## COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

## FOR

## Senate Bill No. 249

(By Senators Trump, Blair, Ferns, M. Hall and Walters)
[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary; reported January 29, 2015.]

A BILL to amend and reenact §3-4A-9, §3-4A-11a and §3-4A-27 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §3-6-2, §3-6-3, §3-6-5 and §3-6-6 of said code, all relating to disallowing voting a straight party ticket by one mark or punch in a general election.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
That $\S 3-4 \mathrm{~A}-9, \S 3-4 \mathrm{~A}-11 \mathrm{a}$ and $\S 3-4 \mathrm{~A}-27$ of the Code of West
Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that $\S 3-6-2, \S 3-6-3, \S 3-6-5$ and $\S 3-6-6$ of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

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## ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

## §3-4A-9. Minimum requirements of electronic voting systems.

1 An electronic voting system of particular make and
2 design may not be approved by the State Election
3 Commission or be purchased, leased or used by any county
4 commission unless it meets the following requirements:
5 (1) It secures or ensures the voter absolute secrecy in the
6 act of voting or, at the voter's election, provides for open 7 voting;

8 (2) It is constructed to ensure that, except in instances of
9 open voting as provided in this section, the contents of a
10 marked ballot may not be seen or known by anyone other
11 than the voter who has voted or is voting;
12 (3) It permits each voter to vote at any election for all
13 persons and offices for whom and which he or she is lawfully
14 entitled to vote, whether or not the name of any person appears
15 on a ballot as a candidate; and it permits each voter to vote for
16 as many persons for an office as he or she is lawfully entitled to
17 vote for; and to vote for or against any question upon which he

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(11) (10) It, where applicable, is provided with means

53 for sealing or electronically securing the vote recording
54 device to prevent its use and to prevent tampering with the
55 device, both before the polls are open or before the

56 operation of the vote recording device for an election is
57 begun and immediately after the polls are closed or after the
58 operation of the vote recording device for an election is 59 completed; recording electronic voting machine.

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75 (C) The voter may examine the paper copy visually or 76 through headphone readout, and may accept or reject the 77 printed copy.

78 (D) The voter may not touch, handle or manipulate the 79 printed copy manually in any way.

80 (E) Once the printed copy of the voter's votes is accepted
81 by the voter as correctly reflecting the voter's intent, but not
82 before, it will automatically be stored for recounts or random
83 checks and the electronic vote will be cast within the
84 computer mechanism of the direct recording electronic voting 85 machine.

86 (F) Direct recording electronic voting machines with a

87 mandatory paper copy shall be approved by the Secretary of
88 State. The Secretary of State may promulgate rules and
89 emergency rules to implement or enforce this subsection
90 pursuant to the provisions of section five, article three,
91 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
92 (14) (13) Where vote recording devices are used, they 93 shall:

96 safely transportable;
97
(B) Bear a number that will identify it or distinguish it 98 from any other machine;

100 learn the method of operating it and may expeditiously cast
101 his or her vote for all candidates of his or her choice and

111 specifically designed and engineered for the election application;

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113 (B) Be constructed to prevent any voter from voting for 114 more than the allowable number of candidates for any 115 office, to include an audible or visual signal, or both, 116 warning any voter who attempts to vote for more than the 117 allowable number of candidates for any office or who 118 attempts to cast his or her ballot prior to its completion and 119 are constructed to include a visual or audible confirmation, 120 or both, to the voter upon completion and casting of the 121 ballot;

122 (C) Be constructed to present the entire ballot to the 123 voter, in a series of sequential pages, and to ensure that the 124 voter sees all of the ballot options on all pages before completing his or her vote and to allow the voter to review 126 and change all ballot choices prior to completing and 127 casting his or her ballot;
(D) Be constructed to allow election commissioners to 129 spoil a ballot where a voter fails to properly cast his or her 130 ballot, has departed the polling place and cannot be recalled 131 by a poll clerk to complete his or her ballot;
(E) Be constructed to allow election commissioners, poll

