the wholesaler's cigarette sales for the preceding six (6) months by 18 19 the wholesaler's total sales for the same period and the product thereof shall be the 20 cost of doing cigarette business.
- (b) In the absence of proof of a lesser or higher cost of doing cigarette business by the
 wholesaler making the sale, the cost of doing cigarette business by the wholesaler
 shall be presumed to be two percent (2%) of the basic cost of the cigarettes to the
 wholesale dealer, plus cartage to the retail outlet, if performed or paid for by the
 wholesale dealer. Cartage cost, in the absence of proof of a lesser or higher cost, shall
 be presumed to be three-fourths of one percent (0.75%) of the basic cost of the

1	(12) (a)	"Cost to the retailer" means the basic cost of cigarettes involved to the retailer plus
2		the cost of doing cigarette business by the retailer. In determining the cost of doing
3		cigarette business by the retailer, the cost of doing business by the retailer shall first
4		be determined by applying the standards and methods of accounting regularly
5		employed by him and includes labor, including salaries of executives and officers,
6		rent, depreciation, selling costs, maintenance of equipment, delivery costs, all types of
7		licenses, taxes, insurance, and advertising. The cost of doing business by the retailer
8		shall then be multiplied by the fraction obtained through dividing the retailer's
9		cigarette sales for the preceding six (6) months by the retailer's total sales for the same
10		period and the product thereof shall be the cost of doing cigarette business.
11	(b)	In the absence of proof of a lesser or higher cost of doing cigarette business by the
12		retailer making the sale, the cost of doing cigarette business by the retailer shall be
13		presumed to be eight percent (8%) of the basic cost of cigarettes to the retailer.
14	⇒s	ection 36. KRS 139.010 is amended to read as follows:
15	As used in	n this chapter, unless the context otherwise provides:
16	(1) <u>"Ad</u>	missions" means the fees paid for:
17	<u>(a)</u>	The right of entrance to a display, program, sporting event, music concert,
18		performance, play, show, movie, exhibit, fair, or other entertainment or amusement
19		event or venue; and
20	<u>(b)</u>	The privilege of using facilities or participating in an event or activity, including
21		but not limited to:
22		1. Bowling centers;
23		
		2. Skating rinks;
24		2.Skating rinks;3.Health spas;
24 25		
		3. Health spas;

1		7. Fitness and recreational sports centers; and
2		8. Golf courses, both public and private;
3		regardless of whether the fee paid is per use or in any other form including but not
4		limited to an initiation fee, monthly fee, membership fee, or combination thereof;
5	<u>(2)</u> "Ad	vertising and promotional direct mail" means direct mail the primary purpose of which
6	is to	attract public attention to a product, person, business, or organization, or to attempt to
7	sell,	popularize, or secure financial support for a product, person, business, or organization.
8	As ı	used in this definition, "product" means tangible personal property, an item transferred
9	elec	tronically, or a service;
10	<u>(3)</u> [(2)]	"Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person or caused to be engaged in
11	by tl	hat person with the object of gain, benefit, or advantage, either direct or indirect;
12	<u>(4)</u> [(3)]	"Commonwealth" means the Commonwealth of Kentucky;
13	<u>(5)</u> [(4)]	"Department" means the Department of Revenue;
14	<u>(6)</u> [(5)]	(a) "Digital audio-visual works" means a series of related images which, when
15		shown in succession, impart an impression of motion, with accompanying sounds, if
16		any.
17	(b)	"Digital audio-visual works" includes movies, motion pictures, musical videos, news
18		and entertainment programs, and live events.
19	(c)	"Digital audio-visual works" shall not include video greeting cards, video games, and
20		electronic games;
21	<u>(7)[(6)]</u>	(a) "Digital audio works" means works that result from the fixation of a series of
22		musical, spoken, or other sounds.
23	(b)	"Digital audio works" includes ringtones, recorded or live songs, music, readings of
24		books or other written materials, speeches, or other sound recordings.
25	(c)	"Digital audio works" shall not include audio greeting cards sent by electronic mail;
26	<u>(8)</u> [(7)]	(a) "Digital books" means works that are generally recognized in the ordinary and
27		usual sense as books, including any literary work expressed in words, numbers, or

1		other verbal or numerical symbols or indicia if the literary work is generally
2		recognized in the ordinary or usual sense as a book.
3	(b)	"Digital books" shall not include digital audio-visual works, digital audio works,
4		periodicals, magazines, newspapers, or other news or information products, chat
5		rooms, or Web logs;
6	<u>(9)</u> [(8)]	(a) "Digital code" means a code which provides a purchaser with a right to obtain
7		one (1) or more types of digital property. A "digital code" may be obtained by any
8		means, including electronic mail messaging or by tangible means, regardless of the
9		code's designation as a song code, video code, or book code.
10	(b)	"Digital code" shall not include a code that represents:
11		1. A stored monetary value that is deducted from a total as it is used by the
12		purchaser; or
13		2. A redeemable card, gift card, or gift certificate that entitles the holder to select
14		specific types of digital property;
15	<u>(10)</u> [(9)]	(a) "Digital property" means any of the following which is transferred
16		electronically:
17		1. Digital audio works;
18		2. Digital books;
19		3. Finished artwork;
20		4. Digital photographs;
21		5. Periodicals;
22		6. Newspapers;
23		7. Magazines;
24		8. Video greeting cards;
25		9. Audio greeting cards;
26		10. Video games;
27		11. Electronic games; or

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1		12. Any digital code related to this property.
2	(b)	"Digital property" shall not include digital audio-visual works or satellite radio
3		programming;
4	<u>(11)</u> [(10)]	(a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States
5		mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to addressees on a mailing list
6		provided by the purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser when the cost of the
7		items are not billed directly to the recipient.
8	(b)	"Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by the
9		purchaser to the direct mail retailer for inclusion in the package containing the printed
10		material.
11	(c)	"Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single
12		address;
13	<u>(12) ''Ext</u>	tended warranty services'' means services provided through a service contract
14	agre	ement between the contract provider and the purchaser where the purchaser agrees
15	<u>to pa</u>	ty compensation for the contract and the provider agrees to repair, replace, support,
16	<u>or m</u>	naintain tangible personal property or digital property according to the terms of the
17	<u>cont</u>	ract if:
18	<u>(a)</u>	The service contract agreement is sold or purchased on or after July 1, 2018; and
19	(\mathbf{h})	
	<u>(b)</u>	The tangible personal property or digital property for which the service contract
20	<u>(b)</u>	The tangible personal property or digital property for which the service contract agreement is provided is subject to tax under this chapter or under KRS 138.460;
20 21	<u>(b)</u> (<u>13)</u> [(11)]	agreement is provided is subject to tax under this chapter or under KRS 138.460;
		agreement is provided is subject to tax under this chapter or under KRS 138.460;
21		<i>agreement is provided is subject to tax under this chapter or under KRS 138.460;</i>(a) "Finished artwork" means final art that is used for actual reproduction by
21 22	<u>(13)[(11)]</u>	 <i>agreement is provided is subject to tax under this chapter or under KRS 138.460;</i> (a) "Finished artwork" means final art that is used for actual reproduction by photomechanical or other processes or for display purposes.
21 22 23	<u>(13)[(11)]</u>	 agreement is provided is subject to tax under this chapter or under KRS 138.460; (a) "Finished artwork" means final art that is used for actual reproduction by photomechanical or other processes or for display purposes. "Finished artwork" includes:
21 22 23 24	<u>(13)[(11)]</u>	 <i>agreement is provided is subject to tax under this chapter or under KRS 138.460;</i> (a) "Finished artwork" means final art that is used for actual reproduction by photomechanical or other processes or for display purposes. "Finished artwork" includes: 1. Assemblies;

1		5.	Graphs;
2		6.	Illustrative materials;
3		7.	Lettering;
4		8.	Mechanicals;
5		9.	Paintings; and
6		10.	Paste-ups;
7	<u>(14)</u> [(12)]	(a)	"Gross receipts" and "sales price" mean the total amount or consideration,
8		inclu	uding cash, credit, property, and services, for which tangible personal property,
9		digit	tal property, or services are sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether
10		rece	ived in money or otherwise, without any deduction for any of the following:
11		1.	The retailer's cost of the tangible personal property or digital property sold;
12		2.	The cost of the materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all costs of
13			transportation to the retailer, all taxes imposed on the retailer, or any other
14			expense of the retailer;
15		3.	Charges by the retailer for any services necessary to complete the sale;
16		4.	Delivery charges, which are defined as charges by the retailer for the
17			preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser including
18			transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and packing; [and]
19		5.	Any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the retailer, other than
20			credit for tangible personal property or digital property traded when the tangible
21			personal property or digital property traded is of like kind and character to the
22			property purchased and the property traded is held by the retailer for resale: and
23		<u>6.</u>	The amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing or applying
24			the tangible personal property, digital property, or service sold.
25	(b)	"Gro	oss receipts" and "sales price" shall include consideration received by the retailer
26		fron	n a third party if:
27		1.	The retailer actually receives consideration from a third party and the

1			consideration is directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale to
2			the purchaser;
3		2.	The retailer has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to
4			the purchaser;
5		3.	The amount of consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable
6			by the retailer at the time of the sale of the item to the purchaser; and
7		4.	One (1) of the following criteria is met:
8			a. The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate, or other documentation to the
9			retailer to claim a price reduction or discount where the coupon,
10			certificate, or documentation is authorized, distributed, or granted by a
11			third party with the understanding that the third party will reimburse any
12			seller to whom the coupon, certificate, or documentation is presented;
13			b. The price reduction or discount is identified as a third-party price
14			reduction or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser or on a
15			coupon, certificate, or other documentation presented by the purchaser; or
16			c. The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the retailer as a member of a
17			group or organization entitled to a price reduction or discount. A
18			"preferred customer" card that is available to any patron does not
19			constitute membership in such a group.
20	(c)	"Gro	oss receipts" and "sales price" shall not include:
21		1.	Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not reimbursed by a third
22			party and that are allowed by a retailer and taken by a purchaser on a sale;
23		2.	Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit extended on the sale of
24			tangible personal property, digital property, or services, if the amount is
25			separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the
26			purchaser; <u>or</u>
27		3.	Any taxes legally imposed directly on the purchaser that are separately stated on

1			the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the purchaser[; or
2		4.	The amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing or applying the
3			tangible personal property, digital property, or service sold, provided the
4			amount charged is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar
5			document given to the purchaser].
6	(d)	As u	used in this subsection, "third party" means a person other than the purchaser;
7	<u>(15)</u> [(13)]	"In t	his state" or "in the state" means within the exterior limits of the Commonwealth
8	and	inclu	des all territory within these limits owned by or ceded to the United States of
9	Ame	erica;	
10	<u>(16)</u> [(14)]	(a)	"Lease or rental" means any transfer of possession or control of tangible
11		pers	onal property for a fixed or indeterminate term for consideration. A lease or rental
12		shal	l include future options to:
13		1.	Purchase the property; or
14		2.	Extend the terms of the agreement and agreements covering trailers where the
15			amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the
16			amount realized upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C.
17			sec. 7701(h)(1).
18	(b)	"Lea	ase or rental" shall not include:
19		1.	A transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or
20			deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the
21			required payments;
22		2.	A transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires
23			the transfer of title upon completion of the required payments and payment of
24			an option price that does not exceed the greater of one hundred dollars (\$100) or
25			one percent (1%) of the total required payments; or
26		3.	Providing tangible personal property and an operator for the tangible personal
27			property for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. To qualify for this

1		exclusion, the operator must be necessary for the equipment to perform as
2		designed, and the operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or setup the
3		tangible personal property.
4	(c)	This definition shall apply regardless of the classification of a transaction under
5		generally accepted accounting principles, the Internal Revenue Code, or other
6		provisions of federal, state, or local law;
7	<u>(17)</u> [(15)]	(a) "Machinery for new and expanded industry" means machinery:
8		1. Used directly in a manufacturing or processing production process;
9		2. Which is incorporated for the first time into a plant facility established in this
10		state; and
11		3. Which does not replace machinery in the plant facility unless that machinery
12		purchased to replace existing machinery:
13		a. Increases the consumption of recycled materials at the plant facility by not
14		less than ten percent (10%);
15		b. Performs different functions;
16		c. Is used to manufacture a different product; or
17		d. Has a greater productive capacity, as measured in units of production, than
18		the machinery being replaced.
19	(b)	The term "machinery for new and expanded industry" does not include repair,
20		replacement, or spare parts of any kind regardless of whether the purchase of repair,
21		replacement, or spare parts is required by the manufacturer or vendor as a condition
22		of sale or as a condition of warranty.
23	(c)	The term "processing production" shall include the processing and packaging of raw
24		materials, in-process materials, and finished products; the processing and packaging
25		of farm and dairy products for sale; and the extraction of minerals, ores, coal, clay,
26		stone, and natural gas;
27	<u>(18)</u> [(16)]	"Manufacturing" means any process through which material having little or no

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commercial value for its intended use before processing has appreciable commercial value
 for its intended use after processing by the machinery. The manufacturing or processing
 production process commences with the movement of raw materials from storage into a
 continuous, unbroken, integrated process and ends when the product being manufactured is
 packaged and ready for sale;

- 6 (19) "Marketplace" means any physical or electronic means through which one (1) or more 7 retailers may advertise and sell or lease tangible personal property or digital property, such as a catalog, Internet Web site, or television or radio broadcast, regardless of 8 9 whether the tangible personal property, digital property, or retailer is physically present 10 in this state; (20) "Marketplace facilitator" means a person that facilitates the retail sale of tangible 11 12 personal property or digital property by listing or advertising the tangible personal property for sale at retail and either directly or indirectly through agreements or 13 14 arrangements with third parties, collects the payment from the purchaser, and transmits
- 15 *the payment to the person selling the property;*
- 16 (21) "Marketplace retailer" means a person that has an agreement with a marketplace
 17 facilitator and makes retail sales of tangible personal property or digital property
- 18 *through a marketplace;*
- 19 (22)[(17)] (a) "Occasional sale" includes:
- 20 A sale of tangible personal property or digital property not held or used by a 1. 21 seller in the course of an activity for which he or she is required to hold a seller's 22 permit, provided such sale is not one (1) of a series of sales sufficient in 23 number, scope, and character to constitute an activity requiring the holding of a 24 seller's permit. In the case of the sale of the entire, or a substantial portion of the 25 nonretail assets of the seller, the number of previous sales of similar assets shall be disregarded in determining whether or not the current sale or sales shall 26 27 qualify as an occasional sale; or

1 2. Any transfer of all or substantially all the tangible personal property or digital 2 property held or used by a person in the course of such an activity when after 3 such transfer the real or ultimate ownership of such property is substantially 4 similar to that which existed before such transfer. 5 For the purposes of this subsection, stockholders, bondholders, partners, or other (b) persons holding an interest in a corporation or other entity are regarded as having the 6 7 "real or ultimate ownership" of the tangible personal property or digital property of 8 such corporation or other entity; 9 "Other direct mail" means any direct mail that is not advertising and (23)[(18)] (a) promotional direct mail, regardless of whether advertising and promotional direct 10 11 mail is included in the same mailing. 12 (b) "Other direct mail" includes but is not limited to: 13 1. Transactional direct mail that contains personal information specific to the 14 addressee, including but not limited to invoices, bills, statements of account, 15 and payroll advices; 2. 16 Any legally required mailings, including but not limited to privacy notices, tax reports, and stockholder reports; and 17 3. Other nonpromotional direct mail delivered to existing or former shareholders, 18 19 customers, employees, or agents, including but not limited to newsletters and 20 informational pieces. 21 "Other direct mail" does not include the development of billing information or the (c) 22 provision of any data processing service that is more than incidental to the production 23 of printed material; 24 (24)[(19)] "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association, 25 social club, fraternal organization, corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, trustee, syndicate, cooperative, assignee, governmental unit or agency, or any other group or 26 27 combination acting as a unit;

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2 indefinite or unspecified length of time; 3 (26)[(21)] "Plant facility" means a single location that is exclusively dedicated to manufacturing 4 or processing production activities. For purposes of this section, a location shall be deemed 5 to be exclusively dedicated to manufacturing activities even if retail sales are made there, provided that the retail sales are incidental to the manufacturing activities occurring at the 6 7 location. The term "plant facility" shall not include any restaurant, grocery store, shopping 8 center, or other retail establishment; 9 (27)[(22)] "Prewritten computer software" means: 10 Computer software, including prewritten upgrades, that are not designed and (a) 11 developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific purchaser. 12 The combining of two (2) or more prewritten computer software programs or portions 13 thereof does not cause the combination to be other than prewritten computer software; 14 (b) Software designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications 15 of a specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other than the original purchaser; or 16 (c) Any portion of prewritten computer software that is modified or enhanced in any manner, where the modification or enhancement is designed and developed to the 17 specifications of a specific purchaser. When a person modifies or enhances computer 18 19 software of which the person is not the author or creator, the person shall be deemed 20 to be the author or creator only of the modifications or enhancements the person 21 actually made. In the case of modified or enhanced prewritten software, if there is a 22 reasonable, separately stated charge on an invoice or other statement of the price to 23 the purchaser for the modification or enhancement, then the modification or 24 enhancement shall not constitute prewritten computer software; 25 "Purchase" means any transfer of title or possession, exchange, barter, lease, or (28)[(23)] (a) rental, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of: 26

(25)[(20)] "Permanent," as the term applies to digital property, means perpetual or for an

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<u>1.</u> Tangible personal property:

1	2. An extended warranty service; or
2	<u>3.</u> Digital property transferred electronically:
3	for a consideration.[and]
4	(b) "Purchase" includes:
5	$\underline{I.[(a)]}$ When performed outside this state or when the customer gives a resale
6	certificate, the producing, fabricating, processing, printing, or imprinting of
7	tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who furnish either
8	directly or indirectly the materials used in the producing, fabricating,
9	processing, printing, or imprinting;
10	2.[(b)] A transaction whereby the possession of tangible personal property or
11	digital property is transferred but the seller retains the title as security for the
12	payment of the price; and
13	$\underline{3.[(c)]}$ A transfer for a consideration of the title or possession of tangible personal
14	property or digital property which has been produced, fabricated, or printed to
15	the special order of the customer, or of any publication;
16	(29) [(24)] "Recycled materials" means materials which have been recovered or diverted from
17	the solid waste stream and reused or returned to use in the form of raw materials or
18	products;
19	(30) [(25)] "Recycling purposes" means those activities undertaken in which materials that would
20	otherwise become solid waste are collected, separated, or processed in order to be reused or
21	returned to use in the form of raw materials or products;
22	(31) "Referrer" means a person that:
23	(a) Contracts with a retailer or retailer's representative to advertise or list tangible
24	personal property or digital property for sale or lease;
25	(b) Makes referrals by connecting a person to the retailer or the retailer's
26	representative, but not acting as a marketplace facilitator; and
27	(c) Received in the prior calendar year or the current calendar year, in the aggregate,

1		at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) in consideration from remote retailers,
2		marketplace retailers, or representatives of remote retailers or marketplace retailers
3		for referrals on retail sales to purchasers in this state;
4	<u>(32) (a)</u>	"Remote retailer" means a retailer with no physical presence in this state.
5	<u>(b)</u>	"Remote retailer" does not include a marketplace facilitator or a referrer;
6	<u>(33)</u> [(26)]	(a) "Repair, replacement, or spare parts" means any tangible personal property used
7		to maintain, restore, mend, or repair machinery or equipment.
8	(b)	"Repair, replacement, or spare parts" does not include machine oils, grease, or
9		industrial tools;
10	<u>(34)</u> [(27)]	(a) "Retailer" means:
11		1. Every person engaged in the business of making retail sales of tangible personal
12		property, digital property, or furnishing any services included in KRS 139.200;
13		2. Every person engaged in the business of making sales at auction of tangible
14		personal property or digital property owned by the person or others for storage,
15		use or other consumption, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this
16		subsection;
17		3. Every person making more than two (2) retail sales of tangible personal
18		property or digital property during any twelve (12) month period, including
19		sales made in the capacity of assignee for the benefit of creditors, or receiver or
20		trustee in bankruptcy;
21		4. Any person conducting a race meeting under the provision of KRS Chapter 230,
22		with respect to horses which are claimed during the meeting.
23	(b)	When the department determines that it is necessary for the efficient administration of
24		this chapter to regard any salesmen, representatives, peddlers, or canvassers as the
25		agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers under whom they operate
26		or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property or digital property sold by
27		them, irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf

1		of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers, the department may so regard
2		them and may regard the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers as retailers
3		for purposes of this chapter.
4	(c)	1. Any person making sales at a charitable auction for a qualifying entity shall not
5		be a retailer for purposes of the sales made at the charitable auction if:
6		a. The qualifying entity, not the person making sales at the auction, is
7		sponsoring the auction;
8		b. The purchaser of tangible personal property at the auction directly pays the
9		qualifying entity sponsoring the auction for the property and not the
10		person making the sales at the auction; and
11		c. The qualifying entity, not the person making sales at the auction, is
12		responsible for the collection, control, and disbursement of the auction
13		proceeds.
14		2. If the conditions set forth in subparagraph 1. of this paragraph are met, the
15		qualifying entity sponsoring the auction shall be the retailer for purposes of the
16		sales made at the charitable auction.
17		3. For purposes of this paragraph, "qualifying entity" means a resident:
18		a. Church;
19		b. School;
20		c. Civic club; or
21		d. Any other nonprofit charitable, religious, or educational organization;
22	<u>(35)[(28)]</u>	"Retail sale" means any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose other than resale,
23	suble	ease, or subrent;
24	<u>(36)[(29)]</u>	(a) "Ringtones" means digitized sound files that are downloaded onto a device and
25		that may be used to alert the customer with respect to a communication.
26	(b)	"Ringtones" shall not include ringback tones or other digital files that are not stored
27		on the purchaser's communications device;

1	<u>(37)</u> [(30)] (a)	"Sale" means <u>:</u>
2	<u>1.</u>	The furnishing of any services included in KRS 139.200;
3	<u>2.</u>	Any transfer of title or possession, exchange, barter, lease, or rental, conditional
4		or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of:
5		<u><i>a.</i></u> Tangible personal property; or
6		<u>b.</u> Digital property transferred electronically:
7	for a	a consideration.[, and]
8	<u>(b)</u> ''Sa	<i>le''</i> includes, <i>but is not limited to</i> :
9	1.	The producing, fabricating, processing, printing, or imprinting of tangible
10		personal property or digital property for a consideration for purchasers who
11		furnish, either directly or indirectly, the materials used in the producing,
12		fabricating, processing, printing, or imprinting;
13	2.	A transaction whereby the possession of tangible personal property or digital
14		property is transferred, but the seller retains the title as security for the payment
15		of the price; and
16	3.	A transfer for a consideration of the title or possession of tangible personal
17		property or digital property which has been produced, fabricated, or printed to
18		the special order of the purchaser.
19	<u>(c)</u> [(b)]	This definition shall apply regardless of the classification of a transaction under
20	gene	erally accepted accounting principles, the Internal Revenue Code, or other
21	prov	visions of federal, state, or local law;
22	<u>(38)</u> [(31)] "Sel	ler" includes every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal
23	property,	digital property, or services of a kind, the gross receipts from the retail sale of
24	which are	required to be included in the measure of the sales tax, and every person engaged
25	in making	sales for resale;
26	<u>(39)</u> [(32)] (a)	"Storage" includes any keeping or retention in this state for any purpose except
27	sale	in the regular course of business or subsequent use solely outside this state of

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1		tangible personal property or digital property purchased from a retailer.
2	(b)	"Storage" does not include the keeping, retaining, or exercising any right or power
3		over tangible personal property for the purpose of subsequently transporting it outside
4		the state for use thereafter solely outside the state, or for the purpose of being
5		processed, fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated into, other
6		tangible personal property to be transported outside the state and thereafter used
7		solely outside the state;
8	<u>(40)</u> [(33)]	"Tangible personal property" means personal property which may be seen, weighed,
9	meas	ured, felt, or touched, or which is in any other manner perceptible to the senses and
10	inclu	des natural, artificial, and mixed gas, electricity, water, steam, and prewritten
11	comp	puter software;
12	<u>(41)</u> [(34)]	"Taxpayer" means any person liable for tax under this chapter;
13	<u>(42)[(35)]</u>	"Transferred electronically" means accessed or obtained by the purchaser by means
14	other	than tangible storage media; and
15	<u>(43)</u> [(36)]	(a) "Use" includes the exercise of:
16		<u>1.</u> Any right or power over tangible personal property or digital property incident
17		to the ownership of that property, or by any transaction in which possession is
18		given, or by any transaction involving digital property where the right of access
19		is granted <u>; or</u>
20		2. Any right or power to benefit from extended warranty services.
21	(b)	"Use" does not include the keeping, retaining, or exercising any right or power over
22		tangible personal property or digital property for the purpose of:
23		1. Selling tangible personal property or digital property in the regular course of
24		business; or
25		2. Subsequently transporting tangible personal property outside the state for use
26		thereafter solely outside the state, or for the purpose of being processed,
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fabricated, or manufactured into, attached to, or incorporated into, other tangible

1			personal property to be transported outside the state and thereafter used solely		
2	outside the state.				
3	Section 37. KRS 139.200 is amended to read as follows:				
4	A tax is hereby imposed upon all retailers at the rate of six percent (6%) of the gross receipts				
5	deriv	ved fro	om:		
6	(1) Retail sales of:				
7		(a)	Tangible personal property, regardless of the method of delivery, made within this		
8			Commonwealth; and		
9		(b)	Digital property regardless of whether:		
10			1. The purchaser has the right to permanently use the property;		
11			2. The purchaser's right to access or retain the property is not permanent; or		
12			3. The purchaser's right of use is conditioned upon continued payment; and		
13	(2)	The	furnishing of the following:		
14		(a)	The rental of any room or rooms, lodgings, <i>campsites</i> , or accommodations furnished		
15			by any hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp, tourist cabin, <i>campgrounds, recreational</i>		
16			vehicle parks, or any other place in which rooms, lodgings, campsites, or		
17			accommodations are regularly furnished to transients for a consideration. The tax		
18			shall not apply to rooms, lodgings, <i>campsites</i> , or accommodations supplied for a		
19			continuous period of thirty (30) days or more to a person;		
20		(b)	Sewer services;		
21		(c)	The sale of admissions except:		
22			1. Admissions to racetracks[those] taxed under KRS 138.480;		
23			2. Admissions to historical sites exempt under KRS 139.482; and		
24			3. A portion of the admissions to county fairs exempt under KRS 139.470;		
25		(d)	Prepaid calling service and prepaid wireless calling service;		
26		(e)	Intrastate, interstate, and international communications services as defined in KRS		
27			139.195, except the furnishing of pay telephone service as defined in KRS 139.195;		

1		and]
2	(f)	Distribution, transmission, or transportation services for natural gas that is for storage,
3		use, or other consumption in this state, excluding those services furnished:
4		1. For natural gas that is classified as residential use as provided in KRS
5		139.470(8); or
6		2. To a seller or reseller of natural gas <u>:</u>
7	<u>(g)</u>	Landscaping services, including but not limited to:
8		1. Lawn care and maintenance services;
9		2. Tree trimming, pruning, or removal services;
10		3. Landscape design and installation services;
11		4. Landscape care and maintenance services; and
12		5. Snow plowing or removal services;
13	<u>(h)</u>	Janitorial services, including but not limited to residential and commercial
14		cleaning services, and carpet, upholstery, and window cleaning services;
15	<u>(i)</u>	Small animal veterinary services, excluding veterinary services for equine, cattle,
16		swine, sheep, goats, llamas, alpacas, ratite birds, buffalo, and cervids;
17	<u>(j)</u>	Pet care services, including but not limited to grooming and boarding services, pet
18		sitting services, and pet obedience training services;
19	<u>(k)</u>	Industrial laundry services, including but not limited to industrial uniform supply
20		services, protective apparel supply services, and industrial mat and rug supply
21		<u>services;</u>
22	<u>(l)</u>	Non-coin-operated laundry and dry cleaning services;
23	<u>(m)</u>	Linen supply services, including but not limited to table and bed linen supply
24		services and nonindustrial uniform supply services;
25	<u>(n)</u>	Indoor skin tanning services, including but not limited to tanning booth or tanning
26		bed services and spray tanning services;
27	<u>(0)</u>	Non-medical diet and weight reducing services;

1	(p) Limousine services, if a driver is provided; and
2	(q) Extended warranty services.
3	→ Section 38. KRS 139.220 is amended to read as follows:
4	It is unlawful for any retailer to advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any customer,
5	directly or indirectly, that the tax levied by KRS 139.200 or required to be collected under KRS
6	139.340 or any part thereof will be assumed or absorbed by the retailer or that the tax will not be
7	added to the selling price of the tangible personal property. [or] digital property, or services sold
8	or that if added the tax or any part thereof will be refunded.
9	→ Section 39. KRS 139.260 is amended to read as follows:
10	For the purpose of the proper administration of this chapter and to prevent evasion of the duty to
11	collect the taxes imposed by KRS 139.200 and 139.310, it shall be presumed that all gross
12	receipts and all tangible personal property, [and] digital property, and services sold by any person
13	for delivery or access in this state are subject to the tax until the contrary is established. The
14	burden of proving the contrary is upon the person who makes the sale <u>of</u> :
15	(1) Tangible personal property or digital property unless the person takes from the purchaser
16	a certificate to the effect that the property is either:
17	(\underline{a}) [(1)] Purchased for resale according to the provisions of KRS 139.270;
18	(\underline{b}) [(2)] Purchased through a fully completed certificate of exemption or fully completed
19	Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificate of Exemption in accordance
20	with KRS 139.270; or
21	(c) [(3)] Purchased according to administrative regulations promulgated by the
22	department governing a direct pay authorization; and
23	(2) A service unless the person takes from the purchaser a certificate to the effect that the
24	service is purchased through a fully completed certificate of exemption or fully
25	completed Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificate of Exemption in
26	accordance with KRS 139.270.

1 An excise tax is hereby imposed on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of (1)2 tangible personal property, [and] digital property; and extended warranty services 3 purchased for storage, use, or other consumption in this state at the rate of six percent (6%) 4 of the sales price of the property. 5 The excise tax applies to the purchase of digital property regardless of whether: (2)6 The purchaser has the right to permanently use the goods; (a) 7 The purchaser's right to access or retain the digital property is not permanent; or (b) 8 The purchaser's right of use is conditioned upon continued payment. (c) 9 → Section 41. KRS 139.330 is amended to read as follows: 10 Every person storing, using or otherwise consuming in this state tangible personal property, [or] 11 digital property, or an extended warranty service purchased from a retailer is liable for the use 12 tax levied under KRS 139.310. His liability is not extinguished until the tax has been paid to this 13 state, except that a receipt from a retailer engaged in business in this state or from a retailer who 14 is authorized by the department, under such rules and regulations as it may prescribe, to collect 15 the tax and who is, for the purpose of this chapter relating to the use tax, regarded as a retailer 16 engaged in business in this state, given to the purchaser pursuant to KRS 139.340 is sufficient to 17 relieve the purchaser from further liability for the tax to which the receipt refers. 18 Section 42. KRS 139.340 is amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in KRS 139.470 and 139.480, every retailer engaged in business in this
state shall collect the tax imposed by KRS 139.310 from the purchaser and give to the
purchaser a receipt therefor in the manner and form prescribed by the department. The
taxes collected or required to be collected by the retailer under this section shall be deemed
to be held in trust for and on account of the Commonwealth.

(2) "Retailer engaged in business in this state" as used in KRS 139.330 and this section
includes any of the following:

(a) Any retailer maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or
 indirectly, or through a subsidiary or any other related entity, representative, or agent,

1 by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or 2 place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business. Property owned by a 3 person who has contracted with a printer for printing, which consists of the final 4 printed product, property which becomes a part of the final printed product, or copy 5 from which the printed product is produced, and which is located at the premises of 6 the printer, shall not be deemed to be an office, place of distribution, sales or sample 7 room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business maintained, 8 occupied, or used by the person;

- 9 (b) Any retailer having any representative, agent, salesman, canvasser, or solicitor
 10 operating in this state under the authority of the retailer or its subsidiary for the
 11 purpose of selling, delivering, or the taking of orders for any tangible personal
 12 property, [-or] digital property, or an extended warranty service. An unrelated printer
 13 with which a person has contracted for printing shall not be deemed to be a
 14 representative, agent, salesman, canvasser, or solicitor for the person;
- 15 (c) Any retailer soliciting orders for tangible personal property, [-or] digital property, or 16 <u>an extended warranty service</u> from residents of this state on a continuous, regular, or 17 systematic basis in which the solicitation of the order, placement of the order by the 18 customer or the payment for the order utilizes the services of any financial institution, 19 telecommunication system, radio or television station, cable television service, print 20 media, or other facility or service located in this state;
- 21 (d) Any retailer deriving receipts from the lease or rental of tangible personal property
 22 situated in this state;
- (e) Any retailer soliciting orders for tangible personal property.[-or] digital property.<u>or</u> *an extended warranty service* from residents of this state on a continuous, regular,
 systematic basis if the retailer benefits from an agent or representative operating in
 this state under the authority of the retailer to repair or service tangible personal
 property or digital property sold by the retailer;[-or]

1	(f) Any retailer located outside Kentucky that uses a representative in Kentucky, eithe
2	full-time or part-time, if the representative performs any activities that help establish
3	or maintain a marketplace for the retailer, including receiving or exchanging returned
4	merchandise; or
5	(g) Any remote retailer selling tangible personal property or digital property delivered
6	or transferred electronically to a purchaser in this state if:
7	1. The remote retailer sold tangible personal property or digital property that
8	was delivered or transferred electronically to a purchaser in this state in two
9	hundred (200) or more separate transactions in the previous calendar year o
10	the current calendar year; or
11	2. The remote retailer's gross receipts derived from the sale of tangible persona
12	property or digital property delivered or transferred electronically to
13	purchaser in this state in the previous calendar year or current calendar yea
14	exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
15	→ Section 43. KRS 139.390 is amended to read as follows:
16	Every retailer selling tangible personal property. [or] digital property. or an extended warrant
17	service for storage, use or other consumption in this state shall register with the department and
18	give:
19	(1) The name and address of all agents operating in this state;
20	(2) The location of all distribution or sales houses or offices or other places of business in thi
21	state;
22	(3) Such other information as the department may require.
23	→ Section 44. KRS 139.480 is amended to read as follows:
24	Any other provision of this chapter to the contrary notwithstanding, the terms "sale at retail,
25	"retail sale," "use," "storage," and "consumption," as used in this chapter, shall not include the
26	sale, use, storage, or other consumption of:
27	(1) Locomotives or rolling stock, including materials for the construction, repair, o

1 modification thereof, or fuel or supplies for the direct operation of locomotives and trains,

2 used or to be used in interstate commerce;

3 (2) Coal for the manufacture of electricity;

4 (3) All energy or energy-producing fuels used in the course of manufacturing, processing,
5 mining, or refining and any related distribution, transmission, and transportation services
6 for this energy that are billed to the user, to the extent that the cost of the energy or energy7 producing fuels used, and related distribution, transmission, and transportation services for
8 this energy that are billed to the user exceed three percent (3%) of the cost of production.
9 Cost of production shall be computed on the basis of plant facilities which shall mean all
10 permanent structures affixed to real property at one (1) location;

(4) Livestock of a kind the products of which ordinarily constitute food for human
 consumption, provided the sales are made for breeding or dairy purposes and by or to a
 person regularly engaged in the business of farming;

14 (5) Poultry for use in breeding or egg production;

15 (6) Farm work stock for use in farming operations;

16 (7)Seeds, the products of which ordinarily constitute food for human consumption or are to be 17 sold in the regular course of business, and commercial fertilizer to be applied on land, the products from which are to be used for food for human consumption or are to be sold in the 18 19 regular course of business; provided such sales are made to farmers who are regularly 20 engaged in the occupation of tilling and cultivating the soil for the production of crops as a 21 business, or who are regularly engaged in the occupation of raising and feeding livestock or 22 poultry or producing milk for sale; and provided further that tangible personal property so 23 sold is to be used only by those persons designated above who are so purchasing;

- (8) Insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, rodenticides, and other farm chemicals to be used in
 the production of crops as a business, or in the raising and feeding of livestock or poultry,
 the products of which ordinarily constitute food for human consumption;
- 27 (9) Feed, including pre-mixes and feed additives, for livestock or poultry of a kind the products

1	0	of which	ordinarily constitute food for human consumption;	
2	(10) M	Machinery for new and expanded industry;		
3	(11) F	Farm ma	chinery. As used in this section, the term "farm machinery":	
4	(8	a) Me	ans machinery used exclusively and directly in the occupation of:	
5		1.	Tilling the soil for the production of crops as a business;	
6		2.	Raising and feeding livestock or poultry for sale; or	
7		3.	Producing milk for sale;	
8	(1	b) Incl	udes machinery, attachments, and replacements therefor, repair parts, and	
9		rep	acement parts which are used or manufactured for use on, or in the operation of	
10		farr	n machinery and which are necessary to the operation of the machinery, and are	
11		cus	tomarily so used, including but not limited to combine header wagons, combine	
12		hea	der trailers, or any other implements specifically designed and used to move or	
13		tran	sport a combine head; and	
14	(0	c) Doe	es not include:	
15		1.	Automobiles;	
16		2.	Trucks;	
17		3.	Trailers, except combine header trailers; or	
18		4.	Truck-trailer combinations;	
19	(12)	Property	which has been certified as a pollution control facility as defined in KRS 224.1-	
20	3	00, and	all materials, supplies, and repair and replacement parts purchased for use in the	
21	θ	peration	or maintenance of the facilities used specifically in the steel-making process. The	
22	e	xemptio	n provided in this subsection for materials, supplies, and repair and replacement	
23	P	arts pur	chased for use in the operation of pollution control facilities shall be effective for	
24	St	ales mac	le through June 30, 1994;	
25	(13)]	Tombsto	ones and other memorial grave markers;	
26	<u>(13)</u> [(1	4)] On-	farm facilities used exclusively for grain or soybean storing, drying, processing, or	
27	h	andling.	The exemption applies to the equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and	

1 replacement parts, and any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or 2 repair of the facilities; 3 (14)[(15)] On-farm facilities used exclusively for raising poultry or livestock. The exemption 4 shall apply to the equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and replacement parts, and any 5 materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or repair of the facilities. The 6 exemption shall apply but not be limited to vent board equipment, waterer and feeding 7 systems, brooding systems, ventilation systems, alarm systems, and curtain systems. In 8 addition, the exemption shall apply whether or not the seller is under contract to deliver, 9 assemble, and incorporate into real estate the equipment, machinery, attachments, repair 10 and replacement parts, and any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or 11 repair of the facilities; 12 (15)[(16)] Gasoline, special fuels, liquefied petroleum gas, and natural gas used exclusively and 13 directly to:

14 (a) Operate farm machinery as defined in subsection (11) of this section;

- (b) Operate on-farm grain or soybean drying facilities as defined in subsection (13)[(14)]
 of this section;
- 17 (c) Operate on-farm poultry or livestock facilities defined in subsection (14)[(15)] of this
 18 section;

19 (d) Operate on-farm ratite facilities defined in subsection (23)[(24)] of this section;

- 20 (e) Operate on-farm llama or alpaca facilities as defined in subsection (25){(26)} of this
 21 section; or
- 22

(f) Operate on-farm dairy facilities;

(16)[(17)] Textbooks, including related workbooks and other course materials, purchased for use
 in a course of study conducted by an institution which qualifies as a nonprofit educational
 institution under KRS 139.495. The term "course materials" means only those items
 specifically required of all students for a particular course but shall not include notebooks,
 paper, pencils, calculators, tape recorders, or similar student aids;

1	(17) [(18)] Any property which has been certified as an alcohol production facility as defined in
2	KRS 247.910;
3	(18) [(19)] Aircraft, repair and replacement parts therefor, and supplies, except fuel, for the direct
4	operation of aircraft in interstate commerce and used exclusively for the conveyance of
5	property or passengers for hire. Nominal intrastate use shall not subject the property to the
6	taxes imposed by this chapter;
7	(19) [(20)] Any property which has been certified as a fluidized bed energy production facility as
8	defined in KRS 211.390;
9	(20) [(21)] (a) 1. Any property to be incorporated into the construction, rebuilding,
10	modification, or expansion of a blast furnace or any of its components or
11	appurtenant equipment or structures as part of an approved supplemental
12	project, as defined by KRS 154.26-010; and
13	2. Materials, supplies, and repair or replacement parts purchased for use in the
14	operation and maintenance of a blast furnace and related carbon steel-making
15	operations as part of an approved supplemental project, as defined by KRS
16	154.26-010.
17	(b) The exemptions provided in this subsection shall be effective for sales made:
18	1. On and after July 1, 2018; and
19	2. During the term of a supplemental project agreement entered into pursuant to
20	KRS 154.26-090;
21	(21)[(22)] Beginning on October 1, 1986, food or food products purchased for human
22	consumption with food coupons issued by the United States Department of Agriculture
23	pursuant to the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and required to be exempted by the
24	Food Security Act of 1985 in order for the Commonwealth to continue participation in the
25	federal food stamp program;
26	(22) [(23)] Machinery or equipment purchased or leased by a business, industry, or organization
27	in order to collect, source separate, compress, bale, shred, or otherwise handle waste

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materials if the machinery or equipment is primarily used for recycling purposes;

- 2 (23)[(24)] Ratite birds and eggs to be used in an agricultural pursuit for the breeding and
 3 production of ratite birds, feathers, hides, breeding stock, eggs, meat, and ratite by 4 products, and the following items used in this agricultural pursuit:
- 5 (a) Feed and feed additives;
- 6 (b) Insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, rodenticides, and other farm chemicals;
- 7 On-farm facilities, including equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and (c) 8 replacement parts, and any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or 9 repair of the facilities. The exemption shall apply to incubation systems, egg 10 processing equipment, waterer and feeding systems, brooding systems, ventilation 11 systems, alarm systems, and curtain systems. In addition, the exemption shall apply 12 whether or not the seller is under contract to deliver, assemble, and incorporate into 13 real estate the equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and replacement parts, and 14 any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or repair of the facilities; 15 (24) [(25)] Embryos and semen that are used in the reproduction of livestock, if the products of 16 these embryos and semen ordinarily constitute food for human consumption, and if the sale 17 is made to a person engaged in the business of farming;
- 18 (25)[(26)] Llamas and alpacas to be used as beasts of burden or in an agricultural pursuit for the
 breeding and production of hides, breeding stock, fiber and wool products, meat, and llama
 and alpaca by-products, and the following items used in this pursuit:
- 21 (a) Feed and feed additives;
- 22 (b) Insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, rodenticides, and other farm chemicals; and
- (c) On-farm facilities, including equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and
 replacement parts, and any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or
 repair of the facilities. The exemption shall apply to waterer and feeding systems,
 ventilation systems, and alarm systems. In addition, the exemption shall apply
 whether or not the seller is under contract to deliver, assemble, and incorporate into

1		real estate the equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and replacement parts, and
2		any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or repair of the facilities;
3	<u>(26)</u> [(27)]	Baling twine and baling wire for the baling of hay and straw;
4	<u>(27)</u> [(28)]	Water sold to a person regularly engaged in the business of farming and used in the:
5	(a)	Production of crops;
6	(b)	Production of milk for sale; or
7	(c)	Raising and feeding of:
8		1. Livestock or poultry, the products of which ordinarily constitute food for human
9		consumption; or
10		2. Ratites, llamas, alpacas, buffalo, cervids or aquatic organisms;
11	<u>(28)</u> [(29)]	Buffalos to be used as beasts of burden or in an agricultural pursuit for the production
12	of hi	des, breeding stock, meat, and buffalo by-products, and the following items used in
13	this p	pursuit:
14	(a)	Feed and feed additives;
15	(b)	Insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, rodenticides, and other farm chemicals;
16	(c)	On-farm facilities, including equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and
17		replacement parts, and any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or
18		repair of the facilities. The exemption shall apply to waterer and feeding systems,
19		ventilation systems, and alarm systems. In addition, the exemption shall apply
20		whether or not the seller is under contract to deliver, assemble, and incorporate into
21		real estate the equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and replacement parts, and
22		any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or repair of the facilities;
23	<u>(29)</u> [(30)]	Aquatic organisms sold directly to or raised by a person regularly engaged in the
24	busir	ness of producing products of aquaculture, as defined in KRS 260.960, for sale, and the
25	follo	wing items used in this pursuit:
26	(a)	Feed and feed additives;

27 (b) Water;

1 Insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, rodenticides, and other farm chemicals; and (c) 2 On-farm facilities, including equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and (d) 3 replacement parts, and any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or 4 repair of the facilities and, any gasoline, special fuels, liquefied petroleum gas, or 5 natural gas used to operate the facilities. The exemption shall apply, but not be 6 limited to: waterer and feeding systems; ventilation, aeration, and heating systems; 7 processing and storage systems; production systems such as ponds, tanks, and 8 raceways; harvest and transport equipment and systems; and alarm systems. In 9 addition, the exemption shall apply whether or not the seller is under contract to 10 deliver, assemble, and incorporate into real estate the equipment, machinery, 11 attachments, repair and replacement parts, and any materials incorporated into the 12 construction, renovation, or repair of the facilities;

(30)[(31)] Members of the genus cervidae permitted by KRS Chapter 150 that are used for the
 production of hides, breeding stock, meat, and cervid by-products, and the following items
 used in this pursuit:

16 (a) Feed and feed additives;

17 (b) Insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, rodenticides, and other chemicals; and

18 (c) On-site facilities, including equipment, machinery, attachments, repair and 19 replacement parts, and any materials incorporated into the construction, renovation, or 20 repair of the facilities. In addition, the exemption shall apply whether or not the seller 21 is under contract to deliver, assemble, and incorporate into real estate the equipment, 22 machinery, attachments, repair and replacement parts, and any materials incorporated 23 into the construction, renovation, or repair of the facilities;

(31)[(32)] (a) Repair or replacement parts for the direct operation or maintenance of a motor
 vehicle, including any towed unit, used exclusively in interstate commerce for the
 conveyance of property or passengers for hire, provided the motor vehicle is licensed
 for use on the highway and its declared gross vehicle weight with any towed unit is

1 2 forty-four thousand and one (44,001) pounds or greater. Nominal intrastate use shall not subject the property to the taxes imposed by this chapter;

- 3 (b) Repair or replacement parts for the direct operation and maintenance of a motor
 4 vehicle operating under a charter bus certificate issued by the Transportation Cabinet
 5 under KRS Chapter 281, or under similar authority granted by the United States
 6 Department of Transportation; and
- (c) For the purposes of this subsection, "repair or replacement parts" means tires, brakes,
 engines, transmissions, drive trains, chassis, body parts, and their components.
 "Repair or replacement parts" shall not include fuel, machine oils, hydraulic fluid,
 brake fluid, grease, supplies, or accessories not essential to the operation of the motor
 vehicle itself, except when sold as part of the assembled unit, such as cigarette
 lighters, radios, lighting fixtures not otherwise required by the manufacturer for
 operation of the vehicle, or tool or utility boxes; and
- <u>(32)</u>[(33)] Food donated by a retail food establishment or any other entity regulated under KRS
 217.127 to a nonprofit organization for distribution to the needy.
- 16 → Section 45. KRS 139.510 is amended to read as follows:
- 17 The tax levied by KRS 139.310 shall not apply with respect to the storage, use, or other (1)18 consumption of tangible personal property, [-or] digital property, or extended warranty 19 services in this state upon which a tax substantially identical to the tax levied under KRS 20 139.200 (not including any special excise taxes such as are imposed on alcoholic 21 beverages, cigarettes, and the like) equal to or greater than the amount of tax imposed by 22 KRS 139.310 has been legally paid in another state. Proof of payment of such tax shall be 23 according to rules and regulations of the department. If the amount of tax paid in another 24 state is not equal to or greater than the amount of tax imposed by KRS 139.310, then the 25 taxpayer shall pay to the department an amount sufficient to make the tax paid in the other 26 state and in this state equal to the amount imposed by KRS 139.310. No credit shall be 27 given under this section for sales taxes paid in another state if that state does not grant

1 credit for sales taxes paid in this state. 2 To prevent actual multistate taxation of a communications service subject to taxation under (2)3 this chapter, any provider or purchaser, upon proof that the provider or purchaser has paid a 4 tax in another state on the same communications services, shall be allowed a credit against 5 the tax imposed by this chapter to the extent of the amount of the tax legally paid in the 6 other state. 7 Section 46. KRS 139.538 is amended to read as follows: 8 It is the intent and purpose of the General Assembly in enacting this section and (1)9 139.990(5), to encourage the motion picture industry to choose locations in the 10 Commonwealth for the filming or producing of motion pictures, by providing an exemption 11 from sales and use taxes. The exemption is accomplished by granting a refundable credit 12 for sales and use taxes paid on purchases made in connection with the filming or producing 13 of motion pictures in Kentucky. 14 (2)(a) On or after the effective date of this Act, and until July 1, 2022, the department shall not accept any new applications as provided by subsection (4) of this section. 15 16 (b) On or before June 1, 2019, the department shall provide the following information 17 to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue for all fiscal years data is available: 18 19 1. The name of the motion picture company; 20 The filming location or locations in this state; 2. 3. 21 A brief description of the production; 22 The amount of sales and use tax refunded; and 4. The total amount of all sales and use tax refunded to motion picture 23 5. 24 production companies during each fiscal year reported. 25 As used in this section and KRS 139.990(5): (3) "Financial institution" means any bank or savings and loan institution in the 26 (a) Commonwealth which carries FDIC or FSLIC insurance; 27

- 1 (b) "Motion picture production company" means a company engaged in the business of 2 producing motion pictures intended for a theatrical release or for exhibition on 3 national television either by a network or for national syndication, or television 4 programs which will serve as a pilot for or a segment of a nationally televised 5 dramatic series, either by a network or for national syndication; and
- 6 (c) "Secretary" means the secretary of the Kentucky Finance and Administration Cabinet.
- 7 (4)[(3)] Any motion picture production company that intends to film all or parts of a motion
 8 picture in the Commonwealth and desires to receive the credit provided for in subsection
 9 (7)[(6)] of this section shall, prior to the commencement of filming:
- (a) Provide the department with the address of a Kentucky location at which records of
 expenditures qualifying for the tax credit will be maintained, and with the name of the
 individual maintaining these records; and
- (b) File an application for the tax credit within sixty (60) days after the completion of
 filming or production in Kentucky. The application shall include a final expenditure
 report providing documentation for expenditures in accordance with administrative
 regulations promulgated by the department.
- 17 (5)[(4)] To qualify as a basis for the financial incentive, expenditures must be made by check
 18 drawn upon any Kentucky financial institution.
- 19 (6)[(5)] The twelve (12) month period during which expenditures may qualify for the tax
 20 credit shall begin on the date of the earliest expenditure reported.
- 21 (7)[(6)] Any motion picture production company which films or produces one (1) or more
 22 motion pictures in the Commonwealth during any twelve (12) month period shall, upon
 23 making application therefor and meeting the other requirements prescribed in this section,
 24 be entitled to a refundable tax credit equal to the amount of Kentucky sales and use tax paid
 25 for purchases made in connection with the filming or production of a motion picture.
- 26 $(\underline{8})[(7)]$ The department shall, within sixty (60) days following the receipt of an application 27 for a credit for sales and use tax paid, calculate the total expenditures of the motion picture

production company for which there is documentation for funds expended in the Commonwealth, calculate the amount of credit to which the applicant is entitled, and certify the amount of the credit to the secretary. In the case of an audit, as provided for in subsection $(\underline{13})$ [(12)] of this section, the department shall certify the amount of the credit due to the secretary within one hundred eighty (180) days following the receipt of the motion picture production company's application.

