COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 249

(By Senators Trump, Blair, Ferns, M. Hall and Walters)

[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary; reported January 29, 2015.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §3-4A-9, §3-4A-11a and §3-4A-27 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §3-6-2, §3-6-3, §3-6-5 and §3-6-6 of said code, all relating to disallowing voting a straight party ticket by one mark or punch in a general election.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §3-4A-9, §3-4A-11a and §3-4A-27 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §3-6-2, §3-6-3, §3-6-5 and §3-6-6 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

§3-4A-9. Minimum requirements of electronic voting systems.

- 1 An electronic voting system of particular make and
- 2 design may not be approved by the State Election
- 3 Commission or be purchased, leased or used by any county
- 4 commission unless it meets the following requirements:
- 5 (1) It secures or ensures the voter absolute secrecy in the
- 6 act of voting or, at the voter's election, provides for open
- 7 voting;
- 8 (2) It is constructed to ensure that, except in instances of
- 9 open voting as provided in this section, the contents of a
- 10 marked ballot may not be seen or known by anyone other
- 11 than the voter who has voted or is voting;
- 12 (3) It permits each voter to vote at any election for all
- 13 persons and offices for whom and which he or she is lawfully
- 14 entitled to vote, whether or not the name of any person appears
- 15 on a ballot as a candidate; and it permits each voter to vote for
- 16 as many persons for an office as he or she is lawfully entitled to
- 17 vote for; and to vote for or against any question upon which he

- 18 or she is lawfully entitled to vote. The automatic tabulating
- 19 equipment used in electronic voting systems is to reject choices
- 20 recorded on any ballot if the number of choices exceeds the
- 21 number to which a voter is entitled;
- 22 (4) It permits each voter to write in the names of persons for
- 23 whom he or she desires to vote whose names do not appear
- 24 upon the ballots;
- 25 (5) It permits each voter to change his or her vote for any
- 26 candidate and upon any question appearing upon the ballots or
- 27 ballot labels up to the time when his or her ballot is deposited
- 28 in the ballot box or his or her ballot is cast by electronic means;
- 29 (6) It contains programming media containing sequentially
- 30 numbered program instructions and coded or otherwise
- 31 protected from tampering or substitution of the media or
- 32 program instructions by unauthorized persons and capable of
- 33 tabulating all votes cast in each election;
- 34 (7) It contains two standard validation test decks
- 35 approved as to form and testing capabilities by the State
- 36 Election Commission;

- 37 (8) It correctly records and counts accurately all votes
- 38 cast for each candidate and for and against each question
- 39 appearing upon the ballots;
- 40 (9) It permits each voter at any election, other than a
- 41 primary election, to vote a straight party ticket, as provided
- 42 in section five, article six of this chapter by one mark or
- 43 punch;
- 44 (10) (9) It permits a voter in a primary election to: (A)
- 45 Vote only for the candidates of the party for which the voter
- 46 is legally permitted to vote; (B) vote for the candidates, if
- 47 any, for nonpartisan nominations or election; and (C) vote on
- 48 public questions; and precludes the voter from voting for any
- 49 candidate seeking nomination by any other political party
- 50 unless that political party has determined that the voter may
- 51 participate in its primary election;
- 52 $\frac{(11)}{(10)}$ It, where applicable, is provided with means
- 53 for sealing or electronically securing the vote recording
- 54 device to prevent its use and to prevent tampering with the
- 55 device, both before the polls are open or before the

- 56 operation of the vote recording device for an election is
- 57 begun and immediately after the polls are closed or after the
- 58 operation of the vote recording device for an election is
- 59 completed;
- (12) (11) It has the capacity to contain the names of
- 61 candidates constituting the tickets of at least nine political
- 62 parties and accommodates the wording of at least fifteen
- 63 questions;
- 64 (13)(12)(A) Direct recording electronic voting machines
- 65 must generate a paper copy of each voter's vote that will be
- 66 automatically kept within a storage container that is locked,
- 67 closely attached to the direct recording electronic voting
- 68 machine and inaccessible to all but authorized voting
- 69 officials, who will handle such storage containers and such
- 70 paper copies contained therein in accordance with section
- 71 nineteen of this article.
- 72 (B) The paper copy of the voter's vote shall be generated
- 73 at the time the voter is at the voting station using the direct
- 74 recording electronic voting machine.

