House Bill 651 (RULES COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE)

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By: Representatives Powell of the 33rd, Corbett of the 174th, Erwin of the 32nd, Burchett of the 176th, Williamson of the 112th, and others

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

To amend Article 2 of Chapter 14 of Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to speed detection devices, so as to revise provisions relative to the use of automated traffic enforcement safety devices in school zones; to provide for standards for signs warning 4 of the use of automated traffic enforcement safety devices in school zones; to repeal exceptions to making a case based upon use of speed detection devices; to include civil monetary penalties collected for violations of speed limits enforced by automated traffic enforcement safety devices for consideration of the maximum percent of a law enforcement agency's budget; to provide for time frames for issuing citations for the violation of speed limit by ten miles per hour or more in a school zone through the use of automated traffic enforcement safety devices; to revise application procedure and standards for a permit to operate such devices; to remove authorization to impose processing fees relating to civil monetary penalties; to provide standards for notice sent for imposition of a civil monetary penalty; to remove penalties relating to motor vehicle registration renewal; to provide for distribution of moneys collected; to require quarterly reporting on use of collected moneys; to provide for definitions; to amend Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, 16 relating to courts, so as to authorize district attorneys, solicitors-general, and prosecuting attorneys to enforce civil monetary penalties relative to the enforcement of laws regarding

speeding in a school zone using recorded images; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

21 SECTION 1.

- 22 Article 2 of Chapter 14 of Title 40 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
- 23 speed detection devices, is amended in Code Section 40-14-1.1, relating to definitions, by
- 24 revising paragraph (5) as follows:

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- 25 "(5) 'School zone' means the area within 1,000 feet of the boundary of defined in an
- 26 existing master state order or local ordinance as a school zone area for any public or
- 27 private elementary or secondary school."

28 SECTION 2.

- 29 Said article is further amended in Code Section 40-14-6, relating to warning signs required
- 30 and signage requirements, by revising subsection (c) as follows:
- 31 "(c) In addition to the signs required under subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section,
- 32 each law enforcement agency using an automated traffic enforcement safety device as
- provided for in Code Section 40-14-18 shall erect signs warning of the use of a stationary
- 34 speed detection an automated traffic safety enforcement device within the approaching
- school zone. Such signs shall be at least 24 by 30 inches in area, shall be visible plainly
- from every lane of traffic, shall be viewable in all traffic conditions, and shall not be placed
- in such a manner that the view of such sign is subject to being obstructed by any other
- vehicle on such highway. <u>Automated traffic enforcement safety device warning Such</u> signs
- shall be placed within 500 feet prior to the any warning sign announcing the reduction of
- 40 the speed limit for the school speed zone. Such signs shall include a sign or device which
- 41 provides the operator of a motor vehicle approaching such sign with an accurate depiction

of the speed of such motor vehicle and lights which flash yellow when the automated traffic enforcement safety device is authorized to issue citations pursuant to Code Section 40-14-18 and in accordance with any rule or regulation established by the Department of Transportation. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that such signs are properly installed pursuant to this subsection at the time of any alleged violation under this article."

47 SECTION 3.

- 48 Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 40-14-8, relating to when case may
- 49 be made and conviction had, as follows:
- 50 "40-14-8.
- 51 (a) No county, city, or campus officer shall be allowed to make a case based on the use of
- any speed detection device, unless the speed of the vehicle exceeds the posted speed limit
- by more than ten miles per hour and no conviction shall be had thereon unless such speed
- is more than ten miles per hour above the posted speed limit.
- 55 (b) The limitations contained in subsection (a) of this Code section shall not apply in
- 56 properly marked school zones one hour before, during, and one hour after the normal hours
- 57 of school operation or programs for care and supervision of students before school, after
- school, or during vacation periods as provided for under Code Section 20-2-65, in properly
- 59 marked historic districts, and in properly marked residential zones. For purposes of this
- 60 chapter, thoroughfares with speed limits of 35 miles per hour or more shall not be
- 61 considered residential districts. For purposes of this Code section, the term 'historic
- district' means a historic district as defined in paragraph (5) of Code Section 44-10-22 and
- 63 which is listed on the Georgia Register of Historic Places or as defined by ordinance
- 64 adopted pursuant to a local constitutional amendment."

SECTION 4.