133 clerks or both to designate, mark or otherwise record 134 provisional ballots;

135 (F) Consist of devices which are independent, 136 nonnetworked voting systems in which each vote is recorded 137 and retained within each device's internal nonvolatile 138 electronic memory and contain an internal security, the 139 absence of which prevents substitution of any other device; 140 (G) Store each vote in no fewer than three separate, 141 independent, nonvolatile electronic memory components and 142 that each device contains comprehensive diagnostics to 143 ensure that failures do not go undetected;
(H) Contain a unique, embedded internal serial number for auditing purposes for each device used to activate, retain and record votes;
(I) Be constructed to record all preelection, election and post-election activities, including all ballot images and system anomalies, in each device's internal electronic memory and are to be accessible in electronic or printed form;

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151 (J) Be constructed with a battery backup system in each 152 device to, at a minimum, prevent the loss of any votes, as 153 well as all preelection, election and post-election activities, 154 including all ballot images and system anomalies, stored in 155 the device's internal electronic memory and to allow voting 156 to continue for two hours of uninterrupted operation in case 157 of an electrical power failure; and 158 (K) Be constructed to prevent the loss of any votes, as 159 well as all preelection, election and post-election activities, 160 including all ballot images and system anomalies, stored in each device's internal electronic memory even in case of an electrical and battery power failure.

## §3-4A-11a. Ballots tabulated electronically; arrangement; quantity to be

 printed; ballot stub numbers.(a) The board of ballot commissioners in counties using

2 ballots upon which votes may be recorded by means of
3 marking with electronically sensible ink or pencil and which
4 marks are tabulated electronically shall cause the ballots to be

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6 system for use in elections.
7 (b) (1) For the primary election, the heading of the ballot,
8 the type faces, the names and arrangement of offices and the
9 printing of names and arrangement of candidates within each
10 office are to conform as nearly as possible to the provisions
11 of sections thirteen and thirteen-a, article five of this chapter.

12 (2) For the general election, the heading of the ballot, the
straight tieket positions, the instruetions to straight tieket
voters, the type faces, the names and arrangement of offices and the printing of names and the arrangement of candidates within each office are to conform as nearly as possible to the provisions of section two, article six of this chapter, except as otherwise provided in this article.
(3) Nonpartisan elections for board of education and any 20 question to be voted upon are to be separated from the 21 partisan ballot and separately headed in display type with a 22 title clearly identifying the purpose of the election and

23 constituting a separate ballot wherever a separate ballot is
24 required under the provisions of this chapter.
25 (4) Both the face and the reverse side of the ballot may 26 contain the names of candidates only if means to ensure the 27 secrecy of the ballot are provided and lines for the 28 signatures of the poll clerks on the ballot are printed on a 29 portion of the ballot which is deposited in the ballot box and 30 upon which marks do not interfere with the proper 31 tabulation of the votes.

32 (5) The arrangement of candidates within each office is

33 to be determined in the same manner as for other electronic

34 voting systems, as prescribed in this chapter. On the general
35 election ballot for all offices, and on the primary election
36 ballot only for those offices to be filled by election, except

37 delegate to national convention, lines for entering write-in 38 votes are to be provided below the names of candidates for 39 each office, and the number of lines provided for any office

40 shall equal the number of persons to be elected, or three,

41 whichever is fewer. The words "WRITE-IN, IF ANY" are to

47 stylus or by means of touch, the primary election ballots are 48 to be printed in the color of ink specified by the Secretary of

49 State for the various political parties, and the general election

51 systems that utilize screens upon which votes may be
52 recorded by means of a stylus or by means of touch, the and are to contain a perforated stub at the top or bottom of

57 the ballot, which is to be numbered sequentially in the same 58 manner as provided in section thirteen, article five of this chapter, or are to be displayed on the screens of the electronic

60 voting system upon which votes are recorded by means of a

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61 stylus or touch. The number of ballots printed and the 62 packaging of ballots for the precincts are to conform to the 63 requirements for paper ballots provided in this chapter.
(d) In addition to the official ballots, the ballot 65 commissioners shall provide all other materials and

66 equipment necessary to the proper conduct of the election.