7 (9)[(8)] Upon receipt of the certification of the amount of credit from the department, the
8 secretary shall cause the refund of sales taxes paid to be remitted to the motion picture
9 production company. For purposes of payment and funding thereof, the credit shall be paid
10 in the same manner as other claims on the State Treasury are paid. They shall not be
11 charged against any appropriation but shall be deducted from tax receipts for the current
12 fiscal year.

<u>(10)</u>[(9)] The sales and use taxes paid by the motion picture production company for which a
 refundable tax credit is granted shall be deemed not to have been legally paid into the State
 Treasury, and the refund of the credit shall not be in violation of Section 59 of the
 Kentucky Constitution.

17 (11)[(10)] Any tax credit or part thereof paid to a motion picture production company as a result
 18 of error by the department shall be repaid by such company to the secretary.

<u>(12)</u>[(11)] Any tax credit or part thereof paid to a motion picture production company as a result
 of error or fraudulent statements made by the motion picture production company shall be
 repaid by such company to the secretary, together with interest, at the tax interest rate
 provided for in KRS 131.010(6).

- 23 (13)[(12)] The department may require that reported expenditures and the application for the tax
 24 credit from a motion picture production company be subjected to an audit by the
 25 department auditors to verify expenditures.
- 26 (14)[(13)] For companies in the business of producing films or television shows other than those
 27 which would qualify them for the credit under the definition of "motion picture production

1 2 company," the department may require separate accounting records for the reporting of expenditures made in connection with the application for a refundable tax credit.

- 3 (15)[(14)] The department may promulgate appropriate administrative regulations to carry out
 4 the intent and purposes of this section.
- 5 \rightarrow Section 47. KRS 139.550 is amended to read as follows:

On or before the twentieth day of the month following each calendar month, a return for the 6 (1)7 preceding month shall be filed with the department in a form the department may prescribe. 8 For purposes of the sales tax, a return shall be filed by every retailer or seller. For purposes (2)9 of the use tax, a return shall be filed by every retailer engaged in business in the state and 10 by every person purchasing tangible personal property, [or] digital property, or an extended 11 warranty service, the storage, use or other consumption of which is subject to the use tax, 12 who has not paid the use tax due to a retailer required to collect the tax. If a retailer's 13 responsibilities have been assumed by a certified service provider as defined by KRS 14 139.795, the certified service provider shall file the return.

- 15 (3) Returns shall be signed by the person required to file the return or by a duly authorizedagent but need not be verified by oath.
- 17 (4) Persons not regularly engaged in selling at retail and not having a permanent place of
 18 business, but who are temporarily engaged in selling from trucks, portable roadside stands,
 19 concessionaires at fairs, circuses, carnivals, and the like, shall report and remit the tax on a
 20 nonpermit basis, under rules as the department shall provide for the efficient collection of
 21 the sales tax on sales.
- (5) The return shall show the amount of the taxes for the period covered by the return and other
 information the department deems necessary for the proper administration of this chapter.
- → Section 48. KRS 139.700 is amended to read as follows:

The department may, in its discretion, upon application authorize the collection of the tax imposed herein by any retailer not engaged in business within this state who, to the satisfaction of the department furnishes adequate security to insure collection and payment of the tax. Such retailer shall be issued a permit to collect such tax in such manner, and subject to such regulation and agreements as the department shall prescribe. When so authorized, it shall be the duty of such retailer to collect the tax upon all tangible personal property, <u>[or]</u> digital property, <u>or</u> <u>extended warranty services</u> sold to his knowledge for use within this state, in the same manner and subject to the same requirements as a retailer engaged in business within this state.

6

→ Section 49. KRS 139.720 is amended to read as follows:

- 7 (1) Every seller, every retailer, and every person storing, using and otherwise consuming in this
 8 state tangible personal property.[or] digital property, or an extended warranty service
 9 purchased from a retailer shall keep such records, receipts, invoices, and other pertinent
 10 papers in such form as the department may require.
- 11 (2) Every such seller, retailer, or person who files the returns required under this chapter shall
 12 keep such records for not less than four (4) years from the making of such records unless
 13 the department in writing sooner authorizes their destruction.
- 14 → Section 50. KRS 139.730 is amended to read as follows:

In the administration of the sales and use tax, the department may require the filing of reports by any person or class of persons having in his or their possession or custody information relating to sales of tangible personal property, [-or] digital property, *or an extended warranty service*, the storage, use, or other consumption of which is subject to the tax. The report shall be filed at the time specified by the department and shall contain such information as the department may require.

- 21 → Section 51. KRS 139.740 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) No judgment shall be entered and no garnishment or attachment shall be permitted by any
 court in this Commonwealth in an action for the collection of a debt arising out of the sale
 of tangible personal property₁[or] digital property, *or extended warranty services* unless an
 affidavit containing a certificate of service is executed by the plaintiff to the effect that all
 use taxes due the Commonwealth have been paid.
- 27 (2) Prior to the filing of the affidavit, required under subsection (1) of this section, the plaintiff

1 (including counterclaimants or crossclaimants) shall, by first-class mail, serve upon the 2 department a copy of the affidavit. Within fifteen (15) days from the date of the filing of the 3 affidavit the department may file a counteraffidavit. In such event no judgment shall be 4 entered or garnishment or attachment issued until proof has been taken concerning the 5 matters at issue in the affidavit and counteraffidavit.

6 (3) In the event the use tax levied by this chapter is found to be due and unpaid the plaintiff
7 may elect to pay the tax to the department, and the amount of the tax paid by the plaintiff
8 shall be recovered as a part of any judgment entered. If the plaintiff does not elect to pay
9 the use tax found to be due and unpaid, judgment for the amount of the tax shall be
10 awarded to the Commonwealth.

- (4) Any judgment awarded to the Commonwealth under this section shall constitute a priorclaim to any judgment obtained by the plaintiff.
- 13 (5) Tax as defined herein includes interest accrued thereon at the tax interest rate as defined in
 14 KRS 131.010(6).
- 15 (6) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a plaintiff holding a retail permit issuedpursuant to this chapter.
- 17 → SECTION 52. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ
 18 AS FOLLOWS:
- 19 The definitions in this section are the same as the definitions appearing in KRS 141.010 prior
- 20 to its repeal and reenactment in Section 53 of this Act. For taxable years beginning prior to
- 21 January 1, 2018, as used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 22 (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department;
- 23 (2) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
- 24 (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code in effect on December 31,
- 25 <u>2015, exclusive of any amendments made subsequent to that date, other than</u>
- 26 *amendments that extend provisions in effect on December 31, 2015, that would otherwise*
- 27 *terminate, and as modified by KRS 141.0101;*

1	<u>(4)</u>	"Dependent" means those persons defined as dependents in the Internal Revenue Code;
2	<u>(5)</u>	''Fiduciary'' means ''fiduciary'' as defined in Section 7701(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue
3		<u>Code;</u>
4	<u>(6)</u>	"Fiscal year" means "fiscal year" as defined in Section 7701(a)(24) of the Internal
5		<u>Revenue Code;</u>
6	<u>(7)</u>	''Individual'' means a natural person;
7	<u>(8)</u>	"Modified gross income" means the greater of:
8		(a) Adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code of
9		1986, including any subsequent amendments in effect on December 31 of the
10		taxable year, and adjusted as follows:
11		1. Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political
12		subdivisions thereof; and
13		2. Include lump-sum pension distributions taxed under the special transition
14		rules of Pub. L. No. 104-188, sec. 1401(c)(2); or
15		(b) Adjusted gross income as defined in subsection (10) of this section and adjusted to
16		include lump-sum pension distributions taxed under the special transition rules of
17		<u>Pub. L. No. 104-188, sec. 1401(c)(2);</u>
18	<u>(9)</u>	"Gross income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means "gross
19		income" as defined in Section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code;
20	<u>(10)</u>	"Adjusted gross income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means gross
21		income as defined in subsection (9) of this section minus the deductions allowed
22		individuals by Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS
23		141.0101 and adjusted as follows, except that deductions shall be limited to amounts
24		allocable to income subject to taxation under the provisions of this chapter, and except
25		that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to be deducted
26		more than once:
27		(a) Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky Constitution

1		and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States and Kentucky;
2	<u>(b)</u>	Exclude income from supplemental annuities provided by the Railroad Retirement
3		Act of 1937 as amended and which are subject to federal income tax by Public Law
4		<u>89-699;</u>
5	<u>(c)</u>	Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political
6		subdivisions thereof;
7	<u>(d)</u>	Exclude employee pension contributions picked up as provided for in KRS 6.505,
8		16.545, 21.360, 61.523, 61.560, 65.155, 67A.320, 67A.510, 78.610, and 161.540
9		upon a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service or the federal courts that these
10		contributions shall not be included as gross income until such time as the
11		contributions are distributed or made available to the employee;
12	<u>(e)</u>	Exclude Social Security and railroad retirement benefits subject to federal income
13		<u>tax;</u>
14	<u>(f)</u>	Include, for taxable years ending before January 1, 1991, all overpayments of
15		federal income tax refunded or credited for taxable years;
16	<u>(g)</u>	Deduct, for taxable years ending before January 1, 1991, federal income tax paid
17		for taxable years ending before January 1, 1990;
18	<u>(h)</u>	Exclude any money received because of a settlement or judgment in a lawsuit
19		brought against a manufacturer or distributor of "Agent Orange" for damages
20		resulting from exposure to Agent Orange by a member or veteran of the Armed
21		Forces of the United States or any dependent of such person who served in
22		<u>Vietnam;</u>
23	<u>(i)</u>	1. For taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2005, exclude the applicable
24		amount of total distributions from pension plans, annuity contracts, profit-
25		sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee savings plans. The ''applicable
26		amount'' shall be:
27		a. Twenty-five percent (25%), but not more than six thousand two hundred

1		fifty dollars (\$6,250), for taxable years beginning after December 31,
2		<u>1994, and before January 1, 1996;</u>
3		b. Fifty percent (50%), but not more than twelve thousand five hundred
4		dollars (\$12,500), for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
5		and before January 1, 1997;
6		c. Seventy-five percent (75%), but not more than eighteen thousand seven
7		hundred fifty dollars (\$18,750), for taxable years beginning after
8		December 31, 1996, and before January 1, 1998; and
9		d. One hundred percent (100%), but not more than thirty-five thousand
10		dollars (\$35,000), for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1997.
11	<u>2.</u>	For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, exclude up to forty-one
12		thousand one hundred ten dollars (\$41,110) of total distributions from
13		pension plans, annuity contracts, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or
14		employee savings plans.
15	<u>3.</u>	As used in this paragraph:
16		a. "Distributions" includes but is not limited to any lump-sum distribution
. –		from pension or profit-sharing plans qualifying for the income tax
17		
17 18		averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any
18		averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any
18 19		averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement account as defined in Section
18 19 20		averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement account as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code; and any disability pension
18 19 20 21		averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement account as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code; and any disability pension distribution;
18 19 20 21 22		 averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement account as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code; and any disability pension distribution; b. "Annuity contract" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 1035
 18 19 20 21 22 23 		averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement account as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code; and any disability pension distribution; b. "Annuity contract" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 		 averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement account as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code; and any disability pension distribution; b. "Annuity contract" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code; and c. "Pension plans, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee

1	exclusive benefit of employees or their beneficiaries and includes plans
2	qualified or unqualified under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue
3	Code and individual retirement accounts as defined in Section 408 of
4	the Internal Revenue Code;
5	(j) 1. a. Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
6	income from an S corporation subject to the franchise tax imposed
7	under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS
8	<u>136.300; and</u>
9	b. Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
10	income from an S corporation related to a qualified subchapter S
11	subsidiary subject to the franchise tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or
12	the capital stock tax imposed under KRS 136.300.
13	2. The shareholder's basis of stock held in a S corporation where the S
14	corporation or its qualified subchapter S subsidiary is subject to the franchise
15	tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS
16	<u>136.300 shall be the same as the basis for federal income tax purposes;</u>
17	(k) Exclude, to the extent not already excluded from gross income, any amounts paid
18	for health insurance, or the value of any voucher or similar instrument used to
19	provide health insurance, which constitutes medical care coverage for the taxpayer,
20	the taxpayer's spouse, and dependents, or for any person authorized to be provided
21	excludable coverage by the taxpayer pursuant to the federal Patient Protection and
22	Affordable Care Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-148, or the Health Care and
23	Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152, during the taxable
24	year. Any amounts paid by the taxpayer for health insurance that are excluded
25	pursuant to this paragraph shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing the
26	taxpayer's net income under subsection (11) of this section;
27	(1) Exclude income received for services performed as a precinct worker for election

1		training or for working at election booths in state, county, and local primary,
2		regular, or special elections;
3	<u>(m)</u>	Exclude any amount paid during the taxable year for insurance for long-term care
4		as defined in KRS 304.14-600;
5	<u>(n)</u>	Exclude any capital gains income attributable to property taken by eminent
6		<u>domain;</u>
7	<u>(0)</u>	Exclude any amount received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco quota owner
8		from the multistate settlement with the tobacco industry, known as the Master
9		Settlement Agreement, signed on November 22, 1998;
10	<u>(p)</u>	Exclude any amount received from the secondary settlement fund, referred to as
11		"Phase II," established by tobacco companies to compensate tobacco farmers and
12		quota owners for anticipated financial losses caused by the national tobacco
13		<u>settlement;</u>
14	<u>(q)</u>	Exclude any amount received from funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation for
15		the Tobacco Loss Assistance Program as a result of a reduction in the quantity of
16		tobacco quota allotted;
17	<u>(r)</u>	Exclude any amount received as a result of a tobacco quota buydown program that
18		all quota owners and growers are eligible to participate in;
19	<u>(s)</u>	Exclude state Phase II payments received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco
20		quota owner;
21	<u>(t)</u>	Exclude all income from all sources for active duty and reserve members and
22		officers of the Armed Forces of the United States or National Guard who are killed
23		in the line of duty, for the year during which the death occurred and the year prior
24		to the year during which the death occurred. For the purposes of this paragraph,
25		"all income from all sources" shall include all federal and state death benefits
26		payable to the estate or any beneficiaries; and
27	<u>(u)</u>	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, exclude all military pay

1	received by active duty members of the Armed Forces of the United States,
2	members of reserve components of the Armed Forces of the United States, and
3	members of the National Guard, including compensation for state active duty as
4	described in KRS 38.205;
5	(11) "Net income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means adjusted gross
6	income as defined in subsection (10) of this section, minus:
7	(a) The deduction allowed by KRS 141.0202;
8	(b) Any amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health
9	insurance coverage to employees or their families;
10	(c) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the amount of domestic
11	production activities deduction calculated at six percent (6%) as allowed in Section
12	<u>199(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years beginning before 2010;</u>
13	and
14	(d) 1. All the deductions allowed individuals by Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue
15	Code as modified by KRS 141.0101 except:
16	a. Any deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for state or
17	foreign taxes measured by gross or net income, including state and local
18	general sales taxes allowed in lieu of state and local income taxes under
19	the provisions of Section 164(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code;
20	b. Any deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for amounts
21	allowable under KRS 140.090(1)(h) in calculating the value of the
22	distributive shares of the estate of a decedent, unless there is filed with
23	the income return a statement that such deduction has not been claimed
24	<u>under KRS 140.090(1)(h);</u>
25	c. The deduction for personal exemptions allowed under Section 151 of
26	the Internal Revenue Code and any other deductions in lieu thereof;
27	d. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the domestic

1		production activities deduction allowed under Section 199 of the
2		Internal Revenue Code;
3	<u>e.</u>	Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or
4		establishment which has been determined by the courts or an agency
5		established by the General Assembly and charged with enforcing the
6		civil rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal
7		<u>membership and full and equal enjoyment of its goods, services,</u>
8		facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to any person
9		because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex, except nothing
10		shall be construed to deny a deduction for amounts paid to any religious
11		or denominational club, group, or establishment or any organization
12		operated solely for charitable or educational purposes which restricts
13		membership to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to
14		promote the religious principles for which it is established and
15		maintained;
16	<u>f.</u>	Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is either
17		exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under this chapter;
18	<u>g.</u>	The itemized deduction limitation established in 26 U.S.C. sec. 68 shall
19		be determined using the applicable amount from 26 U.S.C. sec. 68 as it
20		existed on December 31, 2006; and
21	<u>h.</u>	A taxpayer may elect to claim the standard deduction allowed by KRS
22		141.081 instead of itemized deductions allowed pursuant to 26 U.S.C.
23		sec. 63 and as modified by this section; and
24	<u>2. Not</u>	hing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to be
25	ded	ucted more than once;
26	(12) "Gross incom	e," in the case of corporations, means "gross income" as defined in
27	Section 61 of t	he Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS 141.0101 and adjusted

1	<u>as follows:</u>
2	(a) Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky Constitution
3	and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States;
4	(b) Exclude all dividend income received after December 31, 1969;
5	(c) Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political
6	subdivisions thereof;
7	(d) Exclude fifty percent (50%) of gross income derived from any disposal of coal
8	covered by Section 631(c) of the Internal Revenue Code if the corporation does not
9	claim any deduction for percentage depletion, or for expenditures attributable to
10	the making and administering of the contract under which such disposition occurs
11	or to the preservation of the economic interests retained under such contract;
12	(e) Include in the gross income of lessors income tax payments made by lessees to
13	lessors, under the provisions of Section 110 of the Internal Revenue Code, and
14	exclude such payments from the gross income of lessees;
15	(f) Include the amount calculated under KRS 141.205;
16	(g) Ignore the provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing
17	gross income;
18	(h) Exclude income from "safe harbor leases" (Section 168(f)(8) of the Internal
19	<u>Revenue Code);</u>
20	(i) Exclude any amount received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco quota owner
21	from the multistate settlement with the tobacco industry, known as the Master
22	Settlement Agreement, signed on November 22, 1998;
23	(j) Exclude any amount received from the secondary settlement fund, referred to as
24	"Phase II," established by tobacco companies to compensate tobacco farmers and
25	quota owners for anticipated financial losses caused by the national tobacco
26	<u>settlement;</u>
27	(k) Exclude any amount received from funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation for

1	the Tobacco Loss Assistance Program as a result of a reduction in the quantity of
2	tobacco quota allotted;
3	(l) Exclude any amount received as a result of a tobacco quota buydown program that
4	all quota owners and growers are eligible to participate in;
5	(m) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007,
6	exclude the distributive share income or loss received from a corporation defined in
7	subsection (24)(b) of this section whose income has been subject to the tax imposed
8	by KRS 141.040. The exclusion provided in this paragraph shall also apply to a
9	taxable year that begins prior to January 1, 2005, if the tax imposed by KRS
10	141.040 is paid on the distributive share income by a corporation defined in
11	subparagraphs 2. to 8. of subsection (24)(b) of this section with a return filed for a
12	period of less than twelve (12) months that begins on or after January 1, 2005, and
13	ends on or before December 31, 2005. This paragraph shall not be used to delay
14	payment of the tax imposed by KRS 141.040; and
15	(n) Exclude state Phase II payments received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco
16	<u>quota owner;</u>
17	(13) "Net income," in the case of corporations, means "gross income" as defined in
18	subsection (12) of this section minus:
19	(a) The deduction allowed by KRS 141.0202;
20	(b) Any amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health
21	insurance coverage to employees or their families;
22	(c) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the amount of domestic
23	production activities deduction calculated at six percent (6%) as allowed in Section
24	<u>199(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxable years beginning before 2010;</u>
25	and
26	(d) All the deductions from gross income allowed corporations by Chapter 1 of the
27	Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS 141.0101, except:

1	1 Any deduction for a state tay which is computed in whole on in any hu
1	1. Any deduction for a state tax which is computed, in whole or in part, by
2	reference to gross or net income and which is paid or accrued to any state of
3	the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto
4	Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, or to any foreign
5	country or political subdivision thereof;
6	2. The deductions contained in Sections 243, 244, 245, and 247 of the Internal
7	<u>Revenue Code;</u>
8	3. The provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be ignored
9	in computing net income;
10	4. Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is either
11	exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under the provisions of this
12	chapter, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same
13	item to be deducted more than once;
14	5. Exclude expenses related to "safe harbor leases" (Section 168(f)(8) of the
15	Internal Revenue Code);
16	6. Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or establishment
17	which has been determined by the courts or an agency established by the
18	General Assembly and charged with enforcing the civil rights laws of the
19	Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal membership and full and equal
20	<u>enjoyment of its goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or</u>
21	accommodations to any person because of race, color, religion, national
22	origin, or sex, except nothing shall be construed to deny a deduction for
23	amounts paid to any religious or denominational club, group, or
24	establishment or any organization operated solely for charitable or
25	educational purposes which restricts membership to persons of the same
26	religion or denomination in order to promote the religious principles for
27	which it is established and maintained;

1		7. Any deduction prohibited by KRS 141.205;
2		8. Any dividends-paid deduction of any captive real estate investment trust; and
3		9. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, the domestic
4		production activities deduction allowed under Section 199 of the Internal
5		<u>Revenue Code;</u>
6	<u>(14) (a)</u>	"Taxable net income," in the case of corporations that are taxable in this state,
7		means "net income" as defined in subsection (13) of this section;
8	<u>(b)</u>	"Taxable net income," in the case of corporations that are taxable in this state and
9		taxable in another state, means "net income" as defined in subsection (13) of this
10		section and as allocated and apportioned under Section 59 of this Act. A
11		corporation is taxable in another state if, in any state other than Kentucky, the
12		corporation is required to file a return for or pay a net income tax, franchise tax
13		measured by net income, franchise tax for the privilege of doing business, or
14		<u>corporate stock tax;</u>
15	<u>(c)</u>	"Taxable net income," in the case of homeowners' associations as defined in
16		Section 528(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, means "taxable income" as defined
17		in Section 528(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the provisions of
18		subsection (3) of this section, the Internal Revenue Code sections referred to in this
19		paragraph shall be those code sections in effect for the applicable tax year; and
20	<u>(d)</u>	"Taxable net income," in the case of a corporation that meets the requirements
21		established under Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code to be a real estate
22		investment trust, means "real estate investment trust taxable income" as defined in
23		Section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that a captive real estate
24		investment trust shall not be allowed any deduction for dividends paid;
25	<u>(15)</u> "Pe	rson" means "person" as defined in Section 7701(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue
26	Cod	<u>e:</u>
27	<u>(16) ''Ta</u>	xable year" means the calendar year or fiscal year ending during such calendar

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1		year, upon the basis of which net income is computed, and in the case of a return made
2		for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this chapter or under regulations
3		prescribed by the commissioner, "taxable year" means the period for which the return is
4		made;
5	<u>(17)</u>	"Resident" means an individual domiciled within this state or an individual who is not
6		domiciled in this state, but maintains a place of abode in this state and spends in the
7		aggregate more than one hundred eighty-three (183) days of the taxable year in this
8		<u>state;</u>
9	<u>(18)</u>	"Nonresident" means any individual not a resident of this state;
10	<u>(19)</u>	"Employer" means "employer" as defined in Section 3401(d) of the Internal Revenue
11		<u>Code;</u>
12	(20)	"Employee" means "employee" as defined in Section 3401(c) of the Internal Revenue
13		<u>Code;</u>
14	<u>(21)</u>	"Number of withholding exemptions claimed" means the number of withholding
15		exemptions claimed in a withholding exemption certificate in effect under KRS 141.325,
16		except that if no such certificate is in effect, the number of withholding exemptions
17		claimed shall be considered to be zero (0);
18	(22)	"Wages" means "wages" as defined in Section 3401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code
19		and includes other income subject to withholding as provided in Section 3401(f) and
20		Section 3402(k), (o), (p), (q), and (s) of the Internal Revenue Code;
21	<u>(23)</u>	"Payroll period" means "payroll period" as defined in Section 3401(b) of the Internal
22		<u>Revenue Code;</u>
23	<u>(24)</u>	(a) For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, and after December 31, 2006,
24		"corporation" means "corporation" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the
25		Internal Revenue Code; and
26		(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007,
27		"corporations" means:

1	1. "Corporations" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue
2	<u>Code;</u>
3	2. S corporations as defined in Section 1361(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;
4	3. A foreign limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015;
5	4. A limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015;
6	5. A professional limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015;
7	6. A foreign limited partnership as defined in KRS 362.2-102(9);
8	7. A limited partnership as defined in KRS 362.2-102(14);
9	8. A limited liability partnership as defined in KRS 362.155(7) or in 362.1-
10	<u>101(7) or (8);</u>
11	9. A real estate investment trust as defined in Section 856 of the Internal
12	<u>Revenue Code;</u>
13	10. A regulated investment company as defined in Section 851 of the Internal
14	<u>Revenue Code;</u>
15	<u>11. A real estate mortgage investment conduit as defined in Section 860D of the</u>
16	Internal Revenue Code;
17	12. A financial asset securitization investment trust as defined in Section 860L of
18	the Internal Revenue Code; and
19	13. Other similar entities created with limited liability for their partners,
20	<u>members, or shareholders.</u>
21	For purposes of this paragraph, "corporation" shall not include any publicly
22	traded partnership as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that
23	is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes under Section 7704(c) of the
24	Internal Revenue Code or its publicly traded partnership affiliates. As used in this
25	paragraph, "publicly traded partnership affiliates" shall include any limited
26	liability company or limited partnership for which at least eighty percent (80%) of
27	the limited liability company member interests or limited partner interests are

1	owned directly or indirectly by the publicly traded partnership;
2	(25) "Doing business in this state" includes but is not limited to:
3	(a) Being organized under the laws of this state;
4	(b) Having a commercial domicile in this state;
5	(c) Owning or leasing property in this state;
6	(d) Having one (1) or more individuals performing services in this state;
7	(e) Maintaining an interest in a pass-through entity doing business in this state;
8	(f) Deriving income from or attributable to sources within this state, including
9	deriving income directly or indirectly from a trust doing business in this state, or
10	deriving income directly or indirectly from a single-member limited liability
11	company that is doing business in this state and is disregarded as an entity separate
12	from its single member for federal income tax purposes; or
13	(g) Directing activities at Kentucky customers for the purpose of selling them goods or
14	<u>services.</u>
15	Nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted in a manner that goes beyond the
16	limitations imposed and protections provided by the United States Constitution or Pub.
17	<u>L. No. 86-272;</u>
18	(26) "Pass-through entity" means any partnership, S corporation, limited liability company,
19	limited liability partnership, limited partnership, or similar entity recognized by the laws
20	of this state that is not taxed for federal purposes at the entity level, but instead passes to
21	<u>each partner, member, shareholder, or owner their proportionate share of income,</u>
22	deductions, gains, losses, credits, and any other similar attributes;
23	(27) "S corporation" means "S corporation" as defined in Section 1361(a) of the Internal
24	<u>Revenue Code;</u>
25	(28) "Limited liability pass-through entity" means any pass-through entity that affords any of
26	its partners, members, shareholders, or owners, through function of the laws of this state
27	or laws recognized by this state, protection from general liability for actions of the entity;

1	and	<u>and</u>	1	1
2	(29) "Captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust as defined in	(29) ''Captive r	2 <u>(29</u>	2
3	Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code that meets the following requirements:	Section 850	3	3
4	(a) 1. The shares or other ownership interests of the real estate investment trust are	<u>(a) 1.</u>	4	4
5	not regularly traded on an established securities market; or		5	5
6	2. The real estate investment trust does not have enough shareholders or owners	<u>2.</u>	6	6
7	to be required to register with the Securities and Exchange Commission; and		7	7
8	(b) 1. The maximum amount of stock or other ownership interest that is owned on	<u>(b) 1.</u>	8	8
9	constructively owned by a corporation equals or exceeds:		9	9
10	a. Twenty-five percent (25%), if the corporation does not occupy property		.0	10
11	owned, constructively owned, or controlled by the real estate investmen		.1	11
12	<u>trust; or</u>		.2	12
13	<u>b. Ten percent (10%), if the corporation occupies property owned</u>		.3	13
14	constructively owned, or controlled by the real estate investment trust.		.4	14
15	The total ownership interest of a corporation shall be determined by		.5	15
16	aggregating all interests owned or constructively owned by a corporation;		.6	16
17	2. For the purposes of this paragraph:	<u>2.</u>	.7	17
18	a. "Corporation" means a corporation taxable under KRS 141.040, and		.8	18
19	includes an affiliated group as defined in KRS 141.200, that is required		.9	19
20	to file a consolidated return pursuant to the provisions of KRS 141.200		20	20
21	and		21	21
22	b. "Owned or constructively owned" means owning shares or having an		22	22
23	ownership interest in the real estate investment trust, or owning an		!3	23
24	interest in an entity that owns shares or has an ownership interest in the		24	24
25	real estate investment trust. Constructive ownership shall be determined		25	25
26	by looking across multiple layers of a multilayer pass-through structure		26	26
27	and		27	27

1	(c) The real estate investment trust is not owned by another real estate investment				
2	<u>trust.</u>				
3	→SECTION 53. KRS 141.010 IS REPEALED AND REENACTED TO READ AS				
4	FOLLOWS:				
5	As used in this chapter, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018:				
6	(1) "Adjusted gross income," in the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means the				
7	amount calculated in Section 55 of this Act;				
8	(2) "Captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust as defined in				
9	Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code that meets the following requirements:				
10	(a) 1. The shares or other ownership interests of the real estate investment trust are				
11	not regularly traded on an established securities market; or				
12	2. The real estate investment trust does not have enough shareholders or owners				
13	to be required to register with the Securities and Exchange Commission;				
14	(b) 1. The maximum amount of stock or other ownership interest that is owned or				
15	constructively owned by a corporation equals or exceeds:				
16	a. Twenty-five percent (25%), if the corporation does not occupy property				
17	owned, constructively owned, or controlled by the real estate investment				
18	<u>trust; or</u>				
19	b. Ten percent (10%), if the corporation occupies property owned,				
20	constructively owned, or controlled by the real estate investment trust.				
21	The total ownership interest of a corporation shall be determined by				
22	aggregating all interests owned or constructively owned by a corporation; and				
23	2. For the purposes of this paragraph:				
24	a. "Corporation" means a corporation taxable under Section 58 of this				
25	Act, and includes an affiliated group as defined in Section 79 of this				
26	Act, that is required to file a consolidated return pursuant to the				
27	provisions of Section 79 of this Act; and				

1	b. "Owned or constructively owned" means owning shares or having an
2	ownership interest in the real estate investment trust, or owning an
3	interest in an entity that owns shares or has an ownership interest in the
4	real estate investment trust. Constructive ownership shall be determined
5	by looking across multiple layers of a multilayer pass-through structure;
6	and
7	(c) The real estate investment trust is not owned by another real estate investment
8	<u>trust;</u>
9	(3) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department;
10	(4) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 7701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue
11	<u>Code;</u>
12	(5) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
13	(6) ''Dependent'' means those persons defined as dependents in the Internal Revenue Code;
14	(7) ''Doing business in this state'' includes but is not limited to:
15	(a) Being organized under the laws of this state;
16	(b) Having a commercial domicile in this state;
17	(c) Owning or leasing property in this state;
18	(d) Having one (1) or more individuals performing services in this state;
19	(e) Maintaining an interest in a pass-through entity doing business in this state;
20	(f) Deriving income from or attributable to sources within this state, including
21	deriving income directly or indirectly from a trust doing business in this state, or
22	deriving income directly or indirectly from a single-member limited liability
23	company that is doing business in this state and is disregarded as an entity separate
24	from its single member for federal income tax purposes; or
25	(g) Directing activities at Kentucky customers for the purpose of selling them goods or
26	<u>services.</u>
27	Nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted in a manner that goes beyond the

1	limitations imposed and protections provided by the United States Constitution or Pub.
2	<u>L. No. 86-272;</u>
3	(8) ''Employee'' has the same meaning as in Section 3401(c) of the Internal Revenue Code;
4	(9) ''Employer'' has the same meaning as in Section 3401(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;
5	(10) "Fiduciary" has the same meaning as in Section 7701(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue
6	<u>Code;</u>
7	(11) "Fiscal year" has the same meaning as in Section 7701(a)(24) of the Internal Revenue
8	<u>Code;</u>
9	(12) "Gross income":
10	(a) In the case of taxpayers other than corporations, has the same meaning as in
11	Section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
12	(b) In the case of corporations, means the amount calculated in Section 56 of this Act;
13	(13) ''Individual'' means a natural person;
14	(14) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code in effect on December 31,
15	2017, exclusive of any amendments made subsequent to that date, other than
16	amendments that extend provisions in effect on December 31, 2017, that would otherwise
17	<u>terminate;</u>
18	(15) "Limited liability pass-through entity" means any pass-through entity that affords any of
19	its partners, members, shareholders, or owners, through function of the laws of this state
20	or laws recognized by this state, protection from general liability for actions of the entity;
21	(16) "Modified gross income" means the greater of:
22	(a) Adjusted gross income as defined in 26 U.S.C. sec. 62, including any amendments
23	in effect on December 31 of the taxable year, and adjusted as follows:
24	1. Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political
25	subdivisions thereof; and
26	2. Include lump-sum pension distributions taxed under the special transition
27	rules of Pub. L. No. 104-188, sec. 1401(c)(2); or

1	(b) Adjusted gross income as defined in subsection (1) of this section and adjusted to
2	include lump-sum pension distributions taxed under the special transition rules of
3	<u>Pub. L. No. 104-188, sec. 1401(c)(2);</u>
4	<u>(17) ''Net income'':</u>
5	(a) In the case of taxpayers other than corporations, means the amount calculated in
6	Section 55 of this Act; and
7	(b) In the case of corporations, means the amount calculated in Section 56 of this Act;
8	(18) "Nonresident" means any individual not a resident of this state;
9	(19) "Number of withholding exemptions claimed" means the number of withholding
10	exemptions claimed in a withholding exemption certificate in effect under Section 83 of
11	this Act, except that if no such certificate is in effect, the number of withholding
12	exemptions claimed shall be considered to be zero;
13	(20) "Pass-through entity" means any partnership, S corporation, limited liability company,
14	limited liability partnership, limited partnership, or similar entity recognized by the laws
15	of this state that is not taxed for federal purposes at the entity level, but instead passes to
16	each partner, member, shareholder, or owner their proportionate share of income,
17	deductions, gains, losses, credits, and any other similar attributes;
18	(21) "Payroll period" has the same meaning as in Section 3401(b) of the Internal Revenue
19	<u>Code;</u>
20	(22) "Person" has the same meaning as in Section 7701(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;
21	(23) "Resident" means an individual domiciled within this state or an individual who is not
22	domiciled in this state, but maintains a place of abode in this state and spends in the
23	aggregate more than one hundred eighty-three (183) days of the taxable year in this
24	<u>state;</u>
25	(24) "S corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 1361(a) of the Internal Revenue
26	<u>Code;</u>
27	(25) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth

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1	of Puerto Rico, or any territory or possession of the United States;
2	(26) ''Taxable net income'':
3	(a) In the case of corporations that are taxable in this state, means "net income" as
4	defined in subsection (17) of this section;
5	(b) In the case of corporations that are taxable in this state and taxable in another
6	state, means "net income" as defined in subsection (17) of this section and as
7	allocated and apportioned under Section 60 of this Act;
8	(c) For homeowners' associations as defined in Section 528(c) of the Internal Revenue
9	Code, means "taxable income" as defined in Section 528(d) of the Internal
10	Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (14) of this section,
11	the Internal Revenue Code sections referred to in this paragraph shall be those
12	code sections in effect for the applicable tax year; and
13	(d) For a corporation that meets the requirements established under Section 856 of the
14	Internal Revenue Code to be a real estate investment trust, means "real estate
15	investment trust taxable income" as defined in Section 857(b)(2) of the Internal
16	Revenue Code, except that a captive real estate investment trust shall not be
17	allowed any deduction for dividends paid;
18	(27) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or fiscal year ending during such calendar
19	year, upon the basis of which net income is computed, and in the case of a return made
20	for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this chapter or under
21	administrative regulations prescribed by the commissioner, "taxable year" means the
22	period for which the return is made; and
23	(28) "Wages" has the same meaning as in Section 3401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and
24	includes other income subject to withholding as provided in Section 3401(f) and Section
25	3402(k), (o), (p), (q), and (s) of the Internal Revenue Code.
26	→SECTION 54. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ
27	AS FOLLOWS:

1	(1) (a) All deductions allowed by this chapter shall be limited to amounts directly or		
2	indirectly allocable to income subject to taxation under the provisions of this		
3	<u>chapter.</u>		
4	(b) Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is either exempt		
5	from taxation or otherwise not taxed under this chapter shall not be allowed.		
6	(2) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to be deducted more		
7	<u>than once.</u>		
8	→SECTION 55. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ		
9	AS FOLLOWS:		
10	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, in the case of taxpayers other than		
11	<u>corporations:</u>		
12	(1) Adjusted gross income shall be calculated by subtracting from the gross income of those		
13	taxpayers the deductions allowed individuals by Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code		
14	and adjusting as follows:		
15	(a) Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky Constitution		
16	and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States;		
17	(b) Exclude income from supplemental annuities provided by the Railroad Retirement		
18	Act of 1937 as amended and which are subject to federal income tax by Pub. L. No.		
19	<u>89-699;</u>		
20	(c) Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political		
21	subdivisions thereof;		
22	(d) Exclude employee pension contributions picked up as provided for in KRS 6.505,		
23	16.545, 21.360, 61.523, 61.560, 65.155, 67A.320, 67A.510, 78.610, and 161.540		
24	upon a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service or the federal courts that these		
25	contributions shall not be included as gross income until such time as the		
26	contributions are distributed or made available to the employee;		
27	(e) Exclude Social Security and railroad retirement benefits subject to federal income		

1		<u>tax;</u>			
2	<u>(f)</u>	Exclude any money received because of a settlement or judgment in a lawsuit			
3		brought against a manufacturer or distributor of "Agent Orange" for damages			
4		resulting from exposure to Agent Orange by a member or veteran of the Armed			
5		Forces of the United States or any dependent of such person who served in			
6		<u>Vietnam;</u>			
7	<u>(g)</u>	1. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, but before			
8		January 1, 2018, exclude up to forty-one thousand one hundred ten			
9		dollars (\$41,110) of total distributions from pension plans, annuity			
10		contracts, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee savings			
11		plans; and			
12		b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, exclude up to			
13		thirty-one thousand one hundred ten dollars (\$31,110) of total			
14		distributions from pension plans, annuity contracts, profit-sharing			
15		plans, retirement plans, or employee savings plans.			
16		2. As used in this paragraph:			
17		a. "Annuity contract" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 1035			
18		of the Internal Revenue Code;			
19		b. "Distributions" includes but is not limited to any lump-sum distribution			
20		from pension or profit-sharing plans qualifying for the income tax			
21		averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any			
22		distribution from an individual retirement account as defined in Section			
23		408 of the Internal Revenue Code; and any disability pension			
24		distribution; and			
25		c. "Pension plans, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee			
26		savings plans" means any trust or other entity created or organized			
27		under a written retirement plan and forming part of a stock bonus,			

1	pension, or profit-sharing plan of a public or private employer for the
2	exclusive benefit of employees or their beneficiaries and includes plans
3	qualified or unqualified under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue
4	Code and individual retirement accounts as defined in Section 408 of
5	the Internal Revenue Code;
6	(h) 1. a. Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
7	income from an S corporation subject to the franchise tax imposed
8	under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS
9	<u>136.300; and</u>
10	b. Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net
11	income from an S corporation related to a qualified subchapter S
12	subsidiary subject to the franchise tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or
13	the capital stock tax imposed under KRS 136.300.
14	2. The shareholder's basis of stock held in an S corporation where the S
15	corporation or its qualified subchapter S subsidiary is subject to the franchise
16	tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS
17	136.300 shall be the same as the basis for federal income tax purposes;
18	(i) Exclude income received for services performed as a precinct worker for election
19	training or for working at election booths in state, county, and local primaries or
20	regular or special elections;
21	(j) Exclude any capital gains income attributable to property taken by eminent
22	<u>domain;</u>
23	(k) 1. Exclude all income from all sources for active duty and reserve members and
24	officers of the Armed Forces of the United States or National Guard who are
25	killed in the line of duty, for the year during which the death occurred and
26	the year prior to the year during which the death occurred.
27	2. For the purposes of this paragraph, "all income from all sources" shall

1	include all federal and state death benefits payable to the estate or any
2	<u>beneficiaries;</u>
3	(1) Exclude all military pay received by active duty members of the Armed Forces of
4	the United States, members of reserve components of the Armed Forces of the
5	United States, and members of the National Guard, including compensation for
6	state active duty as described in KRS 38.205; and
7	(m) 1. Include the deduction for depreciation under 26 U.S.C. sec. 167 or 168; and
8	2. Exclude the amounts allowed by KRS 141.0101 for depreciation; and
9	(2) Net income shall be calculated by subtracting from adjusted gross income all the
10	deductions allowed individuals by Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified
11	<u>by KRS 141.0101, except:</u>
12	(a) Any deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 163 for investment interest;
13	(b) Any deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 164 for taxes;
14	(c) Any deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 165 for losses;
15	(d) Any deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 213 for medical care expenses;
16	(e) Any deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 217 for moving expenses;
17	(f) Any deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 67 for any other miscellaneous deduction;
18	(g) Any deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for amounts allowable under
19	KRS 140.090(1)(h) in calculating the value of the distributive shares of the estate of
20	a decedent, unless there is filed with the income return a statement that the
21	deduction has not been claimed under KRS 140.090(1)(h);
22	(h) Any deduction allowed by 26 U.S.C. sec. 151 for personal exemptions and any
23	other deductions in lieu thereof;
24	(i) Any deduction allowed for amounts paid to any club, organization, or
25	establishment which has been determined by the courts or an agency established by
26	the General Assembly and charged with enforcing the civil rights laws of the
27	Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal membership and full and equal

1	<u>enjoyment of its goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or</u>
2	accommodations to any person because of race, color, religion, national origin, or
3	sex, except nothing shall be construed to deny a deduction for amounts paid to any
4	religious or denominational club, group, or establishment or any organization
5	operated solely for charitable or educational purposes which restricts membership
6	to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to promote the religious
7	principles for which it is established and maintained; and
8	(j) A taxpayer may elect to claim the standard deduction allowed by KRS 141.081
9	instead of itemized deductions allowed pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 63 and as
10	modified by this section.
11	→SECTION 56. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ
12	AS FOLLOWS:
13	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, in the case of corporations:
14	(1) Gross income shall be calculated by adjusting federal gross income as defined in Section
15	61 of the Internal Revenue Code as follows:
16	(a) Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky Constitution
17	and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States;
18	(b) Exclude all dividend income;
19	(c) Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political
20	subdivisions thereof;
21	(d) Exclude fifty percent (50%) of gross income derived from any disposal of coal
22	covered by Section 631(c) of the Internal Revenue Code if the corporation does not
23	claim any deduction for percentage depletion, or for expenditures attributable to
24	the making and administering of the contract under which such disposition occurs
25	or to the preservation of the economic interests retained under such contract;
26	(e) Include in the gross income of lessors income tax payments made by lessees to
27	
27	lessors, under the provisions of Section 110 of the Internal Revenue Code, and

1			exclude such payments from the gross income of lessees;	
2		<u>(f)</u>	Include the amount calculated under Section 80 of this Act;	
3		(g) Ignore the provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing		
4		gross income;		
5		<u>(h)</u>	Include the amount of deprecation deduction calculated under 26 U.S.C. sec. 167	
6			<u>or 168; and</u>	
7	<u>(2)</u>	Net	income shall be calculated by subtracting from gross income:	
8		<u>(a)</u>	The deduction for depreciation allowed by KRS 141.0101;	
9		<u>(b)</u>	Any amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health	
10			insurance coverage to employees or their families; and	
11		<u>(c)</u>	All the deductions from gross income allowed corporations by Chapter 1 of the	
12			Internal Revenue Code, as modified by KRS 141.0101, except:	
13			1. Any deduction for a state tax which is computed, in whole or in part, by	
14			reference to gross or net income and which is paid or accrued to any state of	
15			the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto	
16			<u>Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, or to any foreign</u>	
17			country or political subdivision thereof;	
18			2. The deductions contained in Sections 243, 244, 245, and 247 of the Internal	
19			<u>Revenue Code;</u>	
20			3. The provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be ignored	
21			in computing net income;	
22			4. Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is either	
23			exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under the provisions of this	
24			chapter, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same	
25			item to be deducted more than once;	
26			5. Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or establishment	
27			which has been determined by the courts or an agency established by the	

1	General Assembly and charged with enforcing the civil righ	<u>ts laws of the</u>
2	Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal membership and	<u>full and equal</u>
3	<u>enjoyment of its goods, services, facilities, privileges, a</u>	<u>dvantages, or</u>
4	accommodations to any person because of race, color, reli	<u>gion, national</u>
5	origin, or sex, except nothing shall be construed to deny a	deduction for
6	amounts paid to any religious or denominational clu	<u>b, group, or</u>
7	establishment or any organization operated solely for	<u>charitable or</u>
8	educational purposes which restricts membership to persons	s of the same
9	religion or denomination in order to promote the religious	principles for
10	which it is established and maintained;	
11	6. Any deduction prohibited by Section 80 of this Act; and	
12	7. Any dividends-paid deduction of any captive real estate investme	<u>ent trust.</u>
13	Section 57. KRS 141.020 is amended to read as follows:	
14	(1) An annual tax shall be paid for each taxable year by every resident individu	al of this state
15	upon his entire net income as defined in this chapter. The tax shall be	determined by
16	applying the rates in subsection (2) of this section to net income and subtract	cting allowable
17	tax credits provided in subsection (3) of this section.	
18	(2) (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, the tax	<u>x shall be five</u>
19	percent (5%) of net income[For taxable years beginning before Janua	r y 1, 2005, the
20	tax shall be determined by applying the following rates to net income:	
21	1. Two percent (2%) of the amount of net income up to three th	ousand dollars
22	(\$3,000);	
23	2. Three percent (3%) of the amount of net income over three the	ousand dollars
24	(\$3,000) and up to four thousand dollars (\$4,000);	
25	3. Four percent (4%) of the amount of net income over four th	ousand dollars
26	(\$4,000) and up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000);	
27	4. Five percent (5%) of the amount of net income over five th	ousand dollars

1		(\$5,000) and up to eight thousand dollars (\$8,000); and
2		5. Six percent (6%) of the amount of net income over eight thousand dollars
3		(\$8,000)] .
4	(b)	For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2018,
5		the tax shall be determined by applying the following rates to net income:
6		1. Two percent (2%) of the amount of net income up to three thousand dollars
7		(\$3,000);
8		2. Three percent (3%) of the amount of net income over three thousand dollars
9		(\$3,000) and up to four thousand dollars (\$4,000);
10		3. Four percent (4%) of the amount of net income over four thousand dollars
11		(\$4,000) and up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000);
12		4. Five percent (5%) of the amount of net income over five thousand dollars
13		(\$5,000) and up to eight thousand dollars (\$8,000);
14		5. Five and eight-tenths percent (5.8%) of the amount of net income over eight
15		thousand dollars (\$8,000) and up to seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000);
16		and
17		6. Six percent (6%) of the amount of net income over seventy-five thousand
18		dollars (\$75,000).
19	(3) (a)	[For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2014,]The following tax credits, when
20		applicable, shall be deducted from the result obtained under subsection (2) of this
21		section to arrive at the annual tax:
22		1. <i>a. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2014, twenty dollars</i>
23		(\$20) for an unmarried individual; <i>and</i>
24		b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, and before
25		January 1, 2018, ten dollars (\$10) for an unmarried individual;
26		2. <i>a. For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2014,</i> twenty dollars
27		(\$20) for a married individual filing a separate return and an additional