Said article is further amended in Code Section 40-14-11, relating to investigations by commissioner of public safety, issuance of order suspending or revoking permit, and ratio of speeding fines to agency's budget, by revising subsection (d) as follows:

"(d) There shall be a rebuttable presumption that a law enforcement agency is employing speed detection devices for purposes other than the promotion of the public health, welfare, and safety if the fines or civil monetary penalties levied based on the use of speed detection devices for speeding offenses are equal to or greater than 35 percent of a municipal or county law enforcement agency's budget. For purposes of this Code section, fines collected for citations issued for violations of Code Section 40-6-180 shall be included when calculating total speeding fine revenue for the agency; provided, however, that fines for speeding violations exceeding 20 miles per hour over the established speed limit and civil monetary penalties for speeding violations issued pursuant to Code Section 40-14-18 shall not be considered when calculating total speeding fine revenue for the agency."

79 **SECTION 5.**

Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 40-14-18, relating to enforcement of speed limit in school zones with recorded images, civil monetary penalty, and consequences for failure to pay penalty, as follows:

83 "40-14-18.

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(a)(1) The speed limit within any school zone as provided for in Code Section 40-14-8 and marked pursuant to Code Section 40-14-6 may be enforced by using photographically recorded images for violations that are in excess of ten miles per hour over the speed limit and which occurred only on a school day during the time in which instructional classes are taking place and one hour before such classes are scheduled to begin and for one hour after such classes have concluded when such violations are in excess of ten miles per hour over the speed limit and only:

(A) One hour prior to and one hour after the school's official starting time; and

(B) One hour prior to and one hour after the school's official dismissal time.

- (2) Prior to the placement of a an automated traffic enforcement safety device within a school zone, each school within whose school zone the governing body of the county or municipality whose law enforcement agency is authorized to enforce the speed limit of a school zone where such automated traffic enforcement safety device is to be placed and which holds a valid permit for the operation of speed detection devices issued by the Department of Public Safety pursuant to Code Section 40-14-2 shall first apply for and secure a permit from the Department of Transportation for the use of such automated traffic enforcement safety device. Such permit shall be awarded based upon need; provided, however, that a permit issued for placement upon any highway with more than two lanes shall require a demonstration of prior history which justifies such need. The Department of Transportation shall promulgate rules and regulations for the implementation of this paragraph.
- (b) For the purpose of enforcement pursuant to this Code section:
 - (1) The owner of a motor vehicle shall be liable for a civil monetary penalty to the governing body of the law enforcement agency provided for in paragraph (2) of this subsection if such vehicle is found, as evidenced by photographically recorded images, to have been operated in disregard or disobedience of the speed limit within any a school zone and such disregard or disobedience was not otherwise authorized by law. The amount of such civil monetary penalty shall be \$75.00 for a first violation and \$125.00 for a second or any subsequent violation, in addition to fees associated with the electronic processing of such civil monetary penalty which shall not exceed \$25.00; provided, however, that for a period of 30 days after the first automated traffic enforcement safety device is introduced by a law enforcement agency within a school zone, the driver owner of a motor vehicle shall not be liable for a civil monetary penalty but shall be issued a civil warning for disregard or disobedience of the speed limit within the school zone;

(2) A law enforcement agency authorized to enforce the speed limit of a school zone, or an agent working on behalf of a law enforcement agency or governing body, shall send by first class first-class mail in an envelope which prominently displays the name and seal or logo of the governing body and addressed to the owner of the motor vehicle within 30 days after obtaining the name and address of the owner of the motor vehicle from the Department of Revenue but no later than 60 days after the date of the alleged violation:

- (A) A citation for the alleged violation, which shall include the date and time of the violation, the location of the infraction, the maximum speed at which such motor vehicle was traveling in photographically as evidenced by recorded images, the maximum speed applicable within such school zone, the civil warning or the amount of the civil monetary penalty imposed, and the date by which a civil monetary penalty shall be paid;
- 130 (B) An image taken from the photographically recorded images showing the vehicle involved in the infraction;
 - (C) A website address where photographically recorded images showing the vehicle involved in the infraction and a duplicate of the information provided for in this paragraph may be viewed;
 - (D) A copy of a certificate sworn to or affirmed by a certified peace officer employed by a law enforcement agency authorized to enforce the speed limit of the school zone and stating that, based upon inspection of photographically recorded images, the owner's motor vehicle was operated in disregard or disobedience of the speed limit in the marked school zone and that such disregard or disobedience was not otherwise authorized by law;
 - (E) A statement of the inference provided by paragraph (4) of this subsection and of the means specified therein by which such inference may be rebutted;
 - (F) Information advising the owner of the motor vehicle of the manner in which liability as alleged in the citation may be contested through an administrative hearing

which shall include a statement which reads: 'YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO CONTEST