## §3-4A-27. Proceedings at the central counting center.

1 (a) All proceedings at the central counting center are to
2 be under the supervision of the clerk of the county
3 commission and are to be conducted under circumstances

4 which allow observation from a designated area by all
5 persons entitled to be present. The proceedings shall take
6 place in a room of sufficient size and satisfactory
7 arrangement to permit observation. Those persons entitled to
8 be present include all candidates whose names appear on the
9 ballots being counted or, if a candidate is absent, a 10 representative of the candidate who presents a written

11 authorization signed by the candidate for the purpose and two
12 representatives of each political party on the ballot who are

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$$ admitted to the room. In the event all members of the general 16 public desiring admission to the room cannot be admitted at 17 one time, the county commission shall provide for a periodic and convenient rotation of admission to the room for observation, to the end that each member of the general public desiring admission, during the proceedings at the central counting center, is to be granted admission for reasonable periods of time for observation: Provided, That no person except those authorized for the purpose may touch any ballot or other official records and papers utilized in the election during observation.

(b) All persons who are engaged in processing and

29 in writing and take an oath that they will faithfully perform
30 their assigned duties. These deputies are to be issued an
31 official badge or identification card which is assigned an

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32 identity control number and the deputies are to prominently
33 wear on his or her outer garments the issued badge or 34 identification card. Upon completion of the deputies' duties, 35 the badges or identification cards are to be returned to the 36 county clerk.
(c) Ballots are to be handled and tabulated and the write-in votes tallied according to procedures established by the Secretary of State, subject to the following requirements:
(1) In systems using ballots marked with electronically sensible ink, ballots are to be removed from the ballot boxes and stacked for the tabulator which separates ballots containing marks for a write-in position. Immediately after tabulation, the valid write-in votes are to be tallied. No write-in vote may be counted for an office unless the voter has entered the name of an official write-in candidate for that office on the line provided, either by writing, affixing a sticker or placing an ink-stamped impression thereon;
(2) In systems using ballots in which votes are recorded upon screens with a stylus or by means of touch, the ballots

51 are to be tabulated according to the processes of the system.
52 Systems using ballots in which votes are recorded upon
53 screens with a stylus or by means of touch are to tally
54 write-in ballots simultaneously with the other ballots;
55 (3) When more than one person is to be elected to an 56 office and the voter desires to cast write-in votes for more 57 than one official write-in candidate for that office, the voter 58 shall mark the location appropriate for the voting system, in 59 the write-in location for that office. When there are multiple 60 write-in votes for the same office and the combination of 61 choices for candidates on the ballot and write-in choices for 62 the same office exceed the number of candidates to be
(5) When a voter casts a straight tieket vote and atso

69 marks the location for a write-in vote for an office, the

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89 constitute the unofficial preliminary returns of the county.
90 Upon completion of the count, the returns are to be open to
91 the public by posting a summary of the returns as have been
92 tabulated at the central counting center. Upon completion

93 of the canvass, the returns are to be posted as tabulated 94 precinct by precinct.

95 (f) If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count 96 all or a part of the ballots with tabulating equipment, the 97 county commission may direct that they be counted and removed to a proper and secure place of storage.

ARTICLE 6. CONDUCT AND ADMINISTRATION OF ELECTIONS.

## §3-6-2. Preparation and form of general election ballots.

1 (a) All ballots prepared under the provisions of this

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 section are to contain:Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 249] 20
3 (1) The name and ticket of each party which is a political
4 party under the provisions of section eight, article one of this
5 chapter;

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(2) The name chosen as the party name by each group of

7 citizens which has secured nomination for two or more

8 candidates by petition under the provisions of section
9 twenty-three, of this article five of this chapter; and
10 (3) The names of every candidate for any office to be
11 voted for at the election whose nomination in the primary
12 election, nomination by petition or nomination by
13 appointment to fill a vacancy on the ballot has been certified 14 and filed according to law and no others.