- 75 (C) The voter may examine the paper copy visually or 76 through headphone readout, and may accept or reject the
- 77 printed copy.
- 78 (D) The voter may not touch, handle or manipulate the
- 79 printed copy manually in any way.
- 80 (E) Once the printed copy of the voter's votes is accepted
- 81 by the voter as correctly reflecting the voter's intent, but not
- 82 before, it will automatically be stored for recounts or random
- 83 checks and the electronic vote will be cast within the
- 84 computer mechanism of the direct recording electronic voting
- 85 machine.
- 86 (F) Direct recording electronic voting machines with a
- 87 mandatory paper copy shall be approved by the Secretary of
- 88 State. The Secretary of State may promulgate rules and
- 89 emergency rules to implement or enforce this subsection
- 90 pursuant to the provisions of section five, article three,
- 91 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 92 $\frac{(14)}{(13)}$ Where vote recording devices are used, they
- 93 shall:

- 94 (A) Be durably constructed of material of good quality
- 95 and in a workmanlike manner and in a form which makes it
- 96 safely transportable;
- 97 (B) Bear a number that will identify it or distinguish it
- 98 from any other machine;
- 99 (C) Be constructed to ensure that a voter may easily
- 100 learn the method of operating it and may expeditiously cast
- 101 his or her vote for all candidates of his or her choice and
- 102 upon any public question; and
- (D) Be accompanied by a mechanically or electronically
- 104 operated instruction model which shows the arrangement of
- 105 the ballot, party columns or rows and questions;
- 106 (15) (14) For electronic voting systems that utilize a
- 107 screen upon which votes may be recorded by means of a
- 108 stylus or by means of touch, they shall:
- (A) Be constructed to provide for the direct electronic
- 110 recording and tabulating of votes cast in a system
- 111 specifically designed and engineered for the election
- 112 application;

126

127

(B) Be constructed to prevent any voter from voting for 113 114 more than the allowable number of candidates for any 115 office, to include an audible or visual signal, or both, 116 warning any voter who attempts to vote for more than the 117 allowable number of candidates for any office or who 118 attempts to cast his or her ballot prior to its completion and 119 are constructed to include a visual or audible confirmation, or both, to the voter upon completion and casting of the 120 121 ballot; 122 (C) Be constructed to present the entire ballot to the 123 voter, in a series of sequential pages, and to ensure that the voter sees all of the ballot options on all pages before 124 completing his or her vote and to allow the voter to review 125

8

128 (D) Be constructed to allow election commissioners to 129 spoil a ballot where a voter fails to properly cast his or her 130 ballot, has departed the polling place and cannot be recalled

and change all ballot choices prior to completing and

131 by a poll clerk to complete his or her ballot;

casting his or her ballot;

- (E) Be constructed to allow election commissioners, poll
- 133 clerks or both to designate, mark or otherwise record
- 134 provisional ballots;
- 135 (F) Consist of devices which are independent,
- 136 nonnetworked voting systems in which each vote is recorded
- 137 and retained within each device's internal nonvolatile
- 138 electronic memory and contain an internal security, the
- 139 absence of which prevents substitution of any other device;
- (G) Store each vote in no fewer than three separate,
- 141 independent, nonvolatile electronic memory components and
- 142 that each device contains comprehensive diagnostics to
- 143 ensure that failures do not go undetected;
- (H) Contain a unique, embedded internal serial number
- 145 for auditing purposes for each device used to activate, retain
- 146 and record votes:
- (I) Be constructed to record all preelection, election and
- post-election activities, including all ballot images and system
- anomalies, in each device's internal electronic memory and are
- 150 to be accessible in electronic or printed form;

- (J) Be constructed with a battery backup system in each 151 152 device to, at a minimum, prevent the loss of any votes, as well as all preelection, election and post-election activities, 153 154 including all ballot images and system anomalies, stored in the device's internal electronic memory and to allow voting 155 156 to continue for two hours of uninterrupted operation in case 157 of an electrical power failure; and 158 (K) Be constructed to prevent the loss of any votes, as 159 well as all preelection, election and post-election activities, 160 including all ballot images and system anomalies, stored in each device's internal electronic memory even in case of an 161 electrical and battery power failure. 162
- §3-4A-11a. Ballots tabulated electronically; arrangement; quantity to be printed; ballot stub numbers.
 - 1 (a) The board of ballot commissioners in counties using
 - 2 ballots upon which votes may be recorded by means of
 - 3 marking with electronically sensible ink or pencil and which
 - 4 marks are tabulated electronically shall cause the ballots to be

- 5 printed or displayed upon the screens of the electronic voting
- 6 system for use in elections.
- 7 (b) (1) For the primary election, the heading of the ballot,
- 8 the type faces, the names and arrangement of offices and the
- 9 printing of names and arrangement of candidates within each
- 10 office are to conform as nearly as possible to the provisions
- 11 of sections thirteen and thirteen-a, article five of this chapter.
- 12 (2) For the general election, the heading of the ballot, the
- 13 straight ticket positions, the instructions to straight ticket
- 14 voters, the type faces, the names and arrangement of offices
- 15 and the printing of names and the arrangement of candidates
- 16 within each office are to conform as nearly as possible to the
- 17 provisions of section two, article six of this chapter, except
- 18 as otherwise provided in this article.
- 19 (3) Nonpartisan elections for board of education and any
- 20 question to be voted upon are to be separated from the
- 21 partisan ballot and separately headed in display type with a
- 22 title clearly identifying the purpose of the election and