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146 LIABILITY BY CONTACTING YOUR LOCAL COURT'; and 147 (G) A warning that failure to pay the civil monetary penalty or to contest liability in 148 a timely manner as provided for in subsection (d) of this Code section shall waive any right to contest liability; 149 150 (3) Proof that a motor vehicle was operated in disregard or disobedience of the speed 151 limit of the marked school zone shall be evidenced by photographically recorded images. 152 A copy of a certificate sworn to or affirmed by a certified peace officer employed by a 153 law enforcement agency and stating that, based upon inspection of photographically 154 recorded images, a motor vehicle was operated in disregard or disobedience of the speed 155 limit in the marked school zone and that such disregard or disobedience was not otherwise authorized by law shall be prima-facie evidence of the facts contained therein; 156 157 and 158 (4) Liability under this Code section shall be determined based upon a preponderance of 159 the evidence. Prima-facie evidence that the vehicle described in the citation issued 160 pursuant to this Code section was operated in violation of the speed limit of the school 161 zone, together with proof that the defendant was, at the time of such violation, the 162 registered owner of the vehicle, shall permit the trier of fact in its discretion to infer that 163 such owner of the vehicle was the driver operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged 164 violation. Such an inference may be rebutted if the owner of the vehicle: 165 (A) Testifies under oath in open court or submits to the court a sworn notarized 166 statement that he or she was not the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged 167 violation; or 168 (B) Presents to the court a certified copy of a police report showing that the vehicle had 169 been reported to the police as stolen prior to the time of the alleged violation. 170 (c) A violation for which a civil warning or a civil monetary penalty is imposed pursuant

to this Code section shall not be considered a moving traffic violation for the purpose of

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points assessment under Code Section 40-5-57. Such violation shall be deemed noncriminal, and imposition of a civil warning or civil monetary penalty pursuant to this Code section shall not be deemed a conviction and shall not be made a part of the operating record of the person upon whom such liability is imposed, nor shall it be used for any insurance purposes in the provision of motor vehicle insurance coverage.

(d) If a person issued and mailed a citation pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section fails to pay the civil monetary penalty for the violation or has not filed a police report or notarized statement pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (b) of this Code section in no less than 30 nor more than 60 days after such mailing as determined and noticed by the law enforcement agency, the agent or law enforcement agency shall send to such person by first class first-class mail a second notice of any unpaid civil monetary penalty, except in cases where there is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no civil monetary penalty shall be imposed. The second notice shall include all information required in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Code section and shall include a new date of return by which the civil monetary penalty shall be paid which shall be no less than 30 days after such mailing as determined and noticed by the law enforcement agency. If such person notified by second notice again fails to pay the civil monetary penalty or file a police report or notarized statement pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (b) of this Code section by the new date of return included in the notice, such person shall have waived the right to contest the violation and shall be liable for the civil monetary penalty provided for under this Code section, except in cases where there is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no civil monetary penalty shall be imposed.

(e) Notices mailed by first class first-class mail pursuant to this Code section shall be adequate notification of the fees and penalties imposed by this Code section. No other notice shall be required for the purposes of this Code section.

(f) Any court having jurisdiction over violations of subsection (a) of this Code section shall have jurisdiction over cases arising under this subsection and shall be authorized to impose the civil monetary penalty provided by this subsection. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the provisions of law governing jurisdiction, procedure, defenses, adjudication, appeal, and payment and distribution of penalties otherwise applicable to violations of subsection (a) of this Code section shall apply to enforcement under this Code section except as provided in subsection (b) of this Code section; provided, however, that any appeal from superior or state court shall be by application in the same manner as that provided by Code Section 5-6-35.

(g) If a violation has not been contested and the assessed penalty has not been paid, the

- (g) If a violation has not been contested and the assessed penalty has not been paid, the agent or governing body shall send to the person who is the registered owner of the motor vehicle a final notice of any unpaid civil monetary penalty authorized by this Code section, except in cases where there is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no civil monetary penalty shall be imposed. The notice shall inform the registered owner that the agent or governing body shall send a referral to the Department of Revenue if the assessed penalty is not paid within 30 days after the final notice was mailed and of the consequences for failure to pay such penalty and any late fee.
- (h) The agent or governing body shall send a referral to the Department of Revenue not sooner than 30 days after the final notice required under subsection (g) was mailed if a violation has not been contested and the assessed penalty has not been paid, except in cases where there is an adjudication that no violation occurred or there is otherwise a lawful determination that no civil monetary penalty shall be imposed. The referral to the Department of Revenue shall include the following:
- (1) Any information known or available to the agent or governing body concerning the license plate number, year of registration, and the name of the owner of the motor vehicle;