15 (b) The provisions of paragraphs (C) and (D), subdivision
16 (2), section thirteen, article five of this chapter; subdivision
17 (3) of said section; paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (4) of section pertaining to the preparation and form of primary election ballots shall likewise apply to general election 21 ballots.

23 in display type and contain the words "Official Ballot,
24 General Election" and the name of the county and the month, 25 day and year of the election.

26 (2) After the heading, each ballot is to contain, laid out 27 in parallel columns, rows or pages as required by the 28 particular voting system, the party emblem the position for

29 straight party voting for each party and the name of each 30 party as prescribed in subsection (a) of this section. Өn

31 paper ballots, the position for straight party voting is to be
32 a heavy circle, three-fourths ineh in diameter, surrounded
33 by the words "For a straight tieket mark within this circle"

34 printed in bold six-point type. On allother ballots or ballot

37 (3) The party whose candidate for president received the

40 page, as is appropriate to the voting system. The party

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41 which received the second highest vote is to be next and so
42 on. Any groups or third parties which did not have a
43 candidate for president on the ballot in the previous
44 presidential election are to be placed in the sequence in
45 which the final certificates of nomination by petition were 46 filed.

47 (4)(A) The following general instruetions for straight 48 party voters are to be printed in no smaller than eight point bohd type. "IF YOU MARKED A STRAIGHT TICKET. When you mark any individual candidate in a different party, that vote will overricte your straight party vote for that office. When you mark any individual candidate in a

53 tifferent party for an office where more than one will be
54 elected, YOU MUST MARK EACHOF YOUR CHOICES

55 FOR THAT OFFICE beeause your straight tieket vote will
56 not be eounted for that office". The last sentence of the

57 instructions may not be included on any ballot which does
58 not contain any office on division where more than one

59 eandidate will be eleeted.

61 below the party name and across the top of all columns,
62 followed by a heavy line separating them from the rest of the

63 ballot. Provided, That the instructions may be centered 64 among the columns rumning the full width of the ballot. On

67 voting and before any office.
Onpaper ballots, the general instruetions are to be placed ballots marked with electronically sensible ink, the generat instructions are to be placed after the position for straight
(B) The following specific instructions are to be printed on the ballot for any partisan election for an office or division to which more than one eandidate is to be elected. "If you marked a straight tieket and you mark any candidate in a different party for this office, you must mark all your choices for this office because your straight tieket vote will not be counted for this office".

On paper ballots, the specific instructions are to be placed below the office name of any partisan office where more than one is to be elected and across the top of att eolumns for that office or centered among the columns

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79 before the names of any candidates. On all other ballots
80 and ballot labets, the specific instructions are to be placed
81 above or to the side of the names of the eandidates as the
82 voting system requires.

83 (5) (4) For all ballots, any columns, rows or sections in 84 which the ticket of one party appears are to be clearly 85 separated from the other columns, rows or sections by a

86 heavy line or other clear division. For each party, the offices
87 are to be arranged in the order prescribed in section 88 thirteen-a, article five of this chapter under the appropriate 89 tickets, which are to be headed "National Ticket", "State

90 Ticket" and "County Ticket". The number of pages, columns

91 or rows, where applicable, may be modified to meet the subject to approval by the Secretary of State.
(d) The arrangement of names within each office for all
ballot systems is to be as follows:
(1) In elections for presidential electors, the names of the

97 candidates for president and vice president of each party are

98 to be placed beside a brace with a single voting position, so
99 that a vote for any presidential candidate is a vote for the
100 electors of the party for which the candidates were named.
101 (2) The order of names of candidates for any office or
102 division for which more than one is to be elected is

103 determined as prescribed in section thirteen-a, article five of 104 this chapter: Provided, That the drawing by lot is to be 105 conducted on the seventieth day next preceding the date of 106 the general election, beginning at 9:00 a.m.