1			twenty dollars (\$20) for the spouse of taxpayer if a separate return is made
2			by the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which the
3			taxable year of the taxpayer begins, had no Kentucky gross income and is
4			not the dependent of another taxpayer; or forty dollars (\$40) for married
5			persons filing a joint return, provided neither spouse is the dependent of
6			another taxpayer. The determination of marital status for the purpose of
7			this section shall be made in the manner prescribed in Section 153 of the
8			Internal Revenue Code; and
9		<u>b.</u>	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, and before
10			January 1, 2018, ten dollars (\$10) for a married individual filing a
11			separate return and an additional ten dollars (\$10) for the spouse of a
12			taxpayer if a separate return is made by the taxpayer and if the spouse,
13			for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins,
14			had no Kentucky gross income and is not the dependent of another
15			taxpayer; or twenty dollars (\$20) for married persons filing a joint
16			return, provided neither spouse is the dependent of another taxpayer.
17			The determination of marital status for the purpose of this section shall
18			be made in the manner prescribed in Section 153 of the Internal
19			<u>Revenue Code;</u>
20	3.	<u>a.</u>	For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2014, twenty dollars
21			(\$20) credit for each dependent. No credit shall be allowed for any
22			dependent who has made a joint return with his or her spouse; and
23		<u>b.</u>	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, and before
24			January 1, 2018, ten dollars (\$10) credit for each dependent. No credit
25			shall be allowed for any dependent who has made a joint return with his
26			<u>or her spouse;</u>
27	4.	An	additional forty dollars (\$40) credit if the taxpayer has attained the age of

1			sixty-five (65) before the close of the taxable year;
2		5.	An additional forty dollars (\$40) credit for taxpayer's spouse if a separate return
3			is made by the taxpayer and if the taxpayer's spouse has attained the age of
4			sixty-five (65) before the close of the taxable year, and, for the calendar year in
5			which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no Kentucky gross income
6			and is not the dependent of another taxpayer;
7		6.	An additional forty dollars (\$40) credit if the taxpayer is blind at the close of the
8			taxable year;
9		7.	An additional forty dollars (\$40) credit for taxpayer's spouse if a separate return
10			is made by the taxpayer and if the taxpayer's spouse is blind, and, for the
11			calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no Kentucky
12			gross income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer;
13		8.	In the case of a fiduciary, other than an estate, the allowable tax credit shall
14			<u>be two dollars (\$2);</u>
15		<u>9.</u>	In the case of an estate, the allowable tax credit shall be ten dollars (\$10);
16			and
17		<u>10.</u>	An additional twenty dollars (\$20) credit shall be allowed if the taxpayer is a
18			member of the Kentucky National Guard at the close of the taxable year.
19	<u>(b)</u>	In the	e case of nonresidents, the tax credits allowable under this subsection shall be the
20		porti	on of the credits that are represented by the ratio of the taxpayer's Kentucky
21		adjus	sted gross income as determined by Section 55 of this Act[KRS 141.010(10),
22		with	out the adjustments contained in (f) and (g) of that subsection,] to the taxpayer's
23		adjus	sted gross income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code.
24		How	ever, in the case of a married nonresident taxpayer with income from Kentucky
25		sourc	ces, whose spouse has no income from Kentucky sources, the taxpayer shall
26		deter	mine allowable tax credit(s) by either:
27		<u>1.[a.]</u>	The method contained above applied to the taxpayer's tax credit(s), excluding

1	credits for a spouse and dependents; or
2	2.[b.] Prorating the taxpayer's tax credit(s) plus the tax credits for the taxpayer's
3	spouse and dependents by the ratio of the taxpayer's Kentucky adjusted gross
4	income as determined by Section 55 of this Act[KRS 141.010(10), without the
5	adjustments contained in (f) and (g) of that subsection,] to the total joint federal
6	adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse.[;]
7	(c)[9.] In the case of an individual who becomes a resident of Kentucky during the
8	taxable year, the tax credits allowable under this subsection shall be the portion of the
9	credits represented by the ratio of the taxpayer's Kentucky adjusted gross income as
10	determined by Section 55 of this Act[subsection (10) of KRS 141.010, without the
11	adjustments contained in paragraphs (f) and (g) of that subsection,] to the taxpayer's
12	adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code[;
13	10. In the case of a fiduciary, other than an estate, the allowable tax credit shall be
14	two dollars (\$2);
15	11. In the case of an estate, the allowable tax credit shall be twenty dollars (\$20);
16	and
17	12. An additional twenty dollars (\$20) credit shall be allowed if the taxpayer is a
18	member of the Kentucky National Guard at the close of the taxable year.
19	(b) 1. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, the following tax
20	credits, when applicable, shall be deducted from the result obtained under
21	subsection (2) of this section to arrive at the annual tax:
22	a. Ten dollars (\$10) for an unmarried individual;
23	b. Ten dollars (\$10) for a married individual filing a separate return and an
24	additional ten dollars (\$10) for the spouse of taxpayer if a separate return
25	is made by the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year in which
26	the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, had no Kentucky gross income and
27	is not the dependent of another taxpayer; or twenty dollars (\$20) for

1	married persons filing a joint return, provided neither spouse is the
2	dependent of another taxpayer. The determination of marital status for the
3	purpose of this section shall be made in the manner prescribed in Section
4	153 of the Internal Revenue Code;
5	c. Ten dollars (\$10) credit for each dependent. No credit shall be allowed for
6	any dependent who has made a joint return with his spouse;
7	d. An additional forty dollars (\$40) credit if the taxpayer has attained the age
8	of sixty five (65) before the close of the taxable year;
9	e. An additional forty dollars (\$40) credit for taxpayer's spouse if a separate
10	return is made by the taxpayer and if the taxpayer's spouse has attained the
11	age of sixty five (65) before the close of the taxable year, and, for the
12	calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no
13	Kentucky gross income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer;
14	f. An additional forty dollars (\$40) credit if the taxpayer is blind at the close
15	of the taxable year;
16	g. An additional forty dollars (\$40) credit for taxpayer's spouse if a separate
17	return is made by the taxpayer and if the taxpayer's spouse is blind, and,
18	for the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has
19	no Kentucky gross income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer;
20	h. In the case of a fiduciary, other than an estate, the allowable tax credit
21	shall be two dollars (\$2);
22	i. In the case of an estate, the allowable tax credit shall be ten dollars (\$10);
23	and
24	j. An additional twenty dollars (\$20) credit shall be allowed if the taxpayer
25	is a member of the Kentucky National Guard at the close of the taxable
26	year.
27	2. In the case of nonresidents, the tax credits allowable under this subsection shall

1		be the portion of the credits that are represented by the ratio of the taxpayer's
2		Kentucky adjusted gross income as determined by KRS 141.010(10), without
3		the adjustments contained in paragraphs (f) and (g) of that subsection, to the
4		taxpayer's adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal
5		Revenue Code. However, in the case of a married nonresident taxpayer with
6		income from Kentucky sources, whose spouse has no income from Kentucky
7		sources, the taxpayer shall determine allowable tax credit(s) by either:
8		a. The method contained above applied to the taxpayer's tax credit(s),
9		excluding credits for a spouse and dependents; or
10		b. Prorating the taxpayer's tax credit(s) plus the tax credits for the taxpayer's
11		spouse and dependents by the ratio of the taxpayer's Kentucky adjusted
12		gross income as determined by KRS 141.010(10), without the adjustments
13		contained in paragraphs (f) and (g) of that subsection, to the total joint
14		federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse.
15		3. In the case of an individual who becomes a resident of Kentucky during the
16		taxable year, the tax credits allowable under this subsection shall be the portion
17		of the credits represented by the ratio of the taxpayer's Kentucky adjusted gross
18		income as determined by KRS 141.010(10), without the adjustments contained
19		in paragraphs (f) and (g) of that subsection, to the taxpayer's adjusted gross
20		income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code].
21	(4)	An annual tax shall be paid for each taxable year as specified in this section upon the entire
22		net income except as herein provided, from all tangible property located in this state, from
23		all intangible property that has acquired a business situs in this state, and from business,
24		trade, profession, occupation, or other activities carried on in this state, by natural persons
25		not residents of this state. A nonresident individual shall be taxable only upon the amount
26		of income received by the individual from labor performed, business done, or from other
27		activities in this state, from tangible property located in this state, and from intangible

1		prop	perty which has acquired a business situs in this state; provided, however, that the situs
2		of in	tangible personal property shall be at the residence of the real or beneficial owner and
3		not a	at the residence of a trustee having custody or possession thereof. The remainder of the
4		inco	me received by such nonresident shall be deemed nontaxable by this state.
5	(5)	Subj	ect to the provisions of KRS 141.081, any individual may elect to pay the annual tax
6		impo	osed by KRS 141.023 in lieu of the tax levied under this section.
7	(6)	An i	individual who becomes a resident of Kentucky during the taxable year is subject to
8		taxa	tion as prescribed in subsection (4) of this section prior to establishing residence and as
9		pres	cribed in subsection (1) of this section following the establishment of residence.
10	(7)	An i	ndividual who becomes a nonresident of Kentucky during the taxable year is subject to
11		taxa	tion, as prescribed in subsection (1) of this section, during that portion of the taxable
12		year	that the individual is a resident and, as prescribed in subsection (4) of this section,
13		duri	ng that portion of the taxable year when the individual is a nonresident.
14		⇒s	ection 58. KRS 141.040 is amended to read as follows:
15	(1)	Ever	ry corporation doing business in this state, except those corporations listed in
16		para	graphs (a) to $(\underline{h})[(i)]$ of this subsection, shall pay for each taxable year a tax to be
17		com	puted by the taxpayer on taxable net income[or the alternative minimum calculation
18		com	puted under this section] at the rates specified in this section:
19		(a)	Financial institutions, as defined in KRS 136.500, except bankers banks organized
20			under KRS 286.3-135;
21		(b)	Savings and loan associations organized under the laws of this state and under the
22			laws of the United States and making loans to members only;
23		(c)	Banks for cooperatives;
24		(d)	Production credit associations;
25		(e)	Insurance companies, including farmers or other mutual hail, cyclone, windstorm, or
26			fire insurance companies, insurers, and reciprocal underwriters;
27		(f)	Corporations or other entities exempt under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue

1		Code;
2	(g)	Religious, educational, charitable, or like corporations not organized or conducted for
3		pecuniary profit; and
4	(h)	Corporations whose only owned or leased property located in this state is located at
5		the premises of a printer with which it has contracted for printing, provided that:
6		1. The property consists of the final printed product, or copy from which the
7		printed product is produced; and
8		2. The corporation has no individuals receiving compensation in this state as
9		provided in KRS 141.120(8)(b) [; and
10	(i)	For all taxable years except those beginning after December 31, 2004, and before
11		January 1, 2007, S corporations.
12	(2) For	tax years ending before January 1, 1990, the following rates shall apply:
13	(a) -	Three percent (3%) of the first twenty five thousand dollars (\$25,000) of taxable net
14		income;
15	(b) -	Four percent (4%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of twenty five
16		thousand dollars (\$25,000), but not in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000);
17	(c) -	Five percent (5%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of fifty thousand
18		dollars (\$50,000), but not in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);
19	(d)	Six percent (6%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of one hundred
20		thousand dollars (\$100,000), but not in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars
21		(\$250,000); and
22	(e)	Seven and twenty-five one hundredths percent (7.25%) of the amount of taxable net
23		income in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
24	(3) For	tax years beginning after December 31, 1989, and before January 1, 2005, the
25	folle	owing rates shall apply:
26	(a)	Four percent (4%) of the first twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) of taxable net
27		income;

1	(b) Five percent (5%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of twenty-five
2	thousand dollars (\$25,000) but not in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000);
3	(c) Six percent (6%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of fifty thousand
4	dollars (\$50,000), but not in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);
5	(d) Seven percent (7%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of one hundred
6	thousand dollars (\$100,000), but not in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars
7	(\$250,000); and
8	(e) Eight and twenty five one hundredths percent (8.25%) of the amount of taxable net
9	income in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
10	(4) For tax years beginning before January 1, 1990, and ending after December 31, 1989, the
11	tax shall be the sum of the amounts determined in paragraphs (a) and (b) as follows:
12	(a) Apply the tax rates in subsection (2) of this section to the taxable net income for the
13	year and multiply the result by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of
14	days from the first day of the taxable year through December 31, 1989, and the
15	denominator of which is the total number of days of the taxable year; and
16	(b) Apply the tax rates in subsection (3) of this section to the taxable net income for the
17	year and multiply the result by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of
18	days from January 1, 1990, through the last day of the taxable year and the
19	denominator of which is the total number of days of the taxable year.
20	(5) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007,
21	corporations subject to the tax imposed by this section shall pay the greater of the tax
22	computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the tax computed under paragraph (b)1. or
23	2. of this subsection, or the minimum tax imposed by subsection (7) of this section. The tax
24	computed under this subsection is as follows:
25	(a) 1. Four percent (4%) of the first fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) of taxable net
26	income;
27	2. Five percent (5%) of taxable net income over fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000)

1		up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); and
2		3. Seven percent (7%) of taxable net income over one hundred thousand dollars
3		(\$100,000); or
4	(b)	An alternative minimum calculation of an amount equal to the lesser of the amount
5		computed under subparagraph 1. or 2. of this paragraph:
6		1. The gross receipts calculation contained in subsection (11) of this section; or
7		2. The gross profits calculation contained in subsection (12) of this section].
8	(2) For (taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, the rate of five percent (5%) of
9	taxal	ble net income shall apply.
10	<u>(3)</u> [(6)]	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, and before January 1, 2018,
11	the f	ollowing rates shall apply:
12	(a)	Four percent (4%) of the first fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) of taxable net income;
13	(b)	Five percent (5%) of taxable net income over fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) up to
14		one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); and
15	(c)	Six percent (6%) of taxable net income over one hundred thousand dollars
16		(\$100,000).
17	[(7) For 1	taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and before January 1, 2007, a
18	mini	mum of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175) shall be due for the taxable year from
19	each	corporation subject to the tax imposed by this section, regardless of the application of
20	any t	ax credits provided under this chapter or any other provision of the Kentucky Revised
21	Statu	tes for which the business entity may qualify.
22	(8) The 	alternative minimum calculation portion of the tax computation provided in subsection
23	(5) o	f this section shall not apply to:
24	(a)	Public service corporations subject to tax under KRS 136.120;
25	(b)	Open-end registered investment companies organized under the laws of this state and
26		registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
27	(c)	Any property or facility which has been certified as a fluidized bed energy production

1		facility as defined in KRS 211.390;
2	(d) -	An alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910; and
3	(e)	For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1, 2007,
4		political organizations as defined in Internal Revenue Code Section 527 and related
5		regulations.
6	(9) For	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007:
7	(a)	As used in this subsection, "qualified exempt organization" means an entity listed in
8		subsection (1)(a) to (h) of this section and shall not include any entity whose exempt
9		status has been disallowed by the Internal Revenue Service.
10	(b)	Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or KRS 141.010, any corporation
11		of the type listed in KRS 141.010(24)(b)2. to 8. that is owned in whole or in part by a
12		qualified exempt organization shall, in calculating its taxable net income, gross
13		receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, exclude the proportionate share of its taxable net
14		income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the ownership interest
15		of the qualified exempt organization.
16	(c)	Any corporation that reduces taxable net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross
17		profits in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection shall disregard the
18		ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization in determining the amount of
19		eredit available under KRS 141.420.
20	(d)	The Department of Revenue may promulgate an administrative regulation to further
21		define "qualified exempt organization" to include an entity for which exemption is
22		constitutionally or legally required, or to exclude any entity created primarily for tax
23		avoidance purposes with no legitimate business purpose.
24	(10) For	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007:
25	(a)	To the extent that a corporation identified in KRS 141.010(24)(b)2. to 8. is doing
26		business in this state, any member, shareholder or partner of the corporation may elect
27		to pay, on behalf of the corporation, his, her or its proportionate share of the tax

1	imposed by this section against the corporation. If an election is made, the electing
2	member, shareholder or partner shall be treated in the same manner as the corporation
3	regarding the proportionate part of the tax paid by the member, shareholder or
4	partner. An election made pursuant to this subsection shall not:
5	1. Be used by the Department of Revenue or the taxpayer to assert that the party
6	making the election is doing business in Kentucky;
7	2. Result in an increase of the amount of credit allowable under KRS 141.420; or
8	3. Apply to any corporation that is required to be included in a consolidated return
9	under KRS 141.200(2) to (5) and (9) to (12).
10	(b) The Department of Revenue shall prescribe forms and promulgate regulations to
11	execute and administer the provisions of this subsection.
12	(11) The alternative minimum calculation for gross receipts shall be:
13	(a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and before January 1, 2006,
14	nine and one half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's
15	Kentucky gross receipts; and
16	(b) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007:
17	1. If the corporation's gross receipts from all sources are three million dollars
18	(\$3,000,000) or less, the alternative minimum calculation shall be zero;
19	2. If the corporation's gross receipts from all sources are greater than three million
20	dollars (\$3,000,000) but less than six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the
21	alternative minimum calculation shall be nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per
22	one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's Kentucky gross receipts,
23	reduced by an amount equal to two thousand eight hundred fifty dollars
24	(\$2,850) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is six million dollars
25	(\$6,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's Kentucky gross receipts for
26	the taxable year, and the denominator of which is three million dollars
27	(\$3,000,000), but in no case shall the result be less than zero;

1	3. If the corporation's gross receipts from all sources are equal to or greater than
2	six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the alternative minimum calculation shall be
3	nine and one half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the
4	corporation's Kentucky gross receipts.
5	In determining eligibility for the reductions contained in this paragraph when the
6	alternative minimum calculation is computed on a consolidated return, the gross
7	receipts of the affiliated group shall include the total gross receipts from all sources of
8	the affiliated group, including eliminating entries for transactions among the group.
9	(12) The alternative minimum calculation for gross profits shall be:
10	(a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and before January 1, 2006,
11	seventy five cents (\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's
12	Kentucky gross profits; and
13	(b) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007:
14	1. If the corporation's gross profits from all sources are three million dollars
15	(\$3,000,000) or less, the tax shall be zero;
16	2. If the corporation's gross profits from all sources are at least three million
17	dollars (\$3,000,000) but less than six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the tax shall
18	be seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's
19	Kentucky gross profits, reduced by an amount equal to twenty-two thousand
20	five hundred dollars (\$22,500) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which
21	is six million dollars (\$6,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's Kentucky
22	gross profits, and the denominator of which is three million dollars
23	(\$3,000,000), but in no case shall the result be less than zero;
24	3. If the corporation's gross profits from all sources are equal to or greater than six
25	million dollars (\$6,000,000), the tax shall be seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per one
26	hundred dollars (\$100) on all of the corporation's Kentucky gross profits.
27	In determining eligibility for the reductions contained in this paragraph when the

1		alternative minimum calculation is computed on a consolidated return, the gross
2		profits of the affiliated group shall include the total gross profits from all sources of
3		the affiliated group, including eliminating entries for transactions among the group.
4	(13) As u	sed in subsections (11) and (12) of this section:
5	(a)	"Kentucky gross receipts" means an amount equal to the computation of the
6		numerator of the sales factor under the provisions of KRS 141.120(8)(c);
7	(b)	"Gross receipts from all sources" means an amount equal to the computation of the
8		denominator of the sales factor under the provisions of KRS 141.120(8)(c); and
9	(c)	The terms defined in KRS 141.0401(1)(d) to (1) shall have the same meaning as
10		provided in KRS 141.0401.]
11	<u>(4)</u> [(14)]	(a) [For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007,]An S corporation
12		shall pay income tax on the same items of income and in the same manner as required
13		for federal purposes, except to the extent required by differences between this chapter
14		and the federal income tax law and regulations.
15	(b)	1. If the S corporation is required under Section 1363(d) of the Internal Revenue
16		Code to submit installments of tax on the recapture of LIFO benefits,
17		installments to pay the Kentucky tax due shall be paid on or before the due date
18		of the S corporation's return, as extended, if applicable.
19		2. Notwithstanding KRS 141.170(3), no interest shall be assessed on the
20		installment payment for the period of extension.
21	(c)	If the S corporation is required under Section 1374 or 1375 of the Internal Revenue
22		Code to pay tax on built-in gains or on passive investment income, the amount of tax
23		imposed by this subsection shall be computed by applying the highest rate of tax for
24		the taxable year.
25	⇒SI	ECTION 59. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ
26	AS FOLL	OWS:
27	<u>The provi</u>	sions of this section are the same as appeared in KRS 141.120 prior to its repeal and

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1	reenactment in Section 60 of this Act. This section applies to taxable years beginning prior to			
2	January 1, 2018.			
3	(1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:			
4	(a) "Business income" means income arising from transactions and activity in the			
5	regular course of a trade or business of the corporation and includes income from			
6	tangible and intangible property if the acquisition, management, or disposition of			
7	the property constitutes integral parts of the corporation's regular trade or business			
8	operations;			
9	(b) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or			
10	business of the corporation is managed;			
11	(c) "Compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions, and any other form of			
12	remuneration paid or payable to employees for personal services;			
13	(d) ''Financial organization'' means any bank, trust company, savings bank, industrial			
14	<u>bank, land bank, safe deposit company, private banker, savings and loan</u>			
15	association, credit union, cooperative bank, investment company, or any type of			
16	insurance company;			
17	(e) ''Nonbusiness income'' means all income other than business income;			
18	(f) "Public service company" means any business entity subject to taxation under			
19	<u>KRS 136.120;</u>			
20	(g) "Sales" means all gross receipts of the corporation not allocated under subsections			
21	(3) to (7) of this section, except as provided by KRS 141.121; and			
22	(h) "State" means any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the			
23	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States,			
24	and any foreign country or political subdivision thereof.			
25	(2) Any corporation which is required by Section 52 of this Act to allocate and apportion its			
26	net income shall allocate and apportion its net income as provided in this section.			
27	(3) Rents and royalties from real property, intangible or tangible personal property, capital			

1	ga	ins and losses, interest, or patent or copyright royalties, to the extent that they			
2	<u>co</u>	constitute nonbusiness income, shall be allocated as provided in subsections (4) to (7) of			
3	<u>th</u>	is section.			
4	<u>(4) (a</u>) Net rents and royalties from real property located in this state are allocable to this			
5		<u>state.</u>			
6	<u>(b</u>) Net rents and royalties from tangible personal property are allocable to this state if			
7		and to the extent that the property is utilized in this state; or in their entirety if the			
8		corporation's commercial domicile is in this state and the corporation is not			
9		organized under the laws of or taxable in the state in which the property is utilized.			
10	<u>(c</u>) The extent of utilization of tangible personal property in a state is determined by			
11		multiplying the rents and royalties by a fraction, the numerator of which is the			
12		number of days of physical location of the property in the state during the rental or			
13		royalty period in the taxable year and the denominator of which is the number of			
14		days of physical location of the property everywhere during all rental or royalty			
15		periods in the taxable year. If the physical location of the property during the rental			
16		or royalty period is unknown or unascertainable by the corporation, the tangible			
17		personalty is utilized in the state in which the property was located at the time the			
18		rental or royalty payer obtained possession.			
19	<u>(d</u>) Net rents and royalties from intangible personal property located in this state are			
20		allocable to this state. For purposes of this section, royalties from property leased			
21		in Kentucky shall be considered as royalties from intangible personal property.			
22	<u>(5) (a</u>) Capital gains and losses from sales or other dispositions of real property located in			
23		this state are allocable to this state.			
24	<u>(b</u>) Capital gains and losses from sales or other dispositions of tangible personal			
25		property are allocable to this state if the property had a situs in this state at the time			
26		of the sale, or the corporation's commercial domicile is in this state and the			
27		corporation is not taxable in the state in which the property had a situs.			

1		<u>(c)</u>	Capital gains and losses from sales or other dispositions of intangible personal
2			property are allocable to this state if the corporation's commercial domicile is in
3			this state.
4	<u>(6)</u>	Inte	rest is allocable to this state if the corporation's commercial domicile is in this state.
5	<u>(7)</u>	(a)	Patent and copyright royalties are allocable to this state if and to the extent that the
6			patent or copyright is utilized by the payer in this state; or if and to the extent that
7			the patent or copyright is utilized by the payer in a state in which the corporation is
8			not taxable and the corporation's commercial domicile is in this state.
9		<u>(b)</u>	A patent is utilized in a state to the extent that it is employed in production,
10			fabrication, manufacturing, or other processing in the state or to the extent that a
11			patented product is produced in the state. If the basis of receipts from patent
12			royalties does not permit allocation to states or if the accounting procedures do not
13			reflect states of utilization, the patent is utilized in the state in which the
14			corporation's commercial domicile is located.
15		<u>(c)</u>	A copyright is utilized in a state to the extent that printing or other publication
16			originates in the state. If the basis of receipts from copyright royalties does not
17			permit allocation to states or if the accounting procedures do not reflect states of
18			utilization, the copyright is utilized in the state in which the corporation's
19			commercial domicile is located.
20	<u>(8)</u>	(a)	Except as provided in subsection (9) of this section, all business income shall be
21			apportioned to this state by multiplying the income by a fraction, the numerator of
22			which is the property factor, representing twenty-five percent (25%) of the fraction,
23			plus the payroll factor, representing twenty-five percent (25%) of the fraction, plus
24			the sales factor, representing fifty percent (50%) of the fraction, and the
25			denominator of which is four (4), reduced by the number of factors, if any, having
26			no denominator, provided that if the sales factor has no denominator, then the
27			denominator shall be reduced by two (2).

1	<u>(b)</u>	1. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value
2		of the corporation's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and
3		used in this state during the tax period and the denominator of which is the
4		average value of all the corporation's real and tangible personal property
5		owned or rented and used during the tax period; provided, however, that
6		property which has been certified as a pollution control facility as defined in
7		KRS 224.1-300 shall be excluded from the property factor.
8		2. Property owned is valued at its original cost. If the original cost of any
9		property is not determinable or is nominal or zero (0) the property shall be
10		valued by the department pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated
11		by the department. Property rented is valued at eight (8) times the net annual
12		rental rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual rental rate paid by the
13		corporation less any annual rental rate received by the corporation from
14		subrentals, provided that the rental and subrentals are reasonable. If the
15		<u>department determines that the annual rental or subrental rate is</u>
16		unreasonable, or if a nominal or zero (0) rate is charged, the department may
17		determine and apply the rental rate as will reasonably reflect the value of the
18		property rented by the corporation.
19		3. The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at
20		the beginning and ending of the tax period but the department may require
21		the averaging of monthly values during the tax period if reasonably required
22		to reflect properly the average value of the property.
23	<u>(c)</u>	The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount paid or
24		payable in this state during the tax period by the corporation for compensation, and
25		the denominator of which is the total compensation paid or payable by the
26		corporation everywhere during the tax period. Compensation is paid or payable in
27		this state if:

1	1. The individual's service is performed entirely within the state;
2	2. The individual's service is performed both within and without the state, but
3	the service performed without the state is incidental to the individual's service
4	within the state; or
5	3. Some of the service is performed in the state and the base of operations or, if
6	there is no base of operations, the place from which the service is directed or
7	controlled is in the state, or the base of operations or the place from which the
8	service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the
9	service is performed, but the individual's residence is in this state.
10	(d) 1. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sales of the
11	corporation in this state during the tax period, and the denominator of which
12	is the total sales of the corporation everywhere during the tax period.
13	2. Sales of tangible personal property are in this state if:
14	a. The property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser, other than the
15	United States government, or to the designee of the purchaser within
16	this state regardless of the f.o.b. point or other conditions of the sale; or
17	b. The property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or
18	other place of storage in this state and the purchaser is the United States
19	government.
20	3. Sales, other than sales of tangible personal property, are in this state if the
21	income-producing activity is performed in this state; or the income-producing
22	activity is performed both in and outside this state and a greater proportion of
23	the income-producing activity is performed in this state than in any other
24	state, based on costs of performance.
25	(9) (a) If the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly
26	represent the extent of the corporation's business activity in this state, the
27	corporation may petition for or the department may require, in respect to all or any

1	part of the corporation's business activity, if reasonable:
2	1. Separate accounting;
3	2. The exclusion of any one (1) or more of the factors;
4	3. The inclusion of one (1) or more additional factors which will fairly represent
5	the corporation's business activity in this state; or
6	4. The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation
7	and apportionment of income.
8	(b) A corporation may elect the allocation and apportionment methods for the
9	corporation's business income provided for in subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this
10	paragraph. The election, if made, shall be irrevocable for a period of five years.
11	1. All business income derived directly or indirectly from the sale of
12	management, distribution, or administration services to or on behalf of
13	regulated investment companies, as defined under the Internal Revenue Code
14	of 1986, as amended, including trustees, and sponsors or participants of
15	employee benefit plans which have accounts in a regulated investment
16	company, shall be apportioned to this state only to the extent that
17	shareholders of the investment company are domiciled in this state as follows:
18	a. Total business income shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator
19	of which shall be Kentucky receipts from the services for the tax period
20	and the denominator of which shall be the total receipts everywhere
21	from the services for the tax period;
22	b. For purposes of subdivision a. of this subparagraph, Kentucky receipts
23	shall be determined by multiplying total receipts for the tax period from
24	each separate investment company for which the services are performed
25	by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall be the average of the
26	number of shares owned by the investment company's shareholders
27	domiciled in this state at the beginning of and at the end of the

1	investment company's taxable year, and the denominator of the fraction
2	shall be the average of the number of the shares owned by the
3	investment company shareholders everywhere at the beginning of and at
4	the end of the investment company's taxable year; and
5	c. Nonbusiness income shall be allocated to this state as provided in
6	subsections (4) to (7) of this section.
7	2. All business income derived directly or indirectly from the sale of securities
8	brokerage services by a business which operates within the boundaries of any
9	area of the Commonwealth, which on June 30, 1992, was designated as a
10	<u>Kentucky Enterprise Zone, as defined in KRS 154.655(2), shall be</u>
11	apportioned to this state only to the extent that customers of the securities
12	brokerage firm are domiciled in this state. The portion of business income
13	apportioned to Kentucky shall be determined by multiplying the total business
14	income from the sale of these services by a fraction determined in the
15	following manner:
16	a. The numerator of the fraction shall be the brokerage commissions and
17	total margin interest paid in respect of brokerage accounts owned by
18	customers domiciled in Kentucky for the brokerage firm's taxable year;
19	b. The denominator of the fraction shall be the brokerage commissions
20	and total margin interest paid in respect of brokerage accounts owned
21	by all of the brokerage firm's customers for that year; and
22	c. Nonbusiness income shall be allocated to this state as provided in
23	subsections (4) to (7) of this section.
24	(10) Public service companies and financial organizations required by Section 52 of this Act
25	to allocate and apportion net income shall allocate and apportion such income as
26	<u>follows:</u>
27	(a) Nonbusiness income shall be allocated to this state as provided in subsections (4) to

1		(7) of this section;
2	<u>(b)</u>	Business income shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying the business
3		income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor, representing
4		twenty-five percent (25%) of the fraction, plus the payroll factor, representing
5		twenty-five percent (25%) of the fraction, plus the sales factor, representing fifty
6		percent (50%) of the fraction, and the denominator of which is four (4), reduced by
7		the number of factors, if any, having no denominator, provided that if the sales
8		factor has no denominator, then the denominator shall be reduced by two (2). The
9		payroll factor shall be determined as provided in subsection (8)(c) of this section.
10		The property factor and sales factor shall be determined as provided by
11		administrative regulations promulgated by the department.
12	<u>(c)</u>	An affiliated group electing to file a consolidated return under KRS 141.200(4) or
13		required to file a consolidated return under KRS 141.200(11) that includes a public
14		service company, a provider of communications services or multichannel video
15		programming services as defined in KRS 136.602, or a financial organization shall
16		determine the amount of payroll to be included in the apportionment factor as
17		provided in subsection (8)(c) of this section. The amount of property and sales of
18		the public service company, provider of communications services or multichannel
19		video programming services as defined in KRS 136.602, or financial organization
20		to be included in the apportionment factors of the affiliated group shall be
21		determined in accordance with administrative regulations promulgated by the
22		department under paragraph (b) of this subsection.
23	<u>(11) For</u>	taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, a corporation that:
24	<u>(a)</u>	Owns an interest in a limited liability pass-through entity; or
25	<u>(b)</u>	Owns an interest in a general partnership organized or formed as a general
26		partnership after January 1, 2006;
27	<u>shal</u>	I include the proportionate share of sales, property, and payroll of the limited

1	liability pass-through entity or general partnership when apportioning income, and shall
2	include the proportionate share of sales in calculating the tax due pursuant to KRS
3	141.0401. The phrases "an interest in a limited liability pass-through entity" and "an
4	interest in a general partnership organized or formed as a general partnership after
5	January 1, 2006," shall extend to each level of multiple-tiered pass-through entities.
6	→SECTION 60. KRS 141.120 IS REPEALED AND REENACTED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS:
8	This section applies to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018.
9	(1) As used in this section:
10	(a) "Apportionable income" means:
11	1. All income that is apportionable under the Constitution of the United States
12	and is not allocated under this section, including:
13	a. Income arising from transactions and activity in the regular course of
14	the taxpayer's trade or business; and
15	b. Income arising from tangible and intangible property if the acquisition,
16	management, employment, development, or disposition of the property is
17	or was related to the operation of the taxpayer's trade or business; and
18	2. Any income that would be allocable to this state under the Constitution of the
19	United States, but that is apportioned rather than allocated pursuant to this
20	section;
21	(b) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place from which the trade or
22	business of the taxpayer is directed or managed;
23	(c) ''Financial organization'' means any bank, trust company, savings bank, industrial
24	<u>bank, land bank, safe deposit company, private banker, savings and loan</u>
25	association, cooperative bank, small loan company, sales finance company,
26	investment company, or any similar type of entity;
27	(d) ''Non-apportionable income'' means all income other than apportionable income;

1	(e) "Receipts" means all gross receipts of the taxpayer that are not allocated under
2	this section, and that are received from transactions and activity in the regular
3	course of the taxpayer's trade or business, except that receipts of a taxpayer from:
4	1. Hedging transactions; and
5	2. The maturity, redemption, sale, exchange, loan, or other disposition of cash
6	or securities;
7	shall be excluded; and
8	(f) ''This state'' means the Commonwealth of Kentucky.
9	(2) Any taxpayer having income from business activity which is taxable both within and
10	without this state, other than activity as a financial organization or a public service
11	company, shall allocate and apportion net income as provided in this section.
12	(3) For purposes of allocation and apportionment of income under this section, a taxpayer
13	is taxable in another state if:
14	(a) In that state the taxpayer is subject to a net income tax, a franchise tax measured
15	by net income, a franchise tax for the privilege of doing business, or a corporate
16	stock tax; or
17	(b) That state has jurisdiction to subject the taxpayer to a net income tax regardless of
18	whether, in fact, the state does or does not do so.
19	(4) Rents and royalties from real or tangible personal property, capital gains, interest, or
20	patent or copyright royalties, to the extent that they constitute nonapportionable income,
21	shall be allocated as provided in subsections (5) to (8) of this section.
22	(5) (a) Net rents and royalties from real property located in this state are allocable to this
23	<u>state.</u>
24	(b) Net rents and royalties from tangible personal property are allocable to this state:
25	<u>1. If and to the extent that the property is utilized in this state; or</u>
26	2. In their entirety if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state and the
27	taxpayer is not organized under the laws of or taxable in the state in which

1		the property is utilized.
2	<u>(c)</u>	The extent of utilization of tangible personal property in a state is determined by
3		multiplying the rents and royalties by a fraction the numerator of which is the
4		number of days of physical location of the property in this state during the rental or
5		royalty period in the taxable year and the denominator of which is the number of
6		days of physical location of the property everywhere during all rental or royalty
7		periods in the taxable year. If the physical location of the property during all rental
8		or royalty periods is unknown or unascertainable by the taxpayer, tangible
9		personal property is utilized in the state in which the property was located at the
10		time the rental or royalty payer obtained possession.
11	<u>(6) (a)</u>	Capital gains and losses from sales of real property located in this state are
12		allocable to this state.
13	<u>(b)</u>	Capital gains and losses from sales of tangible personal property are allocable to
14		this state if:
15		1. The property had a situs in this state at the time of the sale; or
16		2. The taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state and the taxpayer is not
17		taxable in the state in which the property had a situs.
18	<u>(c)</u>	Capital gains and losses from sales of intangible personal property are allocable to
19		this state if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.
20	<u>(7) Inte</u>	rest is allocable to this state if the taxpayer's commercial domicile is in this state.
21	<u>(8) (a)</u>	Patent and copyright royalties are allocable to this state:
22		1. If and to the extent that the patent or copyright is utilized by the payer in this
23		<u>state; or</u>
24		2. If and to the extent that the patent or copyright is utilized by the payer in a
25		state in which the taxpayer is not taxable and the taxpayer's commercial
26		domicile is in this state.
27	<u>(b)</u>	A patent is utilized in a state to the extent that it is employed in production,

1	fabrication, manufacturing, or other processing in the state or to the extent that a
2	patented product is produced in the state. If the basis of receipts from patent
3	royalties does not permit allocation to states or if the accounting procedures do not
4	reflect states of utilization, the patent is utilized in the state in which the taxpayer's
5	commercial domicile is located.
6	(9) All apportionable income shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying the income by
7	a fraction the numerator of which is the total receipts of the taxpayer in this state during
8	the taxable year and the denominator of which is the total receipts of the taxpayer
9	everywhere during the taxable year.
10	(10) Receipts from the sale of tangible personal property are in this state if:
11	(a) The property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser, other than the United States
12	government, within this state regardless of the f.o.b. point or other conditions of the
13	<u>sale; or</u>
14	(b) The property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory, or other place of
15	storage in this state and the purchaser is the United States government.
16	(11) (a) Receipts, other than receipts described in subsection (10) of this section, are in this
17	state if the taxpayer's market for the sales is in this state. The taxpayer's market for
18	sales is in this state:
19	1. In the case of sale, rental, lease, or license of real property, if and to the
20	extent the property is located in this state;
21	2. In the case of rental, lease, or license of tangible personal property, if and to
22	the extent the property is located in this state;
23	3. In the case of sale of a service, if and to the extent the service is delivered to a
24	location in this state; and
25	4. In the case of intangible property:
26	a. That is rented, leased, or licensed, if and to the extent the property is
27	used in this state, provided that intangible property utilized in marketing

1		a good or service to a consumer is used in this state if that good or
2		service is purchased by a consumer who is in this state; and
3		b. That is sold, if and to the extent the property is used in this state,
4		provided that:
5		i. A contract right, government license, or similar intangible
6		property that authorizes the holder to conduct a business activity
7		in a specific geographic area is used in this state if the geographic
8		area includes all or part of this state;
9		ii. Receipts from intangible property sales that are contingent on the
10		productivity, use, or disposition of the intangible property shall be
11		treated as receipts from the rental, lease, or licensing of the
12		intangible property under subdivision a. of this subparagraph; and
13		iii. All other receipts from a sale of intangible property shall be
14		excluded from the numerator and denominator of the receipts
15		<u>factor.</u>
16	<u>(b)</u>	If the state or states of assignment under paragraph (a) of this subsection cannot
17		be determined, the state or states of assignment shall be reasonably approximated.
18	<u>(c)</u>	If the taxpayer is not taxable in a state to which a receipt is assigned under
19		paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection, or if the state of assignment cannot be
20		determined under paragraph (a) of this subsection or reasonably approximated
21		under paragraph (b) of this subsection, the receipt shall be excluded from the
22		denominator of the receipts factor.
23	<u>(d)</u>	The department may promulgate administrative regulations necessary to carry out
24		the purposes of this section.
25	<u>(12)</u> (a)	If the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly
26		represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activity in this state, the taxpayer
27		may petition for or the department may require, in respect to all or any part of the

2 I. Separate accounting: 3 2. The inclusion of one (1) or more additional factors which will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in this state; or 5 3. The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's income. 7 (b) 1. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly represent the extent of business activity in this state of taxpayers engaged in a particular industry or in a particular transaction or activity, the department may, in addition to the authority provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, promulgate administrative regulations for determining alternative allocation and apportionment methods for those taxpayers. 13 2. An administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to this paragraph shall be applied uniformly, except that with respect to any taxpayer to whom the administrative regulation applies, the taxpayer may petition for or the department may require adjustment according to paragraph (a) of this subsection. 18 (c) 1. The party petitioning for or the department requiring the use of any method to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's income pursuant to paragraph (a) of the subsection shall prove by clear and convincing evidence: 2 a. That the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activity in this state: and 25 b. That the alternative to the provisions is reasonable. 2. The same burden of proof shall apply whether the taxpayer is petitioning for, or the department is requiring, the use o	1		<u>taxp</u>	payer's business activity, if reasonable:
4 the taxpayer's business activity in this state; or 5 3. The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's income. 7 (b) 1. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly 8 represent the extent of business activity in this state of taxpayers engaged in a 9 particular industry or in a particular transaction or activity, the department 10 max, in addition to the authority provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, 11 promulgate administrative regulations for determining alternative allocation and apportionment methods for those taxpayers. 13 2. An administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to this paragraph shall 14 be applied uniformly, except that with respect to any taxpayer to whom the administrative regulation applies, the taxpayer may petition for or the department may reguire adjustment according to paragraph (a) of this subsection. 18 (c) 1. The party petitioning for or the department requiring the use of any method to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's income pursuant to paragraph (a) of the subsection shall prove by clear and convincing evidence: 20 a. That the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activity in this state; and 25 b. That the alternative to the provisions is reasonable	2		<u>1.</u>	Separate accounting;
5 3. The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpaver's income. 7 (b) 1. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly represent the extent of business activity in this state of taxpayers engaged in a particular industry or in a particular transaction or activity, the department may, in addition to the authority provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, promulgate administrative regulations for determining alternative allocation and apportionment methods for those taxpayers. 13 2. An administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to this paragraph shall be applied uniformly, except that with respect to any taxpayer to whom the administrative regulation applies, the taxpayer may petition for or the department may require adjustment according to paragraph (a) of this subsection. 18 (c) 1. The party petitioning for or the department requiring the use of any method to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's income pursuant to paragraph (a) of the subsection shall prove by clear and convincing evidence: 2 a. That the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activity in this state; and 24 5 25 b. That the alternative to the provisions is reasonable. 26 2. The same burden of proof shall apply whether the taxpayer is petitioning for.	3		<u>2.</u>	The inclusion of one (1) or more additional factors which will fairly represent
6 and apportionment of the taxpayer's income. 7 (b) 1. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly 8 represent the extent of business activity in this state of taxpayers engaged in a 9 particular industry or in a particular transaction or activity, the department 10 may, in addition to the authority provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, 11 promulgate administrative regulations for determining alternative allocation 12 and apportionment methods for those taxpayers. 13 2. An administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to this paragraph shall 14 be applied uniformly, except that with respect to any taxpayer to whom the 15 administrative regulation applies, the taxpayer may petition for or the 16 department may require adjustment according to paragraph (a) of this subsection. 18 (c) 1. The party petitioning for or the department requiring the use of any method 19 to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's 21 convincing evidence: 22 a. That the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not 23 fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activity in this 24 state; and	4			the taxpayer's business activity in this state; or
7 (b) 1. If the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not fairly 8 represent the extent of business activity in this state of taxpayers engaged in a 9 particular industry or in a particular transaction or activity, the department 10 may, in addition to the authority provided in paragraph (a) of this subsection, 11 promulgate administrative regulations for determining alternative allocation 12 and apportionment methods for those taxpayers. 13 2. An administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to this paragraph shall 14 be applied uniformly, except that with respect to any taxpayer to whom the 15 administrative regulation applies, the taxpayer may petition for or the 16 department may require adjustment according to paragraph (a) of this 17 subsection. 18 (c) 1. The party petitioning for or the department requiring the use of any method 19 to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's 20 income pursuant to paragraph (a) of the subsection shall prove by clear and 21 convincing evidence: 22 a. That the allocation and apportionment provisions of this section do not 23 fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's business activity in this <td>5</td> <td></td> <td><u>3.</u></td> <td>The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation</td>	5		<u>3.</u>	The employment of any other method to effectuate an equitable allocation
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26 <u>2.</u> The same burden of proof shall apply whether the taxpayer is petitioning for,	24			state; and
	25			b. That the alternative to the provisions is reasonable.
27 or the department is requiring, the use of any reasonable method to effectuate	26		<u>2.</u>	The same burden of proof shall apply whether the taxpayer is petitioning for,
	27			or the department is requiring, the use of any reasonable method to effectuate

1		an equitable allocation and apportionment of the taxpayer's income.
2		Notwithstanding the previous sentence, if the department can show that in
3		any two (2) of the prior five (5) taxable years, the taxpayer had used an
4		allocation or apportionment method at variance with its allocation or
5		apportionment method or methods used for the other taxable years, then the
6		department shall not bear the burden of proof in imposing a different method
7		provided by paragraph (a) of this subsection.
8	<u>(d</u>	If the department requires any method to effectuate an equitable allocation and
9		apportionment of the taxpayer's income, the department cannot impose any civil or
10		criminal penalty with reference to the tax due that is attributable to the taxpayer's
11		reasonable reliance solely on the allocation and apportionment provisions of this
12		subsection.
13	<u>(e</u>)	A taxpayer that has received written permission from the department to use a
14		reasonable method to effectuate an equitable allocation and apportionment of the
15		taxpayer's income shall not have that permission revoked with respect to
16		transactions and activities that have already occurred unless there has been a
17		material change in, or a material misrepresentation of, the facts provided by the
18		taxpayer upon which the department reasonably relied.
19	+	Section 61. KRS 148.542 is amended to read as follows:
20	As used	in KRS 148.542 to 148.546:
21	(1) "A	bove-the-line production crew" means employees involved with the production of a
22	m	otion picture or entertainment production whose salaries are negotiated prior to
23	со	mmencement of production, such as actors, directors, producers, and writers;
24	(2) "A	nimated production" means a nationally distributed feature-length film created with the
24 25		nimated production" means a nationally distributed feature-length film created with the bid display of a sequence of images using 2-D or 3-D graphics of artwork or model
	raj	

1		KRS	KRS 141.383 and 148.544;		
2	(4)	"Bel	"Below-the-line production crew" means employees involved with the production of a		
3		moti	motion picture or entertainment production except above-the-line production crew. "Below-		
4		the-l	line production crew" includes but is not limited to:		
5		(a)	Casting assistants;		
6		(b)	Costume design;		
7		(c)	Extras;		
8		(d)	Gaffers;		
9		(e)	Grips;		
10		(f)	Location managers;		
11		(g)	Production assistants;		
12		(h)	Set construction staff; and		
13		(i)	Set design staff;		
14	(5)	"Cal	pinet" means the Finance and Administration Cabinet;		
15	(6) [-	-"Coi	mmercial" means an individual production or series of live action or animated		
16		prod	luctions, music videos, infomercials, or interstitials that are:		
17		(a) -	Less than thirty-one (31) minutes in length;		
18		(b) -	Made for the purpose of promoting a product, service, or idea; and		
19		(c)	Produced for regional or national distribution via broadcast, cable, or any digital		
20			format, including but not limited to cable, satellite, Internet, or mobile electronic		
21			devices;		
22	(7)]	"Co	mmonwealth" means the Commonwealth of Kentucky;		
23	<u>(7)</u> {((8)]	"Compensation" means compensation included in adjusted gross income as defined in		
24		KRS	S 141.010 [(10)] ;		
25	<u>(8)</u> [((9)]	"Documentary" means a production based upon factual information and not		
26		subj	ective interjections;		
27	<u>(9)</u> {((10)]	"Eligible company" means any person that intends to film or produce a motion picture		

1	or entertainment production in the Commonwealth;				
2	(10)[(11)] "Employee" has the same meaning as [means the same as defined] in KRS				
3	141.0	010 [(20)] ;			
4	<u>(11)</u> [(12)]	"Enhanced incentive county" has the same meaning as in KRS 154.32-010;			
5	<u>(12)</u> [(13)]	"Feature-length film" means a live-action or animated production that is:			
6	(a)	More than thirty (30) minutes in length; and			
7	(b)	Produced for distribution in theaters or via digital format, including but not limited to			
8		DVD, Internet, or mobile electronic devices;			
9	<u>(13)</u> [(14)]	"Industrial film" means a business-to-business film that may be viewed by the public,			
10	inclu	ding but not limited to videos used for training or for viewing at a trade show;			
11	<u>(14)</u> [(15)]	"Kentucky-based company" has the same meaning as in KRS 164.6011;			
12	<u>(15)</u> [(16)]	(a) "Motion picture or entertainment production" means:			
13		1. The following if filmed in whole or in part, or produced in whole or in part, in			
14		the Commonwealth:			
15		a. A feature-length film;			
16		b. A television program;			
17		c. An industrial film; <i>or</i>			
18		d. A documentary; [or			
19		e. A commercial;] or			
20		2. A national touring production of a Broadway show produced in Kentucky;			
21	(b)	"Motion picture or entertainment production" does not include the filming or			
22		production of obscene material or television coverage of news or athletic events;			
23	<u>(16)</u> [(17)]	"Obscene" has the same meaning as [means the same as defined] in KRS 531.010;			
24	<u>(17)</u> [(18)]	"Office" means the Kentucky Film Office in the Tourism, Arts and Heritage Cabinet;			
25	<u>(18)</u> [(19)]	"Person" has the same meaning as means the same as defined] in KRS			
26	141.0	010 [(15)] ;			
27	<u>(19)</u> [(20)]	(a) "Qualifying expenditure" means expenditures made in the Commonwealth for			

1	the	following if directly used in or for a motion picture or entertainment production:
2	1.	The production script and synopsis;
3	2.	Set construction and operations, wardrobe, accessories, and related services;
4	3.	Lease or rental of real property in Kentucky as a set location;
5	4.	Photography, sound synchronization, lighting, and related services;
6	5.	Editing and related services;
7	6.	Rental of facilities and equipment;
8	7.	Vehicle leases;
9	8.	Food; and
10	9.	Accommodations.
11	(b) "Q	ualifying expenditure" does not include Kentucky sales and use tax paid by the
12	apj	proved company on the qualifying expenditure;
13	<u>(20)</u> [(21)] "Q	ualifying payroll expenditure" means compensation paid to above-the-line crew
14	and belo	w-the line crew while working on a motion picture or entertainment production in
15	the Com	monwealth if the compensation is for services performed in the Commonwealth;
16	<u>(21)</u> [(22)] "R	esident" has the same meaning as in KRS 141.010;
17	<u>(22)[(23)]</u> "So	ecretary" means the secretary of the Tourism, Arts and Heritage Cabinet;
18	<u>(23)</u> [(24)] "T	ax incentive agreement" means the agreement entered into pursuant to KRS
19	148.546	between the office and the approved company; and
20	<u>(24)[(25)]</u> "T	elevision program" means any live-action or animated production or documentary,
21	includin	g but not limited to:
22	(a) An	episodic series;
23	(b) A 1	miniseries;
24	(c) A 1	television movie; or
25	(d) A 1	television pilot;
26	that is p	roduced for distribution on television via broadcast, cable, or any digital format,
27	includin	g but not limited to cable, satellite, Internet, or mobile electronic devices.