- 23 constituting a separate ballot wherever a separate ballot is
- 24 required under the provisions of this chapter.
- 25 (4) Both the face and the reverse side of the ballot may
- 26 contain the names of candidates only if means to ensure the
- 27 secrecy of the ballot are provided and lines for the
- 28 signatures of the poll clerks on the ballot are printed on a
- 29 portion of the ballot which is deposited in the ballot box and
- 30 upon which marks do not interfere with the proper
- 31 tabulation of the votes.
- 32 (5) The arrangement of candidates within each office is
- 33 to be determined in the same manner as for other electronic
- 34 voting systems, as prescribed in this chapter. On the general
- 35 election ballot for all offices, and on the primary election
- 36 ballot only for those offices to be filled by election, except
- 37 delegate to national convention, lines for entering write-in
- 38 votes are to be provided below the names of candidates for
- 39 each office, and the number of lines provided for any office
- 40 shall equal the number of persons to be elected, or three,
- 41 whichever is fewer. The words "WRITE-IN, IF ANY" are to

- be printed, where applicable, directly under each line for
 write-ins. The lines are to be opposite a position to mark the
 vote.
- (c) Except for electronic voting systems that utilize 45 46 screens upon which votes may be recorded by means of a 47 stylus or by means of touch, the primary election ballots are 48 to be printed in the color of ink specified by the Secretary of 49 State for the various political parties, and the general election ballot is to be printed in black ink. For electronic voting 50 51 systems that utilize screens upon which votes may be 52 recorded by means of a stylus or by means of touch, the primary ballots and the general election ballot are to be 53 printed in black ink. All ballots are to be printed, where 54 55 applicable, on white paper suitable for automatic tabulation 56 and are to contain a perforated stub at the top or bottom of 57 the ballot, which is to be numbered sequentially in the same 58 manner as provided in section thirteen, article five of this 59 chapter, or are to be displayed on the screens of the electronic voting system upon which votes are recorded by means of a 60

- 61 stylus or touch. The number of ballots printed and the
- 62 packaging of ballots for the precincts are to conform to the
- 63 requirements for paper ballots provided in this chapter.
- (d) In addition to the official ballots, the ballot
- 65 commissioners shall provide all other materials and
- 66 equipment necessary to the proper conduct of the election.

§3-4A-27. Proceedings at the central counting center.

- 1 (a) All proceedings at the central counting center are to
- 2 be under the supervision of the clerk of the county
- 3 commission and are to be conducted under circumstances
- 4 which allow observation from a designated area by all
- 5 persons entitled to be present. The proceedings shall take
- 6 place in a room of sufficient size and satisfactory
- 7 arrangement to permit observation. Those persons entitled to
- 8 be present include all candidates whose names appear on the
- 9 ballots being counted or, if a candidate is absent, a
- 10 representative of the candidate who presents a written
- 11 authorization signed by the candidate for the purpose and two
- 12 representatives of each political party on the ballot who are

chosen by the county executive committee chairperson. A 13 14 reasonable number of the general public is also freely 15 admitted to the room. In the event all members of the general 16 public desiring admission to the room cannot be admitted at 17 one time, the county commission shall provide for a periodic and convenient rotation of admission to the room for 18 19 observation, to the end that each member of the general 20 public desiring admission, during the proceedings at the central counting center, is to be granted admission for 21 reasonable periods of time for observation: *Provided*, That no 22 23 person except those authorized for the purpose may touch any ballot or other official records and papers utilized in the 24 election during observation. 25

26 (b) All persons who are engaged in processing and 27 counting the ballots are to work in teams consisting of two 28 persons of opposite political parties, and are to be deputized 29 in writing and take an oath that they will faithfully perform 30 their assigned duties. These deputies are to be issued an 31 official badge or identification card which is assigned an

- 32 identity control number and the deputies are to prominently
- 33 wear on his or her outer garments the issued badge or
- 34 identification card. Upon completion of the deputies' duties,
- 35 the badges or identification cards are to be returned to the
- 36 county clerk.
- 37 (c) Ballots are to be handled and tabulated and the
- 38 write-in votes tallied according to procedures established by
- 39 the Secretary of State, subject to the following requirements:
- 40 (1) In systems using ballots marked with electronically
- 41 sensible ink, ballots are to be removed from the ballot boxes
- 42 and stacked for the tabulator which separates ballots
- 43 containing marks for a write-in position. Immediately after
- 44 tabulation, the valid write-in votes are to be tallied. No
- 45 write-in vote may be counted for an office unless the voter
- 46 has entered the name of an official write-in candidate for that
- 47 office on the line provided, either by writing, affixing a
- 48 sticker or placing an ink-stamped impression thereon;
- 49 (2) In systems using ballots in which votes are recorded
- 50 upon screens with a stylus or by means of touch, the ballots