107 (3) In any office where more than one person is to be 108 elected, the names of the candidates for the office are to be 109 staggered so that no two candidates for that office appear 110 directly opposite any other candidate, as shown in the 111 example below: Provided, That if the voting system cannot 112 accurately tabulate any ballot due to this requirement, the

113 ballot may be adjusted so that it is accurately tabulated.
114 However, each candidate shall be separated by a thin line to
115 distinguish between each candidate.

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117
118 For House of Delegates For House of Delegates
119 First Delegate District First Delegate District
120 (Vote For Not More Than Two) (Vote For Not More Than Two)
121 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
122 SUSAN B. ANTHONY
123 City (County)
124
125
126
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
JOHN ADAMS
City (County)
127 $\qquad$
$\qquad$
128 ABRAHAM LINCOLN
129 City (County)
130 $\qquad$
131
132
City (County)
133

134 (4) Each voting system is to provide a means for voters
135 to vote for any person whose name does not appear on the
136 ticket by writing it with pen or pencil or by using stamps,
137 stickers, tapes, labels or other means of writing in the name
138 of a candidate which does not interfere with the tabulation of 139 the ballot.

140 (A) In paper ballot systems which allow for write-ins to
141 be made directly on the ballot, a blank square and a blank
142 line equal to the space which would be occupied by the name
143 of the candidate is to be placed under the proper office for
144 each vacancy in nomination and for an office for which more
145 than one is to be elected, any vacancy is to appear after any 146 other candidates for the office. If no write-in lines are 147 included on the ballot, specific instructions are to be added to 148 the top of the ballot notifying the voter that a write-in vote may be cast by writing the name and office on any location on the front of the ballot.
(B) In machine and electronically tabulated ballot systems in which write-in votes must be made in a place

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153 other than on the ballot, if there is a vacancy in nomination
154 leaving fewer candidates in any party than can be elected to 155 that office, the words "No Candidate Nominated" is are to be 156 printed in the space that would be occupied by the name of 157 the candidate and for an office for which more than one is to 158 be elected, any vacancy is to appear after any other 159 candidates for the office. Notwithstanding any other 160 provision of this code, if there are multiple vacant positions 161 on a ballot for one office, the multiple vacant positions which 162 would otherwise be filled with the words "No Candidate 163 Filed" may be replaced with a brief detailed description, 164 approved by the Secretary of State, indicating that there are 165 no candidates listed for the vacant positions.

166 (5) In a general election in any county in which 167 unexpired terms of the board of education are to be filled by 168 election, a separate section or page of the ballot is to be set 169 off by means clearly separating the nonpartisan ballot from 170 the ballot for the political party candidates and is to be

171 headed "Nonpartisan Board of Education".

173 following all offices, followed by any other issue upon which 174 the voters are to cast a vote. The heading for each

177 the election.
178 (f) The board of ballot commissioners may not place any 179 issue on the ballot for election which is not specifically 180 authorized under the West Virginia Constitution or statutes 181 or which has not been properly ordered by the appropriate

## §3-6-3. Publication of sample ballots and lists of candidates.

1 (a) The ballot commissioners of each county shall prepare
2 a sample official general election ballot for all political party
3 or independent nominees, nonpartisan candidates for
4 election, if any, and all ballot issues to be voted for at the
5 general election, according to the provisions of this article

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6 and articles four and four-a of this chapter, as appropriate to
7 the voting system, and for any ballot issue, according to the 8 provisions of law authorizing the election.

9 (b) The facsimile sample general election ballot shall be 10 published as follows:

11 (1) For counties in which two or more qualified 12 newspapers publish a daily newspaper, not more than 13 twenty-six nor less than twenty days preceding the general 14 election, the ballot commissioners shall publish the sample 15 official general election ballot as a Class I-0 legal 16 advertisement in the two qualified daily newspapers of 17 different political parties within the county having the largest 18 circulation in compliance with the provisions of article three, 19 chapter fifty-nine of this code;
(2) For counties having no more than one daily 21 newspaper, or having only one or more qualified newspapers 22 which publish weekly, not more than twenty-six nor less than

23 twenty days preceding the primary election, the ballot
24 commissioners shall publish the sample official general

43 the newspaper shall submit a proof of the ballot and the

44 arrangement to the ballot commissioners for approval prior 45 to publication.