1		→ Section 62. KRS 148.544 is amended to read as follows:			
2	(1)	The purposes of KRS 141.383 and 148.542 to 148.546 are to:			
3		(a) Encourage the film and entertainment industry to choose locations in the			
4		Commonwealth for the filming and production of motion picture or entertainment			
5		productions;			
6		(b) Encourage the development of a film and entertainment industry in Kentucky;			
7		(c) Encourage increased employment opportunities for the citizens of the Commonwealth			
8		within the film and entertainment industry; and			
9		(d) Encourage the development of a production and postproduction infrastructure in the			
10		Commonwealth for film production and touring Broadway show production facilities			
11		containing state-of-the-art technologies.			
12	(2)	The Kentucky Film Office is hereby established in the Tourism, Arts and Heritage Cabinet			
13		to administer, together with the Finance and Administration Cabinet and the Tourism			
14		Development Finance Authority, the tax incentive established by KRS 141.383 and			
15		148.542 to 148.546.			
16	(3)	To qualify for the tax incentive provided in subsection (4) of this section, the following			
17		requirements shall be met:			
18		(a) For an approved company that is also a Kentucky-based company that:			
19		1. Films or produces a feature-length film, television program, or industrial film in			
20		whole or in part in the Commonwealth, the minimum combined total of			
21		qualifying expenditures and qualifying payroll expenditures shall be one			
22		hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000);			
23		2.[Films or produces a commercial in whole or in part in the Commonwealth that			
24		is distributed regionally or nationally, the minimum combined total of			
25		qualifying expenditures and qualifying payroll expenditures shall be one			
26		hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);			
27		3.] Produces a national touring production of a Broadway show in whole or in part			

1			in the Commonwealth, the minimum combined total of qualifying expenditures
2			and qualifying payroll expenditures shall be twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000);
3			or
4			<u>3.[4.]</u> Films or produces a documentary in whole or in part in the Commonwealth, the
5			minimum combined total of qualifying expenditures and qualifying payroll
6			expenditures shall be ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); and
7		(b)	For an approved company that is not a Kentucky-based company that:
8			1. Films or produces a feature-length film, television program, or industrial film in
9			whole or in part in the Commonwealth, the minimum combined total of
10			qualifying expenditures and qualifying payroll expenditures shall be two
11			hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); or
12			2.[Films or produces a commercial in whole or in part in the Commonwealth that
13			is distributed regionally or nationally, the minimum combined total of
14			qualifying expenditures and qualifying payroll expenditures shall be one
15			hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); or
16			3.] Films or produces a documentary in whole or in part in the Commonwealth or
17			that produces a national touring production of a Broadway show, the minimum
18			combined total of qualifying expenditures and qualifying payroll expenditures
19			shall be twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).
20	(4)	(a)	Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the total tax incentive approved under
21			KRS 141.383 and 148.542 to 148.546 shall be limited to one hundred million
22			<u>dollars (\$100,000,000) for calendar year 2018 and each calendar year thereafter.</u>
23		<u>(b)</u>	On the effective date of this Act, if applications have been approved during the
24			2018 calendar year which exceed the amount in paragraph (a) of this subsection,
25			the office shall immediately cease in approving any further applications for tax
26			incentives.
27	<u>(5)</u>	<i>(a)</i>	The incentive available under KRS 141.383 and 148.542 to 148.546 is:

1		<u>1.</u>	A re	efundable credit <i>for applications approved prior to the effective date of this</i>
2			<u>Act;</u>	and
3		<u>2.</u>	A n	onrefundable and nontransferable credit for applications approved on or
4			<u>afte</u>	r the effective date of this Act;
5		agai	inst th	e Kentucky income tax imposed under KRS 141.020 or 141.040, and the
6		limi	ited li	ability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, as provided in KRS
7		141	.383.	
8	(b)	1.	For	a motion picture or entertainment production filmed or produced in its
9			enti	rety in an enhanced incentive county, the amount of the incentive shall be
10			equa	al to thirty-five percent (35%) of the approved company's:
11			a.	Qualifying expenditures;
12			b.	Qualifying payroll expenditures paid to resident and nonresident below-
13				the-line production crew; and
14			c.	Qualifying payroll expenditures paid to resident and nonresident above-
15				the-line production crew not to exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in
16				payroll expenditures per employee.
17		2.	a.	To the extent the approved company films or produces a motion picture or
18				entertainment production in part in an enhanced incentive county and in
19				part a Kentucky county that is not an enhanced incentive county, the
20				approved company shall be eligible to receive the incentives provided in
21				this paragraph for those expenditures incurred in the enhanced incentive
22				county and all other expenditures shall be subject to the incentives
23				provided in paragraph (c) of this subsection.
24			b.	The approved company shall track the requisite expenditures by county. If
25				the approved company can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the cabinet
26				that it is not practical to use a separate accounting method to determine the
27				expenditures by county, the approved company shall determine the correct

1		expenditures by county using an alternative method approved by the
2		cabinet.
3	(c)	For a motion picture or entertainment production filmed or produced in whole or in
4		part in any Kentucky county other than in an enhanced incentive county, the amount
5		of the incentive shall be equal to:
6		1. Thirty percent (30%) of the approved company's:
7		a. Qualifying expenditures;
8		b. Qualifying payroll expenditures paid to below-the-line production crew
9		that are not residents; and
10		c. Qualifying payroll expenditures paid to above-the-line production crew
11		that are not residents, not to exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in
12		payroll expenditures per employee; and
13		2. Thirty-five percent (35%) of the approved company's:
14		a. Qualifying payroll expenditures paid to resident below-the-line production
15		crew; and
16		b. Qualifying payroll expenditures paid to resident above-the-line production
17		crew not to exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) in payroll
18		expenditures per employee.
19	(d)	Prior to June 1, 2019, the office and the Department of Revenue shall work jointly
20		to provide the following information for each approved motion picture or
21		entertainment production project to the Interim Joint Committee on
22		Appropriations and Revenue by taxable year for all years that a credit under KRS
23		<u>141.383 is or has been claimed:</u>
24		1. The name of the approved company and whether it is Kentucky-based or not;
25		2. A brief description of the motion picture or entertainment production project;
26		3. The amount of qualifying expenditures and the amount of qualifying payroll
27		expenditures included in the agreement;

1		4. The amount of qualifying expenditures and the amount of qualifying payroll
2		expenditures paid to below-the-line production crew and paid to above-the-
3		line production crew in an enhanced incentive county;
4		5. The amount of qualifying expenditures and the amount of qualifying payroll
5		expenditures paid to below-the-line production crew and paid to above-the
6		line production crew in a county other than an enhanced incentive county;
7		and
8		6. The total amount of the tax credit claimed on a return by tax type, any
9		amount denied, any amount applied against a tax liability, any amount
10		refunded, and any amount remaining that may be claimed on a return filed in
11		the future[The Tourism Development Finance Authority may accept
12		applications, authorize the execution of tax incentive agreements, and enter into
13		tax incentive agreements beginning on June 26, 2009; however, no credit
14		amount shall be claimed by the taxpayer as a refund or paid by the Department
15		of Revenue prior to July 1, 2010].
16	⇒s	ection 63. KRS 6.505 is amended to read as follows:
17	(1) (a)	Each legislator in office on July 1, 1980, may within thirty (30) days after that date,
18		and any legislator thereafter taking office may within thirty (30) days after the date
19		and any registrator therearter taking office may within thirty (50) days after the date
• /		thereof, elect to make monthly contributions to the Legislators' Retirement Plan, in an
20		
		thereof, elect to make monthly contributions to the Legislators' Retirement Plan, in an
20		thereof, elect to make monthly contributions to the Legislators' Retirement Plan, in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of his monthly creditable compensation, as defined
20 21		thereof, elect to make monthly contributions to the Legislators' Retirement Plan, in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of his monthly creditable compensation, as defined in KRS 61.510(13). The election shall be effective to establish membership in the
20 21 22		thereof, elect to make monthly contributions to the Legislators' Retirement Plan, in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of his monthly creditable compensation, as defined in KRS 61.510(13). The election shall be effective to establish membership in the plan as of July 1, 1980, or as of the date from which the thirty (30) day period is
20 21 22 23		thereof, elect to make monthly contributions to the Legislators' Retirement Plan, in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of his monthly creditable compensation, as defined in KRS 61.510(13). The election shall be effective to establish membership in the plan as of July 1, 1980, or as of the date from which the thirty (30) day period is measured, as the case may be. Provided, however, that any legislator who was in
20 21 22 23 24		thereof, elect to make monthly contributions to the Legislators' Retirement Plan, in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of his monthly creditable compensation, as defined in KRS 61.510(13). The election shall be effective to establish membership in the plan as of July 1, 1980, or as of the date from which the thirty (30) day period is measured, as the case may be. Provided, however, that any legislator who was in office on July 1, 1980, and who is in office at the time he makes the election may,
 20 21 22 23 24 25 		thereof, elect to make monthly contributions to the Legislators' Retirement Plan, in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of his monthly creditable compensation, as defined in KRS 61.510(13). The election shall be effective to establish membership in the plan as of July 1, 1980, or as of the date from which the thirty (30) day period is measured, as the case may be. Provided, however, that any legislator who was in office on July 1, 1980, and who is in office at the time he makes the election may, after the expiration of the thirty (30) day period and until May 1, 1982, make the

1		any	memt	per's contribution by him that is transferred from another retirement system
2		und	er KR	S 6.535, will equal the member's contribution required by this section. If the
3		men	nber n	nakes his election after February 1, 1981, he shall in addition pay to the plan
4		inte	rest or	the foregoing sum, at six percent (6%) per annum, calculated as if the sum
5		cons	sisted	of equal monthly payments, one (1) of which was due at the end of each
6		mor	th bet	ween July 1, 1980, and the date the election was made. The election shall
7		be a	addres	sed to and filed with the secretary of the Finance and Administration
8		Cab	inet a	nd shall constitute an authorization to the secretary to thereafter cause to be
9		ded	ucted	from the member's monthly creditable compensation an amount equal to
10		five	perce	ent (5%) thereof, as a voluntarily elected contribution by the member
11		towa	ards th	e funding of the Legislators' Retirement Plan.
12	(b)	1.	For	a member who begins participating in the Legislators' Retirement Plan prior
13			to Ja	anuary 1, 2014, the election shall operate to create an inviolable contract
14			betw	veen such member and the Commonwealth, guaranteeing to and vesting in
15			the r	nember the rights and benefits provided for under KRS 6.515 to 6.530.
16		2.	a.	For members who begin participating in the Legislators' Retirement Plan
17				on or after January 1, 2014, the General Assembly reserves the right to
18				amend, suspend, or reduce the benefits and rights provided under KRS
19				6.500 to 6.577 if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so
20				demands, except that the amount of benefits the member has accrued at
21				the time of amendment, suspension, or reduction shall not be affected.
22			b.	For purposes of this subparagraph, the amount of benefits the member has
23				accrued at the time of amendment, suspension, or reduction shall be
24				limited to the accumulated account balance the member has accrued at the
25				time of amendment, suspension, or reduction.
26			c.	The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit the
27				General Assembly's authority to change any other benefit or right

1		specified by KRS 6.500 to 6.577, for members who begin participating in
2		the Legislators' Retirement Plan on or after January 1, 2014, except the
3		benefits specified by subparagraph 2.b. of this paragraph.
4		3. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to limit the General
5		Assembly's authority to amend, reduce, or suspend the benefits and rights of
6		members of the Legislators' Retirement Plan as provided by KRS 6.500 to 6.577
7		that the General Assembly had the authority to amend, reduce, or suspend, prior
8		to July 1, 2013.
9	(c)	An election once made under this section either to participate or not to participate in
10		the Legislators' Retirement Plan, shall be considered to apply to all future service as a
11		legislator, whether in the same or a different office as a legislator, and whether or not
12		it is in successive terms.
13	(d)	Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection:
14		1. A legislator who becomes a member of the Legislators' Retirement Plan on or
15		after September 1, 2008, but prior to January 1, 2014, shall make monthly
16		contributions to the Legislators' Retirement Plan in an amount equal to six
17		percent (6%) of his monthly creditable compensation, as defined in KRS
18		61.510(13).
19		2. A legislator who becomes a member of the Legislators' Retirement Plan on or
20		after January 1, 2014, shall make monthly contributions to the Legislators'
21		Retirement Plan in an amount equal to six percent (6%) of his or her monthly
22		creditable compensation, as defined in KRS 61.510(13), of which:
23		a. Five percent (5%) of his or her monthly creditable compensation, as
24		defined in KRS 61.510(13), shall be used to provide funding for benefits
25		provided under KRS 21.402; and
26		b. One percent (1%) of his or her monthly creditable compensation, as
27		defined in KRS 61.510(13), shall be used exclusively to help fund retiree

health benefits as provided by KRS 6.577 and shall not be refunded to the
 member if the member withdraws his or her accumulated account balance
 as provided by KRS 21.460. The amounts deducted under this subdivision
 shall be credited to an account established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec.
 401(h), within the fund established by KRS 6.530.

6 (2) A legislator entitled to elect membership in the retirement system who failed to elect 7 membership within thirty (30) days after taking office may elect membership not later than 8 August 31, 2005. An election, upon being made pursuant to this section, shall operate to 9 create an inviolable contract between the member entitled to elect membership under this 10 subsection and the Commonwealth, guaranteeing to and vesting in the member the rights 11 and benefits provided for under the terms and conditions of KRS 6.500 to 6.577.

12 (3) When any legislator makes a delayed election of membership in the Legislators' Retirement 13 Plan under subsection (2) of this section, his active membership in the Kentucky 14 Employees Retirement System shall terminate, as of the date his membership in the 15 Legislators' Retirement Plan becomes effective, and any credit in the Kentucky Employees 16 Retirement System, earned for service as a legislator, which he then has or which he 17 subsequently regains while being an active member of the Legislators' Retirement Plan, 18 shall be transferred to and counted as service credit in the Legislators' Retirement Plan, and 19 shall no longer constitute credit in the Kentucky Employees Retirement System, except for 20 the purpose of validating any other credit in that system if the member pays the difference, 21 if any, between the amount transferred from the Kentucky Employees Retirement System 22 and the actuarial value of the transferred service. However, any credit he then has in the 23 Kentucky Employees Retirement System, earned for service in any capacity other than a 24 legislator, shall not be affected. No person may attain credit in more than one (1) of the 25 retirement plans or systems mentioned in this section for the same period of service. When 26 credit is transferred from the Kentucky Employees Retirement System to the Legislators' 27 Retirement Plan, the Kentucky Employees Retirement System shall transfer to the

Legislators' Retirement Fund an amount equal to the employee's and employer's contributions attributable to that credit, together with interest on the contributions from the date made to the date of transfer at the actuarially assumed interest rate of the Kentucky Employees Retirement System in effect at the time the contributions were made, compounded annually at that same interest rate.

6 (4) The state shall, solely for the purpose of compliance with Section 414(h) of the United 7 States Internal Revenue Code, pick up the employee contributions required by this section 8 for all compensation earned after August 1, 1982, and the contributions so picked up shall 9 be treated as employer contributions in determining tax treatment under the United States Internal Revenue Code and KRS 141.010[(10)]. The picked-up employee contribution shall 10 11 satisfy all obligations to the retirement system satisfied prior to August 1, 1982, by the 12 employee contribution, and the picked-up employee contribution shall be in lieu of an 13 employee contribution. The state shall pay these picked-up employee contributions from 14 the same source of funds which is used to pay earnings to the employee. The employee 15 shall have no option to receive the contributed amounts directly instead of having them 16 paid by the employer to the system. Employee contributions picked up after August 1, 17 1982, shall be treated for all purposes of KRS 6.500 to 6.535 in the same manner and to the 18 same extent as employee contributions made prior to August 1, 1982.

19 (5) When any legislator elects membership in the Legislators' Retirement Plan in accordance 20 with this section, his active membership in the Kentucky Employees Retirement System, 21 State Police Retirement System, County Employees Retirement System, or Teachers' 22 Retirement System shall terminate, as of the date his membership in the Legislators' 23 Retirement Plan becomes effective, and any credit in such other system or systems, earned 24 for service as a legislator, which he then has or which he subsequently regains while being 25 an active member of the Legislators' Retirement Plan, shall be transferred to and counted as 26 service credit in the Legislators' Retirement Plan, and shall no longer constitute credit in 27 such other retirement system except for the purpose of validating any other credit in that system. However, any credit he then has in such other retirement system, earned for service
 in any capacity other than a legislator, shall not be affected. No person may attain credit in
 more than one (1) of the retirement plans or systems mentioned in this section, for the same
 period of service.

5 (6) A member of the Legislators' Retirement Plan who would be entitled, under KRS 61.552, 6 to repurchase credit in the Kentucky Employees Retirement System, for previous service as 7 a legislator, which credit had been lost by refund of contributions, may pay the amount 8 required by KRS 61.552 directly to the Legislators' Retirement Plan and thereby obtain 9 credit in that plan for such service, rather than making payment to the Kentucky Employees 10 Retirement System for credit which would be transferred to the Legislators' Retirement 11 Plan. In such event, the Kentucky Employees Retirement System shall transfer to the 12 Legislators' Retirement Plan an amount equal to the employer's contributions that originally 13 were made to the Kentucky Employees Retirement System for the regained service credit, 14 with interest as provided in KRS 6.535. Six (6) months' current service shall be required in 15 the Legislators' Retirement Plan in order for the repurchased credit to remain in force, the 16 same as provided in KRS 61.552. Service purchased under this subsection on or after 17 January 1, 2014, shall not be used to determine the member's participation date in the 18 Legislators' Retirement Plan.

19 \rightarrow Section 64. KRS 16.545 is amended to read as follows:

20 (1) Except for members over age fifty-five (55) on July 1, 1958, who shall not be required to
21 contribute, each member shall, commencing on July 1, 1998, contribute for each pay period
22 for which he receives compensation, eight percent (8%) of his creditable compensation.

(2) The employer shall cause to be deducted from the compensation of each member for each
and every payroll period subsequent to July 1, 1958, the contributions payable by such
member as provided in KRS 16.510 to 16.652.

26 (3) Every member shall be deemed to consent to deductions made as provided herein; and the
 27 payment of salary or compensation less such deduction shall be a full and complete

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discharge of all claims for services rendered by such person during the period covered by such payment, except as to any benefits provided by KRS 16.510 to 16.652.

3 (4) Each employer shall, solely for the purpose of compliance with Section 414(h) of the 4 United States Internal Revenue Code, pick up the employee contributions required by this 5 section for all compensation earned after August 1, 1982, and the contributions so picked 6 up shall be treated as employer contributions in determining tax treatment under the United 7 States Internal Revenue Code and KRS $141.010\frac{((10))}{(10)}$. These contributions shall not be 8 included as gross income of the employee until such time as the contributions are 9 distributed or made available to the employee. The picked-up employee contribution shall 10 satisfy all obligations to the retirement system satisfied prior to August 1, 1982, by the 11 employee contribution, and the picked-up employee contribution shall be in lieu of an 12 employee contribution. Each employer shall pay these picked-up employee contributions 13 from the same source of funds which is used to pay earnings to the employee. The 14 employee shall have no option to receive the contributed amounts directly instead of having 15 them paid by the employer to the system. Employee contributions picked up after August 1, 16 1982, shall be treated for all purposes of KRS 16.510 to 16.652 in the same manner and to 17 the same extent as employee contributions made prior to August 1, 1982.

18 → Section 65. KRS 21.360 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) (a) Each Judge of the District Court in office on July 1, 1978, may within thirty (30) days
 after that date, and any judge or justice of any court entitled to be a member thereafter
 taking office may within thirty (30) days after taking office, elect to make monthly
 contributions to the retirement system in an amount equal to:
- Five percent (5%) of his or her monthly official salary, if the judge or justice
 became a member of the Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan prior to September
 1, 2008;
- 26
 2. Six percent (6%) of his or her monthly official salary, if the judge or justice
 27
 became a member of the Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan on or after

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1			September 1, 2008, but prior to January 1, 2014; or
2		3.	Six percent (6%) of his or her monthly official salary, if the judge or justice who
3		1	becomes a member of the Kentucky Judicial Retirement Plan on or after
4			January 1, 2014, which shall be used to fund benefits as follows:
5		:	a. Five percent (5%) of the monthly official salary shall be used to provide
6			funding for benefits provided under KRS 21.402; and
7		1	b. One percent (1%) of the monthly official salary to be used exclusively to
8			help fund retiree health benefits as provided by KRS 21.427 and which
9			shall not be refunded to the member if the member withdraws his or her
10			accumulated account balance as provided by KRS 21.460. The deducted
11			amounts under this subdivision shall be credited to an account established
12			pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 401(h), within the fund established by KRS
13			21.347.
14	(b)	The e	election shall be effective to establish membership in the system as of July 1,
15		1978,	or as of the date the judge or justice took office, as the case may be. The
16		election	on shall be addressed to and filed with the secretary of the Finance and
17		Admi	nistration Cabinet, and shall constitute an authorization by the member, to the
18		secret	ary, to thereafter cause to be deducted from the member's official salary, each
19		month	n, the amount required by paragraph (a) of this subsection, as a voluntary

retirement benefits shall not be affected thereby.
(2) A judge or justice entitled to elect membership in the retirement system who failed to elect
membership within thirty (30) days after taking office in 1980 or who elected membership

contribution by the member towards the funding of the retirement system. For a

member who began contributing to the Judicial Retirement Plan prior to January 1,

2014, the contribution shall continue until the judge or justice is vested in a service

retirement allowance equal to one hundred percent (100%) of final compensation.

Thereafter employee contributions shall be discontinued but continued service and

in the Kentucky Employees Retirement System may elect membership not later than
August 31, 2005. An election, upon being made pursuant to this section, shall operate to
create an inviolable contract between the member entitled to elect membership under this
subsection and the Commonwealth, guaranteeing to and vesting in the member the rights
and benefits provided for under the terms and conditions of KRS 21.350 to 21.510.

- When any judge makes a delayed election of membership in the Judicial Retirement 6 (3) (a) 7 Plan under subsection (2) of this section, his active membership in the Kentucky 8 Employees Retirement System shall terminate, as of the date his membership in the 9 Judicial Retirement Plan becomes effective, and any credit in the Kentucky Employees Retirement System, earned for service as a judge, which he then has or 10 11 which he subsequently regains while being an active member of the Judicial 12 Retirement Plan, shall be transferred to and counted as service credit in the Judicial 13 Retirement Plan, and shall no longer constitute credit in the Kentucky Employees 14 Retirement System, except for the purpose of validating any other credit in that 15 system, if the member pays the difference, if any, between the amount transferred 16 from the Kentucky Employees Retirement System and the actuarial value of the 17 transferred service.
- (b) Any credit he then has in the Kentucky Employees Retirement System, earned for
 service in any capacity other than a judge, shall not be affected. Notwithstanding any
 provisions of KRS 61.680 to the contrary, final compensation used to determine
 benefits for any service credit remaining in the Kentucky Employees Retirement
 System shall be based on the highest years of compensation as a judge whether the
 years occur before or after the judge elects membership in the Judicial Retirement
 Plan.
- (c) No person may attain credit in more than one (1) of the retirement plans or systems
 mentioned in this section for the same period of service. When credit is transferred
 from the Kentucky Employees Retirement System to the Judicial Retirement Plan, the

1 Kentucky Employees Retirement System shall transfer to the Judicial Retirement 2 Fund an amount equal to the employee's and employer's contributions attributable to 3 that credit, together with interest on the contributions from the date made to the date 4 of transfer at the actuarially-assumed interest rate of the Kentucky Employees 5 Retirement System in effect at the time the contributions were made, compounded 6 annually at that same interest rate.

7 (4) Membership and benefit rights for judges and justices (other than Judges of the District
8 Court), and for the commissioners and administrative director, who took office prior to July
9 1, 1978, shall be dependent upon valid elections having been made under this section (and
10 KRS 21.355 and 21.365) prior to the 1978 amendment to this section. The terms of such
11 elections, including the contribution rate, shall continue to govern for the duration of the
12 member's service.

(5) When any Judge of the District Court in office on July 1, 1978, elects membership in the
Judicial Retirement System in accordance with this section, his membership in the
Kentucky Employees Retirement System shall terminate as of July 1, 1978, and any credit
in that system he earned for service as a Judge of the District Court shall be nullified;
provided that the effect of such service to validate any other service credit in that system
shall not be nullified.

19 (6) The state shall, solely for the purpose of compliance with Section 414(h) of the United 20 States Internal Revenue Code, pick up the employee contributions required by this section 21 for all compensation earned after August 1, 1982, and the contributions so picked up shall 22 be treated as employer contributions in determining tax treatment under the United States 23 Internal Revenue Code and KRS $141.010\frac{((10))}{(10)}$. The picked-up employee contribution shall 24 satisfy all obligations to the retirement system satisfied prior to August 1, 1982, by the 25 employee contribution, and the picked-up employee contribution shall be in lieu of an employee contribution. The state shall pay these picked-up employee contributions from 26 27 the same source of funds which is used to pay earnings to the employee. The employee

1		shall have no option to receive the contributed amounts directly instead of having them
2		paid by the employer to the system. Employee contributions picked up after August 1,
3		1982, shall be treated for all purposes of KRS 21.345 to 21.570 in the same manner and to
4		the same extent as employee contributions made prior to August 1, 1982.
5	(7)	An election once made under this section, either to participate or not to participate in the
6		Judicial Retirement Plan, shall be considered to apply, to all future service in any office
7		covered by the plan, whether such service is in the same or a different office, and whether
8		or not it is continuous.
9		Section 66. KRS 45A.067 is amended to read as follows:
10	(1)	As used in this section:
11		(a) "Affiliate" means a person who directly or indirectly owns or controls, is owned or
12		controlled by, or is under common ownership or control with another person or group
13		of persons; and
14		(b) "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, pass-through entity as defined
15		in KRS 141.010 [(26)] , joint venture, association, social club, fraternal organization,
16		corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, trustee, syndicate, cooperative,
17		assignee, governmental unit or agency, or any other group or combination acting as a
18		unit.
19	(2)	The Commonwealth shall not contract to acquire goods or services, and a person shall not
20		contract to supply goods or services to the Commonwealth, unless, prior to or
21		contemporaneous with entering into the contract, the person contracting to supply goods or
22		services and its affiliates register with the Department of Revenue to collect and remit the
23		sales and use tax imposed by KRS Chapter 139.
24	(3)	Nothing in this section shall require a person or affiliate to register if the person or affiliate
25		does not make sales to customers in the Commonwealth.
26	(4)	The provisions of subsection (2) of this section are specifically applicable to foreign
27		persons, notwithstanding the fact that the foreign person or the affiliate may not otherwise

1 be legally obligated to collect and remit the sales and use tax. 2 The secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall promulgate an (5)3 administrative regulation to establish the procedure ensuring compliance with the 4 provisions of this section. 5 → Section 67. KRS 61.523 is amended to read as follows: 6 The following shall apply if an employer ceases participation in the Kentucky Employees 7 Retirement System or the County Employees Retirement System under KRS 61.522 and, after 8 ceasing participation, establishes an alternative retirement plan as required by KRS 61.522, 9 which is a governmental plan within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. sec. 414(d) that provides for 10 mandatory employee contributions: 11 Each employee of the employer participating in the governmental plan shall contribute a (1)12 fixed percentage of compensation for each pay period he or she receives compensation. The 13 fixed percentage of compensation provided by this subsection shall: 14 (a) Be established in a written plan document by the board of directors or other governing 15 body of the employer for specific classes of employees; 16 (b) Comply with subsections (2) to (4) of this section; and 17 Only be changed by the board of directors or other governing body of the employer (c) prospectively, provided the written plan document established by paragraph (a) of this 18 19 subsection is amended to reflect the change; 20 (2)The employer shall cause to be deducted from the compensation of each employee the 21 contribution rate specified by subsection (1) of this section; 22 The deductions provided by this section shall be made notwithstanding that the minimum (3) 23 compensation provided by law for any employee shall be reduced thereby. Every employee 24 shall be deemed to consent and agree to the deductions made as provided by this section, 25 and payment of salary or compensation less these deductions shall be a full and complete 26 discharge of all claims for services rendered by the person during the period covered by 27 such payment, except as to benefits payable under the plans established by the employer

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1		that are covered by this section;					
2	(4)	Each employer shall, solely for the purpose of compliance with 26 U.S.C. sec. 414(h), pick					
3		up the employee contributions required by this section and the contributions so picked up					
4		shall be treated as employer contributions in determining tax treatment under the United					
5		States Internal Revenue Code and KRS 141.010[(10)], except for purposes of the Federal					
6		Insurance Contributions Act. The picked-up employee contribution shall:					
7		(a) Be in lieu of employee contributions;					
8		(b) Not be included as gross income of the employee until such time as the contributions					
9		are distributed or made available to the employee; and					
10		(c) Be paid by the employer from the same source of funds which is used to pay					
11		compensation to the employee.					
12		The employee shall not be permitted to opt-out of the picked-up employee contributions, to					
13		receive the picked-up employee contributions directly instead of having them paid by the					
14		employer to the retirement plan, or to have any other cash or deferred election right to the					
15		picked-up contributions within the meaning of 26 C.F.R. sec. 1.401(k)-1(a)(3); and					
16	(5)	The provisions of this section shall not be construed to be a determination or opinion by the					
17		Kentucky General Assembly as to whether or not an employer who ceases participation in					
18		the Kentucky Employees Retirement System or the County Employees Retirement System					
19		under KRS 61.522 is a governmental agency for purposes of establishing a governmental					
20		plan within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. sec. 414(d).					
21		→Section 68. KRS 61.560 is amended to read as follows:					
22	(1)	Each employee shall, commencing on August 1, 1986, contribute for each pay period for					
23		which he receives compensation five percent (5%) of his creditable compensation, except					
24		that members of the General Assembly, who elect the survivorship option provided in KRS					
25		61.635(13), shall each contribute six and six-tenths percent (6.6%) of creditable					
26		compensation commencing with the payroll period immediately following his election of					
27		the option. Any other provisions of KRS 61.515 to 61.705 notwithstanding, any					

reemployed retiree, as described in KRS 61.637, who became reemployed prior to
 September 1, 2008, and began participating in another retirement account shall contribute
 five percent (5%) of his creditable compensation, or the amount required by KRS 61.592(3)
 if applicable.

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(2) Each employer shall cause to be deducted from the creditable compensation of each employee for each and every payroll period the contribution payable by each such employee as provided in KRS 61.515 to 61.705.

8 (3) The deductions provided for herein shall be made notwithstanding that the minimum 9 compensation provided by law for any employee shall be reduced thereby. Every employee 10 shall be deemed to consent and agree to the deductions made as provided herein; and 11 payment of salary or compensation less such deductions shall be a full and complete 12 discharge of all claims for services rendered by such person during the period covered by 13 such payment, except as to any benefits provided by KRS 61.515 to 61.705.

14 (4) Each employer shall, solely for the purpose of compliance with Section 414(h) of the 15 United States Internal Revenue Code, pick up the employee contributions required by this 16 section for all compensation earned after August 1, 1982, and the contributions so picked 17 up shall be treated as employer contributions in determining tax treatment under the United 18 States Internal Revenue Code and KRS 141.010[(10)]. These contributions shall not be 19 included as gross income of the employee until such time as the contributions are 20 distributed or made available to the employee. The picked-up employee contribution shall 21 satisfy all obligations to the retirement system satisfied prior to August 1, 1982, by the 22 employee contribution, and the picked-up employee contribution shall be in lieu of an 23 employee contribution. Each employer shall pay these picked-up employee contributions 24 from the same source of funds which is used to pay earnings to the employee. The 25 employee shall have no option to receive the contributed amounts directly instead of having 26 them paid by the employer to the system. Employee contributions picked up after August 1, 27 1982, shall be treated for all purposes of KRS 61.515 to 61.705 in the same manner and to

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the same extent as employee contributions made prior to August 1, 1982.

- 2 (5) The provisions of this section shall not apply to individuals who are not eligible for
 3 membership as provided by KRS 61.522.
- 4 \rightarrow Section 69. KRS 65.155 is amended to read as follows:

5 Each local government or local government agency which has a pension plan which is (1)6 qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code shall, solely for the purpose of 7 compliance with Section 414(h) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, pick up the 8 employee contributions made to the respective retirement system pursuant to KRS 79.080, 9 90.400, 90.410, 95.290, 95.580, 95.627, 95.768, 95.769, 95.867, or 96.180 for all 10 compensation earned after August 1, 1982, or after qualification pursuant to Section 401(a) 11 of the Internal Revenue Code, whichever is later, and all contributions so picked up shall be 12 treated as employer contributions in determining tax treatment under the United States 13 Internal Revenue Code and KRS 141.010[(10)]. However, each local government or local 14 government agency shall continue to withhold federal and state income taxes based upon 15 these contributions and hold them in a separate account until the Internal Revenue Service 16 or the federal courts rule that, pursuant to Section 414(h) of the United States Internal 17 Revenue Code, these contributions shall not be included as gross income of the employee until such time as the contributions are distributed or made available to the employee. The 18 19 picked-up employee contribution shall satisfy all obligations to the retirement fund satisfied 20 prior to August 1, 1982, or later date, as the case may be, by the employee contribution, and 21 the picked-up employee contribution shall be in lieu of an employee contribution. The local 22 governments or local government agencies shall pay these picked-up employee 23 contributions from the same source of funds which is used to pay earnings to the employee. 24 The employee shall have no option to receive the contributed amounts directly instead of 25 having them paid by the local government or local government agency to the fund. Employee contributions picked up after August 1, 1982, shall be treated for all purposes of 26 KRS 79.080, 90.400, 90.410, 95.290, 95.580, 95.627, 95.768, 95.769, 95.867, or 96.180 in 27

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the same manner and to the same extent as employee contributions made prior to August 1,

- 2 1982, or later date of pick up, as the case may be.
- 3 (2) The pick up of employee contributions by the employer shall not be construed to reduce the
 4 final salary or the average salary upon which the employee retirement benefit may be based
 5 in any of the retirement systems covered by this section.
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→ Section 70. KRS 67A.320 is amended to read as follows:

7 Any urban-county government in which there existed a municipality which had in effect an (1)8 employees' pension fund prior to its merger into the urban-county form of government shall 9 provide by comprehensive plan or ordinance for the maintenance of the pension fund for 10 those employees covered by the pension fund, and shall in each case provide for the 11 payment to the pension fund in each month of the sum necessary to maintain the fund in 12 accordance with the actuarial principles established by the actuarial studies described in 13 this section, and may assess monthly the amount or percent of the salary of the employees 14 as determined on a fair actuarial basis, and in any case not in excess of nine percent (9%) of 15 the monthly salary of each employee unless a higher rate was charged prior to the merger of 16 governments, in which case the higher rate may be charged, the assessment to be deducted 17 from the employees' salaries or picked up pursuant to subsection (2) of this section and paid 18 in cash into the pension fund. Within six (6) months after the effective date of the urban-19 county form of government, or within six (6) months after June 21, 1974, whichever shall 20 be later, the trustees of the board shall, at the expense of the pension fund, provide for the 21 performance of an actuarial valuation, which shall be completed within six (6) months 22 thereafter, and shall describe the amounts necessary to be contributed by the urban-county 23 government or other sources to fund on an actuarially sound basis the benefits promised or 24 described in the fund, including any payments required to bring the fund to an actuarially 25 sound position if it was not so at the time of the performance of the valuation. The 26 legislative body shall determine a reasonable period over which additional funding, if any, shall be made, which period shall not exceed thirty (30) years. A similar valuation shall be 27

arranged by the board at the cost of the urban-county government at least once in every three (3) year to five (5) year period thereafter as prescribed by KRS 65.156. If the fund created by this section is extended to cover employees not described in the first sentence of this section, the actuarial valuation shall determine the required payments necessary to keep the expanded fund on an actuarially sound basis, and the urban-county government shall maintain the fund, and shall assess against the additional covered employees the same monthly contribution as required for other government employees.

8 The urban-county government shall, solely for the purpose of compliance with Section (2)9 414(h) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, pick up the employee contributions 10 required by this section for all compensation earned after August 1, 1982, and the 11 contributions picked up shall be treated as employer contributions in determining tax 12 treatment under the United States Internal Revenue Code and KRS 141.010[(10)]. 13 However, the urban-county government shall continue to withhold federal and state income 14 taxes based upon these contributions and hold them in a separate account until the Internal 15 Revenue Service or the federal courts rule that, pursuant to Section 414(h) of the United 16 States Internal Revenue Code, these contributions shall not be included as gross income of 17 the employee until such time as the contributions are distributed or made available to the employee. The picked-up employee contribution shall satisfy all obligations to the 18 19 retirement fund satisfied prior to August 1, 1982, by the employee contribution, and the 20 picked-up employee contribution shall be in lieu of an employee contribution. The urban-21 county government shall pay these picked-up employee contributions from the same source 22 of funds which is used to pay earnings to the employee. The employee shall have no option 23 to receive the contributed amounts directly instead of having them paid by the urban-county 24 government to the fund. Employee contributions picked up after August 1, 1982, shall be 25 treated for all purposes of this section in the same manner and to the same extent as employee contributions made prior to August 1, 1982. 26

27 (3) The pick up of employee contributions by the employer shall not be construed to reduce the

1 final salary or the average salary upon which the employee retirement benefit is based.

2 There is hereby created a board for the existing employees' pension fund and trustees of that (4) 3 board. Trustees from the pension fund board shall consist of the mayor, four (4) members 4 of the legislative body of the urban-county government selected by the legislative body, the 5 secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, the director of the Division of 6 Personnel, and three (3) civil service employees or retirees to be elected to the board by 7 those employees and retirees covered by the employees' pension fund. In the event that 8 there is no position in the urban-county government denominated secretary of the Finance 9 and Administration Cabinet and/or director of the Division of Personnel, the appointed 10 office of the urban-county government exercising the functions most closely resembling 11 such office shall serve as trustee.

12 (5) Temporary employees appointed without examination shall not be compelled to contribute13 to any pension fund and shall not be eligible to benefits.

In no year shall the contribution by the urban-county government to the pension fund, in the
 manner provided in this section, be less than the total amount assessed upon and deducted
 from the salary of the employees.

17 (7) The trustees of the pension fund shall, at least once every three (3) months, report in
18 writing to the mayor the receipts, expenditures, and financial status of the pension fund,
19 stating the places of deposit of funds, or the character of investments made, and the mayor
20 shall cause copies of the report to be posted in at least three (3) places where urban-county
21 employees frequent and report.

(8) If the urban-county government issues the appropriate order allowing participation in the
County Employees Retirement System alternate participation plan pursuant to KRS
78.530(3) and 78.531(2), the urban-county government shall have the right to use assets in
the local pension fund, other than assets necessary to pay benefits to the remaining active
members of the local pension fund and to retirees and their survivors as determined by
actuarial valuation and other than assets payable to the County Employees Retirement

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System pursuant to KRS 78.531(2), to assist in the payment of both the employee's and employer's costs of alternate participation pursuant to KRS 78.530(3)(d).

3 (9) If all liabilities to all individuals entitled to benefits from the employees' pension fund have 4 been satisfied, any ordinances established for creation or maintenance of the fund may be 5 repealed by the majority vote of the duly elected members of the entire legislative body of the urban-county government. If repealed, the fund's board of trustees shall, within sixty 6 7 (60) days of repeal, proceed with the liquidation of any residual assets of the fund. All 8 residual assets liquidated pursuant to this subsection shall be distributed by the board of 9 trustees to the urban-county government's general fund which shall then contribute the 10 entire distribution received into the policemen's and firefighters' retirement fund as a 11 supplemental contribution, so long as the return of assets complies with federal and state 12 law governing the distribution of assets. The supplemental contribution provided to the 13 policemen's and firefighters' retirement fund under this subsection shall be in addition to 14 the contributions required by KRS 67A.360 to 67A.690 and shall not be used to offset any 15 other contributions required to be paid to the fund under the provisions of KRS 67A.360 to 16 67A.690. Within thirty (30) days following the distribution of residual assets, the board of 17 trustees of the fund shall as its last act file a complete report with the legislative body of the 18 urban-county government of the actions taken to terminate the fund and liquidate residual 19 assets of the fund. Upon completion of the provisions specified by this subsection, the 20 provisions of KRS 67A.320 to 67A.330 as it relates to the employees' pension fund shall be 21 void.

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→ Section 71. KRS 67A.510 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) (a) Each active member shall contribute a sum equal to not less than ten and one-half
 percent (10.5%) nor more than eleven percent (11%) of current salary, to be
 determined by the legislative body of the urban-county government, except that:
- For members whose participation date in the fund is prior to March 14, 2013,
 the members shall, effective July 1, 2013, contribute a sum equal to twelve

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percent (12%) of current salary to the fund; and

For members whose participation date in the fund is on or after March 14, 2013,
 the member shall contribute a sum equal to twelve percent (12%) of current
 salary to the fund.

The commissioner of finance of the government is hereby authorized to deduct such 5 (b) amount provided by this subsection from the salary paid to each active member 6 7 during any pay period. This contribution shall be made as a deduction from salary, 8 notwithstanding that the salary paid in cash to such member may be reduced thereby 9 below the established statutory rate. Every member of the fund shall be deemed to 10 consent and agree to the deduction from salary as herein provided, and shall receipt 11 for his full salary, and payment to such member of salary less such deduction shall 12 constitute a full and complete discharge and acquittance of all claims and demand 13 whatsoever for the services rendered by such member during the period covered by 14 such payment, except as to the benefits herein provided. After August 1, 1982, 15 employee contributions shall be picked up by the urban-county government pursuant 16 to subsection (2) of this section.

17 The urban-county government shall, solely for the purpose of compliance with Section (2)18 414(h) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, pick up the employee contributions 19 required by this section for all compensation earned after August 1, 1982, and the 20 contributions so picked up shall be treated as employer contributions in determining tax 21 treatment under the United States Internal Revenue Code and KRS 141.010[(10)]. 22 However, the urban-county government shall continue to withhold federal and state income 23 taxes based upon these contributions and hold them in a separate account until the Internal 24 Revenue Service or the federal courts rule that, pursuant to Section 414(h) of the United 25 States Internal Revenue Code, these contributions shall not be included as gross income of the employee until such time as the contributions are distributed or made available to the 26 employee. The picked-up employee contribution shall satisfy all obligations to the 27

1 retirement fund satisfied prior to August 1, 1982, by the employee contribution, and the 2 picked-up employee contribution shall be in lieu of an employee contribution. The urban-3 county government shall pay these picked-up employee contributions from the same source 4 of funds which is used to pay earnings to the employee. The employee shall have no option 5 to receive the contributed amounts directly instead of having them paid by the urban-county 6 government to the fund. Employee contributions picked up after August 1, 1982, shall be 7 treated for all purposes of KRS 67A.360 to 67A.690 in the same manner and to the same 8 extent as employee contributions made prior to August 1, 1982.

9 → Section 72. KRS 78.610 is amended to read as follows:

10 (1) Each employee shall, commencing on August 1, 1990, contribute, for each pay period for
11 which he receives compensation, five percent (5%) of his creditable compensation.

12 (2) The agency reporting official of a participating county shall cause to be deducted from the
13 "creditable compensation" of each employee for each and every payroll period subsequent
14 to the date the county participated in the system the contribution payable by the member as
15 provided in KRS 78.510 to 78.852. The agency reporting official shall promptly pay the
16 deducted employee contributions to the system in accordance with KRS 78.625.

17 (3) The deductions provided for in subsection (2) of this section shall be made notwithstanding
18 that the minimum compensation provided by law for any employee shall be reduced
19 thereby. Every employee shall be deemed to consent and agree to the deductions made as
20 provided in subsection (2) of this section; and payment of salary or compensation less the
21 deductions shall be a full and complete discharge of all claims for services rendered by the
22 person during the period covered by the payment, except as to any benefits provided by
23 KRS 78.510 to 78.852.

(4) Each employer shall, solely for the purpose of compliance with Section 414(h) of the
United States Internal Revenue Code, pick up the employee contributions required by this
section for all compensation earned after August 1, 1982, and the contributions picked up
shall be treated as employer contributions in determining tax treatment under the United

1 States Internal Revenue Code and KRS $141.010\frac{((10))}{(10)}$. These contributions shall not be 2 included as gross income of the employee until the contributions are distributed or made 3 available to the employee. The picked-up employee contribution shall satisfy all obligations 4 to the retirement system satisfied prior to August 1, 1982, by the employee contribution, 5 and the picked-up employee contribution shall be in lieu of an employee contribution. Each 6 employer shall pay these picked-up employee contributions from the same source of funds 7 which is used to pay earnings to the employee. The employee shall have no option to 8 receive the contributed amounts directly instead of having them paid by the employer to the 9 system. Employee contributions picked up after August 1, 1982, shall be treated for all 10 purposes of KRS 78.510 to 78.852 in the same manner and to the same extent as employee contributions made prior to August 1, 1982. 11

12 (5) The provisions of this section shall not apply to individuals who are not eligible for13 membership as provided by KRS 61.522.

14 → Section 73. KRS 136.310 is amended to read as follows:

(1) Every federally or state chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, and other
 similar institution authorized to transact business in this state, with property and payroll
 within and without this state, shall, during January of each year, file with the Department of
 Revenue a report containing information and in such form as the department may require.

19 (2) The Department of Revenue shall fix the fair cash value, as of January 1 of each year, of
20 the capital attributable to Kentucky in each financial institution included in subsection (1)
21 of this section. The methodology employed by the department shall be a three (3) step
22 process as follows:

- (a) 1. The total value of deposits maintained in Kentucky less any amounts where the
 amount borrowed by a member equals or exceeds the amount deposited by that
 member shall be determined.
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 2. The total value of deposits maintained in Kentucky shall be determined by the
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 28 same method used for filing the summary of deposits report with the Federal

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Deposit Insurance Corporation;

- 2 (b) 1. The Kentucky apportioned value of capital shall be determined by including
 3 undivided profits, surplus, general reserves, and paid-up stock.
- 4 2. For Agricultural Credit Associations chartered by the Farm Credit
 5 Administration, capital shall be computed by deducting the book value of the
 6 association's investment in any other wholly owned institution chartered by the
 7 Farm Credit Administration that is either subject to the tax imposed by KRS
 8 136.300 or this section or that is exempt from state taxation by federal law.
- 9 3. The Kentucky value of capital shall be determined by a fraction, the numerator 10 of which is the receipts factor plus the outstanding loan balance factor plus the 11 payroll factor, and the denominator of which is three (3); and
- 12 (c) 1. The values determined in steps (a) and (b) of this subsection shall be added 13 together to determine total Kentucky capital and then reduced by the influence 14 of ownership in tax-exempt United States obligations to determine Kentucky 15 taxable capital.
- 162.The influence of tax-exempt United States obligations is to be determined from17the reports of condition filed with the applicable supervisory agency as follows:18the average amount of tax-exempt United States obligations for the calendar19year, over the average amount of total assets for the calendar year multiplied by20total Kentucky capital.
- 21 3. The department shall immediately notify each institution of the value so fixed.
- (3) The receipts factor specified in subsection (2)(b) of this section is a fraction, the numerator
 of which is all receipts derived from loans and other sources negotiated through offices or
 derived from customers in Kentucky, and the denominator of which is total business
 receipts for the preceding calendar year.
- 26 (4) (a) The outstanding loan balance factor specified in subsection (2)(b) of this section is a
 27 fraction, the numerator of which is the average balance of outstanding loans

1		negotiated from offices or made to customers in Kentucky, and the denominator	of	
2		which is the average balance of all outstanding loans.		
3		(b) 1. The average outstanding loan balance is determined by adding the outstanding	ng	
4		loan balance at the beginning of the preceding calendar year to the outstanding	ng	
5		loan balance at the end of the preceding calendar year and dividing by two (2).		
6		2. If the yearly beginning balance and ending balance results in an inequitab	le	
7		factor, the average outstanding loan balance may be computed on a month	ly	
8		average balance.		
9	(5)	The payroll factor specified in subsection (2)(b) of this section shall be determined for the		
10		preceding calendar year under the provisions of <u>Section 59 of this Act</u> [KRS 141.120(8)(t)]	
11		and administrative regulations promulgated according to KRS Chapter 13A.		
12	(6)	(a) By July 1 succeeding the filing of the report as provided in subsection (1) of the	is	
13		section, each financial institution included in subsection (1) of this section shall p	ay	
14		directly into the State Treasury a tax of one dollar (\$1) for each one thousand dollar	rs	
15		(\$1,000) paid in on its Kentucky taxable capital as fixed in subsection (2)(c) of the	is	
16		section.		
17		(b) The institution shall not be required to pay local taxes upon its capital stock, surplu	ıs,	
18		undivided profits, notes, mortgages, or other credits, and the tax provided by the	is	
19		section shall be in lieu of all taxes for state purposes on intangible property of the	he	
20		institution, nor shall any depositor of the institution be required to list his deposits f	or	
21		taxation under KRS 132.020.		
22		(c) Failure to make reports and pay taxes as provided in this section shall subject the	he	
23		institution to the same penalties imposed for such failure on the part of the oth	er	
24		corporations.		
25	(7)	If a financial institution included in subsection (1) of this section selects, it may dedu	ct	
26		taxes imposed in subsection (6) of this section from the dividends paid or credited to	a	
27		nonborrowing shareholder.		