- 51 are to be tabulated according to the processes of the system.
- 52 Systems using ballots in which votes are recorded upon
- 53 screens with a stylus or by means of touch are to tally
- 54 write-in ballots simultaneously with the other ballots;
- 55 (3) When more than one person is to be elected to an
- 56 office and the voter desires to cast write-in votes for more
- 57 than one official write-in candidate for that office, the voter
- 58 shall mark the location appropriate for the voting system, in
- 59 the write-in location for that office. When there are multiple
- 60 write-in votes for the same office and the combination of
- 61 choices for candidates on the ballot and write-in choices for
- 62 the same office exceed the number of candidates to be
- 63 elected, the ballot is to be duplicated or hand counted, with
- 64 all votes for that office rejected;
- 65 (4) Write-in votes for nomination for any office and
- 66 write-in votes for any person other than an official write-in
- 67 candidate are to be disregarded; and
- 68 (5) When a voter casts a straight ticket vote and also
- 69 marks the location for a write-in vote for an office, the

- 70 straight ticket vote for that office is to be rejected, whether
- 71 or not a vote can be counted for a write-in candidate; and
- 72 (6) (5) Official write-in candidates are those who have
- 73 filed a write-in candidate's certificate of announcement and
- 74 have been certified according to the provisions of section
- 75 four-a, article six of this chapter.
- 76 (d) If any ballot is damaged or defective so that it
- 77 cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating
- 78 equipment, a true duplicate copy is to be made of the
- 79 damaged ballot in the presence of representatives of each
- 80 political party on the ballot and substituted for the damaged
- 81 ballot. All duplicate ballots are to be clearly labeled
- 82 "duplicate" and are to bear a serial number which is
- 83 recorded on the damaged or defective ballot and on the
- 84 replacement ballot.
- 85 (e) The returns printed by the automatic tabulating
- 86 equipment at the central counting center, to which have
- 87 been added write-in and other valid votes, are, when
- 88 certified by the clerk of the county commission, to

- 89 constitute the unofficial preliminary returns of the county.
- 90 Upon completion of the count, the returns are to be open to
- 91 the public by posting a summary of the returns as have been
- 92 tabulated at the central counting center. Upon completion
- 93 of the canvass, the returns are to be posted as tabulated
- 94 precinct by precinct.
- 95 (f) If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count
- 96 all or a part of the ballots with tabulating equipment, the
- 97 county commission may direct that they be counted
- 98 manually, following as far as practicable the provisions
- 99 governing the counting of paper ballots.
- 100 (g) As soon as possible after the completion of the
- 101 count, the clerk of the county commission shall have the
- 102 vote recording devices properly boxed or securely covered
- and removed to a proper and secure place of storage.

ARTICLE 6. CONDUCT AND ADMINISTRATION OF ELECTIONS.

§3-6-2. Preparation and form of general election ballots.

- 1 (a) All ballots prepared under the provisions of this
- 2 section are to contain:

- 3 (1) The name and ticket of each party which is a political
- 4 party under the provisions of section eight, article one of this
- 5 chapter;
- 6 (2) The name chosen as the party name by each group of
- 7 citizens which has secured nomination for two or more
- 8 candidates by petition under the provisions of section
- 9 twenty-three, of this article five of this chapter; and
- 10 (3) The names of every candidate for any office to be
- 11 voted for at the election whose nomination in the primary
- 12 election, nomination by petition or nomination by
- 13 appointment to fill a vacancy on the ballot has been certified
- 14 and filed according to law and no others.
- 15 (b) The provisions of paragraphs (C) and (D), subdivision
- 16 (2), section thirteen, article five of this chapter; subdivision
- 17 (3) of said section; paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (4) of
- 18 said section; and subdivisions (6), (7), (8) and (9) of said
- 19 section pertaining to the preparation and form of primary
- 20 election ballots shall likewise apply to general election
- 21 ballots.

- (c) (1) For all ballot systems, the ballot heading is to be
- 23 in display type and contain the words "Official Ballot,
- 24 General Election" and the name of the county and the month,
- 25 day and year of the election.
- 26 (2) After the heading, each ballot is to contain, laid out
- 27 in parallel columns, rows or pages as required by the
- 28 particular voting system, the party emblem the position for
- 29 straight party voting for each party and the name of each
- 30 party as prescribed in subsection (a) of this section. On
- 31 paper ballots, the position for straight party voting is to be
- 32 a heavy circle, three-fourths inch in diameter, surrounded
- 33 by the words "For a straight ticket mark within this circle"
- 34 printed in bold six-point type. On all other ballots or ballot
- 35 labels, the positions for straight party voting is to be marked
- 36 "Straight Party Ticket".
- 37 (3) The party whose candidate for president received the
- 38 highest number of votes at the last preceding presidential
- 39 election is to be placed in the left, or first column, row or
- 40 page, as is appropriate to the voting system. The party

which received the second highest vote is to be next and so on. Any groups or third parties which did not have a candidate for president on the ballot in the previous presidential election are to be placed in the sequence in which the final certificates of nomination by petition were 46 filed. 47 (4)(A) The following general instructions for straight party voters are to be printed in no smaller than eight point 48 bold type: "IF YOU MARKED A STRAIGHT TICKET: 50 When you mark any individual candidate in a different 51 party, that vote will override your straight party vote for that office. When you mark any individual candidate in a different party for an office where more than one will be elected, YOU MUST MARK EACH OF YOUR CHOICES 55 FOR THAT OFFICE because your straight ticket vote will 56 not be counted for that office". The last sentence of the instructions may not be included on any ballot which does 58 not contain any office or division where more than one 59 candidate will be elected.