46 (c) The ballot commissioners of each county shall 47 prepare, in the form and manner prescribed by the Secretary 48 of State, an official list of offices and nominees for each 49 office which will appear on the general election ballot for 50 each political party or as independent nominees and, as the below the name of the office, any identifying information relating to the candidates, such as his or her residence and magisterial district or presidential preference. Following the

61 names of all candidates, the list shall include the full title, text and voting positions of any issue to appear on the ballot.

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82 candidate's affiliation shall be indicated as provided in
(2) For counties having no more than one daily paper, or 96 having only one or more qualified newspapers which publish 97 weekly, on the last day on which a newspaper is published nominees and issues as a Class I legal advertisement in the

110 date of the election shall be printed in all capital letters and 111 in bold type no smaller than fourteen point; parenthesis designating the candidate's affiliation shall be
(C) (B) The names of the candidates and the initial within

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120 printed in all capital letters in bold type no smaller than ten
121 point and the residence information shall be printed in type
122 no smaller than ten point; and
(4) When any ballot issue is to appear on the ballot, the 124 title of that ballot shall be printed in all capital letters in bold 125 type no smaller than twelve point. The text of the ballot issue 126 shall appear in no smaller than eight point type. The ballot 127 commissioners may require the publication of the ballot issue 128 under this subsection in the facsimile sample ballot format in 129 lieu of the alternate format.

131 (d) of this section, beginning with the general election to be
132 held in the year two thousand, the ballot commissioners of

133 any county may choose to publish a facsimile sample general
134 election ballot, instead of the official list of candidates and

135 issues, for purposes of the last publication required before 136 any general election.

## §3-6-5. Rules and procedures in election other than primaries.

7 words, for each and every candidate for one party for
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17 mark, in the manner appropriate to the voting system, the
18 name of eacheandidate for whom he or she desines to vote on
19 whatever ticket the name may be, or

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20 (2) Mark the position designated for a straight tieket for
21 the party for some of whose candidates he or she desires to
22 vote and then mark the name of any eanclidate of any other
23 party for whom he or she may desire to vote, in which case
24 the cross mark in the e ireular space above the name of the
25 party straight ticket mark will east his or her vote for every
26 eandidate on the ticket of the party except for offices for
27 which candidates are marked on other party tickets and the
28 marks for the candidates will east a vote for them, or
29 (3) Write with ink or other means or affix a sticker or
30 tabet or place an ink-stamped impression of the name of an
31 official write-in eandidate for an offiee for whom he or she

32 tesires to vote in the space designated for write-in votes for
33 the particular voting systemor for paper ballot systems, write
34 or place the name and office designation in any position on

35 the face of the ballot whieh makes the intention of the voter

37 (e) Ifinmarking either astraightormixedticket as above
38 defined, a straight tieket voting position is marked, and also one or more marks are made for eandidates on the same ticket for offices for which candidates on other party tickets are not individually marked, the marks before the name of eandidate on the ticket so marked shall be treated as surplusage and ignored.
(d) When a voter casts a straight tieket vote and atso writes in any name for an office, the straight tieket vote for that office shall be rejected, whether or not a vote can be counted for a write-in candidate.
(e) (1) The Secretary of State may proscribe devices for casting write-in votes which would cause mechanical difficulty with voting machines or electronic devices or which would obliterate or deface a paper ballot or any portion thereof, but the Secretary of State shall preserve the right to vote by a write-in vote for those candidates who have filed and have been certified as official write-in candidates under the provisions of section four-a of this article.
(f) (2) If the voter marks more names than there are persons to be elected to an office or if, for any reason, it is

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58 impossible to determine the voter's choice for an office to be 59 filled, the ballot shralt may not be counted for the office. The

60 intention of the voter shall be deemed is considered to be
61 clear if the write-in vote cast for an office contains both the
62 first and last name of an official write-in candidate for that
63 office; and if no two official write-in candidates for that
64 office share a first or last name, either the first name or last
65 name alone shall be deemed to express expresses the clear 66 intention of the voter.