- (8) (a) Every Agricultural Credit Association chartered by the Farm Credit Administration
 being authorized to transact business in Kentucky but having no employees located
 within or without the state shall be subject to the same tax imposed pursuant to either
 KRS 136.300 or this section as that imposed upon its wholly owned Production
 Credit Association subsidiary.
- 6 (b) For purposes of computing Kentucky apportioned value of capital pursuant to 7 subsection (2) of this section, those Agricultural Credit Associations subject to the tax 8 imposed by this section shall utilize that Kentucky apportionment fraction computed 9 and utilized by its wholly owned Production Credit Association subsidiary for the 10 same report period.
- 11 → Section 74. KRS 136.530 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The receipts factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the receipts of the financial
 institution in this Commonwealth during the taxable year as determined by subsection (2)
 of this section and the denominator of which is the receipts of the financial institution
 within and without this Commonwealth during the taxable year. Receipts shall include the
 following:
- 17 (a) Receipts from the lease or rental of real property owned by the financial institution;
- (b) Receipts from the lease or rental of tangible personal property owned by the financial
 institution;
- 20 (c) Interest and fees or penalties in the nature of interest from loans secured by real
 21 property;
- (d) Interest and fees or penalties in the nature of interest from loans not secured by real
 property;
- (e) Net gains from the sale of loans. Net gains from the sale of loans includes income
 recorded under the coupon stripping rules of Section 1286 of the Internal Revenue
 Code;
- 27 (f) Interest and fees or penalties in the nature of interest from credit card receivables and

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1		receipts from fees charged to card holders, such as annual fees;
2	(g)	Net gains, but not less than zero (0), from the sale of credit card receivables;
3	(h)	All credit card issuer's reimbursement fees;
4	(i)	Receipts from merchant discount. Receipts from merchant discount shall be
5		computed net of any cardholder charge backs, but shall not be reduced by any
6		interchange transaction fees or by any issuer's reimbursement fees paid to another for
7		charges made by its card holders;
8	(j)	Loan servicing fees derived from loans secured by real property;
9	(k)	Loan servicing fees derived from loans not secured by real property;
10	(1)	Interest, dividends, net gains, but not less than zero (0), and other income from
11		investment assets and activities and from trading assets and activities. Investment
12		assets and activities and trading assets and activities include but are not limited to
13		investment securities, trading account assets, federal funds, securities purchased and
14		sold under agreements to resell or repurchase, options, futures contracts, forward
15		contracts, notional principal contracts such as swaps, equities, and foreign currency
16		transactions. The receipts factor shall include the following amounts:
17		1. The amount by which interest from federal funds sold and securities purchased
18		under resale agreements exceeds interest expense on federal funds purchased
19		and securities sold under repurchase agreements; and
20		2. The amount by which interest, dividends, gains, and other income from trading
21		assets and activities, including but not limited to assets and activities in the
22		matched book, in the arbitrage book, and foreign currency transactions, exceed
23		amounts paid in lieu of interest, amounts paid in lieu of dividends, and losses
24		from these assets and activities;
25	(m)	All receipts derived from sales that would be included in the factor established by
26		<u>Section 59 of this Act</u> [KRS 141.120(8)(c)]; and
27	(\mathbf{n})	Receipts from services not otherwise specifically listed

27 (n) Receipts from services not otherwise specifically listed.

1 2 (2) A determination of whether receipts should be included in the numerator of the fraction shall be made as follows:

- 3 (a) Receipts from the lease or rental of real property owned by the financial institution
 4 shall be included in the numerator if the property is located within this
 5 Commonwealth or receipts from the sublease of real property if the property is
 6 located within this Commonwealth.
- 7 (b) 1. Except as described in subparagraph 2. of this paragraph, receipts from the lease
 8 or rental of tangible personal property owned by the financial institution shall be
 9 included in the numerator if the property is located within this Commonwealth
 10 when it is first placed in service by the lessee.
- 11 2. Receipts from the lease or rental of transportation property owned by the 12 financial institution are included in the numerator of the receipts factor to the 13 extent that the property is used in this Commonwealth. The extent an aircraft 14 will be deemed to be used in this Commonwealth and the amount of receipts 15 that is to be included in the numerator of this Commonwealth's receipts factor is determined by multiplying all the receipts from the lease or rental of the aircraft 16 17 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of landings of the aircraft in this Commonwealth and the denominator of which is the total number of 18 19 landings of the aircraft. If the extent of the use of any transportation property 20 within this Commonwealth cannot be determined, then the property shall be 21 deemed to be used wholly in the state in which the property has its principal 22 base of operations. A motor vehicle shall be deemed to be used wholly in the 23 state in which it is registered.
- (c) 1. Interest and fees or penalties in the nature of interest from loans secured by real
 property shall be included in the numerator if the property is located within this
 Commonwealth. If the property is located both within this Commonwealth and
 one (1) or more other states, receipts shall be included if more than fifty percent

1		(50%) of the fair market value of the real property is located within this
2		Commonwealth. If more than fifty percent (50%) of the fair market value of the
3		real property is not located within any one (1) state, then the receipts described
4		in this subparagraph shall be included in the numerator if the borrower is
5		located in this Commonwealth.
6		2. The determination of whether the real property securing a loan is located within
7		this Commonwealth shall be made as of the time the original agreement was
8		made, and any subsequent substitutions of collateral shall be disregarded.
9	(d)	Interest and fees or penalties in the nature of interest from loans not secured by real
10		property shall be included in the numerator if the borrower is located in this
11		Commonwealth.
12	(e)	Net gains from the sale of loans shall be included in the numerator as provided in
13		subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph. Net gains from the sale of loans includes
14		income recorded under the coupon stripping rules of Section 1286 of the Internal
15		Revenue Code.
16		1. The amount of net gains, but not less than zero (0), from the sale of loans
17		secured by real property included in the numerator is determined by multiplying
18		net gains by a fraction the numerator of which is the amount included in the
19		numerator of the receipts factor pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection and
20		the denominator of which is the total amount of interest and fees or penalties in
21		the nature of interest from loans secured by real property.
22		2. The amount of net gains, but not less than zero (0), from the sale of loans not
23		secured by real property included in the numerator is determined by multiplying
24		net gains by a fraction the numerator of which is the amount included in the
25		numerator of the receipts factor pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subsection and
26		the denominator of which is the total amount of interest and fees or penalties in
27		the nature of interest from loans not secured by real property.

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(f) Interest and fees or penalties in the nature of interest from credit card receivables and receipts from fees charged to card holders, such as annual fees, shall be included in the numerator if the billing address of the card holder is in this Commonwealth.

(g) Net gains, but not less than zero (0), from the sale of credit card receivables to be
included in the numerator shall be determined by multiplying the amount established
in paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of this section by a fraction the numerator of which
is the amount included in the numerator of the receipts factor pursuant to paragraph
(f) of this subsection and the denominator of which is the financial institution's total
amount of interest and fees or penalties in the nature of interest from credit card
receivables and fees charged to card holders.

(h) Credit card issuer's reimbursement fees to be included in the numerator shall be
determined by multiplying the amount established in paragraph (h) of subsection (1)
of this section by a fraction the numerator of which is the amount included in the
numerator of the receipts factor pursuant to paragraph (f) of this subsection and the
denominator of which is the financial institution's total amount of interest and fees or
penalties in the nature of interest from credit card receivables and fees charged to card
holders.

(i) Receipts from merchant discount shall be included in the numerator if the commercial
domicile of the merchant is in this Commonwealth. Receipts from merchant discount
shall be computed net of any cardholder charge backs but shall not be reduced by any
interchange transaction fees or by any issuer's reimbursement fees paid to another for
charges made by its card holders.

(j) 1. a. Loan servicing fees derived from loans secured by real property to be
included in the numerator shall be determined by multiplying the amount
determined under paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of this section by a
fraction the numerator of which is the amount included in the numerator
of the receipts factor pursuant to paragraph (c) of this subsection and the

1		denominator of which is the total amount of interest and fees or penalties
2		in the nature of interest from loans secured by real property.
3		b. Loan servicing fees derived from loans not secured by real property to be
4		included in the numerator shall be determined by multiplying the amount
5		determined under paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of this section by a
6		fraction the numerator of which is the amount included in the numerator
7		of the receipts factor pursuant to paragraph (d) of this subsection and the
8		denominator of which is the total amount of interest and fees or penalties
9		in the nature of interest from loans not secured by real property.
10		2. In circumstances in which the financial institution receives loan servicing fees
11		for servicing either the secured or the unsecured loans of another, the numerator
12		of the receipts factor shall include the fees if the borrower is located in this
13		Commonwealth.
14	(k)	Receipts from services not otherwise apportioned under this section shall be included
15		in the numerator if the service is performed in this Commonwealth. If the service is
16		performed both within and without this Commonwealth, the numerator of the receipts
17		factor includes receipts from services not otherwise apportioned under this section, if
18		a greater proportion of the income-producing activity is performed in this
19		Commonwealth based on cost of performance.
20	(1)	1. The numerator of the receipts factor includes interest, dividends, net gains, but
21		not less than zero (0), and other income from investment assets and activities
22		and from trading assets and activities described in paragraph (1) of subsection
23		(1) of this section that are attributable to this Commonwealth.
24		a. The amount of interest, dividends, net gains, but not less than zero (0), and
25		other income from investment assets and activities in the investment
26		account to be attributed to this Commonwealth and included in the
27		numerator is determined by multiplying all income from the assets and

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activities by a fraction the numerator of which is the average value of the assets that are properly assigned to a regular place of business of the financial institution within this Commonwealth and the denominator of which is the average value of all the assets.

- The amount of interest from federal funds sold and purchased and from 5 b. securities purchased under resale agreements and securities sold under 6 7 repurchase agreements attributable to this Commonwealth and included in 8 the numerator is determined by multiplying the amount described in 9 subparagraph 1. of paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of this section from 10 funds and securities by a fraction the numerator of which is the average 11 value of federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to 12 resell which are properly assigned to a regular place of business of the 13 financial institution within this Commonwealth and the denominator of 14 which is the average value of all funds and securities.
- 15 The amount of interest, dividends, gains, and other income from trading c. 16 assets and activities, including but not limited to assets and activities in the matched book, in the arbitrage book, and foreign currency 17 transactions, but excluding amounts described in subdivisions a. and b. of 18 19 this subparagraph, attributable to this Commonwealth and included in the 20 numerator is determined by multiplying the amount described in 21 subparagraph 2. of paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of this section by a 22 fraction the numerator of which is the average value of trading assets 23 which are properly assigned to a regular place of business of the financial 24 institution within this Commonwealth and the denominator of which is the 25 average value of all assets.
- 26d.For purposes of this subparagraph, average value shall be determined27using the rules for determining the average value of tangible personal

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property set forth in KRS 136.535(3) and (4).

- 2. In lieu of using the method set forth in subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, the financial institution may elect, or the department may require in order to fairly represent the business activity of the financial institution in this Commonwealth, the use of the method set forth in this subparagraph.
- The amount of interest, dividends, net gains, but not less than zero (0), and 6 a. 7 other income from investment assets and activities in the investment 8 account to be attributed to this Commonwealth and included in the 9 numerator is determined by multiplying all income from assets and 10 activities by a fraction the numerator of which is the gross income from 11 assets and activities which are properly assigned to a regular place of 12 business of the financial institution within this Commonwealth and the 13 denominator of which is the gross income from all assets and activities.
- 14 b. The amount of interest from federal funds sold and purchased and from 15 securities purchased under resale agreements and securities sold under repurchase agreements attributable to this Commonwealth and included in 16 17 the numerator is determined by multiplying the amount described in subparagraph 1. of paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of this section from 18 19 funds and securities by a fraction the numerator of which is the gross 20 income from funds and securities which are properly assigned to a regular 21 place of business of the financial institution within this Commonwealth 22 and the denominator of which is the gross income from all funds and 23 securities.
- c. The amount of interest, dividends, gains, and other income from trading
 assets and activities, including but not limited to assets and activities in
 the matched book, in the arbitrage book and foreign currency transactions,
 but excluding amounts described in subdivisions a. and b. of this

1subparagraph, attributable to this Commonwealth and included in the2numerator is determined by multiplying the amount described in3subparagraph 2. of paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of this section by a4fraction the numerator of which is the gross income from trading assets5and activities which are properly assigned to a regular place of business of6the financial institution within this Commonwealth and the denominator7of which is the gross income from all assets and activities.

8 3. If the financial institution elects or is required by the department to use the 9 method set forth in subparagraph 2. of this paragraph, it shall use this method 10 on all subsequent returns unless the financial institution receives prior 11 permission from the department to use, or the department requires, a different 12 method.

- 13 The financial institution shall have the burden of proving that an investment 4. 14 asset or activity or trading asset or activity was properly assigned to a regular 15 place of business outside this Commonwealth by demonstrating that the day-to-16 day decisions regarding the asset or activity occurred at a regular place of 17 business outside this Commonwealth. Where the day-to-day decisions regarding an investment asset or activity or trading asset or activity occur at more than one 18 19 (1) regular place of business and one (1) regular place of business is in this 20 Commonwealth and one (1) regular place of business is outside this 21 Commonwealth, the asset or activity shall be considered to be located at the 22 regular place of business of the financial institution where the investment or 23 trading policies or guidelines with respect to the asset or activity are established. 24 Unless the financial institution demonstrates to the contrary, the policies and 25 guidelines shall be presumed to be established at the commercial domicile of the financial institution. 26
- 27

(m) The numerator of the receipts factor includes all other receipts derived from sales as

1			detern	nined in Section 59 of this Act[pursuant to the provisions set forth in KRS
2			141.12	20(8)(c)] .
3		(n)	1.	All receipts that would be assigned under this section to a state in which the
4			t	financial institution is not taxable shall be included in the numerator of the
5			1	receipts factor, if the financial institution's commercial domicile is in this
6			(Commonwealth.
7			2.	For purposes of subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, "taxable" means either:
8			ä	a. That a financial institution is subject in another state to a net income tax, a
9				franchise tax measured by net income, a franchise tax for the privilege of
10				doing business, a corporate stock tax including a bank shares tax, a single
11				business tax, an earned surplus tax, or any tax which is imposed upon or
12				measured by net income; or
13			1	b. That another state has statutory authority to subject the financial
14				institution to any of the taxes in subdivision a. of this subparagraph,
15				whether in fact the state does or does not impose the tax.
16		⇒S	ection 7	75. KRS 139.531 is amended to read as follows:
17	(1)	Notv	withstar	nding any other provisions of this chapter to the contrary, the taxes imposed by
18		this	chapter	shall apply to:
19		(a)	Fees p	baid for breeding a stallion to a mare in this state;
20		(b)	Sales	of horses unless exempted under the provisions of subsections (2)(a) or (2)(d)
21			of this	s section; and
22		(c)	The sa	ales price of any horse claimed at any race meeting within this state.
23	(2)	In a	ddition	to any other exemptions provided for the horse industry in this chapter, the
24		taxes	s impo	sed under the provisions of this chapter shall not apply to the following
25		activ	vities:	
26		(a)	The sa	ale or use of horses, or interests or shares in horses, provided the purchase or use
27			is mac	le for breeding purposes only;

- 1 (b) The use of a stallion for breeding purposes by an owner or shareholder of the stallion; 2 The trading of stallion services by an owner or shareholder of the stallion; (c) 3 The sale of horses less than two (2) years of age at the time of sale, provided the sale (d) 4 is made to a nonresident of Kentucky. For the purposes of this section, a nonresident means a person as defined in KRS 141.010[(15)] who is not a resident in this state as 5 6 defined by KRS 141.010[(17)] or who is not commercially domiciled in this state as 7 defined in Section 59 of this Act[KRS 141.120(1)(b)]; 8 The boarding and training of horses within this state; and (e) 9 (f) The temporary use of horses within this state for purposes of racing, exhibiting, or performing. 10
- 11 \rightarrow Section 76. KRS 141.050 is amended to read as follows:

12 (1)Except to the extent required by differences between this chapter and its application and the 13 federal income tax law and its application, the administrative and judicial interpretations of 14 the federal income tax law, computations of gross income and deductions therefrom, 15 accounting methods, and accounting procedures, for purposes of this chapter shall be as 16 nearly as practicable identical with those required for federal income tax purposes. Changes 17 to federal income tax law made after the Internal Revenue Code reference date contained in 18 KRS 141.010[(3)] shall not apply for purposes of this chapter unless adopted by the 19 General Assembly.

20 (2) Every person subject to the provisions of this chapter shall keep records, render under oath
21 statements, make returns, and comply with the rules and administrative regulations as the
22 department from time to time may promulgate. Whenever the department judges it
23 necessary, it may require a person, by notice served upon him or her, to make a return,
24 render under oath statements, or keep records, as the department deems sufficient to show
25 whether or not the person is liable for tax, and the extent of the liability.

26 (3) The commissioner or his or her authorized agent or representative, for the purpose of
 27 ascertaining the correctness of any return or for the purposes of making an estimate of the

1		taxal	ble income of any taxpayers, may require the attendance of the taxpayer or of any other
2		perso	on having knowledge in the premises.
3	(4)	The	department shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to effectively carry out the
4		prov	isions of this chapter.
5		⇒Se	ection 77. KRS 141.0401 is amended to read as follows:
6	(1)	As u	sed in this section:
7		(a)	"Kentucky gross receipts" means an amount equal to the computation of the
8			numerator of the <i>apportionment fraction</i> [sales factor] under Section 60 of this Act-
9			the provisions of
10		<u>KRS</u>	141.120(8)(c), KRS 141.120(9)], any administrative regulations related to the
11			computation of the sales factor, and KRS 141.121 and includes the proportionate
12			share of Kentucky gross receipts of all wholly or partially owned limited liability
13			pass-through entities, including all layers of a multi-layered pass-through structure;
14		(b)	"Gross receipts from all sources" means an amount equal to the computation of the
15			denominator of the <i>apportionment fraction</i> [sales factor] under <i>Section 60 of this Act</i>
16			[the provisions of KRS 141.120(8)(c), KRS 141.120(9)], any administrative
17			regulations related to the computation of the sales factor, and KRS 141.121 and
18			includes the proportionate share of gross receipts from all sources of all wholly or
19			partially owned limited liability pass-through entities, including all layers of a multi-
20			layered pass-through structure;
21		(c)	"Combined group" means all members of an affiliated group as defined in KRS
22			141.200(9)(b) and all limited liability pass-through entities that would be included in
23			an affiliated group if organized as a corporation;
24		(d)	"Cost of goods sold" means:
25			1. Amounts that are:
26			a. Allowable as cost of goods sold pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code
27			and any guidelines issued by the Internal Revenue Service relating to cost

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1		of goods sold, unless modified by this paragraph; and
2		b. Incurred in acquiring or producing the tangible product generating the
3		Kentucky gross receipts.
4		2. For manufacturing, producing, reselling, retailing, or wholesaling activities, cost
5		of goods sold shall only include costs directly incurred in acquiring or
6		producing the tangible product. In determining cost of goods sold:
7		a. Labor costs shall be limited to direct labor costs as defined in paragraph
8		(f) of this subsection;
9		b. Bulk delivery costs as defined in paragraph (g) of this subsection may be
10		included; and
11		c. Costs allowable under Section 263A of the Internal Revenue Code may be
12		included only to the extent the costs are incurred in acquiring or producing
13		the tangible product generating the Kentucky gross receipts.
14		Notwithstanding the foregoing, indirect labor costs allowable under
15		Section 263A shall not be included;
16		3. For any activity other than manufacturing, producing, reselling, retailing, or
17		wholesaling, no costs shall be included in cost of goods sold.
18		As used in this paragraph, "guidelines issued by the Internal Revenue Service"
19		includes regulations, private letter rulings, or any other guidance issued by the
20		Internal Revenue Service that may be relied upon by taxpayers under reliance
21		standards established by the Internal Revenue Service;
22	(e)	1. "Kentucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross receipts reduced by returns and
23		allowances attributable to Kentucky gross receipts, less the cost of goods sold
24		attributable to Kentucky gross receipts. If the amount of returns and allowances
25		attributable to Kentucky gross receipts and the cost of goods sold attributable to
26		Kentucky gross receipts is zero, then "Kentucky gross profits" means Kentucky
27		gross receipts; and

1			2. "Gross profits from all sources" means gross receipts from all sources reduced
2			by returns and allowances attributable to gross receipts from all sources, less the
3			cost of goods sold attributable to gross receipts from all sources. If the amount
4			of returns and allowances attributable to gross receipts from all sources and the
5			cost of goods sold attributable to gross receipts from all sources is zero, then
6			gross profits from all sources means gross receipts from all sources;
7		(f)	"Direct labor" means labor that is incorporated into the tangible product sold or is an
8			integral part of the manufacturing process;
9		(g)	"Bulk delivery costs" means the cost of delivering the product to the consumer if:
10			1. The tangible product is delivered in bulk and requires specialized equipment
11			that generally precludes commercial shipping; and
12			2. The tangible product is taxable under KRS 138.220;
13		(h)	"Manufacturing" and "producing" means:
14			1. Manufacturing, producing, constructing, or assembling components to produce
15			a significantly different or enhanced end tangible product;
16			2. Mining or severing natural resources from the earth; or
17			3. Growing or raising agricultural or horticultural products or animals;
18		(i)	"Real property" means land and anything growing on, attached to, or erected on it,
19			excluding anything that may be severed without injury to the land;
20		(j)	"Reselling," "retailing," and "wholesaling" mean the sale of a tangible product;
21		(k)	"Tangible personal property" means property, other than real property, that has
22			physical form and characteristics; and
23		(l)	"Tangible product" means real property and tangible personal property;
24	(2)	(a)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, an annual limited liability
25			entity tax shall be paid by every corporation and every limited liability pass-through
26			entity doing business in Kentucky on all Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross
27			profits except as provided in this subsection. A small business exclusion from this tax

1		shall b	e pi	rovided based on the reduction contained in this subsection. The tax shall be
2		the gre	eate	r of the amount computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection or one
3		hundre	ed s	eventy-five dollars (\$175), regardless of the application of any tax credits
4		provide	ed 1	under this chapter or any other provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes
5		for whi	ich	the business entity may qualify.
6	(b)	The lin	mite	ed liability entity tax shall be the lesser of subparagraph 1. or 2. of this
7		paragra	aph	:
8		1. a		If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross receipts
9				from all sources are three million dollars (\$3,000,000) or less, the limited
10				liability entity tax shall be zero;
11		b).	If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross receipts
12				from all sources are greater than three million dollars (\$3,000,000) but
13				less than six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the limited liability entity tax
14				shall be nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100)
15				of the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky
16				gross receipts reduced by an amount equal to two thousand eight hundred
17				fifty dollars (\$2,850) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is
18				six million dollars (\$6,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's or
19				limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross receipts for the
20				taxable year, and the denominator of which is three million dollars
21				(\$3,000,000), but in no case shall the result be less than zero;
22		c		If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross receipts
23				from all sources are equal to or greater than six million dollars
24				(\$6,000,000), the limited liability entity tax shall be nine and one-half
25				cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's or
26				limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross receipts.
27		2. a		If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross profits

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from all sources are three million dollars (\$3,000,000) or less, the limited liability entity tax shall be zero;

- 3 b. If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross profits 4 from all sources are at least three million dollars (\$3,000,000) but less 5 than six million dollars (\$6,000,000), the limited liability entity tax shall be seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the 6 7 corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross 8 profits, reduced by an amount equal to twenty-two thousand five hundred 9 dollars (\$22,500) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is six 10 million dollars (\$6,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's or limited 11 liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross profits, and the denominator 12 of which is three million dollars (\$3,000,000), but in no case shall the 13 result be less than zero:
- 14c.If the corporation's or limited liability pass-through entity's gross profits15from all sources are equal to or greater than six million dollars16(\$6,000,000), the limited liability entity tax shall be seventy-five cents17(\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of all of the corporation's or18limited liability pass-through entity's Kentucky gross profits.
- In determining eligibility for the reductions contained in this paragraph, a member of
 a combined group shall consider the combined gross receipts and the combined gross
 profits from all sources of the entire combined group, including eliminating entries
 for transactions among the group.
- (c) A credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed under paragraph (a) of this
 subsection for the current year to a corporation or limited liability pass-through entity
 that owns an interest in a limited liability pass-through entity. The credit shall be the
 proportionate share of tax calculated under this subsection by the lower-level passthrough entity, as determined after the amount of tax calculated by the pass-through

entity has been reduced by the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars
 (\$175). The credit shall apply across multiple layers of a multi-layered pass-through
 entity structure. The credit at each layer shall include the credit from each lower layer,
 after reduction for the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175) at
 each layer.

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(d) The department may promulgate administrative regulations to establish a method for calculating the cost of goods sold attributable to Kentucky.

- 8 (3) A nonrefundable credit based on the tax calculated under subsection (2) of this section shall
 9 be allowed against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 or 141.040. The credit amount shall be
 10 determined as follows:
- 11 The credit allowed a corporation subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be (a) 12 equal to the amount of tax calculated under subsection (2) of this section for the 13 current year after subtraction of any credits identified in KRS 141.0205, reduced by 14 the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175), plus any credit 15 determined in paragraph (b) of this subsection for tax paid by wholly or partially 16 owned limited liability pass-through entities. The amount of credit allowed to a 17 corporation based on the amount of tax paid under subsection (2) of this section for the current year shall be applied to the income tax due from the corporation's 18 19 activities in this state. Any remaining credit from the corporation shall be disallowed.
- 20 The credit allowed members, shareholders, or partners of a limited liability pass-(b) through entity shall be the members', shareholders', or partners' proportionate share of 21 22 the tax calculated under subsection (2) of this section for the current year after 23 subtraction of any credits identified in KRS 141.0205, as determined after the amount 24 of tax paid has been reduced by the minimum tax of one hundred seventy-five dollars 25 (\$175). The credit allowed to members, shareholders, or partners of a limited liability pass-through entity shall be applied to income tax assessed on income from the 26 27 limited liability pass-through entity. Any remaining credit from the limited liability

1			pass-through entity shall be disallowed.
2	(4)	Eac	h taxpayer subject to the tax imposed in this section shall file a return, on forms
3		prep	pared by the department, on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the
4		clos	e of the taxpayer's taxable year. Any tax remaining due after making the payments
5		requ	nired in KRS 141.042 shall be paid by the original due date of the return.
6	(5)	The	department shall prescribe forms and promulgate administrative regulations as needed
7		to a	dminister the provisions of this section.
8	(6)	The	tax imposed by subsection (2) of this section shall not apply to:
9		(a)	Financial institutions, as defined in KRS 136.500, except banker's banks organized
10			under KRS 287.135 or 286.3-135;
11		(b)	Savings and loan associations organized under the laws of this state and under the
12			laws of the United States and making loans to members only;
13		(c)	Banks for cooperatives;
14		(d)	Production credit associations;
15		(e)	Insurance companies, including farmers' or other mutual hail, cyclone, windstorm, or
16			fire insurance companies, insurers, and reciprocal underwriters;
17		(f)	Corporations or other entities exempt under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue
18			Code;
19		(g)	Religious, educational, charitable, or like corporations not organized or conducted for
20			pecuniary profit;
21		(h)	Corporations whose only owned or leased property located in this state is located at
22			the premises of a printer with which it has contracted for printing, provided that:
23			1. The property consists of the final printed product, or copy from which the
24			printed product is produced; and
25			2. The corporation has no individuals receiving compensation in this state as
26			provided in Section 59 of this Act[KRS-141.120(8)(b)];
27		(i)	Public service corporations subject to tax under KRS 136.120;

1		(j)	Open-end registered investment companies organized under the laws of this state and
2			registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
3		(k)	Any property or facility which has been certified as a fluidized bed energy production
4			facility as defined in KRS 211.390;
5		(l)	An alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910;
6		(m)	Real estate investment trusts as defined in Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code;
7		(n)	Regulated investment companies as defined in Section 851 of the Internal Revenue
8			Code;
9		(0)	Real estate mortgage investment conduits as defined in Section 860D of the Internal
10			Revenue Code;
11		(p)	Personal service corporations as defined in Section 269A(b)(1) of the Internal
12			Revenue Code;
13		(q)	Cooperatives described in Sections 521 and 1381 of the Internal Revenue Code,
14			including farmers' agricultural and other cooperatives organized or recognized under
15			KRS Chapter 272, advertising cooperatives, purchasing cooperatives, homeowners
16			associations including those described in Section 528 of the Internal Revenue Code,
17			political organizations as defined in Section 527 of the Internal Revenue Code, and
18			rural electric and rural telephone cooperatives; or
19		(r)	Publicly traded partnerships as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue
20			Code that are treated as partnerships for federal tax purposes under Section 7704(c) of
21			the Internal Revenue Code, or their publicly traded partnership affiliates. "Publicly
22			traded partnership affiliates" shall include any limited liability company or limited
23			partnership for which at least eighty percent (80%) of the limited liability company
24			member interests or limited partner interests are owned directly or indirectly by the
25			publicly traded partnership.
26	(7)	(a)	As used in this subsection, "qualified exempt organization" means an entity listed in
27			subsection (6)(a) to (r) of this section and shall not include any entity whose exempt

1			status has been disallowed by the Internal Revenue Service.
2		(b)	Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, any limited liability pass-
3			through entity that is owned in whole or in part by a qualified exempt organization
4			shall, in calculating its Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits, exclude the
5			proportionate share of its Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits
6			attributable to the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization.
7		(c)	Any limited liability pass-through entity that reduces Kentucky gross receipts or
8			Kentucky gross profits in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection shall
9			disregard the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization in determining
10			the amount of credit available under subsection (3) of this section.
11		(d)	The Department of Revenue may promulgate an administrative regulation to further
12			define "qualified exempt organization" to include an entity for which exemption is
13			constitutionally or legally required, or to exclude any entity created primarily for tax
14			avoidance purposes with no legitimate business purpose.
15	(8)	The	credit permitted by subsection (3) of this section shall flow through multiple layers of
16		limi	ted liability pass-through entities and shall be claimed by the taxpayer who ultimately
17		pays	s the tax on the income of the limited liability pass-through entity.
18		⇒s	ection 78. KRS 141.121 is amended to read as follows:
19	(1)	As u	used in this section:
20		(a)	"Affiliated airline" means an airline:
21			1. For which a qualified air freight forwarder facilitates air transportation; and
22			2. That is in the same affiliated group as a qualified air freight forwarder;
23		(b)	"Affiliated group" has the same meaning as in KRS 141.200;
24		(c)	"Kentucky revenue passenger miles" means the total revenue passenger miles within
25			the borders of Kentucky for all flight stages that either originate or terminate in this
26			state;
27		(d) ["Liquid asset" means an asset, other than functional currency or funds held in bank

1	accounts, held to provide a relatively immediate source of funds to satisfy the
2	liquidity needs of the trade or business. "Liquid assets" include:
3	1. Foreign currency and trading positions therein, other than functional currency
4	used in the regular course of the corporation's trade or business;
5	2. Marketable instruments, including stocks, bonds, debentures, options, warrants,
6	and futures contracts; and
7	3. Mutual funds which hold liquid assets;
8	(e) "Marketable instrument" means an instrument that is traded in an established stock or
9	securities market and is regularly quoted by brokers or dealers in making a market;
10	(f) "Overall net gain" means the total net gain from all transactions incurred at each
11	treasury function for the entire taxable period. "Overall net gain" does not mean the
12	net gain from a specific transaction if multiple transactions occur during the taxable
13	period;
14	(g)] "Passenger airline" means a person or corporation engaged primarily in the carriage
15	by aircraft of passengers in interstate commerce;
16	(\underline{e}) [(h)] "Qualified air freight forwarder" means a person that:
17	1. Is engaged primarily in the facilitation of the transportation of property by air;
18	2. Does not itself operate aircraft; and
19	3. Is in the same affiliated group as an affiliated airline; <i>and</i>
20	(\underline{f}) [(i)] "Revenue passenger miles" means miles calculated in accordance with 14
21	C.F.R. Part 241 [; and
22	(j) "Treasury function" means the pooling and management of liquid assets for the
23	purpose of satisfying the cash flow needs of the trade or business and includes the
24	following situations:
25	1. Providing liquidity for a corporation's business cycle; and
26	2. Providing a reserve for business contingencies or business acquisitions].
27	(2)[If a corporation holds liquid assets in connection with one (1) or more treasury functions of

1	the corporation, and the liquid assets produce business income when sold, exchanged, or
2	otherwise disposed of, the overall net gain from those transactions for each treasury
3	function for the tax period shall be included in the sales factor. For purposes of this
4	subsection:
5	(a) Each treasury function shall be considered separately; and
6	(b) A corporation principally engaged in the trade or business of purchasing and selling
7	instruments or other items included in the definition of liquid assets is not performing
8	a treasury function with respect to that income produced.
9	(3)] For purposes of apportioning business income to this state <u>for taxable years beginning</u>
10	prior to January 1, 2018:
11	(a) Passenger airlines shall determine the property, payroll, and sales factors as follows:
12	1. Except as modified by this subparagraph, the property factor shall be
13	determined as provided in Section 59 of this Act[KRS 141.120(8)(a)]. Aircraft
14	operated by a passenger airline shall be included in both the numerator and
15	denominator of the property factor. Aircraft shall be included in the numerator
16	of the property factor by determining the product of:
17	a. The total average value of the aircraft operated by the passenger airline;
18	and
19	b. A fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky revenue passenger
20	miles of the passenger airline for the taxable year and the denominator of
21	which is the total revenue passenger miles of the passenger airline for the
22	taxable year;
23	2. Except as modified by this subparagraph, the payroll factor shall be determined
24	as provided in Section 59 of this Act[KRS 141.120(8)(b)]. Compensation paid
25	during the tax period by a passenger airline to flight personnel shall be included
26	in the numerator of the payroll factor by determining the product of:
27	a. The total amount paid during the taxable year to flight personnel; and

1			b. A fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky revenue passenger
2			miles of the passenger airline for the taxable year and the denominator of
3			which is the total revenue passenger miles of the passenger airline for the
4			taxable year; and
5		3.	Except as modified by this subparagraph, the sales factor shall be determined as
6			provided in Section 59 of this Act[KRS 141.120(8)(c)]. Transportation
7			revenues shall be included in the numerator of the sales factor by determining
8			the product of:
9			a. The total transportation revenues of the passenger airline for the taxable
10			year; and
11			b. A fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky revenue passenger
12			miles for the taxable year and the denominator of which is the total
13			revenue passenger miles for the taxable year; and
14	(b)	Qual	ified air freight forwarders shall determine the property, payroll, and sales factors
15		as fo	llows:
16		1.	The property factor shall be determined as provided in Section 59 of this
17			<u>Act</u> [KRS-141.120(8)(a)];
18		2.	The payroll factor shall be determined as provided in Section 59 of this Act
19			[KRS-141.120(8)(b)]; and
20		3.	Except as modified by this subparagraph, the sales factor shall be determined as
21			provided in Section 59 of this Act[KRS 141.120(8)(c)]. Freight forwarding
22			revenues shall be included in the numerator of the sales factor by determining
23			the product of:
24			a. The total freight forwarding revenues of the qualified air freight forwarder
25			for the taxable year; and
26			b. A fraction, the numerator of which is miles operated in Kentucky by the
27			affiliated airline and the denominator of which is the total miles operated

1	by the affiliated airline.
2	(3) For purposes of apportioning income to this state for taxable years beginning on or after
3	January 1, 2018, except as modified by this subsection, the apportionment factor shall be
4	determined as provided in Section 60 of this Act, except that:
5	(a) Transportation revenues shall be determined to be in this state by multiplying the
6	total transportation revenues by a fraction, the numerator of which is the Kentucky
7	revenue passenger miles for the taxable year and the denominator of which is the
8	total revenue passenger miles for the taxable year; and
9	(b) Freight forwarding revenues shall be determined to be in this state by multiplying
10	the total freight forwarding revenues by a fraction, the numerator of which is miles
11	operated in Kentucky by the affiliated airline and the denominator of which is the
12	total miles operated by the affiliated airline.
13	(4) (a) A corporation may elect the allocation and apportionment methods for the
14	corporation's apportionable income provided for in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this
15	subsection. The election, if made, shall be irrevocable for a period of five (5) years.
16	(b) All business income derived directly or indirectly from the sale of management,
17	distribution, or administration services to or on behalf of regulated investment
18	<u>companies, as defined under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,</u>
19	including trustees, and sponsors or participants of employee benefit plans which
20	have accounts in a regulated investment company, shall be apportioned to this state
21	only to the extent that shareholders of the investment company are domiciled in
22	this state as follows:
23	<u>1. Total apportionable income shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator</u>
24	of which shall be Kentucky receipts from the services for the tax period and
25	the denominator of which shall be the total receipts everywhere from the
26	services for the tax period;
27	2. For purposes of subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, Kentucky receipts shall

1		be determined by multiplying total receipts for the taxable year from each
2		separate investment company for which the services are performed by a
3		fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall be the average of the number of
4		shares owned by the investment company's shareholders domiciled in this
5		state at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable
6		year, and the denominator of the fraction shall be the average of the number
7		of the shares owned by the investment company shareholders everywhere at
8		the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year;
9		and
10		3. Nonapportionable income shall be allocated to this state as provided in
11		Section 60 of this Act.
12	<u>(c)</u>	All apportionable income derived directly or indirectly from the sale of securities
13		brokerage services by a business which operates within the boundaries of any area
14		of the Commonwealth, which on June 30, 1992, was designated as a Kentucky
15		Enterprise Zone, as defined in KRS 154.655(2), shall be apportioned to this state
16		only to the extent that customers of the securities brokerage firm are domiciled in
17		this state. The portion of business income apportioned to Kentucky shall be
18		determined by multiplying the total business income from the sale of these services
19		by a fraction determined in the following manner:
20		1. The numerator of the fraction shall be the brokerage commissions and total
21		margin interest paid in respect of brokerage accounts owned by customers
22		domiciled in Kentucky for the brokerage firm's taxable year;
23		2. The denominator of the fraction shall be the brokerage commissions and total
24		margin interest paid in respect of brokerage accounts owned by all of the
25		brokerage firm's customers for that year; and
26		3. Nonapportionable income shall be allocated to this state as provided in
27		Section 60 of this Act.

1	<u>(5)</u>	Public service companies and financial organizations required by Section 53 of this Act		
2		to allocate and apportion net income shall allocate and apportion that income as follows:		
3		(a) Nonapportionable income shall be allocated to this state as provided in Section 60		
4		of this Act;		
5		(b) Apportionable income shall be apportioned to this state as provided by Section 60		
6		of this Act. Receipts shall be determined as provided by administrative regulations		
7		promulgated by the department; and		
8		(c) An affiliated group required to file a consolidated return under Section 79 of this		
9		Act that includes a public service company, a provider of communications services		
10		or multichannel video programming services as defined in KRS 136.602, or a		
11		financial organization shall determine the amount of receipts as provided by		
12		administrative regulations promulgated by the department.		
13	<u>(6)</u>	A corporation:		
14		(a) That owns an interest in a limited liability pass-through entity; or		
15		(b) That owns an interest in a general partnership;		
16		shall include the proportionate share of receipts of the limited liability pass-through		
17		entity or general partnership when apportioning income. The phrases "an interest in a		
18		limited liability pass-through entity" and "an interest in a general partnership" shall		
19		extend to each level of multiple-tiered pass-through entities.		
20		→ Section 79. KRS 141.200 is amended to read as follows:		
21	(1)	Subsections (2) to (7) of this section shall apply for taxable periods ending before January		
22		1, 2005, and election periods beginning prior to January 1, 2005.		
23	(2)	As used in subsections (2) to (7) of this section, unless the context requires otherwise:		
24		(a) "Affiliated group" means affiliated group as defined in Section 1504(a) of the Internal		
25		Revenue Code and related regulations;		
26		(b) "Consolidated return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return filed by		
26 27		(b) "Consolidated return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return filed by members of an affiliated group in accordance with this section. The determinations		

1and computations required by this chapter shall be made in accordance with the2provisions of Section 1502 of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations,3except as required by differences between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code.4Corporations exempt from taxation under KRS 141.040 shall not be included in the5return;

- 6 (c) "Separate return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return in which only the
 7 transactions and activities of a single corporation are considered in making all
 8 determinations and computations necessary to calculate taxable net income, tax due,
 9 and credits allowed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter;
- 10 (d) "Corporation" means "corporation" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the Internal
 11 Revenue Code; and
- (e) "Election period" means the ninety-six (96) month period provided for in subsection
 (4)(d) of this section.
- 14 (3) Every corporation doing business in this state, except those exempt from taxation under
 15 KRS 141.040, shall, for each taxable year, file a separate return unless the corporation was,
 16 for any part of the taxable year, a member of an affiliated group electing to file a
 17 consolidated return in accordance with subsection (4) of this section.
- 18 (4) (a) An affiliated group, whether or not filing a federal consolidated return, may elect to
 19 file a consolidated return which includes all members of the affiliated group.
- 20 An affiliated group electing to file a consolidated return under paragraph (a) of this (b) subsection shall be treated for all purposes as a single corporation under the 21 22 provisions of this chapter. All transactions between corporations included in the 23 consolidated return shall be eliminated in computing net income in accordance with 24 KRS 141.010(13),] and in determining the property, payroll, and sales factors in 25 accordance with *Section 59 of this Act*[KRS 141.120]. The gross receipts received by a public service company that is a member of an affiliated group shall be excluded 26 27 from the calculation of the alternative minimum calculation under the provisions of

KRS 141.040. For purposes of this paragraph, "public service company" has the same meaning as provided in KRS 136.120.

- 3 (c) Any election made in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be made 4 on a form prescribed by the department and shall be submitted to the department on 5 or before the due date of the return including extensions for the first taxable year for 6 which the election is made.
- 7 (d) Notwithstanding subsections (9) to (15) of this section, any election to file a 8 consolidated return pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be binding on 9 both the department and the affiliated group for a period beginning with the first 10 month of the first taxable year for which the election is made and ending with the 11 conclusion of the taxable year in which the ninety-sixth consecutive calendar month 12 expires.
- (e) For each taxable year for which an affiliated group has made an election in
 accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection, the consolidated return shall include
 all corporations which are members of the affiliated group.
- 16 (5) Each corporation included as part of an affiliated group filing a consolidated return shall be
 iointly and severally liable for the income tax liability computed on the consolidated return,
 except that any corporation which was not a member of the affiliated group for the entire
 taxable year shall be jointly and severally liable only for that portion of the Kentucky
 consolidated income tax liability attributable to that portion of the year that the corporation
 was a member of the affiliated group.
- Every corporation return or report required by this chapter shall be executed by one (1) of
 the following officers of the corporation: the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer,
 assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, or chief accounting officer. The Department of
 Revenue may require a further or supplemental report of further information and data
 necessary for computation of the tax.
- 27 (7) In the case of a corporation doing business in this state that carries on transactions with

1 stockholders or with other corporations related by stock ownership, by interlocking 2 directorates, or by some other method, the department shall require information necessary 3 to make possible accurate assessment of the income derived by the corporation from 4 sources within this state. To make possible such assessment, the department may require 5 the corporation to file supplementary returns showing information respecting the business of any or all individuals and corporations related by one (1) or more of these methods to the 6 7 corporation. The department may require the return to show in detail the record of 8 transactions between the corporation and any or all other related corporations or 9 individuals.

10 (8) Subsections (9) to (14) of this section shall apply for taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2005, unless otherwise provided.

12 (9) As used in subsections (9) to (14) of this section:

- (a) 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1,
 2007, "affiliated group" means one (1) or more chains of includible corporations
 connected through stock ownership, membership interest, or partnership interest
 with a common parent corporation which is an includible corporation if:
- 17a.The common parent owns directly an ownership interest meeting the18requirements of subparagraph 2. of this paragraph in at least one (1) other19includible corporation; and
- 20b.An ownership interest meeting the requirements of subparagraph 2. of this21paragraph in each of the includible corporations, excluding the common22parent, is owned directly by one (1) or more of the other corporations.
- 23
 2. The ownership interest of any corporation meets the requirements of this
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- 27 (b) 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, "affiliated group" means

1		one (1) or more chains of includible corporations connected through stock
2		ownership with a common parent corporation which is an includible corporation
3		if:
4		a. The common parent owns directly stock meeting the requirements of
5		subparagraph 2. of this paragraph in at least one (1) other includible
6		corporation; and
7		b. Stock meeting the requirements of subparagraph 2. of this paragraph in
8		each of the includible corporations, excluding the common parent, is
9		owned directly by one (1) or more of the other corporations.
10		2. The stock of any corporation meets the requirements of this paragraph if the
11		stock encompasses at least eighty percent (80%) of the voting power of all
12		classes of stock and has a value equal to at least eighty percent (80%) of the
13		total value of all stock;
14	(c)	"Common parent corporation" means the member of an affiliated group that meets the
15		ownership requirement of paragraph (a)1. or (b)1. of this subsection;
16	(d)	"Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is organized under the laws of a
17		country other than the United States and is related to a member of an affiliated group
18		through stock ownership;
19	(e)	"Includible corporation" means any corporation that is doing business in this state
20		except:
21		1. Corporations exempt from corporation income tax under KRS $141.040\frac{(1)(a)}{(a)}$ to
22		(i)] ;
23		2. Foreign corporations;
24		3. Corporations with respect to which an election under Section 936 of the Internal
25		Revenue Code is in effect for the taxable year;
26		4. Real estate investment trusts as defined in Section 856 of the Internal Revenue
27		Code;

1		5. Regulated investment companies as defined in Section 851 of the Internal
2		Revenue Code;
3		6. A domestic international sales company as defined in Section 992(a)(1) of the
4		Internal Revenue Code;
5		7. Any corporation that realizes a net operating loss whose <u>apportionment</u>
6		fraction under Section 60 of this Act is [Kentucky property, payroll, and sales
7		factors pursuant to KRS 141.120(8) are] de minimis;
8		8. Any corporation for which the <i>apportionment fraction under Section 60 of this</i>
9		Act[sum of the property, payroll and sales factors described in KRS 141.120(8)]
10		is zero; and
11		9. For taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2006, and taxable years
12		beginning on or after January 1, 2007, an S corporation as defined in Section
13		1361(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;
14	(f)	"Ownership interest" means stock, a membership interest in a limited liability
15		company, or a partnership interest in a limited partnership or limited liability
16		partnership;
17	(g)	"Consolidated return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return filed by
18		members of an affiliated group in accordance with this section. The determinations
19		and computations required by this chapter shall be made in accordance with the
20		provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations, except as required
21		by differences between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code;
22	(h)	"Separate return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return in which only the
23		transactions and activities of a single corporation are considered in making all
24		determinations and computations necessary to calculate taxable net income, tax due,
25		and credits allowed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter; and
26	(i)	"Stock" means stock in a corporation, or a membership interest in a limited liability
27		company that has elected to be treated as a corporation for federal tax purposes.

1	(10)	Ever	ry corporation doing business in this state except those exempt from taxation under
2		KRS	141.040 [(1)(a) to (i)] shall, for each taxable year, file a separate return unless the
3		corp	oration was, for any part of the taxable year:
4		(a)	An includible corporation in an affiliated group;
5		(b)	A common parent corporation doing business in this state;
6		(c)	A qualified subchapter S Subsidiary that is included in the return filed by the
7			Subchapter S parent corporation;
8		(d)	A qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary that is included in the return filed
9			by the real estate investment trust parent; or
10		(e)	A disregarded entity that is included in the return filed by its parent entity.
11	(11)	(a)	An affiliated group, whether or not filing a federal consolidated return, shall file a
12			consolidated return which includes all includible corporations.
13		(b)	An affiliated group required to file a consolidated return under this subsection shall
14			be treated for all purposes as a single corporation under the provisions of this chapter.
15			All transactions between corporations included in the consolidated return shall be
16			eliminated in computing net income [in accordance with KRS 141.010(13),]and in
17			determining the property, payroll, and sales factors in accordance with Section 59 of
18			this Act or the apportionment fraction in accordance with Section 60 of this
19			Act[KRS 141.120]. Includible corporations that have incurred a net operating loss
20			shall not deduct an amount that exceeds, in the aggregate, fifty percent (50%) of the
21			income realized by the remaining includible corporations that did not realize a net
22			operating loss. The portion of any net operating loss limited by the application of this
23			subsection shall be available for carryforward in accordance with KRS 141.011. The
24			department[of Revenue] shall promulgate administrative regulations to establish the
25			manner and extent to which net operating losses attributable to tax periods ending
26			prior to January 1, 2005, may offset income of affiliated groups. The gross receipts
27			received by a public service company that is a member of an affiliated group shall be

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excluded from the calculation of the alternative minimum calculation under KRS 141.040. For purposes of this paragraph, "public service company" has the same meaning as provided in KRS 136.120.