60 On paper ballots, the general instructions are to be placed below the party name and across the top of all columns, followed by a heavy line separating them from the rest of the 63 ballot: Provided, That the instructions may be centered among the columns running the full width of the ballot. On ballots marked with electronically sensible ink, the general instructions are to be placed after the position for straight voting and before any office. (B) The following specific instructions are to be printed 68 on the ballot for any partisan election for an office or division 70 to which more than one candidate is to be elected: "If you marked a straight ticket and you mark any candidate in a different party for this office, you must mark all your choices

On paper ballots, the specific instructions are to be placed below the office name of any partisan office where more than one is to be elected and across the top of all columns for that office or centered among the columns

for this office because your straight ticket vote will not be

74 counted for this office".

- 79 before the names of any candidates. On all other ballots
- 80 and ballot labels, the specific instructions are to be placed
- 81 above or to the side of the names of the candidates as the
- 82 voting system requires.
- 83 (5) (4) For all ballots, any columns, rows or sections in
- 84 which the ticket of one party appears are to be clearly
- 85 separated from the other columns, rows or sections by a
- 86 heavy line or other clear division. For each party, the offices
- 87 are to be arranged in the order prescribed in section
- 88 thirteen-a, article five of this chapter under the appropriate
- 89 tickets, which are to be headed "National Ticket", "State
- 90 Ticket" and "County Ticket". The number of pages, columns
- 91 or rows, where applicable, may be modified to meet the
- 92 limitations of ballot size and composition requirements,
- 93 subject to approval by the Secretary of State.
- 94 (d) The arrangement of names within each office for all
- 95 ballot systems is to be as follows:
- 96 (1) In elections for presidential electors, the names of the
- 97 candidates for president and vice president of each party are

98 to be placed beside a brace with a single voting position, so 99 that a vote for any presidential candidate is a vote for the 100 electors of the party for which the candidates were named.

- 101 (2) The order of names of candidates for any office or
 102 division for which more than one is to be elected is
 103 determined as prescribed in section thirteen-a, article five of
 104 this chapter: *Provided*, That the drawing by lot is to be
 105 conducted on the seventieth day next preceding the date of
 106 the general election, beginning at 9:00 a.m.
- 107 (3) In any office where more than one person is to be elected, the names of the candidates for the office are to be 108 staggered so that no two candidates for that office appear 109 110 directly opposite any other candidate, as shown in the example below: *Provided*. That if the voting system cannot 111 accurately tabulate any ballot due to this requirement, the 112 ballot may be adjusted so that it is accurately tabulated. 113 114 However, each candidate shall be separated by a thin line to distinguish between each candidate. 115

116		
117		
118	For House of Delegates	For House of Delegates
119	First Delegate District	First Delegate District
120	(Vote For Not More Than Two)	(Vote For Not More Than Two)
121		
122	SUSAN B. ANTHONY	
123	City (County)	
124		
125		JOHN ADAMS
126		City (County)
127		
128	ABRAHAM LINCOLN	
129	City (County)	
130		
131		JAMES MONROE
132		City (County)
133		

(4) Each voting system is to provide a means for voters to vote for any person whose name does not appear on the ticket by writing it with pen or pencil or by using stamps, stickers, tapes, labels or other means of writing in the name of a candidate which does not interfere with the tabulation of the ballot.

140 (A) In paper ballot systems which allow for write-ins to be made directly on the ballot, a blank square and a blank 141 142 line equal to the space which would be occupied by the name of the candidate is to be placed under the proper office for 143 144 each vacancy in nomination and for an office for which more than one is to be elected, any vacancy is to appear after any 145 other candidates for the office. If no write-in lines are 146 147 included on the ballot, specific instructions are to be added to 148 the top of the ballot notifying the voter that a write-in vote 149 may be cast by writing the name and office on any location on the front of the ballot. 150

151 (B) In machine and electronically tabulated ballot 152 systems in which write-in votes must be made in a place

other than on the ballot, if there is a vacancy in nomination 153 154 leaving fewer candidates in any party than can be elected to that office, the words "No Candidate Nominated" is are to be 155 156 printed in the space that would be occupied by the name of 157 the candidate and for an office for which more than one is to be elected, any vacancy is to appear after any other 158 candidates for the office. 159 Notwithstanding any other 160 provision of this code, if there are multiple vacant positions on a ballot for one office, the multiple vacant positions which 161 would otherwise be filled with the words "No Candidate 162 163 Filed" may be replaced with a brief detailed description, approved by the Secretary of State, indicating that there are 164 no candidates listed for the vacant positions. 165

166 (5) In a general election in any county in which
167 unexpired terms of the board of education are to be filled by
168 election, a separate section or page of the ballot is to be set
169 off by means clearly separating the nonpartisan ballot from
170 the ballot for the political party candidates and is to be
171 headed "Nonpartisan Board of Education".