67 (g) (3) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this
68 chapter, no ballot shalt may be rejected for any technical voter's choice.
§3-6-6. Ballot counting procedures in paper ballot systems.
1 When the polls are closed in an election precinct where
2 only a single election board has served, the receiving board
3 shall perform all of the duties prescribed in this section.
4 When the polls are closed in an election precinct where two
5 election boards have served, both the receiving and counting

6 boards shall together conclude the counting of the votes cast,
7 the tabulating and summarizing of the number of the votes
8 cast, unite in certifying and attesting to the returns of the
9 election and join in making out the certificates of the result

10 of the election provided for in this article. They stratt may 11 not adjourn until the work is completed.

12 In all election precincts, as soon as the polls are closed 13 and the last voter has voted, the receiving board shall proceed

14 to ascertain the result of the election in the following manner:
15 (a) In counties in which the clerk of the county 16 commission has determined that the absentee ballots should

17 be counted at the precincts in which the absent voters are
18 registered, the receiving board must first process the absentee
19 ballots and deposit the ballots to be counted in the ballot box.
20 The receiving board shall then proceed as provided in
21 subsections (b) and (c) of this section. In counties in which

22 the absentee ballots are counted at the central counting
23 center, the receiving board shall proceed as provided in
24 subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

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25 (b) The receiving board shall ascertain from the 26 pollbooks and record on the proper form the total number of 27 voters who have voted. The number of ballots challenged 28 shall be counted and subtracted from the total and the result 29 should equal the number of ballots deposited in the ballot 30 box. The commissioners and clerks shall also report, over 31 their signatures, the number of ballots spoiled and the
(c) The procedure for counting ballots, whether provided in section thirty-three, article one of this chapter or after the close of the polls by the receiving board or by the two boards together, shall be as follows:
(1) The ballot box shall be opened and all votes shall be

39 tallied in the presence of the entire election board;
(2) One of the commissioners shall take one ballot from

41 the box at a time and shall determine if the ballot is properly
42 signed by the two poll clerks of the receiving board. If not
43 properly signed, the ballot shall be placed in an envelope for

44 the purpose, without unfolding it. Any ballot which does not 45 contain the proper signatures shall be challenged. If an 46 accurate accounting is made for all ballots in the precinct in 47 which the ballot was voted and no other challenge exists 48 against the voter, the ballot shall be counted at the canvas. If

50 team of commissioners of opposite politics, who shall
51 together read the votes marked on the ballot for each office.
52 Write-in votes for election for any person other than an
53 official write-in candidate shall be disregarded. When a
54 votereasts astraight tieket vote and also easts a write-in vote

55 for an offiee, the straight tieket vote for that offiee shall be
56 rejected whether or not a vote can be counted for a write-in
(3) The commissioner responsible for removing the number of provisional ballots, as determined according to

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63 subsection (a) of this section, any other ballot found in the
64 ballot box shall be placed in the same envelope with
65 unsigned ballots not counted, without unfolding the same or
66 allowing anyone to examine or know the contents thereof,
67 and the number of excess ballots shall be recorded on the 68 envelope;

69 (4) Each poll clerk shall keep an accurate tally of the 70 votes cast by marking in ink on tally sheets, which shall be 71 provided for the purpose, so as to show the number of votes 72 received by each candidate for each office and for and 73 against each issue on the ballot; and

74 (5) When the reading of the votes is completed, the ballot

75 shall be immediately strung on a thread.
(NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to disallow voting by straight party ticket.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.)