- 4 (12) Each includible corporation included as part of an affiliated group filing a consolidated
 5 return shall be jointly and severally liable for the income tax liability computed on the
 6 consolidated return, except that any includible corporation which was not a member of the
 7 affiliated group for the entire taxable year shall be jointly and severally liable only for that
 8 portion of the Kentucky consolidated income tax liability attributable to that portion of the
 9 year that the corporation was a member of the affiliated group.
- (13) Every corporation return or report required by this chapter shall be executed by one (1) of
 the following officers or management of the corporation: the president, vice president,
 secretary, treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer,
 manager, member, or partner. The department[<u>of Revenue</u>] may require a further or
 supplemental report of further information and data necessary for computation of the tax.
- 15 (14) In the case of a corporation doing business in this state that carries on transactions with 16 stockholders, members or partners, or with other corporations related by ownership, by 17 interlocking directorates, or by some other method, the department shall require that 18 information necessary to make possible an accurate assessment of the income derived by 19 the corporation from sources within this state be provided. To make possible this 20 assessment, the department may require the corporation to file supplementary returns 21 showing information respecting the business of any or all individuals and corporations 22 related by one (1) or more of these methods to the corporation. The department may require 23 the return to show in detail the record of transactions between the corporation and any or all 24 other related corporations or individuals.
- (15) For any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1995, except as provided under this
 section and KRS 141.205, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as allowing or
 requiring the filing of:

(a)

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(b) A consolidated return.

- 3 (16)[No assessment of additional tax due for any taxable year ending on or before December 31,
- 4 1995, made after December 22, 1994, and based on requiring a change from any initially
- 5 filed separate return or returns to a combined return under the unitary business concept or
- 6 to a consolidated return, shall be effective or recognized for any purpose.

A combined return under the unitary business concept; or

- (17) No claim for refund or credit of a tax overpayment for any taxable year ending on or before
 December, 31, 1995, made by an amended return or any other method after December 22,
 1994, and based on a change from any initially filed separate return or returns to a
- 10 combined return under the unitary business concept or to a consolidated return, shall be
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effective or recognized for any purpose.

- 12 (18) No corporation or group of corporations shall be allowed to file a combined return under
- 13 the unitary business concept or a consolidated return for any taxable year ending before
- 14 December 31, 1995, unless on or before December 22, 1994, the corporation or group of
- 15 corporations filed an initial or amended return under the unitary business concept or
- 16 consolidated return for a taxable year ending before December 22, 1994.
- 17 (19)] This section shall not be construed to limit or otherwise impair the department's authority
 18 under KRS 141.205.
- 19 \rightarrow Section 80. KRS 141.205 is amended to read as follows:

20 (1) As used in this section:

- (a) "Intangible property" means franchises, patents, patent applications, trade names,
 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
 assets;
- (b) "Intangible expenses" includes the following only to the extent that the amounts are
 allowed as deductions or costs in determining taxable net income before the
 application of any net operating loss deduction provided under Chapter 1 of the
 Internal Revenue Code:

- Expenses, losses, and costs for, related to, or in connection directly or indirectly
 with the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance, management,
 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property;
- 4 2. Losses related to, or incurred in connection directly or indirectly with, factoring
 5 transactions or discounting transactions;
- 6 3. Royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
 - 4. Licensing fees; and

- 8 5. Other similar expenses and costs;
- 9 (c) "Intangible interest expense" means only those amounts which are directly or 10 indirectly allowed as deductions under Section 163 of the Internal Revenue Code for 11 purposes of determining taxable income under that code, to the extent that the 12 amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to, or connected to the direct or indirect 13 acquisition, use, maintenance, management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other 14 disposition of intangible property;
- (d) "Management fees" includes but is not limited to expenses and costs paid for services
 pertaining to accounts receivable and payable, employee benefit plans, insurance,
 legal, payroll, data processing, purchasing, tax, financial and securities, accounting,
 reporting and compliance services or similar services, only to the extent that the
 amounts are allowed as a deduction or cost in determining taxable net income before
 application of the net operating loss deduction for the taxable year provided under
 Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 22 (e) "Affiliated group" has the same meaning as provided in KRS 141.200;
- (f) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is organized under the laws of a
 country other than the United States and that would be a related member if it were a
 domestic corporation;
- 26 (g) "Related member" means a person that, with respect to the entity during all or any
 27 portion of the taxable year, is:

1		1.	A person or entity that has, directly or indirectly, at least fifty percent (50%) of
2			the equity ownership interest in the taxpayer, as determined under Section 318
3			of the Internal Revenue Code;
4		2.	A component member as defined in Section 1563(b) of the Internal Revenue
5			Code;
6		3.	A person to or from whom there is attribution of stock ownership in accordance
7			with Section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code; or
8		4.	A person that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same
9			relationship to the taxpayer as a person described in subparagraphs 1. to 3. of
10			this paragraph;
11	(h)	"Rec	cipient" means a related member or foreign corporation to whom the item of
12		inco	me that corresponds to the intangible interest expense, the intangible expense, or
13		the r	nanagement fees, is paid;
14	(i)	"Unı	related party" means a person that has no direct, indirect, beneficial or
15		cons	tructive ownership interest in the recipient; and in which the recipient has no
16		direc	ct, indirect, beneficial or constructive ownership interest;
17	(j)	"Dis	closure" means that the entity shall provide the following information to the
18		Depa	artment of Revenue with its tax return regarding a related party transaction:
19		1.	The name of the recipient;
20		2.	The state or country of domicile of the recipient;
21		3.	The amount paid to the recipient; and
22		4.	A description of the nature of the payment made to the recipient;
23	(k)	"Oth	er related party transaction" means a transaction which:
24		1.	Is undertaken by an entity which was not required to file a consolidated return
25			under KRS 141.200;
26		2.	Is undertaken by an entity, directly or indirectly, with one (1) or more of its
27			stockholders, members, partners, or affiliated entities; and

1			3. Is not within the scope of subsections (2) and (3) of this section;
2		(1)	"Related party costs" means intangible expense, intangible interest expense,
3			management fees and any costs or expenses associated with other related party
4			transactions; and
5		(m)	"Entity" means any taxpayer other than a natural person.
6	(2)	An	entity subject to the tax imposed by this chapter shall not be allowed to deduct an
7		inta	ngible expense, an intangible interest expense, or a management fee directly or
8		indi	rectly paid, accrued or incurred to, or in connection directly or indirectly with one (1) or
9		mor	e direct or indirect transactions with one (1) or more related members or with a foreign
10		corp	poration as defined in subsection (1) of this section, or with an entity that would be
11		inclu	uded in the affiliated group based upon ownership interest if it were organized as a
12		corp	poration.
13	(3)	The	disallowance of deductions provided by subsection (2) of this section shall not apply if:
14		(a)	The entity and the recipient are both included in the same consolidated Kentucky
15			corporation income tax return for the relevant taxable year; or
16		(b)	The entity makes a disclosure, and establishes by a preponderance of the evidence
17			that:
18			1. The payment made to the recipient was subject to, in its state or country of
19			commercial domicile, a net income tax, or a franchise tax measured by, in
20			whole or in part, net income. If the recipient is a foreign corporation, the foreign
21			nation shall have in force a comprehensive income tax treaty with the United
22			States; and
23			2. The recipient is engaged in substantial business activities separate and apart
24			from the acquisition, use, licensing, management, ownership, sale, exchange, or
25			any other disposition of intangible property, or in the financing of related
26			members, as evidenced by the maintenance of permanent office space and full-
27			time employees dedicated to the maintenance and protection of intangible

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property; and

- 2 3. The transaction giving rise to the intangible interest expense, intangible 3 expense, or management fees between the entity and the recipient was made at a 4 commercially reasonable rate and at terms comparable to an arm's-length 5 transaction; or
- 6 (c) The entity makes a disclosure, and establishes by preponderance of the evidence that 7 the recipient regularly engages in transactions with one (1) or more unrelated parties 8 on terms identical to that of the subject transaction; or
- 9 (d) The entity and the Department of Revenue agree in writing to the application or use
 10 of an alternative method of apportionment under KRS 141.120[-(9)].
- (4) An entity subject to the tax imposed by this chapter may deduct expenses or costs associated with an other related party transaction only in an amount equal to the amount which would have resulted if the other related party transaction had been carried out at arm's length. In any dispute between the department and the entity with respect to the amount which would have resulted if the transaction had been carried out at arm's length, the entity shall bear the burden of establishing the amount by a preponderance of the evidence.
- 18 (5) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit an entity from deducting a related party
 19 cost in an amount permitted by this section, provided that the entity has incurred related
 20 party costs equal to or greater than the amounts permitted by this section.
- (6) If it is determined by the department that the amount of a deduction claimed by an entity
 with respect to a related party cost is greater than the amount permitted by this section, the
 net income of the entity shall be adjusted to reflect the amount of the related party cost
 permitted by this section.
- (7) For tax periods ending before January 1, 2005, in the case of entities not required to file a
 consolidated or combined return under subsection (1) of this section that carried on
 transactions with stockholders or affiliated entities directly or indirectly, the department

1 2 shall adjust the net income of such entities to an amount that would result if such transactions were carried on at arm's length.

3 → Section 81. KRS 141.206 is amended to read as follows:

4 (1)[<u>As used in this section unless the context requires otherwise:</u>

- 5 (a) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007, 6 "pass-through entity" means a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by 7 KRS 141.040, including any publicly traded partnership as defined by Section 8 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that is treated as a partnership for federal tax 9 purposes under Section 7704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and its publicly traded 10 partnership affiliates. "Publicly traded partnership affiliates" shall include any limited 11 liability company or limited partnership for which at least eighty percent (80%) of the 12 limited liability company member interests or limited partner interests are owned 13 directly or indirectly by the publicly traded partnership; and
- (b) For all other taxable years, "pass-through entity" means pass-through entity as defined
 in KRS 141.010.

(2)] Every pass-through entity doing business in this state shall, on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of its annual accounting period, file a copy of its federal tax return with the form prescribed and furnished by the department.

<u>(2)</u>[(3)] Pass-through entities shall determine net income in the same manner as in the case of
 an individual under KRS 141.010[(9) to (11)] and the adjustment required under Sections
 703(a) and 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. Computation of net income under this
 section and the computation of the partner's, member's, or shareholder's distributive share
 shall be computed as nearly as practicable identical with those required for federal income
 tax purposes except to the extent required by differences between this chapter and the
 federal income tax law and regulations.

26 (3)[(4)] Individuals, estates, trusts, or corporations doing business in this state as a partner,
 27 member, or shareholder in a pass-through entity shall be liable for income tax only in their

1	individual, fiduciary, or corporate capacities, and no income tax shall be assessed against				
2	the	the net income of any pass-through entity, except as required for S corporations by KRS			
3	141.	040 [(14)] .			
4	<u>(4)</u> [(5)]	(a) Every pass-through entity required to file a return under subsection $(1)[(2)]$ of			
5		this section, except publicly traded partnerships as defined in KRS 141.0401(6)(r),			
6		shall withhold Kentucky income tax on the distributive share, whether distributed or			
7		undistributed, of each:			
8		1. Nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder; and			
9		2. Corporate partner or member that is doing business in Kentucky only through			
10		its ownership interest in a pass-through entity.			
11	(b)	Withholding shall be at the maximum rate provided in KRS 141.020 or 141.040.			
12	<u>(5)</u> [(6)]	(a) Effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2011, every pass-			
13		through entity required to withhold Kentucky income tax as provided by subsection			
14		(4) [(5)] of this section shall make a declaration and payment of estimated tax for the			
15		taxable year if:			
16		1. For a nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder, the estimated tax			
17		liability can reasonably be expected to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500); or			
18		2. For a corporate partner or member that is doing business in Kentucky only			
19		through its ownership interest in a pass-through entity, the estimated tax liability			
20		can reasonably be expected to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000).			
21	(b)	The declaration and payment of estimated tax shall contain the information and shall			
22		be filed as provided in KRS 141.207.			
23	<u>(6)</u> [(7)]	(a) If a pass-through entity demonstrates to the department that a partner, member,			
24		or shareholder has filed an appropriate tax return for the prior year with the			
25		department, then the pass-through entity shall not be required to withhold on that			
26		partner, member, or shareholder for the current year unless the exemption from			
27		withholding has been revoked pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection.			

1 An exemption from withholding shall be considered revoked if the partner, member, (b) 2 or shareholder does not file and pay all taxes due in a timely manner. An exemption 3 so revoked shall be reinstated only with permission of the department. If a partner, 4 member, or shareholder who has been exempted from withholding does not file a 5 return or pay the tax due, the department may require the pass-through entity to pay to 6 the department the amount that should have been withheld, up to the amount of the 7 partner's, member's, or shareholder's ownership interest in the entity. The pass-8 through entity shall be entitled to recover a payment made pursuant to this paragraph 9 from the partner, member, or shareholder on whose behalf the payment was made.

<u>(7)[(8)]</u> In determining the tax under this chapter, a resident individual, estate, or trust that is a
 partner, member, or shareholder in a pass-through entity shall take into account the
 partner's, member's, or shareholder's total distributive share of the pass-through entity's
 items of income, loss, deduction, and credit.

14 (8)[(9)] In determining the tax under this chapter, a nonresident individual, estate, or trust that 15 is a partner, member, or shareholder in a pass-through entity required to file a return under 16 subsection (1)[(2)] of this section shall take into account:

- 17 (a) 1. If the pass-through entity is doing business only in this state, the partner's,
 18 member's, or shareholder's total distributive share of the pass-through entity's
 19 items of income, loss, and deduction; or
- 20
 2. If the pass-through entity is doing business both within and without this state,
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- (b) The partner's, member's, or shareholder's total distributive share of credits of the passthrough entity.
- 27 (9) [(10)] A corporation that is subject to tax under KRS 141.040 and is a partner or member in

1 a pass-through entity shall take into account the corporation's distributive share of the pass-2 through entity's items of income, loss, and deduction and: 3 (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, but prior to January 1, *1*. 4 2018, 2007, the items of income, loss, and deduction, when applicable, shall be multiplied by the apportionment fraction of the pass-through entity as 5 prescribed in subsection (12) of this section; or 6 7 (b) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007: 8 - A corporation that owns an interest in a limited liability pass-through entity or 1. 9 that owns an interest in a general partnership organized or formed as a general 10 partnership after January 1, 2006, shall include the proportionate share of the 11 sales, property, and payroll of the limited liability pass-through entity or general 12 partnership in computing its own apportionment factor; and 13 2. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, shall include the 14 proportionate share of the sales of the limited liability pass-through entity or 15 general partnership in computing its own apportionment factor; [A 16 corporation that owns an interest in a general partnership organized or formed 17 on or before January 1, 2006, shall follow the provisions of paragraph (a) of this 18 subsection;] and 19 <u>(b)[(c)]</u> Credits from the partnership. 20 $(10)^{[(11)]}$ (a) If a pass-through entity is doing business both within and without this state, the 21 pass-through entity shall compute and furnish to each partner, member, or shareholder 22 the numerator and denominator of each factor of the apportionment fraction 23 determined in accordance with subsection (11) (12) of this section. 24 For purposes of determining an apportionment fraction under paragraph (a) of this (b) 25 subsection, if the pass-through entity is: Doing business both within and without this state; and 26 1. 27 2. A partner or member in another pass-through entity;

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then the pass-through entity shall be deemed to own the pro rata share of the property owned or leased by the other pass-through entity, and shall also include its pro rata share of the other pass-through entity's payroll and sales.

- 4 (c) The phrases "a partner or member in another pass-through entity" and "doing business
 5 both within and without this state" shall extend to each level of multiple-tiered pass6 through entities.
- 7 (d) The attribution to the pass-through entity of the pro rata share of property, payroll and
 8 sales from its role as a partner or member in another pass-through entity will also
 9 apply when determining the pass-through entity's ultimate apportionment factor for
 10 property, payroll and sales as required under subsection (11)[(12)] of this section.
- 11 (11)[(12)] (a) For taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2018, a pass-through entity 12 doing business within and without the state shall compute an apportionment fraction, 13 the numerator of which is the property factor, representing twenty-five percent (25%) 14 of the fraction, plus the payroll factor, representing twenty-five percent (25%) of the 15 fraction, plus the sales factor, representing fifty percent (50%) of the fraction, with 16 each factor determined in the same manner as provided in Section 59 of this Act KRS 17 141.120(8)], and the denominator of which is four (4), reduced by the number of 18 factors, if any, having no denominator, provided that if the sales factor has no 19 denominator, then the denominator shall be reduced by two (2).
- 20 (b) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, a pass-through entity
 21 doing business within and without the state shall compute an apportionment
 22 fraction as provided in Section 60 of this Act.

(12)[(13)] Resident individuals, estates, or trusts that are partners in a partnership, members of a
 limited liability company electing partnership tax treatment for federal income tax
 purposes, owners of single member limited liability companies, or shareholders in an S
 corporation which does not do business in this state are subject to tax under KRS 141.020
 on federal net income, gain, deduction, or loss passed through the partnership, limited

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1	liabi	lity co	ompany, or S corporation.
2	<u>(13)</u> [(14)]	An	S corporation election made in accordance with Section 1362 of the Internal
3	Reve	enue (Code for federal tax purposes is a binding election for Kentucky tax purposes.
4	<u>(14)</u> [(15)]	(a)	Nonresident individuals shall not be taxable on investment income distributed
5		by a	qualified investment partnership. For purposes of this subsection, a "qualified
6		inve	stment partnership" means a pass-through entity that, during the taxable year,
7		hold	s only investments that produce income that would not be taxable to a
8		noni	resident individual if held or owned individually.
9	(b)	A qu	alified investment partnership shall be subject to all other provisions relating to a
10		pass	-through entity under this section and shall not be subject to the tax imposed
11		unde	er KRS 141.040 or 141.0401.
12	<u>(15)</u> [(16)]	(a)	1. A pass-through entity may file a composite income tax return on behalf of
13			electing nonresident individual partners, members, or shareholders.
14		2.	The pass-through entity shall report and pay on the composite income tax return
15			income tax at the highest marginal rate provided in this chapter on any portion
16			of the partners', members', or shareholders' pro rata or distributive shares of
17			income of the pass-through entity from doing business in this state or deriving
18			income from sources within this state. Payments made pursuant to subsection
19			(5) (6)] of this section shall be credited against any tax due.
20		3.	The pass-through entity filing a composite return shall still make estimated tax
21			payments if required to do so by subsection (5) (6) of this section, and shall
22			remain subject to any penalty provided by KRS 131.180 or 141.990 for any
23			declaration underpayment or any installment not paid on time.
24		4.	The partners', members', or shareholders' pro rata or distributive share of income
25			shall include all items of income or deduction used to compute adjusted gross
26			income on the Kentucky return that is passed through to the partner, member, or
27			shareholder by the pass-through entity, including but not limited to interest,

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dividend, capital gains and losses, guaranteed payments, and rents.

- 2 (b) A nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder whose only source of 3 income within this state is distributive share income from one (1) or more pass-4 through entities may elect to be included in a composite return filed pursuant to this 5 section.
- 6 (c) A nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder that has been included in a
 7 composite return may file an individual income tax return and shall receive credit for
 8 tax paid on the partner's behalf by the pass-through entity.
- 9 (d) A pass-through entity shall deliver to the department a return upon a form prescribed 10 by the department showing the total amounts paid or credited to its electing 11 nonresident individual partners, members, or shareholders, the amount paid in 12 accordance with this subsection, and any other information the department may 13 require. A pass-through entity shall furnish to its nonresident partner, member, or 14 shareholder annually, but not later than the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the 15 end of its taxable year, a record of the amount of tax paid on behalf of the partner, 16 member, or shareholder on a form prescribed by the department.
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Section 82. KRS 141.207 is amended to read as follows:

- 18 (1) The declaration and payment of estimated tax required by KRS 141.206[(6)] shall contain
 19 the following information:
- 20 (a) For a nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder, the amount of
 21 estimated tax calculated under KRS 141.020 for the taxable year; and
- (b) For a corporate partner or member that is doing business in Kentucky only through its
 ownership interest in a pass-through entity, the amount of estimated tax calculated
 under KRS 141.040 for the taxable year.
- (2) The declaration of estimated tax required under this section shall be filed with the
 department by the pass-through entity in the same manner and at the same times as
 provided by:

1		(a) KRS 141.300, for a nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder; and
2		(b) KRS 141.042, for a corporate partner or member.
3	(3)	The payment of estimated tax shall be made in installments by the pass-through entity in
4		the same manner and at the same times as provided by:
5		(a) KRS 141.305, for a nonresident individual partner, member, or shareholder; and
6		(b) KRS 141.044, for a corporate partner or member.
7	(4)	A pass-through entity required to make a declaration and payment of estimated tax shall be
8		subject to the penalty provisions of KRS 131.180 and 141.990 for any declaration
9		underpayment or any installment not paid on time.
10		→ Section 83. KRS 141.325 is amended to read as follows:
11	(1)	An employee receiving wages shall on any day be entitled to the following withholding
12		exemptions:
13		(a) For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2018:
14		$\underline{1.}$ One (1) exemption for himself;
15		2.[(b)] One (1) exemption for each dependent for whom he would be entitled to a
16		tax credit under the provisions of KRS 141.020[(3)(a)3. or (b)1.c.];
17		$\underline{3.}(c)$ If the employee is married, the exemption to which his spouse is entitled, or
18		would be entitled if such spouse were an employee, under subparagraph (a) of
19		this subsection, but only if such spouse does not have in effect a withholding
20		exemption certificate claiming such exemption; and
21		(\underline{b}) Such other withholding exemptions as the department may prescribe by
22		regulation.
23	(2)	Every employee shall, [on or before July 1, 1954, or] before the date of commencement of
24		employment, [whichever is later,] furnish his or her employer with a signed withholding
25		exemption certificate relating to the number of withholding exemptions which he or she
26		claims, which in no event shall exceed the number to which he is entitled.
27	(3)	Withholding exemption certificates shall take effect as of the beginning of the first payroll

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period ending, or the first payment of wages made without regard to a payroll period, on or after the date on which such certificate is so furnished; provided, that certificates furnished before July 1, 1954, shall be considered as furnished on that date].

4 (4) A withholding exemption certificate which takes effect under this section shall continue in 5 effect with respect to the employer until another such certificate takes effect under this section. If a withholding exemption certificate is furnished to take the place of an existing 6 7 certificate, the employer, at his option, may continue the old certificate in force with respect 8 to all wages paid on or before the first status determination date, January 1 or July 1, which 9 occurs at least thirty (30) days after the date on which such new certificate is furnished.

10 If, on any day during the calendar year, the number of withholding exemptions to which the (5)11 employee may reasonably be expected to be entitled at the beginning of his next taxable 12 year is different from the number to which the employee is entitled on such day, the 13 employee shall in such cases and at such time as the department may prescribe, furnish the 14 employer with a withholding exemption certificate relating to the number of exemptions 15 which he claims with respect to such next taxable year, which shall in no event exceed the 16 number to which he may reasonably be expected to be so entitled. Exemption certificates 17 issued pursuant to this subsection shall not take effect with respect to any payment of 18 wages made in the calendar year in which the certificate is furnished.

19 (6) If, on any day during the calendar year, the number of withholding exemptions to which the 20 employee is entitled is less than the number of withholding exemptions claimed by the 21 employee on the withholding exemption certificate then in effect with respect to him, the 22 employee shall, within ten (10) days thereafter, furnish the employer with a new 23 withholding exemption certificate relating to the number of withholding exemptions which 24 the employee then claims, which shall in no event exceed the number to which he is 25 entitled on such day. If, on any day during the calendar year, the number of withholding exemptions to which the employee is entitled is greater than the number of withholding 26 exemptions claimed, the employee may furnish the employer with a new withholding 27

1		exemption	n certificate relating to the number of withholding exemptions which the
2		employee	then claims, which shall in no event exceed the number to which he is entitled on
3		such day.	
4	(7)	Withholdi	ng exemption certificates shall be in <u>the</u> [such] form and contain the[such]
5		informatio	on required by [as] the department [may by regulations prescribe].
6		→Section	84. KRS 141.347 is amended to read as follows:
7	(1)	As used in	this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
8		(a) "App	proved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.22-010;
9		(b) "Eco	pnomic development project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS
10		154.	22-010;
11		(c) "Tax	credit" means the "tax credit" allowed in KRS 154.22-010 to 154.22-070;
12		(d) "Kei	ntucky gross receipts" means Kentucky gross receipts as defined in KRS
13		141.	0401; and
14		(e) "Kei	ntucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross profits as defined in KRS 141.0401.
15	(2)	An approv	yed company shall determine the tax credit as provided in this section.
16	(3)	An approv	ved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS
17		141.020 o	r a corporation or pass-through entity treated as a corporation for federal income
18		tax purpos	ses subject to tax under KRS 141.040 [(1)] shall:
19		(a) 1.	Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or
20			141.040 on net income [as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income
21			as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], including income from the economic
22			development project;
23		2.	Compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401,
24			including Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the economic
25			development project; and
26		3.	Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph
27			and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that

1			sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph.
2		(b)	1. Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or
3			141.040 on net income[as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net
4			income[as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], excluding net income attributable to
5			the economic development project;
6			2. Using the method chosen under paragraph (a)2. of this subsection, compute the
7			limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, excluding Kentucky
8			gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the economic development
9			project; and
10			3. Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph
11			and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that
12			sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph.
13		(c)	The tax credit shall be the amount by which the net tax computed under paragraph
14			(a)3. of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b)3. of this
15			subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.22-
16			050.
17	(4)	(a)	Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is
18			a pass-through entity not subject to tax under KRS 141.040 or a trust not subject to
19			tax under KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable
20			to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020[(2)].
21		(b)	The amount of the tax credit shall be determined as provided in subsection (3) of this
22			section. Upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit,
23			an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in
24			this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in
25			satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries
26			of the pass-through entity or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners,
27			members, shareholders, or beneficiaries.

- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS
 154.22-050.
- 3 (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the 4 pass-through entity or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 or 141.0401 for 5 filing the returns.
- 6 (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the pass-through entity or trust in satisfaction of
 7 the tax liability of partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries shall not be
 8 treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner, member,
 9 shareholder, or beneficiary.
- 10 (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax
 11 credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall
 12 be excluded in determining each partner's, member's, shareholder's, or beneficiary's
 13 distributive share of net income or credit of a pass-through entity or trust.
- 14 (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5)
 of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting
 only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this
 chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the
 facility; and
- (b) Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the
 purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate
 accounting method reflecting only the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross
 profits directly attributable to the facility.
- 24 (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate
 accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and
 losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility, and the net

income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of
 subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the
 separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development
 project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and

- Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility 5 (b) 6 shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the 7 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, 8 and Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic 9 development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be 10 determined by apportioning the separate accounting Kentucky gross receipts or 11 Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a 12 formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- 13 (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the 14 nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not 15 practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, Kentucky 16 gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic 17 development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, 18 Kentucky gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project 19 using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of
 forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.22-020 to
 154.22-070 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain
 under KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070.
- →Section 85. KRS 141.383 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) As used in this section:
- 26 (a) "Above-the-line production crew" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;
- 27 (b) "Approved company" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;

1		(c)	"Below-the-line production crew" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;
2		(d)	"Cabinet" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;
3		(e)	"Office" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;
4		(f)	"Qualifying expenditure" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;
5		(g)	"Qualifying payroll expenditure" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542;
6		(h)	"Secretary" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542; and
7		(i)	"Tax incentive agreement" means the same as defined in KRS 148.542.
8	(2)	<u>(a)</u>	There is hereby created a[refundable] tax credit against the tax imposed under KRS
9			141.020 or 141.040 and 141.0401, with the ordering of credits as provided in KRS
10			141.0205.
11		<u>(b)</u>	The incentive available under paragraph (a) of this section is:
12			1. A refundable credit for applications approved prior to the effective date of this
13			Act; and
14			2. A nonrefundable and nontransferable credit for applications approved on or
15			after the effective date of this Act.
16		<u>(c)</u>	1. Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the total tax incentive approved
17			under Section 62 of this Act shall be limited to one hundred million dollars
18			(\$100,000,000) for calendar year 2018 and each calendar year thereafter.
19			2. On the effective date of this Act, if applications have been approved during
20			the 2018 calendar year which exceed the amount in paragraph (a) of this
21			subsection, the Kentucky Film Office shall immediately cease in approving
22			any further applications for tax incentives.
23	(3)	An a	approved company may receive a refundable tax credit on and after July 1, 2010, <u>but</u>
24		<u>only</u>	<i>for applications approved prior to the effective date of this Act,</i> if:
25		(a)	The cabinet has received notification from the office that the approved company has
26			satisfied all requirements of KRS 148.542 to 148.546; and
27		(b)	The approved company has provided a detailed cost report and sufficient

1			documentation to the office, which has been forwarded by the office to the cabinet,
2			that:
3			1. The purchases of qualifying expenditures were made after the execution of the
4			tax incentive agreement; and
5			2. The approved company has withheld income tax as required by KRS 141.310
6			on all qualified payroll expenditures.
7	(4) [-	The	refundable tax credit shall not apply until the taxable year in which the secretary
8		noti	ies the approved company of the amount of refundable credit that is available. If the
9		noti	ication of approval is provided prior to July 1, 2010, the company shall not claim the
10		cred	it and the department shall not issue any refunds until on or after July 1, 2010.
11	(5)]	Inter	rest shall not be allowed or paid on any refundable credits provided under this section.
12	<u>(5)</u> [(6)]	The cabinet shall promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS
13		Cha	pter 13A to administer this section.
14	(7)	On	or before September 1, 2010, and on or before each September 1 thereafter, for the
15		imm	ediately preceding fiscal year, the cabinet shall report to the office the names of the
16		appr	oved companies and the amounts of refundable income tax credit claimed.
17		⇒s	ection 86. KRS 141.390 is amended to read as follows:
18	(1)	As t	sed in this section:
19		(a)	"Postconsumer waste" means any product generated by a business or consumer which
20			has served its intended end use, and which has been separated from solid waste for
21			the purposes of collection, recycling, composting, and disposition and which does not
22			include secondary waste material or demolition waste;
23		(b)	"Recycling equipment" means any machinery or apparatus used exclusively to
24			process postconsumer waste material and manufacturing machinery used exclusively
25			to produce finished products composed of substantial postconsumer waste materials;
26		(c)	"Composting equipment" means equipment used in a process by which biological
27			decomposition of organic solid waste is carried out under controlled aerobic

1			conditions, and which stabilizes the organic fraction into a material which can easily			
2			and safely be stored, handled, and used in a environmentally acceptable manner;			
3		(d)	"Recapture period" means:			
4			1. For qualified equipment with a useful life of five (5) or more years, the period			
5			from the date the equipment is purchased to five (5) full years from that date; or			
6			2. For qualified equipment with a useful life of less than five (5) years, the period			
7			from the date the equipment is purchased to three (3) full years from that date;			
8		(e)	"Useful life" means the period determined under Section 168 of the Internal Revenue			
9			Code;			
10		(f)	"Baseline tax liability" means the tax liability of the taxpayer for the most recent tax			
11			year ending prior to January 1, 2005; and			
12		(g)	"Major recycling project" means a project where the taxpayer:			
13			1. Invests more than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) in recycling or composting			
14			equipment to be used exclusively in this state;			
15			2. Has more than seven hundred fifty (750) full-time employees with an average			
16			hourly wage of more than three hundred percent (300%) of the federal minimum			
17			wage; and			
18			3. Has plant and equipment with a total cost of more than five hundred million			
19			dollars (\$500,000,000).			
20	(2)	(a)	A taxpayer that purchases recycling or composting equipment to be used exclusively			
21			within this state for recycling or composting postconsumer waste materials shall be			
22			entitled to a credit against the income taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter,			
23			including any tax due under the provisions of KRS 141.040, in an amount equal to			
24			fifty percent (50%) of the installed cost of the recycling or composting equipment.			
25			Any credit allowed against the income taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter shall			
26			also be applied against the limited liability entity tax imposed by KRS 141.0401, with			
27			the ordering of credits as provided in KRS 141.0205. The amount of credit claimed in			

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the tax year during which the recycling equipment is purchased shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the amount of the total credit allowable and shall not exceed twentyfive percent (25%) of the total of each tax liability which would be otherwise due.

- 4 (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a taxpayer that has a major 5 recycling project containing recycling or composting equipment to be used 6 exclusively within this state for recycling or composting postconsumer waste material 7 shall be entitled to a credit against the income taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter, 8 including any tax due under the provisions of KRS 141.040, in an amount equal to 9 fifty percent (50%) of the installed cost of the recycling or composting equipment. 10 Any credit allowed against the income taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter shall 11 also be applied against the limited liability entity tax imposed by KRS 141.0401, with 12 the ordering of credits as provided in KRS 141.0205. The credit described in this 13 paragraph shall be limited to a period of ten (10) years commencing with the approval 14 of the recycling credit application. In each taxable year, the amount of credits claimed 15 for all major recycling projects shall be limited to:
- 16 17

1.

Fifty percent (50%) of the excess of the total of each tax liability over the baseline tax liability of the taxpayer; or

- 18 2. Two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000), whichever is less.
- (c) A taxpayer with one (1) or more major recycling projects shall be entitled to a total
 credit including the amount computed in paragraph (a) of this subsection plus the
 amount of credit computed in paragraph (b) of this subsection.
- (d) A taxpayer shall not be permitted to utilize a credit computed under paragraph (a) of
 this subsection and a credit computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection on the
 same recycling or composting equipment.
- (3) Application for a tax credit shall be made to the Department of Revenue on or before the
 first day of the seventh month following the close of the taxable year in which the recycling
 or composting equipment is purchased. The application shall include a description of each

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1 item of recycling equipment purchased, the date of purchase and the installed cost of the 2 recycling equipment, a statement of where the recycling equipment is to be used, and any 3 other information as the Department of Revenue may require. The Department of Revenue 4 shall review all applications received to determine whether expenditures for which credits 5 are required meet the requirements of this section and shall advise the taxpayer of the amount of credit for which the taxpayer is eligible under this section. [Any corporation as 6 7 defined in KRS 141.010(24)(b)2. to 8. may elect to claim the balance of a recycling credit 8 approved prior to March 18, 2005, against its tax liability imposed under KRS 141.040 and 9 141.0401. The election shall be binding on the taxpayer and the Department of Revenue 10 until the balance of the recycling credit is used.]

11 (4) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, if a taxpayer that receives a tax credit 12 under this section sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the qualifying recycling or 13 composting equipment before the end of the recapture period, the tax credit shall be 14 redetermined under subsection (5) of this section. If the total credit taken in prior taxable 15 years exceeds the redetermined credit, the difference shall be added to the taxpayer's tax 16 liability under this chapter for the taxable year in which the sale, transfer, or disposition 17 occurs. If the redetermined credit exceeds the total credit already taken in prior taxable 18 years, the taxpayer shall be entitled to use the difference to reduce the taxpayer's tax 19 liability under this chapter for the taxable year in which the sale, transfer, or disposition 20 occurs.

(5) The total tax credit allowable under subsection (2) of this section for equipment that is sold,
transferred, or otherwise disposed of before the end of the recapture period shall be
adjusted as follows:

- 24 (a) For equipment with a useful life of five (5) or more years that is sold, transferred, or
 25 otherwise disposed of:
- 26 1. One (1) year or less after the purchase, no credit shall be allowed.
- 27

2.

Between one (1) year and two (2) years after the purchase, twenty percent (20%)

1				of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
2			3.	Between two (2) and three (3) years after the purchase, forty percent (40%) of
3				the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
4			4.	Between three (3) and four (4) years after the purchase, sixty percent (60%) of
5				the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
6			5.	Between four (4) and five (5) years after the purchase, eighty percent (80%) of
7				the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
8		(b)	For	equipment with a useful life of less than five (5) years that is sold, transferred, or
9			othe	erwise disposed of:
10			1.	One (1) year or less after the purchase, no credit shall be allowed.
11			2.	Between one (1) year and two (2) years after the purchase, thirty-three percent
12				(33%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
13			3.	Between two (2) and three (3) years after the purchase, sixty-seven percent
14				(67%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
15	(6)	Subs	sectio	ns (4) and (5) of this section shall not apply to transfers due to death, or transfers
16		due	mere	ly to a change in business ownership or organization as long as the equipment
17		cont	inues	to be used exclusively in recycling or composting, or transactions to which
18		Sect	ion 38	81(a) of the Internal Revenue Code applies.
19	(7)	The	Depa	artment of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations to carry out the
20		prov	isions	s of this section.
21		⇒Se	ectior	87. KRS 141.400 is amended to read as follows:
22	(1)	As u	sed in	n this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
23		(a)	"Ap	proved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.28-010;
24		(b)	"Eco	pnomic development project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS
25			154.	28-010;
26		(c)	"Tax	x credit" means the "tax credit" allowed in KRS 154.28-090;
27		(d)	"Ke	ntucky gross receipts" means Kentucky gross receipts as defined in KRS

1			141.	0401; and
2		(e)	"Ke	ntucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross profits as defined in KRS 141.0401.
3	(2)	Ana	approv	ved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
4	(3)	An	appro	ved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS
5		141	.020 c	or a corporation or pass-through entity treated as a corporation for federal income
6		tax j	purpo	ses subject to tax under KRS 141.040 [(1)] shall:
7		(a)	1.	Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or
8				141.040 on net income[as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income[
9				as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], including income from the economic
10				development project;
11			2.	Compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401,
12				including Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the economic
13				development project; and
14			3.	Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph
15				and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that
16				sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph.
17		(b)	1.	Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or
18				141.040 on net income[as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income[
19				as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], excluding net income attributable to the
20				economic development project;
21			2.	Using the same method used under subparagraph 2. of paragraph (a) of this
22				subsection, compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS
23				141.0401, excluding Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits from the
24				economic development project; and
25			3.	Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph
26				and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that
27				sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph.

- 1 (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the net tax computed under paragraph 2 (a)3. of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b)3. of this 3 subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.28-4 090.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a
 pass-through entity not subject to tax under KRS 141.040, or a trust not subject to tax
 under KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to
 an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020[(2)].
- 9 (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be determined as provided in subsection (3) of this 10 section. Upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, 11 an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in 12 this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in 13 satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries 14 of the pass-through entity or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners, 15 members, shareholders, or beneficiaries.
- 16 (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS
 17 154.28-090.
- (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the
 pass-through entity or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.0401 or 141.160 for
 filing the returns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the pass-through entity or trust in satisfaction of
 the tax liability of partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries shall not be
 treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner, member,
 shareholder, or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax
 credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall
 be excluded in determining each partner's, member's, shareholder's, or beneficiary's

1 distributive share of net income or credit of a pass-through entity or trust.

- 2 (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:
- 3 (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5)
 4 of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting
 5 only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this
 6 chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the
 7 facility; and
- 8 (b) Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for 9 purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate 10 accounting method reflecting only the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross 11 profits directly attributable to the facility.
- 12 (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- 13 Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate (a) 14 accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and 15 losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead 16 expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic 17 development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section 18 shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire 19 facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the 20 Department of Revenue: and
- (b) Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility
 shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the
 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility,
 and Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic
 development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be
 determined by apportioning the separate accounting Kentucky gross receipts or
 Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a

1		formula approved by the Department of Revenue.						
2	(8)	If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the						
3		nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not						
4		practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, Kentucky						
5		gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic						
6		development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income,						
7		Kentucky gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project						
8		using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.						
9	(9)	The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of						
10		forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.22-020 to						
11		154.22-070 and KRS 154.28-010 to 154.28-090 and this section and the allowable tax						
12		credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070 and						
13		KRS 154.28-010 to 154.28-090 and this section.						
14		→ Section 88. KRS 141.401 is amended to read as follows:						
15	(1)	As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:						
16		(a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.23-010;						
17		(b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS						
18		154.23-010;						
19		(c) "Tax credit" means the "tax credit" allowed under KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079;						
20		(d) "Kentucky gross receipts" means Kentucky gross receipts as defined in KRS						
21		141.0401; and						
22		(e) "Kentucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross profits as defined in KRS 141.0401.						
23	(2)	An approved company shall determine the tax credit as provided in this section.						
24	(3)	An approved company that is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS						
25		141.020 or a corporation or pass-through entity treated as a corporation for federal income						
26		tax purposes subject to tax under KRS 141.040[(1)] shall:						

27 (a) 1. Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or

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1 141.040 on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income 2 as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], including income from the economic 3 development project; 2. Compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, 4 5 including Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the economic 6 development project; and 7 3. Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph 8 and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that 9 sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph. Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or 10 (b) 1. 11 141.040 on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11) or taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], excluding net income attributable to the 12 13 economic development project; 14 2. Using the same method used under paragraph (a)2. of this subsection, compute 15 the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, excluding Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the economic 16 17 development project; and 18 Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph 3. 19 and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that 20 sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph. 21 The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a)3. (c) 22 of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b)3. of this subsection; 23 however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-24 079. 25 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company that is a pass-(4) 26 through entity not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to 27

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an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020[(2)], as follows:

- (a) The amount of the tax credit shall be determined as provided in subsection (3) of this
 section. Upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit,
 an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in
 this section. Any estimated tax payment made in this paragraph shall be in
 satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries
 of the pass-through entity or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners,
 members, shareholders, or beneficiaries.
- 9 (b) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS
 10 154.23-005 to 154.23-079.
- 11 (c) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the 12 pass-through entity or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the 13 returns.
- (d) Any estimated tax payment made by the pass-through entity or trust in satisfaction of
 the tax liability of partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries shall not be
 treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner, member,
 shareholder, or beneficiary.
- 18 (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax
 19 credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall
 20 be excluded in determining each partner's, member's, shareholder's, or beneficiary's
 21 distributive share of net income or credit of a pass-through entity or trust.

22 (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:

(a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5)
of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting
only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this
chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the
facility; and

- 1 (b) Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the 2 purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate 3 accounting method reflecting only the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross 4 profits directly attributable to the facility.
- 5 (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- 6 (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate 7 accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and 8 losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility, and the net 9 income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of 10 subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the 11 separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development 12 project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- 13 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility (b) 14 shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the 15 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, 16 and Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic 17 development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be 18 determined by apportioning the separate accounting Kentucky gross receipts or 19 Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a 20 formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the
 nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not
 practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, Kentucky
 gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic
 development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income,
 Kentucky gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project
 using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.

1	(9)	The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of				
2		forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.23-005 to				
3		154.23-079 and the allowable income tax credit that an approved company may retain				
4		under KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079.				
5		→ Section 89. KRS 141.403 is amended to read as follows:				
6	(1)	As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:				
7		(a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.26-010;				
8		(b) "Economic revitalization project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS				
9		154.26-010;				
10		(c) "Tax credit" means the tax credit allowed in KRS 154.26-090;				
11		(d) "Kentucky gross receipts" means Kentucky gross receipts as defined in KRS				
12		141.0401; and				
13		(e) "Kentucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross profits as defined in KRS 141.0401.				
14	(2)	An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.				
15	(3)	An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS				
16		141.020 or a corporation or pass-through entity treated as a corporation for federal income				
17		tax purposes subject to tax under KRS 141.040[(1)] shall:				
18		(a) 1. Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or				
19		141.040 on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income				
20		as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], including income from the economic				
21		revitalization project;				
22		2. Compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401,				
23		including Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the economic				
24		revitalization project; and				
25		3. Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph				
26		and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that				
27		sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph.				

1 (b) 1. Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or 2 141.040 on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11) or taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], excluding net income attributable to the 3 economic revitalization project: 4 2. 5 Using the same method used under subparagraph 2. of paragraph (a) of this subsection, compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 6 7 141.0401, excluding Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the 8 economic revitalization project; and 9 3. Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that 10 11 sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph. 12 (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the net tax computed under paragraph 13 (a)3. of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b)3. of this 14 subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.26-15 090. 16 (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is 17 a pass-through entity not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net 18 19 income attributable to an economic revitalization project at the rates provided in KRS 20 141.020[(2)]. 21 The amount of the tax credit shall be determined as provided in subsection (3) of this (b) 22 section. Upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, 23 an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in 24 this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in 25 satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries 26 of the pass-through entity or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners, 27 members, shareholders, or beneficiaries.

- 1 The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS (c) 2 154.26-090. 3 If the tax computed in this section exceeds the tax credit, the difference shall be paid (d) 4 by the pass-through entity or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the 5 returns. 6 Any estimated tax payment made by the pass-through entity or trust in satisfaction of (e) 7 the tax liability of partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries shall not be 8 treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner, member, 9 shareholder, or beneficiary. 10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax (5)11 credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall 12 be excluded in determining each partner's, member's, shareholder's, or beneficiary's 13 distributive share of net income or credit of a pass-through entity or trust. 14 (6) If the economic revitalization project is a totally separate facility: 15 Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) (a) 16 of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting 17 only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS 18 Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to 19 the facility; and 20 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for (b) 21 purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate 22 accounting method reflecting only the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross 23 profits directly attributable to the facility. 24 If the economic revitalization project is an expansion to a previously existing facility: (7)25 Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate (a) accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and 26
- 20 accounting method reflecting only the gross meome, deductions, expenses, gains, and 27 losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and

overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the
economic revitalization project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this
section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the
entire facility to the economic revitalization project by a formula approved by the
Department of Revenue; and

- 6 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility (b) 7 shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the 8 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility. 9 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic 10 revitalization project for purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined 11 by apportioning the separate accounting Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross 12 profits of the entire facility to the economic revitalization project pursuant to a 13 formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- 14 (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the 15 nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not 16 practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, Kentucky 17 gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic 18 revitalization project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, 19 Kentucky gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic revitalization project 20 using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of
 forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.26-010 to
 154.26-100 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain
 under KRS 154.26-010 to 154.26-100.
- 25 → Section 90. KRS 141.405 is amended to read as follows:
- 26 (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 27 (a) "Approved company" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.12-2084;

1		(b)	"Skills training investment credit" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.12-					
2			2084;					
3		(c)	"Kentucky gross receipts" means Kentucky gross receipts as defined in KRS					
4			141.0401; and					
5		(d)	"Kentucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross profits as defined in KRS 141.0401.					
6	(2)	An a	pproved company shall determine the tax credit as provided in this section.					
7	(3)	(a)	An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under					
8			KRS 141.020 or a corporation or pass-through entity treated as a corporation for					
9			federal income tax purposes subject to tax under KRS 141.040[(1)] shall:					
10			1. Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or					
11			141.040 on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income					
12			as defined by KRS 141.010(14)];					
13			2. Compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401 on					
14			Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts; and					
15			3. Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph					
16			and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that					
17			sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this subsection;					
18		(b)	The amount of the skills training investment credit that the Bluegrass State Skills					
19			Corporation has given final approval for under KRS 154.12-2088(6) shall be applied					
20			against the net tax computed under paragraph (a)3. of this subsection; and					
21		(c)	The skills training investment credit payment shall not exceed the amount of the final					
22			approval awarded by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation under KRS 154.12-					
23			2088(6).					
24	(4)	(a)	In the case of an approved company which is a pass-through entity not subject to the					
25			tax imposed by KRS 141.040, the amount of the tax credit awarded by the Bluegrass					
26			State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6) shall be taken against the tax					
27			imposed by KRS 141.0401 by the approved company, and shall also be apportioned					

among the partners, members, or shareholders thereof at the same ratio as the
 partners', members', or shareholders' distributive shares of income are determined for
 the tax year during which the final authorization resolution is adopted by the
 Bluegrass State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6).

- 5 (b) The amount of the tax credit apportioned to each partner, member, or shareholder that 6 may be claimed in any tax year of the partner, member, or shareholder shall be 7 determined in accordance with the provisions of KRS 154.12-2086.
- 8 (5) (a) In the case of an approved company that is a trust not subject to the tax imposed by 9 KRS 141.040, the amount of the tax credit awarded by the Bluegrass State Skills 10 Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6) shall be apportioned to the trust and the 11 beneficiaries on the basis of the income of the trust allocable to each for the tax year 12 during which the final authorizing resolution is adopted by the Bluegrass State Skills 13 Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6).
- (b) The amount of tax credit apportioned to each trust or beneficiary that may be claimed
 in any tax year of the trust or beneficiary shall be determined in accordance with the
 provisions of KRS 154.12-2086.
- 17 (6) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with
 18 KRS Chapter 13A adopting forms and procedures for the reporting of the credit allowed in
 19 KRS 154.12-2084 to 154.12-2089.
- 20 → Section 91. KRS 141.407 is amended to read as follows:
- 21 (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- 22 (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.24-010;
- (b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as economic
 development project as set forth in KRS 154.24-010;
- 25 (c) "Tax credit" means the tax credit allowed in KRS 154.24-020 to 154.24-150;
- 26 (d) "Kentucky gross receipts" means Kentucky gross receipts as defined in KRS
 27 141.0401; and

1		(e)	"Ker	ntucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross profits as defined in KRS 141.0401.				
2	(2)	An approved company shall determine the tax credit as provided in this section.						
3	(3)	An a	An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS					
4		141.	020 o	r a corporation or pass-through entity treated as a corporation for federal income				
5		tax p	tax purposes subject to tax under KRS 141.040[(1)] shall:					
6		(a)	1.	Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or				
7				141.040 on net income[as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income[
8				as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], including income from the economic				
9				development project;				
10			2.	Compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401,				
11				including Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the economic				
12				development project; and				
13			3.	Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph				
14				and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that				
15				sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph.				
16		(b)	1.	Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or				
17				141.040 on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11) or taxable net income				
18				as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], excluding net income attributable to the				
19				economic development project;				
20			2.	Using the same method used under paragraph (a)2. of this subsection, compute				
21				the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, excluding				
22				Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the economic				
23				development project; and				
24			3.	Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph				
25				and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that				
26				sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph.				
27		(c)	The	tax credit shall be the amount by which the net tax computed under paragraph				

- (a)3. of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b)3. of this
 subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.24 020 to 154.24-150.
 - 4 (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is
 5 a pass-through entity not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or a trust not
 6 subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net
 7 income attributable to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS
 8 141.020[(2)].
- 9 (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be determined as provided in subsection (3) of this 10 section. Upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, 11 an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in 12 this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in 13 satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the pass-through 14 entity or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners, members, shareholders, or 15 beneficiaries.
- 16 (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS
 17 154.24-020 to 154.24-150.
- 18 (d) If the tax computed herein exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the pass19 through entity or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- 20 (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the pass-through entity or trust in satisfaction of
 21 the tax liability of partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries shall not be
 22 treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner, member,
 23 shareholder, or beneficiary.
- 24 (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax
 25 credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall
 26 be excluded in determining each partner's, member's, shareholder's, or beneficiary's
 27 distributive share of net income or credit of a pass-through entity or trust.