- 172 (e) Any constitutional amendment is to be placed 173 following all offices, followed by any other issue upon which 174 the voters are to cast a vote. The heading for each 175 amendment or issue is to be printed in large, bold type 176 according to the requirements of the resolution authorizing 177 the election.
- (f) The board of ballot commissioners may not place any issue on the ballot for election which is not specifically authorized under the West Virginia Constitution or statutes or which has not been properly ordered by the appropriate governmental body charged with calling the election.
- (g) A ballot may not offer a voter the option of voting astraight party ticket by one mark or punch.

§3-6-3. Publication of sample ballots and lists of candidates.

- 1 (a) The ballot commissioners of each county shall prepare
- 2 a sample official general election ballot for all political party
- 3 or independent nominees, nonpartisan candidates for
- 4 election, if any, and all ballot issues to be voted for at the
- 5 general election, according to the provisions of this article

- 6 and articles four and four-a of this chapter, as appropriate to
- 7 the voting system, and for any ballot issue, according to the
- 8 provisions of law authorizing the election.
- 9 (b) The facsimile sample general election ballot shall be
- 10 published as follows:
- 11 (1) For counties in which two or more qualified
- 12 newspapers publish a daily newspaper, not more than
- 13 twenty-six nor less than twenty days preceding the general
- 14 election, the ballot commissioners shall publish the sample
- 15 official general election ballot as a Class I-0 legal
- 16 advertisement in the two qualified daily newspapers of
- 17 different political parties within the county having the largest
- 18 circulation in compliance with the provisions of article three,
- 19 chapter fifty-nine of this code;
- 20 (2) For counties having no more than one daily
- 21 newspaper, or having only one or more qualified newspapers
- 22 which publish weekly, not more than twenty-six nor less than
- 23 twenty days preceding the primary election, the ballot
- 24 commissioners shall publish the sample official general

25 election ballot as a Class I legal advertisement in the26 qualified newspaper within the county having the largest

27 circulation in compliance with the provisions of article three,

28 chapter fifty-nine of this code; and

29 (3) Each facsimile sample ballot shall be a photographic 30 reproduction of the official sample ballot or ballot pages and 31 shall be printed in a size no less than sixty-five percent of the 32 actual size of the ballot, at the discretion of the ballot 33 commissioners: Provided, That when the ballots for the 34 precincts within the county contain different senatorial, delegate, magisterial or executive committee districts or 35 when the ballots for precincts within a city contain different 36 37 municipal wards, the facsimile shall be altered to include 38 each of the various districts in the appropriate order. If, in 39 order to accommodate the size of each ballot, the ballot or 40 ballot pages must be divided onto more than one page, the 41 arrangement and order shall be made to conform as nearly as possible to the arrangement of the ballot. The publisher of 42 the newspaper shall submit a proof of the ballot and the 43

- 44 arrangement to the ballot commissioners for approval prior45 to publication.
- 46 (c) The ballot commissioners of each county shall
 47 prepare, in the form and manner prescribed by the Secretary
 48 of State, an official list of offices and nominees for each
 49 office which will appear on the general election ballot for
 50 each political party or as independent nominees and, as the
 51 case may be, for the nonpartisan candidates to be voted for at
 52 the general election:
- 53 (1) All information which appears on the ballot, including the names of parties for which a straight ticket may be cast, 54 55 instructions relating to straight ticket voting, instructions as to 56 the number of candidates for whom votes may be cast for the 57 office, any additional language which will appear on the ballot 58 below the name of the office, any identifying information relating to the candidates, such as his or her residence and 59 magisterial district or presidential preference. Following the 60 61 names of all candidates, the list shall include the full title, text and voting positions of any issue to appear on the ballot. 62

- 63 (2) The order of the straight ticket positions, offices and
- 64 candidates for each office and the manner of designating the
- 65 parties shall be as follows:
- 66 (A) The straight ticket positions shall be designated
- 67 "straight (party name) ticket", with the parties listed in the
- 68 order in which they appear on the ballot, from left to right or
- 69 from top to bottom, as the case may be;
- 70 (B) (A) The offices shall be listed in the same order in
- 71 which they appear on the ballot;
- 72 (C) (B) The candidates within each office for which one
- 73 is to be elected shall be listed in the order they appear on the
- 74 ballot, from left to right or from top to bottom, as the case
- 75 may be, and the candidate's political party affiliation or
- 76 independent status shall be indicated by the one- or two-letter
- 77 initial specifying the affiliation, placed in parenthesis to the
- 78 right of the candidate's name; and
- 79 (D) (C) The candidates within each office for which more
- 80 than one is to be elected shall be arranged by political party
- 81 groups in the order they appear on the ballot and the