- 225 (2) The date on which the violation occurred;
- 226 (3) The citation number issued for the violation; and
- 227 (4) The date when the notice required under this Code section was mailed.
- 228 (i) If the Department of Revenue receives a referral under subsection (h) of this Code
- section, such referral shall be entered into the motor vehicle data base within five days of
- 230 receipt and the Department of Revenue shall refuse to renew the registration of the motor
- vehicle unless and until the civil monetary penalty plus any late fee is paid to the agent or
- 232 governing body.
- 233 (j) The Department of Revenue shall remove the penalty on a vehicle registration if any
- 234 person presents the Department of Revenue with adequate proof from the agent or
- 235 governing body that the penalty and any late fee, if applicable, has been paid.
- 236 (k) Recorded images made for purposes of this Code section shall not be a public record
- for purposes of Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50.
- 238 (1)(i) A civil warning or civil monetary penalty under this Code section on the owner of
- a motor vehicle shall not be imposed if the operator of the vehicle was arrested or issued
- a citation and notice to appear by a certified peace officer for the same violation.
- 241 (m)(j)(1) As used in this subsection, the term 'school safety purposes' means activities
- incident to the establishment, procurement, or maintenance of safety measures within
- 243 public or private elementary or secondary schools that enhance and ensure the protection
- of students, staff, and visitors to such a school, including, but not limited to, access
- 245 <u>control systems, communication systems, cyber security measures, perimeter security</u>
- 246 systems, surveillance systems, visitor management systems, employment of crossing
- 247 guards, and safety protocol training. Such purposes may further include mental health
- support services in collaboration with law enforcement to address safety concerns
- 249 <u>proactively.</u>

250 (2) The money moneys collected and remitted to the governing body pursuant to 251 paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Code section shall only be used by such governing 252 body to as follows: 253 (A) Fifty percent shall be allocated to fund local law enforcement or public safety 254 initiatives; and 255 (B) Fifty percent shall be allocated equally among all schools within the jurisdiction 256 of the governing body for school safety purposes. 257 (3) This subsection shall not preclude the appropriation of a greater amount than 258 collected and remitted under this subsection. 259 (4) At least quarterly, the local governing body shall post upon its website a report on the moneys disbursed pursuant to this subsection, which shall include the amount allocated 260 to each school within the jurisdiction of such governing body." 261 262 **SECTION 6.** 263 Title 15 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to courts, is amended in Code 264 Section 15-9-155, relating to prosecuting attorney's duties and authority in probate courts in 265 counties in which there are no state courts, by revising subparagraph (a)(1)(A) as follows: 266 "(A) In the prosecution of any violation of the laws or ordinances of such county which 267 is within the jurisdiction of such probate court and punishable by confinement or a fine 268 or both or by a civil penalty authorized by Code Section 40-6-163 or 40-14-18;" 269 **SECTION 7.** 270 Said title is further amended in Code Section 15-18-6, relating to duties of district attorney, 271 by revising paragraph (6) as follows: 272 To prosecute civil actions to enforce any civil penalty set forth in Code Section 40-6-163 or 40-14-18 and to prosecute or defend any other civil action in the 273

274	prosecution or defense of which the state is interested, unless otherwise specially
275	provided for;"
276	SECTION 8.
277	Said title is further amended in Code Section 15-18-66, relating to duties and authority of
278	solicitors-general of state courts, by revising paragraph (4) of subsection (b) as follows:
279	"(4) To prosecute civil actions to enforce any civil penalty set forth in Code
280	Section 40-6-163 or 40-14-18 and when authorized by law to prosecute or defend any
281	civil action in the state court in the prosecution or defense of which the state is interested,
282	unless otherwise specially provided for;"
283	SECTION 9.
284	Said title is further amended in Code Section 15-18-96, relating to authority of prosecuting
285	attorney of municipal courts, by revising subparagraph (a)(1)(A) as follows:
286	"(A) In the prosecution of any violation of the laws or ordinances of such municipality
287	which is within the jurisdiction of such municipal court and punishable by confinement
288	or a fine or both or by a civil penalty authorized by Code Section 40-6-163 or 40-14-18;
289	and"
290	SECTION 10.
291	All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.