- 1 (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5)
 of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting
 only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS
 Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to
 the facility; and
- 7 (b) Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the
 8 purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate
 9 accounting method reflecting only the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross
 10 profits directly attributable to the facility.

11 (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:

- 12 Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate (a) 13 accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and 14 losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and 15 overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the 16 economic development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this 17 section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the 18 entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the 19 Department of Revenue; and
- 20 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility (b) 21 shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the 22 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, 23 and Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic 24 development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be 25 determined by apportioning the separate accounting Kentucky gross receipts or 26 Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a 27 formula approved by the Department of Revenue.

(8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the
nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not
practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, Kentucky
gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic
development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income,
Kentucky gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project
using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.

8 (9) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations and require the
9 filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.2410 010 to 154.24-150 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may
11 retain under KRS 154.24-010 to 154.24-150.

12

Section 92. KRS 141.414 is amended to read as follows:

(1) A qualified farming operation which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax
 under KRS 141.020 or a corporation or pass-through entity treated as a corporation for
 federal income tax purposes subject to tax under KRS 141.040 shall:

- 16(a)1.Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or17141.040 on net income[as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income[18as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], including income from the qualified farming19operation's participation in a networking project.
- 20
 2. Compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401,
 21
 21 including Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the qualified
 22 farming operation's participation in a networking project; and
- 233.Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph24and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that25sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph;
- (b) 1. Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or
 141.040 applies on net income[as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net

- 1 income[as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], excluding net income attributable to 2 the qualified farming operation's participation in a networking project; 3 2. Using the same method used under paragraph (a)2. of this subsection, compute 4 the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, excluding 5 Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the qualified farming operation's participation in a networking project; and 6 7 3. Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph
- and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that
 sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph;
 and

11 (c) Be entitled to a tax credit in the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph 12 (a)3. of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b)3. of this 13 subsection. The credit shall not exceed the farming operation's approved costs, as 14 defined in KRS 141.410.

15 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, a qualified farming operation which (2)16 is a pass-through entity not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject 17 to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income 18 attributable to its participation in a networking project at the rates provided in KRS 19 141.020 (2), and the amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax 20 computed in this subsection. The credit shall not exceed the farming operation's approved 21 costs, as defined in KRS 141.410. If the tax computed in this subsection exceeds the tax 22 credit, the difference shall be paid by the pass-through entity or trust at the times provided 23 by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.

24 (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax and the
25 tax credit determined under subsection (2) of this section shall be excluded in determining
26 each partner's, member's, shareholder's, or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or
27 credit of a pass-through entity or trust.

- 1 (4) If the networking entity is a separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (1), (2), and (3)
 of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting
 only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS
 Chapter 141 directly attributable to the project and overhead expenses apportioned to
 the facility; and
- 7 (b) Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the
 8 purposes of subsection (1) of this section shall be determined under the separate
 9 accounting method reflecting only the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross
 10 profits directly attributable to the facility.

11 (5) If the networking project is an expansion to a previously existing farming operation:

- 12 Net income attributable to the entire operation shall be determined under the separate (a) 13 accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and 14 losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the farming operation's 15 participation in the networking project and overhead expenses apportioned to the 16 networking project, and the net income attributable to the networking project for the 17 purposes of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section shall be determined by 18 apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire networking project to 19 the networking project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- 20 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility (b) 21 shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the 22 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, 23 and Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic 24 development project for the purposes of subsection (1) of this section shall be 25 determined by apportioning the separate accounting Kentucky gross receipts or 26 Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a 27 formula approved by the Department of Revenue.

1	(6)	If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the
2		nature of the operations and activities of the approved farming operation are such that it is
3		not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, Kentucky
4		gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the networking project, the approved farming
5		operation shall determine net income, Kentucky gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits
6		from its participation in the networking project using an alternative method approved by the
7		Department of Revenue.
8	(7)	The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations pursuant to KRS
9		Chapter 13A and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue
10		necessary to effectuate KRS 141.0101 and KRS 141.410 to 141.414 and the allowable
11		income tax credit which an approved farming operation may retain under the provisions of
12		KRS 141.412 and this section.
13		→ Section 93. KRS 141.415 is amended to read as follows:
14	(1)	As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
15		(a) "Approved company" means the same as defined in KRS 154.32-010 or 154.34-010;
16		(b) "Economic development project" means the same as defined in KRS 154.32-010;
17		(c) "Reinvestment project" means the same as defined in KRS 154.34-010;
18		(d) "Tax credit" means the tax credit allowed in KRS 154.34-120 or the credit allowed in
19		KRS 154.32-070, as the case may be;
20		(e) "Kentucky gross receipts" means the same as defined in KRS 141.0401; and
21		(f) "Kentucky gross profits" means the same as defined in KRS 141.0401.
22	(2)	An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
23	(3)	An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS
24		141.020 or a corporation or pass-through entity treated as a corporation for federal income
25		tax purposes subject to tax under KRS 141.040[(1)] shall:
26		(a) 1. Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or
		141.040 on net income [as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income

1				as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], including income from a reinvestment project
2				or economic development project;
			•	
3			2.	Compute the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401 including
4				Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the reinvestment project
5				or economic development project; and
6			3.	Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph
7				and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that
8				sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph.
9		(b)	1.	Compute the tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or
10				141.040 on net income[as defined by KRS 141.010(11)] or taxable net income[
11				as defined by KRS 141.010(14)], excluding net income attributable to a
12				reinvestment project or economic development project;
13			2.	Using the same method used under paragraph (a)2. of this subsection, compute
14				the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, including
15				Kentucky gross profits or Kentucky gross receipts from the reinvestment project
16				or economic development project; and
17			3.	Add the amounts computed under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph
18				and, if applicable, subtract the credit permitted by KRS 141.0401(3) from that
19				sum. The resulting amount shall be the net tax for purposes of this paragraph.
20		(c)	The	tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a)3.
21			of th	is subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b)3. of this subsection;
22			how	ever, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.32-070 or 154.34-
23			120,	as the case may be.
24	(4)	(a)	Notv	vithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is
25			a pa	ss-through entity not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not
26			subje	ect to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net
27			inco	me attributable to a reinvestment project or economic development project at the

- 1 rates provided in KRS 141.020[(2)]. 2 The amount of the tax credit shall be determined as provided in subsection (3) of this (b) 3 section. Upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, 4 an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in 5 this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries 6 7 of the pass-through entity or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners, 8 members, shareholders, or beneficiaries. 9 The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS (c) 10 154.32-070 or 154.34-120, as the case may be. 11 (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the tax credit, the difference shall be paid
- by the pass-through entity or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing thereturns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the pass-through entity or trust in satisfaction of
 the tax liability of partners, members, shareholders, or beneficiaries shall not be
 treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner, member,
 shareholder, or beneficiary.
- 18 (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax
 19 credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall
 20 be excluded in determining each partner's, member's, shareholder's, or beneficiary's
 21 distributive share of net income or credit of a pass-through entity or trust.
- 22 (6) If the reinvestment project or economic development project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5)
 of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting
 only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS
 Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to
 the facility; and

- 1 (b) Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the 2 purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate 3 accounting method reflecting only the Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross 4 profits directly attributable to the facility.
- 5

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(7) If the reinvestment project or economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:

- 7 Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate (a) 8 accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and 9 losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the 10 11 reinvestment project or economic development project for the purposes of subsections 12 (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate 13 accounting net income of the entire facility to the reinvestment project or economic 14 development project by a formula approved by the department; and
- 15 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility (b) 16 shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the 17 Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and Kentucky gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the reinvestment 18 19 project or economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this 20 section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting Kentucky gross 21 receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the reinvestment project or 22 economic development project by a formula approved by the department.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the department that the nature of
 the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use
 the separate accounting method to determine the net income, Kentucky gross receipts, or
 Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the reinvestment project or economic
 development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income,

1		Kentucky gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the reinvestment project or
2		economic development project using an alternative method approved by the department.
3	(9)	The department may promulgate administrative regulations and require the filing of forms
4		designed by the department to reflect the intent of KRS 154.34-010 to 154.34-100 and
5		Subchapter 32 of KRS Chapter 154, and the allowable income tax credit which an
6		approved company may retain under KRS 154.34-010 to 154.34-100 or Subchapter 32 of
7		KRS Chapter 154.

8

Section 94. KRS 161.540 is amended to read as follows:

- 9 (1) (a) Effective July 1, 1988, each individual who first becomes a member before July 1, 10 2008, shall contribute to the retirement system nine and eight hundred fifty-five 11 thousandths percent (9.855%) of annual compensation, except that university 12 employees who participate in the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System shall 13 contribute eight and three hundred seventy-five thousandths percent (8.375%) of 14 annual compensation.
- (b) Each individual who first becomes a member on or after July 1, 2008, shall contribute
 to the retirement system ten and eight hundred fifty-five thousandths percent
 (10.855%) of annual compensation, except that university employees who participate
 in the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System shall contribute nine and three hundred
 seventy-five thousandths percent (9.375%) of annual compensation.
- 20 (c) 1. Effective July 1, 2010, members shall, in addition to those contributions
 21 required under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, make a contribution to
 22 the medical insurance fund established under KRS 161.420(5) according to the
 23 following schedule:
- 24a.For each individual who first became a member of the retirement system25before July 1, 2008, a total amount of annual compensation equal to and26effective on:
- 27 July 1, 2010.....Twenty-five hundredths percent (.25%)

1		July 1, 2011One-half percent (0.50%)
2		July 1, 2012One percent (1.0%)
3		July 1, 2013One and one-half percent (1.5%)
4		July 1, 2014Two and twenty-five hundredths percent (2.25%)
5		July 1, 2015,
6		and thereafterThree percent (3.0%) for a total of three and
7		seventy-five hundredths percent (3.75%)
8		when added to the contributions required
9		under KRS 161.420(5)(a); or
10		b. For each individual who first becomes a member of the retirement system
11		on or after July 1, 2008, a total amount of annual compensation equal to
12		and effective on:
13		July 1, 2013One-half percent (0.50%)
14		July 1, 2014One and twenty-five hundredths percent (1.25%)
15		July 1, 2015,
16		and thereafterTwo percent (2.0%) for a total of three and
17		seventy-five hundredths percent (3.75%)
18		when added to the contributions required
19		under KRS 161.420(5)(a)
20	2.	Notwithstanding subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, members employed by any
21		employer identified in KRS 161.220(4)(b) or (n) shall contribute, as a
22		percentage of their total annual compensation, the actuarial equivalent of the
23		percentage contributed by members under subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, not
24		to exceed the percentages established under the schedules set forth in
25		subparagraph 1. of this paragraph. The actuarial equivalent to be contributed
26		under this subsection shall be determined by the retirement system's actuary.
27		These contributions shall be in lieu of those contributions required under

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subparagraph 1. of this paragraph.

- 3. When the medical insurance fund established under KRS 161.420(5) achieves a
 sufficient prefunded status as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the
 board of trustees shall recommend to the General Assembly that the
 contributions required under subparagraphs 1. and 2. of this paragraph shall, in
 an actuarially accountable manner, be either decreased, suspended, or
 eliminated.
- 8 Payments authorized by statute that are made to retiring members, who became (d) 9 members of the system before July 1, 2008, for not more than sixty (60) days of 10 unused accrued annual leave shall be considered as part of the member's annual 11 compensation, and shall be used only for the member's final year of active service. 12 The contribution of members shall not exceed these applicable percentages on annual 13 compensation. When a member retires, if it is determined that he has made 14 contributions on a salary in excess of the amount to be included for the purpose of 15 calculating his final average salary, any excess contribution shall be refunded to him 16 in a lump sum at the time of the payment of his first retirement allowance. In the 17 event a member is awarded a court-ordered back salary payment the employer shall 18 deduct and remit the member contribution on the salary payment, plus interest to be 19 paid by the employer, to the retirement system unless otherwise specified by the court 20 order.
- (2) Each public board, institution, or agency listed in KRS 161.220(4) shall, solely for the purpose of compliance with Section 414(h) of the United States Internal Revenue Code,
 pick up the member contributions required by this section for all compensation earned after August 1, 1982, and the contributions so picked up shall be treated as employer contributions in determining tax treatment under the United States Internal Revenue Code and KRS 141.010[(10)]. The picked-up member contribution shall satisfy all obligations to the retirement system satisfied prior to August 1, 1982, by the member contribution, and

1	the picked-up member contribution shall be in lieu of a member contribution. Each
2	employer shall pay these picked-up member contributions from the same source of funds
3	which is used to pay earnings to the member. The member shall have no option to receive
4	the contributed amounts directly instead of having them paid by the employer to the system.
5	Member contributions picked-up after August 1, 1982, shall be treated for all purposes of
6	KRS 161.220 to 161.714 in the same manner and to the same extent as member
7	contributions made prior to August 1, 1982.
8	SECTION 95. A NEW SECTION OF SUBCHAPTER 26 OF KRS CHAPTER 154 IS
9	CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
10	(1) Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new
11	applications or make preliminary approvals of a revitalization agreement until on or
12	after July 1, 2022.
12	(2) By July 1, 2019, the authority and the Department of Revenue shall jointly provide a
13	<u>report to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue for each project</u>
15	approved under this subchapter. The report shall contain the following information:
16	(a) The name of each approved company and the location of each economic
17	revitalization project;
18	(b) The amount of approved costs for each economic revitalization project;
19	(c) The date the agreement was approved;
20	(d) Whether an assessment fee authorized by KRS 154.26-100 was a part of the
21	agreement;
22	(e) The number of employees employed in manufacturing, the number of employees
23	employed in coal mining and processing, or the number of employees employed in
24	agribusiness operations;
25	(f) Whether the project was a supplemental project; and
26	(g) By taxable year, the amount of tax credit claimed on the taxpayer's return, any
27	amount denied by the department, and the amount of any tax credit remaining to

1			be carried forward.
2		⇒s	ection 96. KRS 141.068 is amended to read as follows:
3	(1)	As u	used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
4		(a)	"Authority" means the Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority as
5			created pursuant to KRS 154.20-010;
6		(b)	"Investor" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.20-254;
7		(c)	"Investment fund" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.20-254;
8		(d)	"Investment fund manager" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.20-254;
9			and
10		(e)	"Tax credit" means the credits provided for in KRS 154.20-258.
11	(2)	(a)	An investor which is an individual or a corporation shall be entitled to the credit
12			certified by the authority under KRS 154.20-258 against the tax due computed as
13			provided by KRS 141.020 or 141.040, respectively, and against the tax imposed by
14			KRS 141.0401, with the ordering of credits as provided in KRS 141.0205.
15		(b)	The amount of the certified tax credit that may be claimed in any tax year of the
16			investor shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of KRS 154.20-258.
17	(3)	(a)	In the case of an investor that is a pass-through entity not subject to the tax imposed
18			by KRS 141.040, the amount of the tax credit certified by the authority under KRS
19			154.20-258 shall be taken by the pass-through entity against the limited liability entity
20			tax imposed by KRS 141.0401, and shall also be apportioned among the partners,
21			members, or shareholders at the same ratio as the partners', members', or shareholders'
22			distributive shares of income are determined for the tax year during which the amount
23			of the credit is certified by the authority.
24		(b)	The amount of the tax credit apportioned to each partner, member, or shareholder that
25			may be claimed in any tax year of the partner, member, or shareholder shall be
26			determined in accordance with the provisions of KRS 154.20-258.
27	(4)	(a)	In the case of an investor that is a trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS

1		141.040, the amount of the tax credit certified by the authority under KRS 154.20-258
2		shall be apportioned to the trust and the beneficiaries on the basis of the income of the
3		trust allocable to each for the tax year during which the tax credit is certified by the
4		authority.
5		(b) The amount of tax credit apportioned to each trust or beneficiary that may be claimed
6		in any tax year of the trust or beneficiary shall be determined in accordance with the
7		provisions of KRS 154.20-258.
8	(5)	The Department of Revenue shall promulgate administrative regulations under KRS
9		Chapter 13A to adopt procedures for the administration of the credits authorized by KRS
10		154.20-258.
11	<u>(6)</u>	In order for the General Assembly to evaluate the fulfillment of the purposes stated in
12		Section 97 of this Act, the department shall work jointly with the Cabinet for Economic
13		Development to provide a report detailing each investment fund agreement entered into
14		by the cabinet. The report shall be submitted to the Interim Joint Committee on
15		Appropriations and Revenue on or before May 1, 2019, and contain the following
16		information:
17		(a) The date the agreement was entered into by the cabinet with the investment fund
18		<u>manager;</u>
19		(b) The name of the investment fund manager and the name of the investment fund;
20		(c) The primary business location of the investment fund;
21		(d) The total number of investment funds, the number of investors for each fund, the
22		amount of committed cash contributions to each investment fund, and the total
23		qualified investments made by each investment fund, including initial and
24		subsequent investments, for each small business;
25		(e) A list detailing each investor within each investment fund, the amount of
26		investment made by each investor, and the amount of tax credit awarded each
27		

1		(f) Whether the authority has suspended the availability of any credits, terminated any
2		agreements, or pursued any other remedy because the investment fund manager
3		failed to comply with the agreement;
4		(g) By taxable year, the amount of tax credit claimed by each investor by type of tax,
5		including income tax, any taxes imposed on financial institutions, or insurance
6		<u>taxes;</u>
7		(h) The number of small businesses that are active, inactive, or closed that have
8		received investments from an investment fund;
9		(i) The number and location of each new small business established or expanded;
10		(j) The number and location of each new job created;
11		(k) The number of new products and technologies created; and
12		(1) The total amount of tax credit awarded for each fiscal year.
13	<u>(7)</u>	If either the department or the Cabinet for Economic Development does not currently
14		have the data to fulfill the reporting requirement of subsection (6) of this section, the
15		department and the cabinet shall work jointly to obtain the data in an expedient manner
16		to provide the report on or before the May 1, 2019, report date.
17		→ Section 97. KRS 154.20-250 is amended to read as follows:
18	<u>(1)</u>	Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new
19		applications or make preliminary approvals for the Kentucky Investment Fund until on
20		<u>or after July 1, 2022.</u>
21	<u>(2)</u>	The purposes of KRS 154.20-250 to 154.20-284 are to encourage capital investment in the
22		Commonwealth of Kentucky, to encourage the establishment or expansion of small
23		businesses in Kentucky, to provide additional jobs, and to encourage the development of
24		new products and technologies in the state through capital investments. It is the intent of
25		KRS 154.20-250 to 154.20-284 to give investment preference to Kentucky small
26		businesses showing a potential for rapid growth. Insofar as possible, any investment made
27		in a Kentucky small business under the provisions of KRS 154.20-250 to 154.20-284 shall

1		be used by that business to leverage additional capital investments from other sources.
2		→Section 98. KRS 141.396 is amended to read as follows:
3	(1)	As used in this section:
4		(a) "Authority" has the same meaning as in KRS 154.20-230;
5		(b) "Qualified investor" has the same meaning as in KRS 154.20-230;
6		(c) "Qualified small business" has the same meaning as in KRS 154.20-230; and
7		(d) "Taxpayer" means an individual subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.020, who has
8		either:
9		1. Received a credit from the authority pursuant to KRS 154.20-236; or
10		2. Received a credit through a valid transfer allowed under this section from a
11		qualified investor that was originally awarded the credit.
12	(2)	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, there is hereby created the angel
13		investor tax credit. The credit shall be nonrefundable, and shall apply against the tax
14		imposed by KRS 141.020. The ordering of the credit shall be as provided in KRS
15		141.0205.
16	(3)	A qualified investor may seek a credit by applying to the authority pursuant to KRS 154.20-
17		236.
18	(4)	The maximum amount of credit that may be claimed by a taxpayer in any taxable year shall
19		not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total amount of credit awarded or transferred to the
20		taxpayer.
21	(5)	Any amount of credit that a taxpayer is unable to utilize during a taxable year may be
22		carried forward for use in a succeeding taxable year for a period not to exceed fifteen (15)
23		years. Any amount of credit not used within fifteen (15) years shall be lost. No amount of
24		credit may be carried back by any taxpayer.
25	(6)	The credit shall not apply to any liability a taxpayer may have for interest, penalties, past
26		due taxes, or any other additions to the taxpayer's tax liability. The holder of the credit shall

1	(7)	A credit may be transferred by a qualified investor to any individual taxpayer. A qualified
2		investor making a transfer shall give written notice to the department and shall provide any
3		other information required by the department, in the manner prescribed by the department.
4		Any transferred credit shall be subject to the original timeframes and requirements
5		established by this section and KRS 154.20-230 to 154.20-240 as if held by the qualified
6		investor.
7	(8)	To receive the credit, a taxpayer shall claim the credit on his or her return in the manner
8		prescribed by the department.
9	(9)	The department shall recapture any portion, or the full amount, of a credit upon notification
10		from the authority that a recapture is required pursuant to KRS 154.20-240.
11	<u>(10)</u>	In order for the General Assembly to evaluate the fulfillment of the purposes stated in
12		Section 99 of this Act, the department and the Cabinet for Economic Development shall
13		work jointly to submit the following information to the Interim Joint Committee on
14		Appropriations and Revenue on or before May 1, 2019, related to each taxable year that
15		an angel investor credit is claimed on a return:
16		(a) The number of qualified small businesses certified by the authority;
17		(b) The demographics of each qualified small business, including:
18		1. The net worth of the qualified small business;
19		2. The qualified activity the qualified small business is actively and principally
20		engaged in within the Commonwealth;
21		3. The number of employees of the qualified small business;
22		4. The location of the assets, operations, and employees of the qualified small
23		business; and
24		5. The aggregate amount of qualified investments received by the qualified
25		<u>small business;</u>
26		(c) A list detailing each qualified investor certified by the authority, the amount of
27		investment made by each qualified investor, the date each qualified investment is

1	made by the qualified investor, and the amount of tax credit awarded each investor;
2	(d) By taxable year, the amount of tax credit claimed by each investor and the amount
3	of credit available to be claimed in future taxable years;
4	(e) The number of qualified small businesses that are active, inactive, or closed that
5	have received qualified investments;
6	(f) The number of qualified small businesses that have established a location in the
7	Commonwealth and the number that have expanded operations, the number and
8	location of each new job created, a description of each development of new
9	products and technologies in the Commonwealth, and the field of operation for
10	that growth, including knowledge-based, high-tech, or research and development;
11	and
12	(g) The total amount of tax credit awarded for each fiscal year.
13	(11) If either the department or the Cabinet for Economic Development does not currently
14	have the data to fulfill the reporting requirement of subsection (10) of this section, the
15	department and the cabinet shall work jointly to obtain the data in an expedient manner
16	to provide the report on or before the May 1, 2019, report date.
17	◆Section 99. KRS 154.20-232 is amended to read as follows:
17 18	 Section 99. KRS 154.20-232 is amended to read as follows: (1) (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new
18	(1) (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new
18 19	(1) (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new applications for the Kentucky Angel Investment Act until on or after July 1, 2022.
18 19 20	 (1) (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new applications for the Kentucky Angel Investment Act until on or after July 1, 2022. (b) KRS 154.20-230 to 154.20-240 shall be known as the "Kentucky Angel Investment
18 19 20 21	 (1) (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new applications for the Kentucky Angel Investment Act until on or after July 1, 2022. (b) KRS 154.20-230 to 154.20-240 shall be known as the "Kentucky Angel Investment Act."
18 19 20 21 22	 (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new applications for the Kentucky Angel Investment Act until on or after July 1, 2022. (b) KRS 154.20-230 to 154.20-240 shall be known as the "Kentucky Angel Investment Act." (2) The purpose of KRS 141.396 and 154.20-230 to 154.20-240 is to encourage capital
 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 (1) (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new applications for the Kentucky Angel Investment Act until on or after July 1, 2022. (b) KRS 154.20-230 to 154.20-240 shall be known as the "Kentucky Angel Investment Act." (2) The purpose of KRS 141.396 and 154.20-230 to 154.20-240 is to encourage capital investment in the Commonwealth by individual investors that will further the establishment
 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	 (a) Beginning on the effective date of this Act, the authority shall not accept any new applications for the Kentucky Angel Investment Act until on or after July 1, 2022. (b) KRS 154.20-230 to 154.20-240 shall be known as the "Kentucky Angel Investment Act." (2) The purpose of KRS 141.396 and 154.20-230 to 154.20-240 is to encourage capital investment in the Commonwealth by individual investors that will further the establishment or expansion of small businesses, create additional jobs, and foster the development of new

1 (3) To participate in the program created by KRS 141.396 and 154.20-230 to 154.20-240:

- 2 (a) Small businesses and individual investors shall request certification from the
 3 authority pursuant to KRS 154.20-236. To be qualified, the small businesses and
 4 individual investors shall fulfill the requirements outlined in KRS 154.20-234; and
- 5 (b) Once certified, qualified investors may make investments in qualified small 6 businesses, and may apply to the authority for a credit in return for making the 7 investment if that investment qualifies under KRS 154.20-234.
- 8 (4) Any qualified investment made in a qualified small business under KRS 154.20-230 to
 9 154.20-240 shall be used by that business, insofar as possible, to leverage additional capital
 10 investments from other sources.

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Section 100. KRS 131.081 is amended to read as follows:

12 The following rules, principles, or requirements shall apply in the administration of all taxes13 subject to the jurisdiction of the Department of Revenue.

- 14 (1) The department shall develop and implement a Kentucky tax education and information
 program directed at new taxpayers, taxpayer and industry groups, and department
 employees to enhance the understanding of and compliance with Kentucky tax laws,
 including the application of new tax legislation to taxpayer activities and areas of recurrent
 taxpayer noncompliance or inconsistency of administration.
- (2) The department shall publish brief statements in simple and nontechnical language which explain procedures, remedies, and the rights and obligations of taxpayers and the department. These statements shall be provided to taxpayers with the initial notice of audit; each original notice of tax due; each denial or reduction of a refund or credit claimed by a taxpayer; each denial, cancellation, or revocation of any license, permit, or other required authorization applied for or held by a taxpayer; and, if practical and appropriate, in informational publications by the department distributed to the public.

26 (3) Taxpayers shall have the right to be assisted or represented by an attorney, accountant, or
 27 other person in any conference, hearing, or other matter before the department. The

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taxpayer shall be informed of this right prior to conduct of any conference or hearing.

2 (4) The department shall perform audits and conduct conferences and hearings only at
3 reasonable times and places.

4 (5) Taxpayers shall have the right to make audio recordings of any conference with or hearing
5 by the department. The department may make similar audio recordings if prior written
6 notice is given to the taxpayer or if the taxpayer records the conference or hearing. The
7 taxpayer shall be entitled to a copy of this department recording or a transcript as provided
8 in KRS 61.874.

9 (6) If any taxpayer's failure to submit a timely return or payment to the department is due to the 10 taxpayer's reasonable reliance on written advice from the department, the taxpayer shall be 11 relieved of any penalty or interest with respect thereto, provided the taxpayer requested the 12 advice in writing from the department and the specific facts and circumstances of the 13 activity or transaction were fully described in the taxpayer's request, the department did not subsequently rescind or modify the advice in writing, and there were no subsequent 14 15 changes in applicable laws or regulations or a final decision of a court which rendered the 16 department's earlier written advice no longer valid.

17 (7) Taxpayers shall have the right to receive a copy of any audit of the department by the
18 Auditor of Public Accounts relating to the department's compliance with the provisions of
19 KRS 131.041 to 131.081.

20 (8) The department shall include with each notice of tax due a clear and concise description of 21 the basis and amount of any tax, penalty, and interest assessed against the taxpayer, and 22 copies of the agent's audit workpapers and the agent's written narrative setting forth the 23 grounds upon which the assessment is made. Taxpayers shall be similarly notified 24 regarding the denial or reduction of any refund or credit claim filed by a taxpayer.

(9) (a) Taxpayers shall have the right to an installment payment agreement for the payment
of delinquent taxes, penalties, and interest owed, provided the taxpayer requests the
agreement in writing clearly demonstrating:

1		1. His or her inability to pay in full; and
2		2. That the agreement will facilitate collection by the department of the amounts
3		owed.
4	(b)	The department may modify or terminate an installment payment agreement and may
5		pursue statutory remedies against the taxpayer if it determines that:
6		1. The taxpayer has not complied with the terms of the agreement, including
7		minimum payment requirements established by the agreement;
8		2. The taxpayers' financial condition has sufficiently changed;
9		3. The taxpayer fails to provide any requested financial condition update
10		information;
11		4. The taxpayer gave false or misleading information in securing the agreement; or
12		5. The taxpayer fails to timely report and pay any other tax due the
13		Commonwealth.
14	(c)	The department shall give written notice to the taxpayer at least thirty (30) days prior
15		to modifying or terminating an installment payment agreement unless the department
16		has reason to believe that collection of the amounts owed will be jeopardized in
17		whole or in part by delay.
18	(10) The	department shall not knowingly authorize, require, or conduct any investigation or
19	surv	veillance of any person for nontax administration related purposes, except internal
20	secu	arity related investigations involving Department of Revenue personnel.
21	(11) In a	addition to the circumstances under which an extension of time for filing reports or
22	retu	rns may be granted pursuant to KRS 131.170, taxpayers shall be entitled to the same
23	exte	ension of the due date of any comparable Kentucky tax report or return for which the
24	taxı	bayer has secured a written extension from the Internal Revenue Service provided the
25	taxı	payer notifies the department in writing and provides a copy of the extension at the time
26	and	in the manner which the department may require.
27	(12) The	department shall bear the cost or, if paid by the taxpayer, reimburse the taxpayer for

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1	recording or bank charges as the direct result of any erroneous lien or levy by the					
2	department, provided the erroneous lien or levy was caused by department error and, prior					
3	to issuance of the erroneous lien or levy, the taxpayer timely responded to all contacts by					
4	the department and provided information or documentation sufficient to establish his or her					
5	position. When the department releases any erroneous lien or levy, notice of the fact shall					
6	be mailed to the taxpayer and, if requested by the taxpayer, a copy of the release, together					
7	with an explanation, shall be mailed to the major credit reporting companies located in the					
8	county where it was filed.					
9	(13) (a) The department shall not evaluate individual officers or employees on the basis of					
10	taxes assessed or collected or impose or suggest tax assessment or collection quotas					
11	or goals.					
12	(b) No arrangement or contract shall be entered into for the service:					
13	1. Of examining a taxpayer's books and records;					
14	2. Of collecting a tax from a taxpayer; or					
15	3. For legal representation of the department;					
16	if any part of the compensation or other benefits paid or payable for the service is					
17	contingent upon or otherwise related to the amount of tax, interest, fee, or penalty					
18	assessed against or collected from the taxpayer. Any such arrangement or contract					
19	shall be void and unenforceable.					
20	(14) Taxpayers shall have the right to bring an action for damages against the Commonwealth to					
21	the Kentucky Claims Commission for actual and direct monetary damages sustained by the					
22	taxpayer as a result of willful, reckless, and intentional disregard by department employees					
23	of the rights of taxpayers as set out in KRS 131.041 to 131.081 or in the tax laws					
24	administered by the department. In the awarding of damages pursuant to this subsection,					
25	the commission shall take into consideration the negligence or omissions, if any, on the part					

is ruled frivolous by the commission, the department shall be reimbursed by the taxpayer

of the taxpayer which contributed to the damages. If any proceeding brought by a taxpayer

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for its costs in defending the action. Any claims brought pursuant to this subsection shall be in accordance with KRS 49.040 to 49.180.

(15) Taxpayers shall have the right to privacy with regard to the information provided on their
Kentucky tax returns and reports, including any attached information or documents. Except
as provided in KRS 131.190, no information pertaining to the returns, reports, or the affairs
of a person's business shall be divulged by the department to any person or be intentionally
and without authorization inspected by any present or former commissioner or employee of
the Department of Revenue, member of a county board of assessment appeals, property
valuation administrator or employee, or any other person.

10 → Section 101. KRS 49.250 is amended to read as follows:

(1) Any party aggrieved by any final order of the commission, except on appeals from a county
board of assessment appeals, may appeal to the Franklin Circuit Court or to the Circuit
Court of the county in which the party aggrieved resides or conducts his place of business
in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B. Any final orders entered on the rulings of a county
board of assessment appeals may be appealed in like manner to the Circuit Court of the
county in which the appeal originated.

17 (2) If the appeal is from an order sustaining a tax assessment, collection of the tax <u>shall[may]</u>
18 be stayed by the filing of a <u>petition or an appeal to any court. Full payment of the tax or a</u>
19 <u>supersedeas bond is not required to appeal an order sustaining from a tax</u>
20 <u>assessment[supersedeas bond in the manner directed by the Rules of Civil Procedure, or by</u>
21 payment of the tax as provided in KRS 134.580].

→ Section 102. KRS 131.190 is amended to read as follows:

(1)[-(a)] No present or former commissioner or employee of the department[of Revenue],
present or former member of a county board of assessment appeals, present or former
property valuation administrator or employee, present or former secretary or employee of
the Finance and Administration Cabinet, former secretary or employee of the Revenue
Cabinet, or any other person, shall intentionally and without authorization inspect or

1	divulge a	ny information acquired by him of the affairs of any person, or information			
2	regarding the tax schedules, returns, or reports required to be filed with the department or				
3	other proper officer, or any information produced by a hearing or investigation, insofar as				
4	the inform	nation may have to do with the affairs of the person's business.			
5	<u>(2)</u> [(b)] The	prohibition established by <u>subsection (1)</u> [paragraph (a)] of this <u>section</u>			
6	<u>shall</u> [subs	section does] not extend to:			
7	<u>(a)</u> [1.]	Information required in prosecutions for making false reports or returns of			
8	prop	perty for taxation, or any other infraction of the tax laws;			
9	<u>(b)</u> [2.]	Any matter properly entered upon any assessment record, or in any way made a			
10	mat	ter of public record;			
11	<u>(c)[3.]</u>	Furnishing any taxpayer or his properly authorized agent with information			
12	resp	ecting his own return;			
13	<u>(d)</u> [4.]	Testimony provided by the commissioner or any employee of the department [of			
14	Rev	enue] in any court, or the introduction as evidence of returns or reports filed with			
15	the	department, in an action for violation of state or federal tax laws or in any action			
16	chal	lenging state or federal tax laws;			
17	<u>(e)</u> [5.]	Providing an owner of unmined coal, oil or gas reserves, and other mineral or			
18	ener	gy resources assessed under KRS 132.820[(1)], or owners of surface land under			
19	whie	ch the unmined minerals lie, factual information about the owner's property			
20	deri	ved from third-party returns filed for that owner's property, under the provisions			
21	of	KRS 132.820[(2)], that is used to determine the owner's assessment. This			
22	info	rmation shall be provided to the owner on a confidential basis, and the owner			
23	shal	l be subject to the penalties provided in KRS 131.990(2){(21)]. The third-party			
24	filer	shall be given prior notice of any disclosure of information to the owner that was			
25	prov	vided by the third-party filer;			
26	(f)[6]	Providing to a third party purchaser pursuant to an order entered in a foreclosure			

26 (\underline{f}) [6.] Providing to a third-party purchaser pursuant to an order entered in a foreclosure 27 action filed in a court of competent jurisdiction, factual information related to the

1		owner or lessee of coal, oil, gas reserves, or any other mineral resources assessed
2		under KRS 132.820[(1)]. The department may promulgate an administrative
3		regulation establishing a fee schedule for the provision of the information described
4		in this <i>paragraph</i> [subparagraph]. Any fee imposed shall not exceed the greater of the
5		actual cost of providing the information or ten dollars (\$10);[-or]
6	<u>(g)</u> [7	Providing information to a licensing agency, the Transportation Cabinet, or the
7		Kentucky Supreme Court under KRS 131.1817 <u>;</u>
8	<u>(h)</u>	Statistics of gasoline and special fuels gallonage reported to the department under
9		<u>KRS 138.210 to 138.448;</u>
10	<u>(i)</u>	Providing any utility gross receipts license tax return information that is necessary
11		to administer the provisions of KRS 160.613 to 160.617 to applicable school
12		districts on a confidential basis; or
13	<u>(j)</u>	Providing information to the Legislative Research Commission under:
14		1. KRS 139.519 for purposes of the sales and use tax refund on building
15		materials used for disaster recovery;
16		2. KRS 141.436 for purposes of the energy efficiency products credits;
17		3. KRS 141.437 for purposes of the ENERGY STAR home and the ENERGY
18		STAR manufactured home credits;
19		4. Section 62 of this Act for purposes of the film industry incentives;
20		5. Section 95 of this Act for purposes of the Kentucky revitalization tax credits
21		and the job assessment fees;
22		8. Section 96 of this Act for purposes of the Kentucky investment fund;
23		9. Section 98 of this Act for purposes of the angel investor tax credit;
24		10. Section 103 of this Act for purposes of the distilled spirits credit; and
25		11. Section 115 of this Act for purposes of the inventory credit.
26	<u>(3)</u> [(2)]	The commissioner shall make available any information for official use only and on a
27	conf	idential basis to the proper officer, agency, board or commission of this state, any

- Kentucky county, any Kentucky city, any other state, or the federal government, under
 reciprocal agreements whereby the department shall receive similar or useful information in
 return.
- 4 [(3) Statistics of tax paid gasoline gallonage reported monthly to the department of Revenue
 5 under the gasoline excise tax law may be made public by the department.]

6 (4) Access to and inspection of information received from the Internal Revenue Service is for 7 department of Revenue] use only, and is restricted to tax administration purposes. 8 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section to the contrary,] Information received from 9 the Internal Revenue Service shall not be made available to any other agency of state 10 government, or any county, city, or other state, and shall not be inspected intentionally and 11 without authorization by any present secretary or employee of the Finance and 12 Administration Cabinet, commissioner or employee of the department of Revenuel, or any 13 other person.

14 (5) Statistics of crude oil as reported to the Department of Revenue under the crude oil excise
15 tax requirements of KRS Chapter 137 and statistics of natural gas production as reported to
16 the Department of Revenue under the natural resources severance tax requirements of KRS
17 Chapter 143A may be made public by the department by release to the Energy and
18 Environment Cabinet, Department for Natural Resources.

19 (6) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, beginning with mine-map 20 submissions for the 1989 tax year, the department may make public or divulge only those 21 portions of mine maps submitted by taxpayers to the department pursuant to KRS Chapter 22 132 for ad valorem tax purposes that depict the boundaries of mined-out parcel areas. 23 These electronic maps shall not be relied upon to determine actual boundaries of mined-out 24 parcel areas. Property boundaries contained in mine maps required under KRS Chapters 25 350 and 352 shall not be construed to constitute land surveying or boundary surveys as 26 defined by KRS 322.010 and any administrative regulations promulgated thereto.

27 [(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, The department

1		may	divulge to the applicable school districts on a confidential basis any utility gross			
2		receipts license tax return information that is necessary to administer the provisions of KRS				
3		160.613 to 160.617.]				
4		⇒s	ection 103. KRS 141.389 is amended to read as follows:			
5	(1)	(a)	There shall be allowed a nonrefundable and nontransferable credit to each taxpayer			
6			paying the distilled spirits ad valorem tax as follows:			
7			1. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and before December			
8			31, 2015, the credit shall be equal to twenty percent (20%) of the tax assessed			
9			under KRS 132.160 and paid under KRS 132.180 on a timely basis;			
10			2. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, and before December			
11			31, 2016, the credit shall be equal to forty percent (40%) of the tax assessed			
12			under KRS 132.160 and paid under KRS 132.180 on a timely basis;			
13			3. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, and before December			
14			31, 2017, the credit shall be equal to sixty percent (60%) of the tax assessed			
15			under KRS 132.160 and paid under KRS 132.180 on a timely basis;			
16			4. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, and before December			
17			31, 2018, the credit shall be equal to eighty percent (80%) of the tax assessed			
18			under KRS 132.160 and paid under KRS 132.180 on a timely basis; and			
19			5. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, the credit shall be equal			
20			to one hundred percent (100%) of the tax assessed under KRS 132.160 and paid			
21			under KRS 132.180 on a timely basis.			
22		(b)	The credit shall be applied both to the income tax imposed under KRS 141.020 or			
23			141.040 and to the limited liability entity tax imposed under KRS 141.0401, with the			
24			ordering of the credits as provided in KRS 141.0205.			
25	(2)	The	amount of distilled spirits credit allowed under subsection (1) of this section shall be			
26		used	l only for capital improvements at the premises of the distiller licensed pursuant to KRS			
27		Cha	pter 243. As used in this subsection, "capital improvement" means any costs associated			

1		with	with:			
2		(a)	Construction, replacement, or remodeling of warehouses or facilities;			
3		(b)	Purchases of barrels and pallets used for the storage and aging of distilled spirits in			
4			maturing warehouses;			
5		(c)	Acquisition, construction, or installation of equipment for the use in the manufacture,			
6			bottling, or shipment of distilled spirits;			
7		(d)	Addition or replacement of access roads or parking facilities; and			
8		(e)	Construction, replacement, or remodeling of facilities to market or promote tourism,			
9			including but not limited to a visitor's center.			
10	(3)	The	distilled spirits credit allowed under subsection (1) of this section:			
11		(a)	May be accumulated for multiple taxable years;			
12		(b)	Shall be claimed on the return of the taxpayer filed for the taxable year during which			
13			the credits were used pursuant to subsection (2) of this section; and			
14		(c)	Shall not include:			
15			1. Any delinquent tax paid to the Commonwealth; or			
16			2. Any interest, fees, or penalty paid to the Commonwealth.			
17	(4)	(a)	Before the distilled spirits credit shall be allowed on any return, the capital			
18			improvements required by subsection (2) of this section shall be completed and			
19			specifically associated with the credit allowed on the return.			
20		(b)	The amount of distilled spirits credit allowed shall be recaptured if the capital			
21			improvement associated with the credit is sold or otherwise disposed of prior to the			
22			exhaustion of the useful life of the asset for Kentucky depreciation purposes.			
23		(c)	If the allowed credit is associated with multiple capital improvements, and not all			
24			capital improvements are sold or otherwise disposed of, the distilled spirits credit			
25			shall be prorated based on the cost of the capital improvement sold over the total cost			
26			of all improvements associated with the credit.			
07	(5)	TC /1				

27 (5) If the taxpayer is a pass-through entity, the taxpayer may apply the credit against the limited

1		liabili	ty entity tax imposed by KRS 141.0401, and shall pass the credit through to its				
2		memt	members, partners, or shareholders in the same proportion as the distributive share of				
3		incom	income or loss is passed through.				
4	(6)	The c	lepartment may promulgate an administrative regulation pursuant to KRS Chapter				
5		13A	to implement the allowable credit under this section, require the filing of forms				
6		desig	ned by the department, and require specific information for the evaluation of the credit				
7		taken	by any taxpayer.				
8	(7)	[Notw	vithstanding KRS 131.190,]No later than September 1, 2016, and annually thereafter,				
9		the de	epartment shall report to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue:				
10		(a)	The name of each taxpayer taking the credit permitted by subsection (1) of this				
11			section;				
12		(b)	The amount of credit taken by that taxpayer; and				
13		(c)	The type of capital improvement made for which the credit is claimed.				
14		→Sea	ction 104. KRS 131.020 is amended to read as follows:				
15	(1)	The D	Department of Revenue, headed by a commissioner appointed by the secretary with the				
16		appro	val of the Governor, shall be organized into the following functional units:				
17		(a)	Office of the Commissioner, which shall consist of:				
18			1. The Division of Protest Resolution, headed by a division director who shall				
19			report directly to the commissioner. The division shall administer the protest				
20			functions for the department from office resolution through court action; and				
21			2. The Division of Taxpayer Ombudsman, headed by a division director who shall				
22			report to the commissioner. The division shall perform those duties set out in				
23			KRS 131.083;				
24		(b)	Office of Tax Policy and Regulation, headed by an executive director who shall report				
25			directly to the commissioner. The office shall be responsible for:				
26			1. Providing oral and written technical advice on Kentucky tax law;				
27			2. Drafting proposed tax legislation and regulations;				

1		3. Testifying before legislative committees on tax matters;
2		4. Analyzing tax publications;
3		5. Providing expert witness testimony in tax litigation cases;
4		6. Providing consultation and assistance in protested tax cases; and
5		7. Conducting training and education programs;
6	(c)	Office of Processing and Enforcement, headed by an executive director who shall
7		report directly to the commissioner. The office shall be responsible for processing
8		documents, depositing funds, collecting debt payments, and coordinating, planning,
9		and implementing a data integrity strategy. The office shall consist of the:
10		1. Division of Operations, which shall be responsible for opening all tax returns,
11		preparing the returns for data capture, coordinating the data capture process,
12		depositing receipts, maintaining tax data, and assisting other state agencies with
13		similar operational aspects as negotiated between the department and the other
14		agency;
15		2. Division of Collections, which shall be responsible for initiating all collection
16		enforcement activity related to due and owing tax assessments, including protest
17		resolution, and for assisting other state agencies with similar collection aspects
18		as negotiated between the department and the other state agency; and
19		3. Division of Registration and Data Integrity, which shall be responsible for
20		registering businesses for tax purposes, ensuring that the data entered into the
21		department's tax systems is accurate and complete, and assisting the taxing areas
22		in proper procedures to ensure the accuracy of the data over time;
23	(d)	Office of Property Valuation, headed by an executive director who shall report
24		directly to the commissioner. The office shall consist of the:
25		1. Division of Local Support, which shall be responsible for providing
26		supervision, assistance, and training to the property valuation administrators and
27		sheriffs within the Commonwealth;

- 1 2. Division of State Valuation, which shall be responsible for providing 2 assessments of public service companies and motor vehicles, and providing 3 assistance to property valuation administrators and sheriffs with the 4 administration of tangible and omitted property taxes within the 5 Commonwealth; and
- 6 3. Division of Minerals Taxation and Geographical Information System Services, 7 which shall be responsible for providing geographical information system 8 mapping support, ensuring proper filing of severance tax returns, ensuring 9 consistency of unmined coal assessments, and gathering and providing data to 10 properly assess minerals to the property valuation administrators within the 11 Commonwealth;
- (e) Office of Sales and Excise Taxes, headed by an executive director who shall report
 directly to the commissioner. The office shall administer all matters relating to sales
 and use taxes and miscellaneous excise taxes, including but not limited to technical
 tax research, compliance, taxpayer assistance, tax-specific training, and publications.
 The office shall consist of the:
- 171.Division of Sales and Use Tax, which shall administer the sales and use tax; and182.Division of Miscellaneous Taxes, which shall administer various other taxes,19including but not limited to alcoholic beverage taxes; cigarette enforcement20fees, stamps, meters, and taxes; gasoline tax; bank franchise tax; inheritance and21estate tax; insurance premiums and insurance surcharge taxes; motor vehicle tire22fees and usage taxes; and special fuels taxes;
- (f) Office of Income Taxation, headed by an executive director who shall report directly
 to the commissioner. The office shall administer all matters related to income and
 corporation license taxes, including technical tax research, compliance, taxpayer
 assistance, tax-specific training, and publications. The office shall consist of the:
- 1. Division of Individual Income Tax, which shall administer the following taxes

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2		2. Division of Corporation Tax, which shall administer the corporation income
3		tax, corporation license tax, pass-through entity withholding, and pass-through
4		entity reporting requirements; and
5		(g) Office of Field Operations, headed by an executive director who shall report directly
6		to the commissioner. The office shall manage the regional taxpayer service centers
7		and the field audit program.
8	(2)	The functions and duties of the department shall include conducting conferences,
9		administering taxpayer protests, and settling tax controversies on a fair and equitable basis,
10		taking into consideration the hazards of litigation to the Commonwealth of Kentucky and
11		the taxpayer. The mission of the department shall be to afford an opportunity for taxpayers
12		to have an independent informal review of the determinations of the audit functions of the
13		department, and to attempt to fairly and equitably resolve tax controversies at the
14		administrative level.
15	(3)	The department shall maintain an accounting structure for the one hundred twenty (120)
16		property valuation administrators' offices across the Commonwealth in order to facilitate

17 use of the state payroll system and the budgeting process.