- 82 candidate's affiliation shall be indicated as provided in
- 83 paragraph (C) (B) of this subdivision.
- 84 (d) The official list of candidates and issues as provided
- 85 in subsection (c) of this section shall be published as follows:
- 86 (1) For counties in which two or more qualified
- 87 newspapers publish a daily newspaper, on the last day on
- 88 which a newspaper is published immediately preceding the
- 89 general election, the ballot commissioners shall publish the
- 90 official list of nominees and issues as a Class I-0 legal
- 91 advertisement in the two qualified daily newspapers of
- 92 different political parties within the county having the largest
- 93 circulation in compliance with the provisions of article three,
- 94 chapter fifty-nine of this code;
- 95 (2) For counties having no more than one daily paper, or
- having only one or more qualified newspapers which publish
- 97 weekly, on the last day on which a newspaper is published
- 98 immediately preceding the general election, the ballot
- 99 commissioners shall publish the sample official list of
- 100 nominees and issues as a Class I legal advertisement in the

- qualified newspaper within the county having the largest circulation in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code;
- 104 (3) The publication of the official list of nominees for 105 each party and for nonpartisan candidates shall be in single 106 or double columns, as required to accommodate the type size 107 requirements as follows:
- (A) The words "official list of nominees and issues", the name of the county, the words "General Election" and the date of the election shall be printed in all capital letters and in bold type no smaller than fourteen point;
- 113 shall be printed in all capital letters in bold type no smaller
 114 than twelve point and the title of the office shall be printed in
 115 bold type no smaller than twelve point and any voting
 116 instructions or other language printed below the title shall be
 117 printed in bold type no smaller than ten point; and
- 118 (C) (B) The names of the candidates and the initial within 119 parenthesis designating the candidate's affiliation shall be

printed in all capital letters in bold type no smaller than ten point and the residence information shall be printed in type no smaller than ten point; and

36

- 123 (4) When any ballot issue is to appear on the ballot, the
 124 title of that ballot shall be printed in all capital letters in bold
 125 type no smaller than twelve point. The text of the ballot issue
 126 shall appear in no smaller than eight point type. The ballot
 127 commissioners may require the publication of the ballot issue
 128 under this subsection in the facsimile sample ballot format in
 129 lieu of the alternate format.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (c) and
 (d) of this section, beginning with the general election to be
 held in the year two thousand, the ballot commissioners of
 any county may choose to publish a facsimile sample general
 election ballot, instead of the official list of candidates and
 issues, for purposes of the last publication required before
 any general election.

§3-6-5. Rules and procedures in election other than primaries.

- 1 The provisions of article one of this chapter relating to
- 2 elections generally shall govern and control arrangements
- 3 and election officials for the conduct of elections under this
- 4 article. The following rules and procedures shall govern the
- 5 voting for candidates in general and special elections:
- 6 (a) If the voter desires to vote a straight ticket, or in other
- 7 words, for each and every candidate for one party for
- 8 whatever office nominated, the voter shall either:
- 9 (1) Mark the position designated for a straight ticket in
- 10 the manner appropriate to the voting system; or
- 11 (2) Mark the voting position for each and every candidate
- 12 of the chosen party in the manner appropriate to the voting
- 13 system.
- 14 (b) If the voter desires to vote a mixed ticket, or in other
- 15 words, for candidates of different parties, the voter shall either:
- 16 (1) Omit marking any straight ticket voting position and
- 17 mark, in the manner appropriate to the voting system, the
- 18 name of each candidate for whom he or she desires to vote on
- 19 whatever ticket the name may be; or

20 (2) Mark the position designated for a straight ticket for the party for some of whose candidates he or she desires to vote and then mark the name of any candidate of any other party for whom he or she may desire to vote, in which case the cross mark in the circular space above the name of the party straight ticket mark will cast his or her vote for every candidate on the ticket of the party except for offices for which candidates are marked on other party tickets and the marks for the candidates will cast a vote for them; or 29 (3) Write with ink or other means or affix a sticker or label or place an ink-stamped impression of the name of an official write-in candidate for an office for whom he or she 32 desires to vote in the space designated for write-in votes for the particular voting system or for paper ballot systems, write or place the name and office designation in any position on the face of the ballot which makes the intention of the voter 36 clear as to both the office and the candidate chosen. 37 (c) If in marking either a straight or mixed ticket as above 38 defined, a straight ticket voting position is marked, and also 39 one or more marks are made for candidates on the same ticket

40 for offices for which candidates on other party tickets are not

41 individually marked, the marks before the name of candidate

42 on the ticket so marked shall be treated as surplusage and

43 ignored.

- 44 (d) When a voter casts a straight ticket vote and also
- 45 writes in any name for an office, the straight ticket vote for

46 that office shall be rejected, whether or not a vote can be

47 counted for a write-in candidate.

