

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE ENROLLED ACT No. 1001

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state offices and administration and to make an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2017]

(a) The following definitions apply throughout this act:

- (1) "Augmentation allowed" means the governor and the budget agency are authorized to add to an appropriation in this act from revenues accruing to the fund from which the appropriation was made.
- (2) "Biennium" means the period beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019. Appropriations appearing in the biennial column for construction or other permanent improvements do not revert under IC 4-13-2-19 and may be allotted.
- (3) "Deficiency appropriation" or "special claim" means an appropriation available during the 2016-2017 fiscal year.
- (4) "Equipment" includes machinery, implements, tools, furniture, furnishings, vehicles, and other articles that have a calculable period of service that exceeds twelve (12) calendar months.
- (5) "Fee replacement" includes payments to universities to be used to pay indebtedness resulting from financing the cost of planning, purchasing, rehabilitation, construction, repair, leasing, lease-purchasing, or otherwise acquiring land, buildings, facilities, and equipment to be used for academic and instructional purposes.
- (6) "Federally qualified health center" means a community health center that is designated by the Health Resources Services Administration, Bureau of Primary Health Care, as a Federally Qualified Health Center Look Alike under the FED 330 Consolidated Health Center Program authorization, including Community Health Center (330e), Migrant



Health Center (330g), Health Care for the Homeless (330h), Public Housing Primary Care (330i), and School Based Health Centers (330).

(7) "Other operating expense" includes payments for "services other than personal", "services by contract", "supplies, materials, and parts", "grants, subsidies, refunds, and awards", "in-state travel", "out-of-state travel", and "equipment".

(8) "Pension fund contributions" means the state of Indiana's contributions to a specific retirement fund.

(9) "Personal services" includes payments for salaries and wages to officers and employees of the state (either regular or temporary), payments for compensation awards, and the employer's share of Social Security, health insurance, life insurance, dental insurance, vision insurance, deferred compensation - state match, leave conversion, disability, and retirement fund contributions.

(10) "SSBG" means the Social Services Block Grant. This was formerly referred to as "Title XX".

(11) "State agency" means:

(A) each office, officer, board, commission, department, division, bureau, committee, fund, agency, authority, council, or other instrumentality of the state;

(B) each hospital, penal institution, and other institutional enterprise of the state;

(C) the judicial department of the state; and

(D) the legislative department of the state.

However, this term does not include cities, towns, townships, school cities, school townships, school districts, other municipal corporations or political subdivisions of the state, or universities and colleges supported in whole or in part by state funds.

(12) "State funded community health center" means a public or private not for profit (501(c)(3)) organization that provides comprehensive primary health care services to all age groups.

(13) "Total operating expense" includes payments for both "personal services" and "other operating expense".

(b) The state board of finance may authorize advances to boards or persons having control of the funds of any institution or department of the state of a sum of money out of any appropriation available at such time for the purpose of establishing working capital to provide for payment of expenses in the case of emergency when immediate payment is necessary or expedient. Advance payments shall be made by warrant by the auditor of state, and properly itemized and receipted bills or invoices shall be filed by the board or persons receiving the advance payments.

(c) All money appropriated by this act shall be considered either a direct appropriation or an appropriation from a rotary or revolving fund.

(1) Direct appropriations are subject to withdrawal from the state treasury and for expenditure for such purposes, at such time, and in such manner as may be prescribed by law. Direct appropriations are not subject to return and rewithdrawal from the state treasury, except for the correction of an error which may have occurred in any transaction or for reimbursement of expenditures which have occurred in the same fiscal year.