(4) Except as provided in KRS 131.190(4), the department shall fully cooperate with and make
tax information available as prescribed under KRS 131.190(3)[(2)] to the Governor's Office
for Economic Analysis as necessary for the office to perform the tax administration
function established in KRS 42.410.

or returns: individual income, fiduciary, and employer withholding; and

- (5) Executive directors and division directors established under this section shall be appointedby the secretary with the approval of the Governor.
- →Section 105. KRS 141.0205 is amended to read as follows:

If a taxpayer is entitled to more than one (1) of the tax credits allowed against the tax imposed by
KRS 141.020, 141.040, and 141.0401, the priority of application and use of the credits shall be
determined as follows:

1	(1)	The nonrefundable business incentive credits against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020		
2		shall be taken in the following order:		
3		(a) [1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1,		
4		2007, the corporation income tax credit permitted by KRS 141.420(3)(a);		
5		2. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,]The limited liability entity tax		
6		credit permitted by KRS 141.0401;		
7		(b) The economic development credits computed under KRS 141.347, 141.381, 141.384,		
8		141.400, 141.401, [141.402,] 141.403, 141.407, 141.415, <u>and</u> 154.12-2088 [, and		
9		154.27-080] ;		
10		(c) The qualified farming operation credit permitted by KRS 141.412;		
11		(d) The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.397(1)(a);		
12		(e) The health insurance credit permitted by KRS 141.062;		
13		(f) The tax paid to other states credit permitted by KRS 141.070;		
14		(g) The credit for hiring the unemployed permitted by KRS 141.065;		
15		(h) The recycling or composting equipment credit permitted by KRS 141.390;		
16		(i) The tax credit for cash contributions in investment funds permitted by KRS 154.20-		
17		263 in effect prior to July 15, 2002, and the credit permitted by KRS 154.20-258;		
18		(j) [The coal incentive credit permitted under KRS 141.0405;		
19		(k)] The research facilities credit permitted <u>by</u> [under] KRS 141.395;		
20		(k) [(1)] The employer High School Equivalency Diploma program incentive credit		
21		permitted <u>by</u> [under] KRS 164.0062;		
22		(\underline{l}) [(m)] The voluntary environmental remediation credit permitted by KRS 141.418;		
23		(\underline{m}) [(n)] The biodiesel and renewable diesel credit permitted by KRS 141.423;		
24		(n) The environmental stewardship credit permitted by KRS 154.48-025;		
25		(p)] The clean coal incentive credit permitted by KRS 141.428;		
26		(o)[(q)] The ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4242;		
27		$(\underline{p})[(\underline{r})]$ The cellulosic ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4244;		

1		(\underline{q}) [(s)] The energy efficiency credits permitted by KRS 141.436;
2		(<i>r</i>)[(t)] The railroad maintenance and improvement credit permitted by KRS 141.385;
3		(s)[(u)] The Endow Kentucky credit permitted by KRS 141.438;
4		(<i>t</i>)[(v)] The New Markets Development Program credit permitted by KRS 141.434;
5		(u)[(w) The food donation credit permitted by KRS 141.392;
6		(x)] The distilled spirits credit permitted by KRS 141.389;[and]
7		(v)[(y)] The angel investor credit permitted by KRS 141.396; <i>and</i>
8		(w) The inventory credit permitted by Section 115 of this Act.
9	(2)	After the application of the nonrefundable credits in subsection (1) of this section, the
10		nonrefundable personal tax credits against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 shall be taken
11		in the following order:
12		(a) The individual credits permitted by KRS $141.020\frac{(3)}{(3)}$;
13		(b) The credit permitted by KRS 141.066;
14		(c) The tuition credit permitted by KRS 141.069; <i>and</i>
15		(d) The household and dependent care credit permitted by KRS 141.067[; and
16		(e) The new home credit permitted by KRS 141.388].
17	(3)	After the application of the nonrefundable credits provided for in subsection (2) of this
18		section, the refundable credits against the tax imposed by KRS 141.020 shall be taken in
19		the following order:
20		(a) The individual withholding tax credit permitted by KRS 141.350;
21		(b) The individual estimated tax payment credit permitted by KRS 141.305;
22		(c)[For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007, the
23		corporation income tax credit permitted by KRS 141.420(3)(c);
24		(d)] The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.3961 and 171.397(1)(b); and
25		(d)[(e)] The film industry tax credit permitted[allowed] by KRS 141.383.
26	(4)	The nonrefundable credit permitted by KRS 141.0401 shall be applied against the tax
27		imposed by KRS 141.040.

1	(5)	The following nonrefundable credits shall be applied against the sum of the tax imposed by				
2		KRS 141.040 after subtracting the credit provided for in subsection (4) of this section, and				
3		the tax imposed by KRS 141.0401 in the following order:				
4		(a) The economic development credits computed under KRS 141.347, 141.381, 141.384,				
5		141.400, 141.401, [141.402,] 141.403, 141.407, 141.415, <u>and</u> 154.12-2088 [, and				
6		154.27-080] ;				
7		(b) The qualified farming operation credit permitted by KRS 141.412;				
8		(c) The certified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.397(1)(a);				
9		(d) The health insurance credit permitted by KRS 141.062;				
10		(e) The unemployment credit permitted by KRS 141.065;				
11		(f) The recycling or composting equipment credit permitted by KRS 141.390;				
12		(g) The coal conversion credit permitted by KRS 141.041;				
13		(h) The enterprise zone credit permitted by KRS 154.45-090, for taxable periods ending				
14		prior to January 1, 2008;				
15		(i) The tax credit for cash contributions to investment funds permitted by KRS 154.20-				
16		263 in effect prior to July 15, 2002, and the credit permitted by KRS 154.20-258;				
17		(j)[The coal incentive credit permitted under KRS 141.0405;				
18		(k)] The research facilities credit permitted <u>by[under]</u> KRS 141.395;				
19		(k)[(1)] The employer High School Equivalency Diploma program incentive credit				
20		permitted <u>by</u> [under] KRS 164.0062;				
21		(\underline{l}) [(m)] The voluntary environmental remediation credit permitted by KRS 141.418;				
22		(\underline{m}) [(n)] The biodiesel and renewable diesel credit permitted by KRS 141.423;				
23		(n) The environmental stewardship credit permitted by KRS 154.48-025;				
24		(p)] The clean coal incentive credit permitted by KRS 141.428;				
25		$(\underline{o})[(q)]$ The ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4242;				
26		$(\underline{p})[(\mathbf{r})]$ The cellulosic ethanol credit permitted by KRS 141.4244;				
27		(\underline{q}) [(s)] The energy efficiency credits permitted by KRS 141.436;				

1		<u>(r)</u> [(t)]	The ENERGY STAR home or ENERGY STAR manufactured home credit
2			permi	itted by KRS 141.437;
3		<u>(s)</u> [(u)]	The railroad maintenance and improvement credit permitted by KRS 141.385;
4		<u>(t)</u> [(:	v)]	The railroad expansion credit permitted by KRS 141.386;
5		<u>(u)</u> [((w)]	The Endow Kentucky credit permitted by KRS 141.438;
6		<u>(v)</u> [((x)]	The New Markets Development Program credit permitted by KRS 141.434;
7		<u>(w)</u> [(y)	The food donation credit permitted by KRS 141.392; and
8		(z)]	The d	listilled spirits credit permitted by KRS 141.389; and
9		<u>(x)</u>	The i	nventory credit permitted by Section 115 of this Act.
10	(6)	Afte	er the a	application of the nonrefundable credits in subsection (5) of this section, the
11		refu	ndable	credits shall be taken in the following order:
12		(a)	The c	corporation estimated tax payment credit permitted by KRS 141.044;
13		(b)	The c	vertified rehabilitation credit permitted by KRS 171.3961 and 171.397(1)(b); and
14		(c)	The f	ilm industry tax credit <i>permitted by</i> [allowed in] KRS 141.383.
15		⇒s	ection	106. KRS 131.110 is amended to read as follows:
16	(1)	<u>(a)</u>	The I	Department of Revenue shall mail to the taxpayer a notice of any tax assessed by
17			it. Tł	he assessment shall be due and payable if not protested in writing to the
18			depar	tment within:
19			<u>1.</u>	Forty-five (45) days from the date of notice, for assessments issued prior to
20				<u>July 1, 2018; and</u>
21			<u>2.</u>	Sixty (60) days from the date of notice, for assessments issued on or after July
22				<u>1, 2018</u> .
23		<u>(b)</u>	Clain	ns for refund of paid assessments may be made under KRS 134.580 and denials
24			appea	aled under KRS 49.220.
25		<u>(c)</u>	<u>1.</u>	The protest shall be accompanied by a supporting statement setting forth the
26				grounds upon which the protest is made.
27			<u>2.</u>	Upon written request, the department may extend the time for filing the

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supporting statement if it appears the delay is necessary and unavoidable.

2 3 <u>3.</u> The refusal of the extension may be reviewed in the same manner as a protested assessment.

- 4 (2) After a timely protest has been filed, the taxpayer may request a conference with the
 5 department. The request shall be granted in writing stating the date and time set for the
 6 conference. The taxpayer may appear in person or by representative. Further conferences
 7 may be held by mutual agreement.
- 8 (3) After considering the taxpayer's protest, including any matters presented at the final 9 conference, the department shall issue a final ruling on any matter still in controversy, 10 which shall be mailed to the taxpayer. The ruling shall state that it is a final ruling of the 11 department, generally state the issues in controversy, the department's position thereon and 12 set forth the procedure for prosecuting an appeal to the Kentucky Claims Commission.
- (4) The taxpayer may request in writing a final ruling at any time after filing a timely protest
 and supporting statement. When a final ruling is requested, the department shall issue such
 ruling within thirty (30) days from the date the request is received by the department.
- 16 (5) After a final ruling has been issued, the taxpayer may appeal to the Kentucky Claims
 17 Commission pursuant to the provisions of KRS 49.220.
- 18 → Section 107. KRS 131.180 is amended to read as follows:

19 The provisions of this section shall be known as the "Uniform Civil Penalty Act." Penalties to be 20 assessed in accordance with this section shall apply as follows unless otherwise provided by law:

(1) Any taxpayer who files any return or report after the due date prescribed for filing or the
due date as extended by the department shall, unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the
department that the failure is due to reasonable cause, pay a penalty equal to two percent
(2%) of the total tax due for each thirty (30) days or fraction thereof that the report or return
is late. The total penalty levied pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed twenty percent
(20%) of the total tax due; however, the penalty shall not be less than ten dollars (\$10).

27 (2) Any taxpayer who fails to withhold or collect any tax as required by law, fails to pay the tax

1 computed due on a return or report on or before the due date prescribed for it or the due 2 date as extended by the department or, excluding underpayments determined pursuant to 3 subsections (2) and (3) of KRS 141.990, fails to have timely paid at least seventy-five 4 percent (75%) of the tax determined due by the department shall, unless it is shown to the 5 satisfaction of the department that the failure is due to reasonable cause, pay a penalty equal to two percent (2%) of the tax not withheld, collected, or timely paid for each thirty (30) 6 7 days or fraction thereof that the withholding, collection, or payment is late. The total 8 penalty levied pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the tax 9 not timely withheld, collected, or paid; however, the penalty shall not be less than ten dollars (\$10). 10

(3) Any taxpayer who fails to pay any installment of estimated tax by the time prescribed in
KRS 141.044 and 141.305 or who, pursuant to subsections (2) or (3) of KRS 141.990, is
determined to have a declaration underpayment shall, unless it is shown to the satisfaction
of the department that the failure or underpayment is due to reasonable cause, pay a penalty
equal to ten percent (10%) of the amount of the underpayment or late payment; however,
the penalty shall not be less than twenty-five dollars (\$25).

17 If any taxpayer fails or refuses to make and file a report or return or furnish any information (4) 18 requested in writing by the department, the department may make an estimate of the tax due 19 from any information in its possession, assess the tax at not more than twice the amount 20 estimated to be due, and add a penalty equal to five percent (5%) of the tax assessed for 21 each thirty (30) days or fraction thereof that the return or report is not filed. The total 22 penalty levied pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the tax 23 assessed; however, the penalty shall not be less than one hundred dollars (\$100) unless the 24 taxpayer demonstrates that the failure to file was due to reasonable cause as defined in KRS 25 131.010(9). This penalty shall be applicable whether or not any tax is determined to be due 26 on a subsequently filed return or if the subsequently filed return results in a refund.

27 (5) If any taxpayer fails or refuses to pay within $\underline{sixty(60)}$ [forty-five (45)] days of the due date

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any tax assessed by the department which is not protested in accordance with KRS 131.110, there shall be added a penalty equal to two percent (2%) of the unpaid tax for each thirty (30) days or fraction thereof that the tax is final, due, and owing, but not paid.

4 (6) Any taxpayer who fails to obtain any identification number, permit, license, or other
5 document of authority from the department within the time required by law shall, unless it
6 is shown to the satisfaction of the department that the failure is due to reasonable cause, pay
7 a penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of any cost or fee required to be paid for the
8 identification number, permit, license, or other document of authority; however, the penalty
9 shall not be less than fifty dollars (\$50).

10 (7) If any tax assessed by the department is the result of negligence by a taxpayer or other
 person, a penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the tax so assessed shall be paid by the
 taxpayer or other person who was negligent.

13 (8) If any tax assessed by the department is the result of fraud committed by the taxpayer or
14 other person, a penalty equal to fifty percent (50%) of the tax so assessed shall be paid by
15 the taxpayer or other person who committed fraud.

(9) If any check tendered to the department is not paid when presented to the drawee bank for
payment, there shall be paid as a penalty by the taxpayer who tendered the check, upon
notice and demand of the department, an amount equal to ten percent (10%) of the check.
The penalty under this section shall not be less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than one
hundred dollars (\$100). If the taxpayer who tendered the check shows to the department's
satisfaction that the failure to honor payment of the check resulted from error by parties
other than the taxpayer, the department shall waive the penalty.

(10) Any person who fails to make any tax report or return or pay any tax within the time, or in the manner required by law, for which a specific civil penalty is not provided by law, shall pay a penalty as provided in this section, with interest from the date due at the tax interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6).

27 (11) The penalties levied pursuant to subsection (5) of this section shall apply to any tax

assessment protested pursuant to KRS 131.110 to the extent that any appeal of the
 assessment or portion of it is ruled by the Kentucky Claims Commission or, if appealed
 from, the court of last resort, as not protested, appealed, or pursued in good faith by the
 taxpayer.

5 (12) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the assessment or collection of more
6 than one (1) of the penalties levied under this section or any other civil or criminal penalty
7 provided for violation of the law for which penalties are imposed.

8 (13) All penalties levied pursuant to this section shall be assessed, collected, and paid in the 9 same manner as taxes. Any corporate officer or other person who becomes liable for 10 payment of any tax assessed by the department shall likewise be liable for all penalties and 11 interest applicable thereto.

12 → Section 108. KRS 131.650 is amended to read as follows:

13 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 131.190 or any other confidentiality law to the
 14 contrary, the department may publish a list or lists of taxpayers that owe delinquent taxes or
 15 fees administered by the Department of Revenue, and that meet the requirements of KRS
 16 131.652.

17 (2) For purposes of this section, a taxpayer may be included on a list if:

- (a) The taxes or fees owed remain unpaid at least <u>sixty (60)[forty-five (45)]</u> days after the
 dates they became due and payable; and
- 20 (b) A tax lien or judgment lien has been filed of public record against the taxpayer before
 21 notice is given under KRS 131.654.
- (3) In the case of listed taxpayers that are business entities, the Department of Revenue may
 also list the names of responsible persons assessed pursuant to KRS 136.565, 138.885,
 139.185, 141.340, and 142.357 for listed liabilities, who are not protected from publication
 by subsection (2) of this section, and for whom the requirements of KRS 131.652 are
 satisfied with regard to the personal assessment.
- 27 (4) Before any list is published under this section, the department shall document that each of

the conditions for publication as provided in this section has been satisfied, and that
 procedures were followed to ensure the accuracy of the list and notice was given to the
 affected taxpayers.

4 \rightarrow Section 109. KRS 132.485 is amended to read as follows:

- 5 (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, the registration of a
 6 motor vehicle with a county clerk in order to operate it or permit it to be operated
 7 upon the highways of the state shall be deemed consent by the registrant for the motor
 8 vehicle to be assessed by the property valuation administrator from a standard manual
 9 prescribed by the department for valuing motor vehicles for assessment unless:
- 101.The registrant appears before the property valuation administrator to assess the11vehicle; or
- The motor vehicle is twenty (20) years old or older, in which case paragraph (b)
 of this subsection applies regarding its valuation.
- 14 The standard value of motor vehicles shall be the average trade-in value prescribed by 15 the valuation manual unless information is available that warrants any deviation from 16 the standard value.
- 17 (b) In the case of motor vehicles that are twenty (20) years old or older:
- 181. It shall not be presumed that a vehicle has been maintained in, or restored to, the19original factory or otherwise classic condition or that its value has increased20over the previous year;
- 2. In assessing motor vehicles under this paragraph and calculating the taxes due
 thereon, through the AVIS or otherwise, if the registrant does not appear before
 the property valuation administrator to assess the vehicle, the standard value
 shall be as follows:
- a. The actual valuation of the vehicle as was assessed in the vehicle's
 nineteenth year, if the vehicle was assessed for taxation in the
 Commonwealth in that year; or

- 1 b. The average trade-in value prescribed by the applicable edition of the 2 valuation manual for the vehicle in its nineteenth year, if the vehicle was 3 not assessed for taxation in the Commonwealth in that year; 4 reduced by ten percent (10%) annually for each year beyond nineteen (19) years; 5 and 6 3. In the case of any motor vehicle for which the assessment procedure provided in 7 subparagraph 2.b. of this paragraph would apply but cannot be carried out 8 because the applicable edition of the valuation manual is unavailable, the 9 property valuation administrator shall conduct an assessment of the vehicle to 10 determine the value thereof for the given taxable year. The assessment under 11 this subparagraph may be done in person if the vehicle's owner presents the 12 vehicle at the property valuation administrator's office, or the assessment may 13 be done through a review of photographs and other documentary evidence. In 14 subsequent years, that valuation shall be reduced by ten percent (10%) annually. 15 The registration of a recreational vehicle with the county clerk in order to operate it or (2)16 permit it to be operated upon the highways shall be deemed consent by the registrant 17 thereof for the recreational vehicle to be assessed by the property valuation administrator at 18 a valuation determined from a standard manual prescribed by the department for valuing 19 recreational vehicles for assessment unless the registrant appears in person before the
- 20 property valuation administrator to assess the vehicle.

(3) The registration of a motor vehicle on or before the date that the registration of the vehicle
is required is prima facie evidence of ownership on January 1.

(4) When a motor vehicle is purchased in one (1) year, but registration takes place after
January 1 of the following year through no fault of the owner, the department shall assess
the motor vehicle and shall send notice of the assessment to the January 1 owner in
accordance with KRS 186A.035. If the month of registration has passed for the current
year, the assessment shall be due and payable if not protested to the department within *sixty*

1 2 (60)[forty-five (45)] days from the date of the notice. Payments made after the due date shall carry the normal penalty and interest for motor vehicles.

3 (5) This section does not apply to motor vehicles or recreational vehicles owned and operated
4 by public service companies, common carriers, or agencies of the state and federal
5 governments.

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→Section 110. KRS 136.180 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The Department of Revenue shall, immediately after fixing the assessed value of the
operating property and other property of a public service corporation for taxation, notify the
corporation of the valuation and the amount of assessment for state and local purposes.
When the valuation has been finally determined, the department shall immediately certify,
unless otherwise specified, to the county clerk of each county in which any of the operating
property or nonoperating tangible property assessment of the corporation is liable to local
taxation, the amount of property liable for county, city, or district tax.

14 (2) No appeal shall delay the collection or payment of taxes based upon the assessment in
15 controversy. The taxpayer shall pay all state, county, and district taxes due on the valuation
16 which the taxpayer claims as the true value as stated in the protest filed under KRS
17 131.110. When the valuation is finally determined upon appeal, the taxpayer shall be billed
18 for any additional tax and interest at the tax interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6),
19 from the date the tax would have become due if no appeal had been taken. The provisions
20 of KRS 134.015(6) shall apply to the tax bill.

(3) The Department of Revenue shall compute annually a multiplier for use in establishing the local tax rate for the operating property of railroads or railway companies that operate solely within the Commonwealth. The applicable local tax rates on the operating property shall be adjusted by the multiplier. The multiplier shall be calculated by dividing the statewide locally taxable business tangible personal property by the total statewide business tangible personal property.

27 (4) The Department of Revenue shall annually calculate an aggregate local rate for each local

1 taxing district to be used in determining local taxes to be collected for railroad carlines. The 2 rate shall be the statewide tangible tax rate for each type of local taxing district multiplied 3 by a fraction, the numerator of which is the commercial and industrial tangible property 4 assessment subject to full local rates and the denominator of which is the total commercial 5 and industrial tangible personal property assessment. Effective January 1, 1994, state and local taxes on railroad carline property shall become due <u>sixty (60)[forty five (45)]</u> days 6 7 from the date of notice and shall be collected directly by the Department of Revenue. The 8 local taxes collected by the Department of Revenue shall be distributed to each local taxing 9 district levying a tax on railroad carlines based on the statewide average rate for each type 10 of local taxing district. However, prior to distribution any fees owed to the Department of 11 Revenue by any local taxing district under the provisions of subsection (5) of this section 12 shall be deducted.

13 (5) The certification of valuation shall be filed by each county clerk in his office, and shall be 14 certified by the county clerk to the proper collecting officer of the county, city, or taxing 15 district for collection. Any district which has the value certified by the department shall pay 16 an annual fee to the department which represents an allocation of department operating and 17 overhead expenses incurred in generating the valuations. This fee shall be determined by 18 the department and shall apply to valuations for tax periods beginning on or after December 19 31, 1981.

20 → Section 111. KRS 136.1804 is amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall notify the corporation of the assessed value of its watercraft each
year, as soon as possible after rates set by local authorities are provided to the department.
The corporation shall have *sixty (60)*[forty-five (45)] days from the date of the department's
notice of assessment to protest as provided by KRS 131.110.

(2) No appeal shall delay the collection or payment of taxes based upon the assessment in
 controversy. The corporation shall pay to the department all state and local taxing district
 taxes due on the undisputed value of its watercraft as stated in the protest filed under KRS

1		131.110. When the valuation is finally determined upon appeal, the corporation shall be
2		billed for any additional tax and interest at the tax interest rate as defined in KRS
3		131.010(6) from the date the tax would have become due if the assessment had not been
4		appealed. The provisions of KRS 134.015(6) shall apply to the tax bill.
5	(3)	The state and local taxing district taxes on the watercraft are due sixty (60)[forty-five (45)]
6		days from the date of notice of assessment. The tangible property taxes on watercraft shall
7		be collected in accordance with the provisions of KRS Chapter 134.
8	(4)	The state rate of taxation on watercraft shall be forty-five cents (\$0.45) upon each one
9		hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed value of the watercraft.
10	(5)	The department shall annually calculate an aggregate local rate, which shall be imposed
11		upon each one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed value of the watercraft.
12		(a) The aggregate local rate shall be the sum of each local personal property tax rate for
13		each local taxing district multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the
14		length of the navigable waterways in the local taxing district and the denominator of
15		which shall be the total of the length of all navigable waterways in this state. Both the
16		numerator and the denominator shall be adjusted, if necessary, by paragraph (b) of
17		this subsection.
18		(b) For purposes of computing the local property tax rate in paragraph (a) of this section,
19		the length of the navigable waterways of the Green River shall be reduced by fifty
20		percent (50%) and the length of the navigable waterways of the Kentucky River shall
21		be reduced by seventy-five percent (75%).
22	(6)	The watercraft taxes collected for local taxing districts by the department shall be
23		distributed to each local taxing district based upon the local taxing district's fractional
24		portion of the amount calculated in subsection (5) of this section.
25	(7)	Prior to distribution of taxes to local taxing districts, the department shall retain an

administrative fee of one percent (1%) of the amount due each district. The fee imposed by
this subsection shall have no effect upon the discount provided to taxpayers pursuant to

1		KRS 134.015.
2		→Section 112. KRS 136.1877 is amended to read as follows:
3	The	provisions of this section shall apply to assessments made prior to January 1, 2007.
4	(1)	The Department of Revenue shall immediately, after fixing the assessed value of the trucks,
5		tractors, trailers, semitrailers, and buses, notify the taxpayer of the valuation determined.
6		Any taxpayer who has been assessed by the department in the manner outlined in KRS
7		136.1873 shall have <u>sixty (60)</u> [forty-five (45)] days from the date of the department's notice
8		of the tentative assessment to protest as provided by KRS 131.110.
9	(2)	No appeal shall delay the collection or payment of taxes based upon the assessment in
10		controversy. The taxpayer shall pay all state, county, and district taxes due on the valuation
11		which the taxpayer claims as the true value as stated in the protest filed under KRS
12		131.110. When the valuation is finally determined upon appeal, the taxpayer shall be billed
13		for any additional tax and interest at the tax interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6),
14		from the date the tax would have become due if no appeal had been taken. The provisions
15		of KRS 134.015(6) shall apply to the tax bill.
16	(3)	The state and local taxes on the property are due $\underline{sixty (60)}$ [forty-five (45)] days from the
17		date of notice and shall be collected directly by the Department of Revenue.
18	(4)	The Department of Revenue shall annually calculate an aggregate local rate to be used in
19		determining the local taxes to be collected. The rate shall be the statewide average motor
20		vehicle tax rate for each type of local taxing district multiplied by a fraction, the numerator
21		of which is the commercial and industrial tangible personal property assessment subject to
22		full local rates and the denominator of which is the total commercial and industrial tangible
23		personal property assessment.
24	(5)	The local taxes collected by the Department of Revenue shall be distributed to each local
25		taxing district levying a tax on motor vehicles based on the statewide average rate for each

(5) The local taxes collected by the Department of Revenue shall be distributed to each local
 taxing district levying a tax on motor vehicles based on the statewide average rate for each
 type of local taxing district. However, prior to distribution any fees owed to the Department
 of Revenue by any local taxing district under the provisions of KRS 136.180(5) shall be

1 deducted.

2 → Section 113. KRS 136.188 is amended to read as follows:

3 (1)Notwithstanding KRS 132.487, any truck, tractor, or bus which is operated on a route or as 4 part of a system that is partly within and partly outside Kentucky shall be subject to an 5 annual fee at the time the vehicle is registered with and the registration fee is paid to the Transportation Cabinet pursuant to KRS 186.020 and 186.050(3) and (13). The fee shall be 6 7 imposed on the vehicle's owner or the owner's legal designee as of January 1 of each year. 8 Such payment shall be made to the Transportation Cabinet either directly, in the case of a 9 vehicle based in Kentucky, or indirectly, through the International Registration Plan, in the 10 case of a vehicle based outside of Kentucky.

11 (2)The fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section replaces the state and local ad valorem 12 property tax the Department of Revenue previously imposed and centrally collected against 13 trucks, tractors, and buses operated on a route or as part of a system that is partly within and 14 partly outside Kentucky. The fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall not be 15 construed as a fee imposed upon the registration, operation, or use of the vehicles on public 16 highways. The Department of Revenue shall use the following method for determining the 17 rate for fixing the assessed value of the property and for determining the annual fee 18 amount:

(a) The Department of Revenue shall determine the assessed value on an annual basis by
multiplying the purchase price of the truck, tractor, or bus by a depreciation value
expressed as a percentage of the original cost from an authoritative source that the
Department of Revenue prescribes by promulgation of an administrative regulation;

- (b) The Department of Revenue shall determine an aggregate state and local rate on an
 annual basis. The state rate shall be the weighted average commercial and industrial
 tangible personal property tax rate, and the local rate shall be determined using the
 method set forth in KRS 136.180(3) and (4);
- 27 (c) The Department of Revenue shall determine the amount subject to the annual fee by

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1 2 multiplying the total assessed value of all vehicles by an apportionment factor. The apportionment factor shall be determined as provided in KRS 186.050(13)(a); and

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(d) The annual fee shall be determined by multiplying the amount subject to the annual fee by the rate determined in paragraph (b) of this subsection.

The Department of Revenue shall provide the Transportation Cabinet with the information
needed to collect the fee.

7 (3) The Transportation Cabinet shall forward the money it collects from the fee imposed by
8 subsection (1) of this section to the Department of Revenue on a monthly basis. The
9 Department of Revenue shall divide and distribute the money among the state, counties,
10 cities, urban-counties, charter counties, consolidated local governments, school districts,
11 and special taxing districts in the same manner as the Department of Revenue divided and
12 distributed the state and local ad valorem property tax previously imposed and centrally
13 collected.

(4) Pick-up and delivery vehicles operating from a terminal within this state and vehicles that do not leave the state in the normal course of business shall not be required to pay the fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section, but shall instead be subject to the ad valorem tax under KRS 132.487.

(5) Any person paying the fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall have <u>sixty</u>
(60)[forty-five (45)] days from the date the person is notified of the fee amount to protest.
The protest shall be filed with the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Department of Revenue, in
accordance with the provisions of KRS 131.110. Notification by any state's or Canadian
province's or territory's registration authority of the amount due shall satisfy the notification
requirement of KRS 131.110(1).

(6) No protest or appeal shall delay the collection or payment of the fee imposed by subsection
(1) of this section. The fee amount due as determined in subsection (2) of this section shall
be paid at the time of registration. If the fee is not paid, the Commonwealth of Kentucky,
Transportation Cabinet, shall not register the vehicle for which registration is sought.

- Persons registering vehicles in other states or Canada shall be subject to requirements of
 those registration authorities.
- 3 → Section 114. KRS 141.210 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) As used in this section and KRS 141.235, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Conclusion of the federal audit" means the date that the adjustments made by the
 Internal Revenue Service to net income as reported on the taxpayer's federal income
 tax return become final and unappealable; and
- 8 (b) "Final determination of the federal audit" means the revenue agent's report or other
 9 documents reflecting the final and unappealable adjustments made by the Internal
 10 Revenue Service.

(2) As soon as practicable after each return is received, the department shall examine and audit it. If the amount of tax computed by the department is greater than the amount returned by the taxpayer, the additional tax shall be assessed and a notice of assessment mailed to the taxpayer by the department within four (4) years from the date the return was filed, except as otherwise provided in this subsection.

16 (a) In the case of a failure to file a return or of a fraudulent return the additional tax may 17 be assessed at any time.

- (b) In the case of a return where a taxpayer other than a corporation understates his net
 income or omits an amount properly includable in net income or both which
 understatement or omission or both is in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of the
 amount of net income stated in the return the additional tax may be assessed at any
 time within six (6) years after the return was filed.
- (c) In the case of a return where a corporation understates its taxable net income or omits
 an amount properly includable in taxable net income or both, which understatement
 or omission or both is in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of
 taxable net income stated in the return, the additional tax may be assessed at any time
 within six (6) years after the return was filed.

- 1 (d) In the case of an assessment of additional tax relating directly to adjustments resulting 2 from a final determination of a federal audit, the additional tax may be assessed 3 before the expiration of the times provided in this subsection, or six months from the 4 date the department receives the final determination of the federal audit from the 5 taxpayer, whichever is later.
- 6 (e) In the case of the assessment of additional tax resulting from a decrease of a net 7 operating loss deduction or a capital loss deduction, resulting from the carryback of a 8 loss which occurs in a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1993, the additional 9 tax may be assessed at any time before the expiration of the times provided for in this 10 subsection for assessing additional tax for the taxable year which resulted in the net 11 operating loss or capital loss carryback.
- 12 The times provided in this subsection may be extended by agreement between the taxpayer 13 and the department. For the purposes of this subsection, a return filed before the last day 14 prescribed by law for filing the return shall be considered as filed on the last day. For 15 taxable years beginning after December 31, 1993, any extension granted for filing the 16 return shall also be considered as extending the last day prescribed by law for filing the 17 return.

18 (3) If any additional tax is assessed on account of any income which has been returned for
19 taxation by any other taxpayer, the department, with the consent of the other taxpayer, his
20 personal representatives, or heirs, shall reduce the amount of the additional tax assessed for
21 each year by the amount of the income tax paid for that year by the other taxpayer on
22 account of the income in question.

23 (4) Every taxpayer shall:

- (a) Notify the department in writing of every audit of the taxpayer's federal income tax
 return within thirty (30) days after the taxpayer has or should have had knowledge of
 the beginning of the audit by the Internal Revenue Service, and
- 27 (b) Submit a copy of the final determination of the federal audit within <u>*ninety* (90)</u>[thirty

1		(30)] days of the conclusion of the federal audit.
2		→SECTION 115. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 141 IS CREATED TO READ
3	AS	FOLLOWS:
4	<u>(1)</u>	There shall be allowed a nonrefundable and nontransferable credit against the tax
5		imposed by Sections 57 or 58 and 77 of this Act, with the ordering of the credits as
6		provided in Section 105 of this Act, for any taxpayer that, on or after January 1, 2018,
7		pays an ad valorem tax to the Commonwealth or any political subdivision thereof for
8		property described in KRS 132.020(1)(n) or 132.099.
9	<u>(2)</u>	The credit allowed under subsection (1) of this section shall be in an amount equal to:
10		(a) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the ad valorem taxes paid for taxable years beginning
11		on or after January 1, 2018, and before January 1, 2019;
12		(b) Fifty percent (50%) of the ad valorem taxes paid for taxable years beginning on or
13		after January 1, 2019, and before January 1, 2020;
14		(c) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the ad valorem taxes paid for taxable years beginning
15		on or after January 1, 2020, and before January 1, 2021; and
16		(d) One hundred percent (100%) of the ad valorem taxes paid, for taxable years
17		<u>beginning on or after January 1, 2021.</u>
18	<u>(3)</u>	If the taxpayer is a pass-through entity, the taxpayer may apply the credit against the
19		limited liability entity tax imposed by KRS 141.0401, and shall pass the credit through to
20		its members, partners, or shareholders in the same proportion as the distributive share of
21		income or loss is passed through.
22	<u>(4)</u>	No later than October 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, the department shall report to
23		the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue:
24		(a) The name of each taxpayer taking the credit permitted by subsection (1) of this
25		section;
26		(b) The location of the property upon which the credit was allowed; and
27		(c) The amount of credit taken by that taxpayer.

Section 116. Kentucky Agricultural Finance Corporation: Notwithstanding KRS
 247.978(2), the total amount of principal which a qualified applicant may owe the Kentucky
 Agricultural Finance Corporation at any one time shall not exceed \$5,000,000.

Administrative Fee on Infrastructure for Economic Development
Fund Projects: A one-half of one percent administrative fee is authorized to be paid to the
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority for the administration of each project funded by the
Infrastructure for Economic Development Fund for Coal-Producing Counties and the
Infrastructure for Economic Development Fund for Tobacco Counties. These administrative fees
shall be paid, upon inception of the project, out of the fund from which the project was allocated.

Section 118. Child Victim's Trust Fund License Plate Statutory Suspension:
 Notwithstanding KRS 186.162(2)(v), any revenue received from the sale or renewal of Child
 Victims' Trust Fund license plates in excess of actual costs incurred by the Transportation
 Cabinet related to the distribution of those plates shall be transferred to the Child Victims' Trust
 Fund on an annual basis.

15 Section 119. Settlement Funds: Notwithstanding KRS 48.005(4), any funds or assets 16 recovered by the Attorney General in connection with a lawsuit in which he or she is a party or 17 has entered his or her appearance on behalf of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, including ex rel. 18 or other types of actions, shall be paid directly to the Commonwealth and deposited in a distinct 19 trust and agency account for each settlement. The Office of Attorney General may recover 20 reasonable costs of litigation as determined by the court and approved by the Secretary of the 21 Finance and Administration Cabinet. The amount of settlement funds used to recover costs of 22 litigation for each settlement shall be reported to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations 23 and Revenue. After recovering reasonable costs of litigation, any required consumer restitution or 24 payments shall be made. No other funds or assets shall be disbursed from the trust and agency 25 accounts unless appropriated by the General Assembly. Any disbursements from settlement 26 funds placed within a trust and agency account shall be reported monthly to the Interim Joint 27 Committee on Appropriations and Revenue.

1 Charges for Federal, State, and Local Audits and Reviews: Any \rightarrow Section 120. 2 additional expenses incurred by the Auditor of Public Accounts for required audits or reviews of 3 Federal Funds shall be charged to the government or agency that is the subject of the audit or 4 review. The Auditor of Public Accounts receives General Fund appropriations for audits of the 5 statewide systems of personnel and payroll, cash and investments, revenue collection, and the state accounting system. Any expenses incurred by the Auditor of Public Accounts for any other 6 7 audits or reviews shall be charged to the agency that is the subject of such audit or review. The 8 Auditor of Public Accounts shall maintain a record of all time and expenses for each audit, 9 review, or investigation.

Notwithstanding KRS 43.070(3), a county audited under KRS 43.070(1)(a)1. shall bear
seventy-five percent (75%) of the actual expense of the audit. A county audited under KRS 43.070(1)(a)2. or (2)(a) shall bear the total actual expense of the audit. No county shall be
required to bear the expense for more than one (1) audit of the same fund or office annually
pursuant to KRS 43.070(1)(a)1. or 2., except as provided in KRS 64.810(4).

Section 121. Personnel Board Operating Assessment: Each agency of the Executive Branch with employees covered by KRS Chapter 18A shall be assessed each fiscal year the amount required for the operation of the Personnel Board. The agency assessment shall be determined by the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet based on the authorized full-time positions of each agency on July 1 of each year of the biennium. The Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall collect the assessment.

Section 122. Water Withdrawal Fees: The water withdrawal fees imposed by the
Kentucky River Authority shall not be subject to state and local taxes. Notwithstanding KRS
151.710(10), Tier I water withdrawal fees shall be used to support the operations of the Authority
and for contractual services for water supply and quality studies.

25 → Section 123. Urgent Needs School Assistance: If a school district receives an
26 allotment for an Urgent Needs School authorized in 2014 Ky. Acts ch. 117, Part I, A., 28., (5),
27 2014 Ky. Acts ch. 117, Part I, C., 1., (19)(b), and 2016 Ky. Acts ch. 149, part I, A., 28., (4) and

(5) and subsequently, as a result of litigation or insurance, receives funds for the original facility, the school district shall reimburse the Commonwealth an amount equal to that received for such purposes. If the litigation or insurance receipts are less than the amount received, the district shall reimburse the Commonwealth an amount equal to that received as a result of litigation or insurance less the district's costs and legal fees in securing the judgment or payment. Any funds received in this manner shall be deposited in the Budget Reserve Trust Fund Account (KRS 48.705).

8 \blacksquare Section 124. Real Property Disposal: There is hereby established within the 9 Education and Workforce Development Cabinet the Office of Employment Training Building 10 Proceeds Fund for the support of workforce operations. Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, any fund 11 balance at the close of fiscal year 2018-2019 shall not lapse but shall be carried forward to the 12 next fiscal year. Pursuant to KRS 45.229, any fund balance at the close of fiscal year 2019-2020 13 shall lapse to the surplus account of the General Fund. Notwithstanding KRS 45.777, up to 14 \$3,000,000 of proceeds from the disposal under KRS 45A.045 of any state-owned real property 15 operated by the Office of Employment and Training shall be deposited in the Office of 16 Employment Training Building Proceeds Fund.

Section 125. Office of Procurement Services Administrative Costs: Notwithstanding
KRS 47.010(1), any revenue derived from the establishment of statewide contracts by the Office
of Material and Procurement Services shall be credited to a trust and agency account and shall be
used to administer the program.

Section 126. Insurance Surcharge Rate: Pursuant to KRS 136.392, the insurance surcharge rate shall be calculated at a rate to provide sufficient funds in the 2018-2020 fiscal biennium for the Firefighters Foundation Program Fund and the Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund. The calculation of sufficient funds for those programs shall include any Restricted Funds carried forward from fiscal years 2017-2018 and 2018-2019 as provided by the General Assembly.

27

Section 127. Medicaid Copayments: Notwithstanding KRS 205.6312, the Department

for Medicaid Services may impose copayments for services rendered to Medicaid recipients, not
 to exceed the amounts permitted by federal law or waivers.

→Section 128. Medicaid and KCHIP Premiums and Cost-Sharing: Notwithstanding
 KRS 205.6312 and 205.6485(1)(c), the Department for Medicaid Services may utilize premiums
 and cost-sharing for services rendered to Medicaid and KCHIP recipients not to exceed amounts
 permitted by federal law or waivers. KCHIP premiums are suspended for the 2018-2020
 biennium.

Section 129. Assessment on Insurers: Notwithstanding KRS 304.17B-021 or any other provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes to the contrary, for participating insurers who offer Qualified Health Plans, as defined in 42 U.S.C. sec. 18021, being sold on the Federal Exchange in the individual market segment, the assessment in KRS 304.17B-021(1)(a) 2. to 4. may be waived or assessed at any rate between zero and one percent for the 2019 or 2020 Plan Year on any health benefit plan premium written by that insurer in the individual market segment.

Section 130. Pro Rata Assessment: The Personnel Cabinet shall collect a pro rata
 assessment from all state agencies, in all three branches of government, and other organizations
 that are supported by the System. Those collections shall be deposited and retained in a
 Restricted Funds account within the Personnel Cabinet.

19 → Section 131. Service Capacity Upgrade Fund: Notwithstanding KRS 341.243(4) and 20 (7), beginning July 1, 2018, seventy-five thousandths of one percent shall be withheld from each 21 rate established under KRS 341.270 and 341.272, only if the Unemployment Insurance Trust 22 Fund balance exceeds the balance of the trust fund as of December 31, 2017, and shall be 23 deposited in the Service Capacity Upgrade Fund and used solely in accordance with KRS 24 341.243(2) and as provided by the General Assembly. The Secretary of the Education and 25 Workforce Development Cabinet may exercise his or her discretion to reduce the percentage rate 26 established in this subsection or suspend required payments to the Service Capacity Upgrade 27 Fund at any time.

Section 132. Premium and Retaliatory Taxes: Notwithstanding KRS 304.17B 021(4)(d), premium taxes collected under KRS Chapter 136 from any insurer and retaliatory
 taxes collected under KRS 304.3-270 from any insurer shall be credited to the General Fund.

Section 133. Monthly Per Employee Health Insurance Benefits Assessment: The
Personnel Cabinet shall collect a benefits assessment per month per employee eligible for health
insurance coverage in the state group for duly authorized use by the Personnel Cabinet in
administering its statutory and administrative responsibilities, including but not limited to
administration of the Commonwealth's health insurance program.

9 →Section 134. Surplus Property: Notwithstanding KRS 45.777, any funds received by 10 the Commonwealth from the disposal of any surplus property at the Kentucky School for the 11 Blind, the Kentucky School for the Deaf, and the FFA Leadership Training Center shall be 12 deposited in a separate restricted account for each facility and shall not be expended without 13 appropriation authority granted by the General Assembly.

14 → Section 135. Publishing Requirements: Notwithstanding KRS 83A.060, 91A.040, 15 and Chapter 424, a county containing a population of more than 90,000 or any city within a 16 county containing a population of more than 90,000, as determined by the 2010 United States 17 Census, may publish enacted ordinances, audits, and bid solicitations by posting the full 18 ordinances, the full audit report including the auditor's opinion letter, or the bid solicitations on 19 an Internet Web site maintained by the county or city government for a period of at least one 20 year. If a county or city publishes ordinances, audits, or bid solicitations on an Internet Web site, 21 the county or city shall also publish an advertisement, in a newspaper qualified in accordance 22 with KRS 424.120, with a description of the ordinances, audits, or bid solicitations published on 23 the Internet Web site, including the Uniform Resource Locator (URL) where the documents can 24 be viewed.

25 → Section 136. (1) Notwithstanding KRS 68.197 or any other statute to the contrary, the
26 provisions of this section shall apply to the levy of license fees by a county that levied a license
27 fee that was in effect on the effective date of this Act, and a city within that county that has levied

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but not collected a license fee as of the effective date of this Act.

2 (2) From July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, the credit established by KRS 68.197(7)
3 shall only apply to the first one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) of the tax rate imposed by the county
4 within the corporate limits of the city.

5 (3) From July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, the credit established by KRS 68.197(7) 6 shall only apply to the first two-tenths of one percent (0.2%) of the tax rate imposed by the 7 county within the corporate limits of the city.

8 (4) Any city and county subject to this section may enter into an interlocal agreement to 9 establish a revenue-sharing arrangement that differs from the requirements of this section.

Section 137. Notwithstanding KRS 68.197 or any other statute to the contrary, the
provisions of this section shall apply as follows from the effective date of this Act through June
30, 2018:

(1) Any set-off or credit of city license fees against county license fees that exists
between a city and county as of the effective date of this Act, shall remain in effect as it is on the
effective date of this Act;

16 (2) The provisions of subsection (7) of KRS 68.197 shall not apply to a city and county 17 unless both the city and the county have levied and are collecting license fees on the effective 18 date of this Act;

(3) Any agreement between a city and county related to the sharing of revenues from a
license fee that is in effect on the effective date of this Act shall remain in effect, regardless of
whether the agreement, by its terms, was set to expire prior to June 30, 2018; and

(4) Any city and county subject to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of this section
may enter into an interlocal agreement to establish a revenue-sharing arrangement that differs
from the requirements of this section.

25 → Section 138. Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 68.197, KRS 68.199, or any other
26 statute to the contrary, any county that:

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(1) Enacted an occupational license fee under the authority of KRS 67.083 at a rate of

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greater than one percent (1%) prior to reaching a population of 30,000; and

2 (2) Has an agreement with the largest city in the county to share revenues from the
3 occupational license fee levied by the county;

4 may increase the occupational license fee rate above the rate that was imposed at the time 5 the population of the county grew to beyond 30,000 if the county and the largest city within the 6 county enter into an agreement approving the rate increase, and providing an agreed distribution 7 of revenues from the levy to the city and the county. Other cities within the county may also be 8 parties to the agreement if agreed to by all the parties.

9 → Section 139. Severability of Provisions: If any section, any subsection, or any
 10 provision of this Act is found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final, unappealable order
 11 to be invalid or unconstitutional, the decision of the court shall not affect or impair any of the
 12 remaining sections, subsections, or provisions.

13 \rightarrow Section 140. The following KRS sections are repealed:

14 136.070 Corporation license tax -- Exemptions -- Apportionment -- Credit.

15 136.0701 Corporation license tax -- Removal after December 31, 2005.

16 136.0704 License tax credit for economic revitalization projects -- Computation -- Cap.

17 136.071 Corporation license tax -- Apportionment of capital when corporation holds stock in
18 other corporations.

19 141.0202 Deduction of leasehold interest of property contributed as living quarters for homeless
 20 persons.

141.0405 Coal incentive tax credit for electric power generation and alternative fuel or
 gasification facilities -- Procedure for claiming credit -- Priority of application.

23 141.0406 Time frame for claiming coal incentive tax credit allowed under KRS 141.0405.

24 141.388 Nonrefundable tax credit for new home purchases.

25 141.392 Tax credit for donated edible agricultural products.

26 141.402 Taxing provisions governing approved companies under Subchapter 25 of KRS
27 Chapter 154.

1	141.420 Ta	xable income of individuals from pass through entities Allowable credits from
2	pass th	rough entities Determining basis in ownership interest.
3	141.421 Ta	ax incentives for alternative fuel, gasification, and renewable energy facilities.
4	154.25-010	Definitions for subchapter.
5	154.25-020	Criteria for approval of eligible companies and job retention projects Preliminary
6	approv	zal.
7	154.25-030	Jobs retention project agreement Requirements, limitations, and permitted
8	induce	ments.
9	154.25-040	Wage assessment Tax credits for employees Department of Revenue to make
10	annual	report to authority.
11	154.25-050	Supplemental projects Application for and approval of Project's activation date
12	Indu	cements, when authorized.
13	154.27-010	Definitions for subchapter.
14	154.27-020	Short title Legislative findings Purpose of subchapter Incentives.
15	154.27-030	Application for incentives Review Approval Approval of projects involving
16	new, re	etrofitted, or upgraded alternative fuel facilities.
17	154.27-040	Tax incentive agreement Required provisions.
18	154.27-050	Release of sales tax incentives under tax incentive agreement Monitoring,
19	trackin	g, and reporting requirements.
20	154.27-060	Severance tax incentives.
21	154.27-070	Sales and use tax incentives.
22	154.27-080	Income and limited liability entity tax incentives Assessment on employees'
23	wages	
24	154.27-090	Advance disbursement of incentives Computation of maximum disbursement
25	amoun	t Schedule for disbursement Repayment.
26	154.27-100	Construction of carbon dioxide transmission pipeline Proceedings for
27	conder	nnation under Eminent Domain Act Legislative determination of essential public

1	use.
2	154.48-010 Definitions for KRS 154.48-010 to 154.48-035.
3	154.48-015 Findings of General Assembly regarding provisions of KRS 154.48-010 to 154.48-
4	035.
5	154.48-020 Administrative regulations establishing standards for preliminary approval of
6	eligible companies and projects Review by authority and final approval of companies and
7	projects Authority's meetings to be governed by provisions of Open Meetings Act.
8	154.48-025 Environmental stewardship agreements Final approval of application Tax
9	credits Sum of total inducements Limitation on use of recycling credit Consent of
10	authority required for transfer of agreement.
11	154.48-030 Department to make annual report on income tax credits and returns to authority.
12	154.48-035 Short title for KRS 154.48-010 to 154.48-035 Kentucky Environmental
13	Stewardship Act.
14	→Section 141. Section 27 applies to the sale of cigarettes and electronic cigarettes on or
15	after July 1, 2018.
16	Section 142. Section 28 applies to the inventory taken on June 30, 2018.
17	Section 143. Sections 36 to 51 apply to transactions occurring on or after July 1, 2018.
18	→Section 144. Sections 53 to 58, 60 to 62, and 115 apply to taxable years beginning on
19	or after January 1, 2018.
20	→Section 145. Sections 116 to 128 and 130 to 138 of this Act apply to the fiscal year
21	beginning July 1, 2018, and ending June 30, 2019, and the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2019, and
22	ending June 30, 2020, and shall expire at the end of June 30, 2020.
23	Section 146. Section 129 of this Act applies to the plan year beginning January 1, 2019,
24	and ending December 31, 2019, and the plan year beginning January 1, 2020, and ending
25	December 31, 2020, and shall expire at the end of December 31, 2020.
26	→Section 147. Whereas this Act applies to the balancing of the Executive Branch
27	Budget, an emergency is declared to exist, and this Act takes effect upon its passage and approval

- 1 by the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming a law."; and
- 2 Amend the title to read as follows: "AN ACT related to fiscal matters and declaring an
- 3 emergency.".
- 4

Senate Members	House Members
Chris Mcdaniel	Steven Rudy
David P. Givens	David Osbourne
Damon Thayer	David Meade
Robert Stivers	Kevin Bratcher
Jimmy Higdon	John Carney
Mike Wilson	Johnathan Shell
Dan Seum	Sal Santoro
_	
The above-named members, in separate vo report.	otes by house, all concur in the provisions
	DATE4/2/18
For Clerk's Use: Adopted:	
Repassage Vote:	