- 48 (e) (1) The Secretary of State may proscribe devices for
- 49 casting write-in votes which would cause mechanical difficulty

50 with voting machines or electronic devices or which would

51 obliterate or deface a paper ballot or any portion thereof, but the

Secretary of State shall preserve the right to vote by a write-in

3 vote for those candidates who have filed and have been

54 certified as official write-in candidates under the provisions of

55 section four-a of this article.

56 (f) (2) If the voter marks more names than there are

57 persons to be elected to an office or if, for any reason, it is

- impossible to determine the voter's choice for an office to be 58 59 filled, the ballot shall may not be counted for the office. The 60 intention of the voter shall be deemed is considered to be 61 clear if the write-in vote cast for an office contains both the 62 first and last name of an official write-in candidate for that office; and if no two official write-in candidates for that 63 64 office share a first or last name, either the first name or last name alone shall be deemed to express expresses the clear 65 66 intention of the voter.
- 67 (g) (3) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this
 68 chapter, no ballot shall may be rejected for any technical
 69 error which does not make it impossible to determine the
 70 voter's choice.

§3-6-6. Ballot counting procedures in paper ballot systems.

- 1 When the polls are closed in an election precinct where
- 2 only a single election board has served, the receiving board
- 3 shall perform all of the duties prescribed in this section.
- 4 When the polls are closed in an election precinct where two
- 5 election boards have served, both the receiving and counting

- 6 boards shall together conclude the counting of the votes cast,
- 7 the tabulating and summarizing of the number of the votes
- 8 cast, unite in certifying and attesting to the returns of the
- 9 election and join in making out the certificates of the result
- 10 of the election provided for in this article. They shall may
- 11 not adjourn until the work is completed.
- In all election precincts, as soon as the polls are closed
- 13 and the last voter has voted, the receiving board shall proceed
- 14 to ascertain the result of the election in the following manner:
- 15 (a) In counties in which the clerk of the county
- 16 commission has determined that the absentee ballots should
- 17 be counted at the precincts in which the absent voters are
- 18 registered, the receiving board must first process the absentee
- 19 ballots and deposit the ballots to be counted in the ballot box.
- 20 The receiving board shall then proceed as provided in
- 21 subsections (b) and (c) of this section. In counties in which
- 22 the absentee ballots are counted at the central counting
- 23 center, the receiving board shall proceed as provided in
- 24 subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

- (b) The receiving board shall ascertain from the 25 26 pollbooks and record on the proper form the total number of 27 voters who have voted. The number of ballots challenged 28 shall be counted and subtracted from the total and the result 29 should equal the number of ballots deposited in the ballot 30 box. The commissioners and clerks shall also report, over 31 their signatures, the number of ballots spoiled and the 32 number of ballots not voted.
- 33 (c) The procedure for counting ballots, whether 34 performed throughout the day by the counting board as 35 provided in section thirty-three, article one of this chapter or 36 after the close of the polls by the receiving board or by the 37 two boards together, shall be as follows:
- (1) The ballot box shall be opened and all votes shall betallied in the presence of the entire election board;
- 40 (2) One of the commissioners shall take one ballot from 41 the box at a time and shall determine if the ballot is properly 42 signed by the two poll clerks of the receiving board. If not 43 properly signed, the ballot shall be placed in an envelope for

the purpose, without unfolding it. Any ballot which does not 44 45 contain the proper signatures shall be challenged. If an accurate accounting is made for all ballots in the precinct in 47 which the ballot was voted and no other challenge exists 48 against the voter, the ballot shall be counted at the canvas. If 49 properly signed, the commissioner shall hand the ballot to a 50 team of commissioners of opposite politics, who shall together read the votes marked on the ballot for each office. 51 Write-in votes for election for any person other than an 52 53 official write-in candidate shall be disregarded. When a voter casts a straight ticket vote and also casts a write-in vote 54 55 for an office, the straight ticket vote for that office shall be rejected whether or not a vote can be counted for a write-in 57 candidate;

58 (3) The commissioner responsible for removing the 59 ballots from the box shall keep a tally of the number of 60 ballots as they are removed and whenever the number shall 61 equal the number of voters entered on the pollbook minus the 62 number of provisional ballots, as determined according to

- 63 subsection (a) of this section, any other ballot found in the
- 64 ballot box shall be placed in the same envelope with
- 65 unsigned ballots not counted, without unfolding the same or
- 66 allowing anyone to examine or know the contents thereof,
- 67 and the number of excess ballots shall be recorded on the
- 68 envelope;
- 69 (4) Each poll clerk shall keep an accurate tally of the
- 70 votes cast by marking in ink on tally sheets, which shall be
- 71 provided for the purpose, so as to show the number of votes
- 72 received by each candidate for each office and for and
- 73 against each issue on the ballot; and
- 74 (5) When the reading of the votes is completed, the ballot
- 75 shall be immediately strung on a thread.

(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to disallow voting by straight party ticket.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.)